CHRONOLOGY OF HISTOR

Tables. Calculations & Statements Indespensable for accordances the later

public and private Documents.

Cadad pecudi to the ; and time BY SIR HARRIS MCOLAS RCM

NEW EDITION

LINELLE LOS TONOMAN BROWN, CREEN AND TONOMAN'S EATERNOSING

PREFACE

Though the value of Chronology, as one of a great land-marks of History, be generally admitted, the reduction of the different Eras, and other Epochs by which time was formerly computed, to the present mode of calculation, has not received the attention in this country to which it is entitled.

Every event in History arose from some preceding transaction, and became, in its turn, the parent of others, either more or less important, hence, however trifling in themselves, or, if viewed without relation to other circumstances, however immaterial the precise time of their occurrence may be, there are few that had not some influence on the state of the nation in which they took place, and not 'infrequently also, on the affairs of neighbouring countries The mere knowledge that any circumstance did happen, is of little use for the legitimate purposes of History, the utility of which depends on tracing events to their causes, and, when these are known, to discover their general consequences Abstract edly, even the greatest event of modern or ancient History can claim but little consideration. What would it matter to posterity, for example, whether the battle of Waterloo was or was not fought, much less the precise day and year when it occurred, were it not the first link of a long chain of events, the operation of which on Europe, and, indeed, on the whole civilised World, it will be the province of future Historians to describe? Hence arises the value of Chronology, for a mistake in the date of that battle might induce a writer, hereafter, to confound cause with effect, by supposing that Napoleon's second abdication preceded, instead of being the result of, his defeat at Waterloo. The facility with which an error of this kind may be committed, in relation to affairs in early History, from documents not being dated either on the day, or in the month and year of our Lord, but in a manner which has long fallen into desuetude, will be afterwards pointed out

If, then, History should be studied as a science, that mankind may learn from the past what to expect in the future, it necessarily follows, that all the facts which History records, ought to be referred, with mathematical precision, to their proper dates, for if one of them be misplaced, the inferences drawn from it, will be founded upon false premises. Chronology and Geography have been justly called the "eyes of History," without the lights of which all is chaos and uncertainty, but perhaps a better simile would be, that Dates are to History, what the Latitude at Lo gitude are to Navigation,—fixing the ext position of, the objects to which they are applied

It is, however, to little pu position early Chroniclers and Annalists should be exect in

their Dates, or that Historical evidences should be carefully preserved, if those who consult them are ignorant of the means of reducing those Dates to the present system of computing time The necessity of supplying Historians and Antiquaries with this information was long since felt in France, and produced the publication of that splendid monument of learning, "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," which has left little to be done by subsequent Chronologists beyond the humble duty of translation of abridgment That country can also boast of many works of a similar nature, two of which only require to be noticed, namely, "De Vaines' Dictionnaire Raisonné de Diplomatique," and the "Nouveau Traité de Diplomatique," to prove that what is called "La science Diplomatique," holds a high rank in the literature of France Several able works on Chronology, it is true, exist in our language, but it is notorious that there is not one which contains the necessary Tables and other data, "pour vérifier," as the French happily term it, the various Dates which are to be found in the Chronicles, Royal Acts, and Private Instruments of this Country.

The consequence of this neglect of a subject on which all Dates in English History, all Records, and, consequently, all Historical accuracy, depend, is shown in a manner which is humiliating to our National lite ature. In the celebrated collection of documents, inted by Rymer in "The Fædera," at the expense of the public, in the time of Queen Anne numerous distributions of all reigns from Richard the First, o becaute the Fourth, are missingless of the public of the first of the public of the first of the fi

placed by one entire year. Striking as this fact is, it is equally remarkable that the knowledge of Dates should have made no progress in England during the following century, for although the French works which have just been cited, pointed out the cause of these errors, yet our Archivists and Historians remained in utter ignorance of the circumstance. The new edition of Rymer's Fædera, of which five ponderous volumes have been printed, has in this, as in all other instances, copied and perpetuated the errors of the former editions, and thus a work 18 given to the world, under the authority of a Royal Commission appointed at the desire of the House of Commons of Great Britain, which bears evidence throughout, that those to whose care it was intrusted, were ignorant of the principle upon which all English Records were dated To modern Historians these blunders have proved a fertile source of confusion and mistake, and the effect of them in a recent inquiry into a constitutional question of the greatest interest, is exemplified in the following pages *

The utility of a work which will enable the Historical or Antiquarian student to ascertain the exact Date of events or records, is best shown by mentioning some of the Dates which it is indispensably necessary he should reduce to modern computation. In ancient periods, the various Eras and Epochs from which different nations dated their Annals, for instance, the Olympiads the Christian Era, the Eras of Rome, Alex ndria, Constantinople, Seleucidæ, Antioch, Abraham Nibonassar Tyre,

of the Jews, of the Persians, the Hegira, &c. In subsequent centuries, and particularly in Ecclesiastical instruments, the Indictions, Cycle of the Sun, and of the Moon, the Moon's Age, the Concurrents, the Paschal Term, the Dominical Letter, the Enacts, and Ferias, occur. A Charter of the twelfth century, for instance, presents the following redundancy of Dates, all of which are, however, easily understood, and perfectly agree with each other - "Acta sunt hæc anno ab Incarnatione Domini MCIX, Indictione II, Epacta XVII, Concurrente IIII, Cyclus Lunaris v, Cyclus Decem Novennalis VIII., Regularis Paschæ IIII., Terminus Pascalis XIIII Kal Maii. Dies Paschalis VII Kal. Maii, Lunæ ipsius (Dies Paschæ) xxi" These Epochs and Dates must be understood, and Tables given by which to compute and verify them, as well as the Moveable and Fixed Festivals of the Church, if it be wished to bring the Date of the instrument to the present computation

Two Chroniclers state, that William Rufus was slain "on the 4th Nones of August, feria 5, Indiction 8, in the year 1100," while another Annalist says that event occurred "or the feast of St Peter ad Vincula" The writer who mentions the death of Henry II. asserts, that it took place "on the Octaves of St Peter and Paul, feria 5, Luna 19, in the year 1189," while his successor, Richard I, is said to have been crowned "on Sunday, the 3rd N nes of September, on the Feast of the ordination of St Gregory the Pope, 1189," and to have die "on the 8th Ides of April, feria 5, twelve days before Palm Sunday." In

most of these instances, the Roman Calendar alone would fix the exact day of the month, but to verify that Date by the others, several Tables, together with a Glossary, would be indispensable. As no other Dates than such as are similar to these are to be found in the early Annalists, the fact that hitherto there was no work in our language for reducing them to the modern computation, is sufficient to show how little Historical precision has been attended to in England

There is no surer test of the authenticity of a statement, or a document, than the perfect agreement of any two or more Dates which may be mentioned therein If, for example, the day of the week be stated, and if it be found that, in the year' in question, the day of the month did fall on the week-day to which it is assigned, a strong presumption is raised in favour of the general correctness of the instrument, but if several Dates happen to occur, all agreeing with each other, that presumption is, of course, much strengthened identification of the day of the week with the day of the month, is attended by other useful results From the constant usage of the Regnal years, and from the uncertainty which prevailed respecting the commencement of the Common year, it is often a matter of great doubt what year of our Lord is meant to be expressed Of the onfusion thus occasioned, examples are afforded by the facts, that some English Historians assign the death of Charles I to January 1648, while others place it in January 1649, and that some writers assign the Revolution to February 1688, while others place it

in February 1689, according as they used the Civil Year, which commenced on the 25th of March, of the Historical Year, which began on the 1st of January Whenever the day of the week, as well as the Saint's day, or day of the Month, is mentioned, the year may be fixed, by ascertaining in which of the two doubtful years the said Saint's day, or day of the Month fell, on the day of the week therein specified

"Uncertainty," as Lord Chief Justice Coke truly o' erves in reference to this subject, "is the mother of Confusion," and he might have found in Falsehood, another parent for Confusion. In Dates, as in every thing else, Consistency is the inseparable companion of Truth, and it may be confidently asserted, that no ingenuity or learning could produce a fictitious narrative of any length, if such a number and variety of Dates were introduced as are generally met with in articles of the twelfth, thirteenth, and fourteenth centuries, without an able diplomatist being able to detect the forgery

In later ages, especially in England, Records, private Charters, and Historical events, were usually dated on, or from some Saint's day, or Moveable Feast, in the year of the reign of the existing King, without mentioning the nones, or ides, or the year of our Lord for example. "on the feast of the nativity of St John the Baptist, in the 10th year of Henry III,"—" on the Tuesday next after the feast of St Peter ad Vincula, in the 8th of Edward I,"—" on Easter Day, in the 11th of Edward II.,"—" on the Friday before Ascension Day,

in the 16th of Henry VI,"-" on Midlent Sunday, in the 42nd of Edward III.," &c To discover the precise day, month, and year of our Lord, when such documents were executed, or when the event took place, it is necessary to possess, 1st, Accurate Tables of the Regnal Years of our Sovereigns, 2nd, A Catalogue of Saints' Days, and other Church Festivals, 3rd, A Table of the Moveable Feasts, 4th, The Dominical Letters, and, 5th, A Table showing the days of the week on which the days of each month fell, at all periods As the Regnal years occurred in two years of our Lord, an error in the commencement or termination of them must cause a mistake of one entire year, and as these Tables are the standard by which al events in English History, and all English records, are reckoned, the confusion and errors which a mistake of even one day in the Regnal year creates, when reducing such Dates to the common system, must at once be obvious

Let it be supposed that the exact modern Date of an instrument executed "on the Monday after the feast of St Edmund the Archbishop, in the 20th Edward I," be required. According to former Tables, the feast of St Edmund, in the 20th Edward I, fell on the 16th of November, 1291, and, as that day occurred on a Friday, the Monday after was the 19th of November, 1291. It has been lately discovered that the reign of Edward I began on the 20th, instead of the 16th of November, 1272, consequently, the 16th of November, 20 Edward I, happened, not in 1291, but in 1292, in which year the feast of St. Edmund

fell on a Sunday, so that the date alluded to proves not to be, according to the old Tables of Regnal Years, the nuneteenth of November, one thousand two hundred and ninety-one, but the seventeenth of November, one thousand two hundred and ninety-two In the instance of the Moveable Feasts, a similar error prevails, for if an instrument be dated on or from a Moveable feast in a Regnal year, which Regnal year should have been wrongly computed, an error will not only occur in the year of our ord, but in the day, and occasionally, also, in the month

It may, therefore, excite astonishment when it is said, that every Table of the Regnal years of our Sovereigns hitherto printed, is erroneous, not in one or two reigns only, but in nearly every reign from the time of William the Conqueror to that of Edward the Fourth The Regnal Tables of the reign of William I are presumed to be wrongly computed by 2 months and 11 days in each year, those of William II by 17 days, Henry I. by 4 days, Stephen by 24 days, Henry II. by 1 month and 25 days, and the Regnal Tables of Richard I. have been proved to be wrongly computed to the extent of 1 month and 27 days, of John to the extent of 1 month and 21 days, besides a variation in the commencement and termination of each of his regnal years, of Henry III by 9 days, of Edward I by 4 days, of Edward II by 1 day, of Richard II. by 1 day, of Henry IV by 1 day, of Henry V. by 1 day, and of Henry VI. by 1 day in each year of their respective reigns

These errors have caused every document dated,

and every event which took place, on any day in the Regnal year within the period in which these errors occur, to be attributed to one year of our Lord earlier than that to which they actually belong That errors so destructive of Truth, whence History, like Philosophy, derives all its usefulness and importance, should have been so long allowed to pass without correction, must surprise those labourers in the exact sciences, whose Tables include the smallest fractions of time, for an error, of even a single second, would be fatal to mathematical and astronomical calculations.

It is not, however, solely in relation to Dates that the errors in computing the Regnal years of the Kings of England are deserving of notice Those errors affect even the Constitutional History of this Country, and it is, therefore, still more extraordinary that so little attention should have been paid to the subject The earliest Table of Regnal Years was printed in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, shortly after the decision of the Judges that every Monarch succeeded de facto as well de jure, to the Crown, the moment the preceding Sovereign expired, and that there could be no interregnum, or, as it is now expressed, that "the King never dies" Upon this principle all Tables of Regnal Years have been constructed, and though writers of the last century, with a hardihood which truth only rendered safe, denied the proposition in reference to the first eight monarchs after the Conquest, by contending that their reigns commenced on the day of their Coronation, and not on that of the decease of their predecessor, the Regnal Tables

continued to be formed on the same erroneous plan All that has hitherto been done, was merely to show that in the instance of John and Edward I, the Regnai years were wrongly reckoned, John's reign having commenced on the day of his Coronation, and the reign of Edward I on the day when his peace was proclaimed, and when he was recognise I by his subjects, but even these statements were not published until within the last ten years

The importance of the question, in an Historical point of view, has induced the Editor to bestow much labour and research in its elucidation, and he flatters himself that he has now established, on the best evidence extant, that the reigns of our early Sovereigns did not commence until their pretensions to the Crown were recognised by the Nation, or until they had solemnly engaged to perform the duties imposed on them by the constitution. The manner in which contemporary Annalists dcscribe the Accession of our Kings, and their Coronations, the constant use of the expression, "electus in Regem," and their uniformly describing the Coronation, as the ceremony which rendered the monarch King, de facto, added to the circumstance that Richard the First styled himself only "Lord of England" in the interval between his father's death and his own Coronation, and that the Kings' reigns were actually dated from their Coronations, controvert the fanciful idea, that according to the Constitution of this Country there could be no interruption in the succession, but that the heir to the Crown in the 12th and 13th centuries, as at present, succeeded to a full, complete, and real

possession of the Throne, instead of to a mere inchoate right, at the instant when the former Sovereign expired. That such is now the law of this Country, confirmed by statutes and by the usage of several centuries, is undeniable, but the proof that this custom is not in accordance with that "ancient Constitution," which some individuals consider the unerring standard of political excellence, shows that it is not always safe or wise, to refer to an authority, with all the bearings of which we are not thoroughly acquainted

The plan and contents of this volume may be described in a few words Every Historical and Antiquarian student must have felt the want of a book of reference, which, in the last century, would have obtained the appropriate name of a "Companion" or "Vade Mecum," from its containing such information as was constantly and indispensably necessary for their pursuits Besides Glossaries and Tables for explaining and calculating the different Eras and Dates which are to be found in writers of the 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th centuries, a full explanation is given of the Old and New Style, a subject, which it is no exaggeration to say, is so little understood, as often to render the manner of writing the years according to both styles, thus, 167%, or 1672-3, 168%, or 1684-5, productive of embairssment, even in persons of the highest attainments *

The various modes in different countries, and in-

[•] Two remarkable illustrations of this fact have been recently pointed out Vide 'The Foruga Quarterly Review,' vol xii p 15, and "A Treatise on the Law of Adulterine Bastardy, 8vo 1836 p 300

deed, in the same country, and in the same century, of commencing the year, from Christmas, from the 1st of January, from the 25th of March, or from Easter, often cause perplexity, and, like mistakes in the Regnal years, become sources of error to the extent of one entire year in computation. References to the Calendars of Religious Sects is often necessary, and the Calendar invented during the French Revolution, and used in France for fourteen years, ought to be in the hands of all who consult the letters or public documents written in that period, for "the 4th Germinal in the year of the Republic 9" is as little likely to be generally comprehended by the next generation, as the date of an edict of the Emperor of China The Glossary of Terms used by Ecclesiastics in the middle ages, who describe a day by the "Introit," or beginning of the service appointed by the Church to be performed thereon, and an Explanation of the Canonical Hours, Watches, &c will frequently be found useful

From the constant allusion by Historians to the Councils, and the great influence which the Pontiffs exercised over the affairs of Europe, Chronological and Alphabetical Lists of both are desirable Tables of the Succession of the Saxon and Scottish Kings, and of Contemporary Sovereigns, of the commencement and termination of the Law Terms, which varied in different centuries, and of the three great Pestilences, which formed Epochs for dating instruments in the reign of Edward III, are common Historical references

The limits of this volume do not admit of the introduction of various other information which is

often required for this purpose, such as a complete List of the Lord Chancellors and Bishops of England, and of the great Officers of the Crown, the dates of the most celebrated Battles, of the meetings, prorogations, and dissolutions of Parliament. and a succinct Genealogical account of all the Royal families of Europe, and the Author trusts to find some future opportunity of giving them to the public Upon the authorities on which this work has been written, it is only necessary to observe, that no accessible source of information has been neglected, and that, in most instances, those sources are pointed out "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," the "Glossarium" of Ducange, and "De Vaines' Dictionnaire Raisonné de Diplomatique," have, as might be expected, been most frequently consulted, and no labour has been spared to render the volume, what the Germans would term, and which, if our language admitted of the expression, would have been the fittest title for it, "THE HAND-BOOK OF HISTORY"

Such, with slight variations, were the remarks prefixed to the first impression of this volume, in June 1833 During the five years which have since elapsed, the Editor's attention has been constantly bestowed on its correction, and he trusts that the improvements which have been made, will render it more worthy of the public favour

On the former occasion, he offered his best thanks for the assistance which he had derived from his friends, Thomas Duffus Hardy, Esquire, Chief Clerk in the Record Office in the Tower, Thomas Thomson, Esquire, Deputy Clerk Registrar

of Scotland, Joseph Stevenson, Esquire, and Augustus de Morgan, Esquire.

To Mr. Hardy and Mr Stevenson, he has become additionally indebted for many important communications, and his acknowledgments are also eminently due to the Viscount Strangford, John Holmis, Esquire, of the British Museum, the Reverend Joseph Hunter, the Reverend John Brewer, of Queen's College, Oxford, and to John M Kemble, Esquire, of Trinity College, Cambridge, as well as to the other gentlemen, whose names are mentioned in the notes.

June, 1838



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ERAS AND EROCHS

I THE OLYMPIA'S

THE ERA OF THE OLYMPIADS, S ... d from its having originated from the Olympic games, which occurred every fifth year at Olympia, a city in Elis, is the most ancient and celebrated method of computing time was first instituted in the 770th year before the birth of our Saviour, and consisted of a revolution of four The first year of Jesus Christ is usually considered to correspond with the first year of the 195th Olympiad, but as the years of the Olympiads commenced at the full moon next after the summer solstice. e, about the 1st of July, (from which day the commencement of each Olympiad is usually reckoned.) it follows, that the first six months of one year of our Lord correspond with the last six months of one year of the Olympiads, and that the last six months of the same year of our Lord correspond with the first six months of another year of the Olympiads For example, when it is said that the first year of the Christian era agrees with the first year of the 195th Olympiad, it must be understood that it corresponds only with the first six months of the first year of the 195th Olympiad, for the first six months of the first year of our Lord correspond with the last six months of the fourth year of the 194th Olympiad, so that the second year of the 195th Olympiad commenced on the 1st of July, in the second year of our Lord. Each year of an Olympiad was luni solar, and contained twelve or thirteen months,

the names of which varied in the different states of Greece The months consisted of thirty and twentynine days alternately, and the short year consequently contained 354 days, while the intercalary year had 384 The computation by Olympiads having ceased after the 305th Olympiad, in the year of Christ 440, the object of this work does not require any further account of them

To reduce any given year of an Olympiad to the common era, multiply the Olympiad immediately preceding the one in question by 4, and add to the product the number of years of the given Olympiad If before Christ, subtract the amount from 777, if after Christ, subtract 776 from the amount, and the remainder will be the beginning of the year required * The number of each month of an Olympiad must be reckoned from July, because July is the first month of an Olympiad

II ERA OF THE FOUNDATION OF ROME

Great doubts have been entertained, as well by ancient historians as by modern chronologists, respecting this era Polybius fixes it to the year B C 751, Cato, who has been followed by Dionysius of Halicar-

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* LEXAMPLES — I To find the year before Christ of the 2nd year of the 146th Olympiad 145 The Olympiad preceding the 146th × 4 580 + 2 Year of the Olympiad 582 Subtracted from 777, there remain 95 The year before Christ of the 2nd year of the 146th Olympiad.

11. To find the year of our Lord of the 2nd year of the 222nd Olympiad. 221 × 4 884 + 2 886 + 776 110 Year of our Lord of the 2nd year of the 222nd Olympiad.
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nassus, Solinus, and Eusebius, to B C 752, Fabius Pictor, to B C 747, archbishop Usher, to B C 748, and Newton, to B C 627 Terentius Varro, however, refers it to B C 753, which computation was adopted by the Roman emperors, and by Plutarch, Tacitus, Dion, Aulus Gellius, Censorinus, Onuphrius, Baroius, bishop Beveridge, Strauchius, Dr Playfair, and by most modern chronologists Livy, Cicero, Pliny, and Velleius Paterculus occasionally adopted both the Varronian and Catonian computations Dr Hales has, however, determined from history and astronomy, that the Varronian computation is correct, viz, B. C 753, which may, therefore, it is presumed, be considered as the true date of the era of the foundation of Rome

III THE CHRISTIAN ERA

The Christian era, or era of Jesus Christ, or, as it is often called, of the incarnation, commenced on the 1st day of January, in the middle of the 4th year of the 194th Olympiad, the 753rd of the building of Rome, and in the 4714th of the Julian period. This era was first used about the year 527 by Dionisius, surnamed "Exiguus," but better known as "Denys le Petit," a monk of Scythia and a Roman abbot, in consequence of which it is sometimes called "Recapitulation Dionisii". It was not introduced into Italy until the sixth century, and, though first used in France in the seventh, it was not universally established there until about the eighth century. An instance of the use of the Christian era in England is supposed to have occurred as early as the year 680*, it was generally

^{* &}quot;Regnante in perpetium ac gubernante Domino nostro Salvatore secula universa, Anno recapitulationis Dionisi, id est ab Incarnatione (hristi, sexecniessimo octuagesimo Indictione sexta revoluta, &c Quapropter ego Oshere Rex' &c Mr Hardy, in his preface to the Charter Rolls, observes, that "Spelman (Concil, vol 1) and Mirsham in Mon Angl) are of opinion that the Christi in era, although used by the Venerable Bede, had hardly been introduced into England in the time of Charlemagne Dr Hickes, however, controverts their assertions and adduces the following instances to prove that the date of the Incarnition was used before the year 800 when Charlemagne was made emperor of the Frinch in the charter of Ethelbert, king of the West Saxons, this occurs—

adopted in the eighth century, and it was ordained by the Council of Chelsea, in July, 816, that all bishops should date their acts from the year of the incarnation of our Saviour. It will, however, afterwards appear, that considerable difference has existed, not only in various countries, but even in the same place in the same country, and at the same period, respecting the commencement of the year.

In Spain, the Christian era, though occasionally adopted in the eleventh, was not uniformly used in public instruments until after the middle of the fourteenth, century, nor in Portugal until about the year 1415. In the Eastern empire, and in Greece, it was not universal, until after the capture of Constantinople by Mahomet II in 1453.*

The years of the Christian era are described in ancient documents as the years "of Grace," of "the Incarnation," of "our Lord," of "the Nativity," of "the Circumcision," and "annus Trabeationis"

IV THE JULIAN ERA

The epoch of the Julian Fra, which precedes the common or Christian era by forty-five years, is the reformation of the Roman calendar by Julius Cæsar, who ordained that the year of Rome 707 should consist of 15 months, forming altogether 445 days, that the ensuing year, 708, should be composed of 365 days, and that every fourth year should contain 366 days, the additional day being introduced after the 6th of the calends of March, 2 e, the 24th of February, which year he called Bissextile, because the 6th of the calends of March were then doubled Julius Cæsar

Scripta est hæc charta anno Dominicæ Incarnationis, D CCXC. In a charter of Offa, king of Micrea, 'Actum anno Dominicæ Incarnationis, D CCLXXXVIII' In a charter of I thelbert, the second king of Kent, 'Actum [anno] Dominicæ Incarnationis, D CCI XXXI,' and in the charter of Egbert, king of Kent, 'Actum anno Dominicæ Incarnationis, D CCIXVI Pextus Roffensis, pp 134 b 132 131 127"

De Vaines s Dictionnaire Raisonne de Diplomatique, tom i. D. 329.

also divided the months into the number of days which they at present contain.

The Roman calendar, which was divided into Calends, Nones, and Ides, was used in most public instruments throughout Europe for many centuries, and will be found in a subsequent part of this volume

The Calend is the first day of each month

The Ides were eight days in each month in March, May, July, and October, the Ides fall on the 15th, and in all other months on the 19th, day

The Nones are the 5th day of each month, except in March, May, July, and October, when the Nones fall on the 7th day *

The days of the month were reckoned backwards instead of forwards thus, the 3rd calends of February is the 30th of January, the 4th calends of February is the 29th of January, the 15th calends of February is the 18th of January, &c , and in a similar manner with respect to the Ides and Nones But a reference to the Roman calendar itself will be more satisfactory than any explanation. Except July and August, which were named after Julius and Augustus Cæsar, (having before been called Quintilis and Sextilis,) the Roman months bore their present names

An error prevailed for thirty-seven years after the death of Julius Cæsar, from reckoning every third instead of every fourth year a bissextile or leap-year, as if the year contained 365 days 8 hours. When this mistake was detected, thirteen intercalations had occurred instead of ten, and the year consequently began three days too late. The calendar was, therefore, again corrected, and it was ordered that each of the ensuing twelve years should contain 365 days only, and that there should not be any leap-year until A U C 760 or A D 7. From that time the years have been calculated without mistakes, and the Roman year has been adopted by all Christian nations though after the sixth

Sex Maius Nonas, October, Julius, et Mars,
 Quatuor at reliqui, — dabit Idus quilibet octo

century it became usual to date from the birth of our Saviour

To reduce the year of Rome to the year before or after Christ, if the year of Rome be less than 754, deduct the year from 754, in which case the difference is the year before Christ If the year of Rome be not less than 754, deduct 753 from it, and the remainder will be the year after Christ.

V. THE INDICTIONS.

The indictions consisted of a revolution of fifteen years, which are separately reckoned as Indiction 1, Indiction 2, &c, up to 15, when they recommence with Indiction 1 Their origin has not been ascertained, but Gibbon observes, that the name and use of the "Indictions" were derived from the Roman tributes The emperor subscribed with his own hand, and in purple ink, the solemn Edict or Indiction, which was fixed up in the principal city of each diocese during two months previous to the first day of September in each year, and, by a very easy connection of ideas, the word "indiction" was transferred to the measure of tribute which it prescribed, and to the annual term which it allowed for the payment † It is certain, however, that the Indictions are not of higher antiquity than the time of the emperor Constantine, nor of less than that of Constantius The first evidence of the use of this epoch is in the Theodosian code, in the reign of

* EXAMPLES — I Required the year before Christ of the year of Rome

II Required the year of Christ of the year of Rome 792,

+ Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, vol in p 511

Constantius, who died in 361, but doubt exists as to the precise time of the commencement of the Indictions, some writers assigning the first Indiction to the year 312, the greater number to the year 313, others to 314, while some place it in the year 315. In "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," the year 313 is fixed upon as that of the first Indiction

There are four descriptions of Indictions The first is that of Constantinophe, which was instituted by Constantine in A D 312, and began on the 1st of September. The second, and more common in England and France, was the IMPERIAL or CESARLAN Indiction. which began on the 24th of September The third kind of Indiction is called the Roman or Pontifical. from its being generally used in papal bulls, at least from the ninth to the fourteenth century it commences on the 25th of December or 1st of January. according as either of these days was considered the first of the year The fourth kind of Indiction, which is to be found in the register of the parliaments of Paris, began in the month of October In France. under the first race of the French monarchs, which ended in A D 752, the Indiction was dated from the month of September, under the second race, A D 752 to A D 987, the Greek Indiction (the 1st of September), and the Roman Indiction (the 1st of January). were both used, under the third race, great variation prevailed in using the Indiction The Indiction was generally used in ecclesiastical acts of the eighth century. During the ninth, tenth, and eleventh centurics the Constantine Indiction was occasionally used in France. Germany, England, and even in Italy In the twelfth and thirteenth centuries the Roman Indiction was. nevertheless, always adopted, but in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries the Imperial Indiction, beginning on the 24th of September, was most followed in England, Germany, and France*, which epoch was first used in

^{*} De Vaines's Dictionnaire Raisonné de Diplomatique Mr Hardy says, in his pretace to the Charter Rolls, that the introduction of the

this country, at the time of the mission of St. Augustine, by St Gregory. It is, however, said, that after the twelfth century the Indiction was rarely mentioned in public instruments, that it fell into desuetude with Louis le Jeune, who ascended the throne in 1137, and died in 1180, but that in private charters, and in ecclesiastical documents, in France, the usage continued until the end of the fifteenth century *

To ascertain the Indiction of any year of our Lord, add 3 to the given year, and divide the sum by 15 if nothing remain, the Indiction of that year will be 15, if any number remain, that number will be the number of the Indiction †

The year of the pontifical Induction (from A D 1000 to A D 1999) will be found in the Table marked K, in another part of this volume

VI. THE MUNDANE ERA OF ALEXANDRIA.

The ALEXANDRIAN ERA OF THE CRFATION OF THE WORLD was fixed at 5502 years before Christ, so that the year of our Lord 1 corresponded with the Alexandrian year of the creation 5503 This computation was continued until the year of our Lord 284, or of the Alexandrian era 5786, but in A D 285, and A Alex 5787, ten years were subtracted, and that year was called 5777

To reduce the Alexandrian to the Christian era, 5502

Indiction in the dates of charters is frequently embarrassing, and has in many cases been proved to be inaccurate, and that it is now geneally admitted that a charter, in which an error respecting the Indiction may be found, should not, therefore, be rejected as spurious

* I'Art de vérifier les Dates

[†] Example — Required the Indiction for the year 1290.

^{+ 3} 15)1293(86 120

⁹³ 90

³ The Indiction for the year 1290.

must be subtracted from the Alexandrian era until A Alex 5786, and after that year by subtracting 5492. To ascertain the year of the Alexandrian era of any year of our Lord after A D 285, add 5492 to the year of Christ, and if before A D 285, 5502 must be added.

VII THE MUNDANE ERA OF ANTIOCH

The creation of the world was placed by the ERA of Antioch ten years later than by the era of Alexandria, as if fixed that event 5492 years before Christ, instead of 5502 years. As, however, ten years were subtracted from the Alexandrian era in A D 285, the two eras thenceforward coincided

To reduce the era of Antioch to the Christian era, subtract 5492 from the former

VIII THE ERA OF CONSTANTINOPLE.

The ERA OF CONSTANTINOPLE, which was adopted in that city before the middle of the seventh century, likewise commences with the creation of the world, which is assigned to the 5508th year before Christ, the year of whose Incarnation fell in the 5509th of this era Russians followed this calculation until the reign of Peter the Great, having received it from the Greek church, by which it is still used In the era of Constantinople there are two years, the civil, which begins with the month of September, and the ecclesiastical. which commences on the 21st of March, and sometimes on the 1st of April It cannot be positively asserted that the 1st of September was always the first day of the civil year of this era, especially after the separation of the Eastern and Western empires, but if such was the fact, there must, it is presumed, have been two kinds of civil years, viz the Roman, or consular, beginning on the 1st of January, as at Rome, and the Greek. which commenced on the 1st of September. To ascertain what year of the era of Constantinople corresponds with any year of our Lord, subtract 5508 from the former, from the month of January to August, and 5509, from September to the end of the year These numbers added to the year of Christ will, of course, give the year of this era *

IX THE ERA OF THE SELEUCIDE, OR THE GRECIAN ERA, SOMETIMES ALSO CALLED THE ERA OF ALEXANDRIA

The Greeks adopted two epochs, both named after Alexander the Great

The first dates from the death of that prince, 12th of November, 324 B C, but its usage is not well attested.

The second Greek era, which is sometimes improperly called the era of Alexander, was more commonly, as well as more justly, termed the era of the Selevoide, or the era of the Greeks. It is also occasionally called the era of the Siro-Magponians. It commences in the year of Rome 442, twelve years after the death of Alexander, and 311 years and 4 months before the birth of our Saviour, being the epoch of the conquest of Babylon by Seleucus I, surnamed Nicator, or the Victorious. The Julian year, formed of the Roman months (to which Syrian names were given), was used. This era prevailed, not only in the dominions of Seleucus, but among almost all the people of the Levant, where it is still in use. Considerable variation,

* Examples — I Required the year of the era of Constantinople of April, 1720

1720 + 5508

April, 7228 of the era of Constantinople

II Required the year of Christ of October, 6432, of the era of Constantinople

5509

A D 928

however, existed respecting the commencement of the year, the Greeks of Syria began it on the 1st of September, and other Syrians in the month of October The Jews, after they became subject to the kings of Syria, likewise adopted this era, and did not abandon it for the one now used by them until within the last 400 years By the Arabs it is still used The names of the Syrian and Greek months were as follow—

Syrian Months.	Greek Months	Roman Month
Eloul -	- Gorpiæus	September
Tisti I -	- Hyperberetæus -	October
Tısrı II	- Dius	November
Canun I -	- Apellæus	December.
Canun II.	- Audynæus	January
Sabat -	- Peritius	February.
Adar	- Dystrus	March
Nisan -	- Xanthicus	Aprıl
Icar -	- Artemisius	May
Hazıran -	- Dæsius	June
Tamus -	- Panæmus	July
Ab -	- Lous	August.

X THE CÆSAREAN ERA OF ANTIOCH

This era was instituted at Antioch, in consequence of the victory gained by Julius Cæsar in the plain of Pharsalia, on the 9th of August, in the year of Rome 706, and 48 years before Christ The Syrians computed this era from the autumn, or from the 1st Tisri (October), of the year 48 B C, but the Greeks began it from their month Gorpiæus (September), 49 B C., and in the year of Rome 705.

XI. THE ERA OF PISA.

This era, which was sometimes used in France, especially in the twelfth century, differed from our common era by preceding it by one year only

XII. THE ERA OF SPAIN.

Spain having been conquered by the emperor Augustus, in the year of Rome 715, thirty-nine years before the birth of Christ, a new era was created, founded on the Julian calendar, called the LRA OF SPAIN, the first year of which commenced on the 1st of January, A U C 716, and 38 B C It was not confined to Spain, but was adopted in Portugal, Africa, and in the southern provinces of France The era of Spain was abolished in Catalonia in 1180, in the kingdom of Aragon, in 1350, in that of Valencia, in 1358, and in Castile in 1393, but it prevailed in Portugal so lately as 1415, if not until 1422

To reduce the era of Spain to the common year, 38 must be subtracted from the latter of Christ, 39 must be subtracted *

XIII THE ERA OF DIOCLESIAN, OR OF THE MARTYRS

This era dates from the 29th of August, A D. 284, the day when Dioclesian was proclaimed emperor at Chalcedon, and, in consequence of his persecution of the Christians, it is also called the ERA OF MARTYRS † The year consists of 365 days, with an additional day every fourth year it contains twelve months of thirty days each, with five additional days in common, and six in leap-years Before the reformation of the Roman calendar by Julius Cæsar, the Egyptian year consisted of twelve months, each containing thirty days, and to the end of each year they added five days, called, for

* Examples	_ L Era of Spain	1320 I 38	L Anno Domini 1296 + 38
	Anno Domini	1282	Era of Spain 1334

[†] The Ethiopians called the years of the era of martyrs "years of grace" They did not, however, recton them in a continued series after the year of Christ 284, but formed a period of 559 years, at the end of which they recommenced with 1 They also adopted, for the mundane era, the calculation of Julius Africanus, and anticipated the Christian era by eight years

that reason, "epagomenæ," to complete the number of 365 But, as about six hours still remained at the completion of every year, it followed that every four years each month retrograded one day, forming one entire year in every 1461 years To remedy this inconvenience, the astronomers of Alexandria added to every fourth year a sixth epagomene, as Julius Cæsar had added a 29th day to every February By this means they rendered their year fixed, and gave it all the consistency and regularity of the Julian year * The 29th of August answers to the first day of their common year, and the 1st of September to the intercalary year

The era of Dioclesian was generally used by Christian writers until the introduction of the Christian era. in the sixth century, and it is still used by the Ethioplans and Copts

The following table shows the correspondence of the Egyptian calendar with our own, and the names which the Egyptians and Ethiopians gave their months -

Roman Months	Egyptian Months	Ethiopiar Months,	Sum at the end of cach Month
August 29	- Thoth -	- Mascaren	- 30 days
September 28	Paophi -	- Tikmith -	- 60 -
October 28	- Athyr -	- Hadar -	- 90
November 27	{ Chocac or } Cohiac }	- Tacsam -	- 120 —
December 27	- Tybı -	- Tır -	- 150
January 26	- Mechir -	- Jacatith -	- 180
February 25	- Phamcnoth	- Magabith	- 210
March 27 -	- Pharmouti	- Miazia -	- 240
Aprıl 26 -	- Pashons -	- Gimboth	- 270 —
May 26 -	- Paynı -	- Sene -	- 300
June 25 -	- Epiphi -	- Hamlt -	- 330
July 25 -	- Mesori -	- Nahase -	- 360 -

^{*} This reform, which was ordered by a decree of the senate of Rome, in the 16th year of the Julian era, B C 30, did not take effect until five years afterwards, and only at Alexandria The rist of Egypt continued for a long time to use the imperfect year + For the modern names of the Coptic months, and the corresponding periods of our calendar, see the note to p 15

The year, which was intercalary, commenced on the 30th of August, but, as it agreed with the Roman bissextile year, it finished on the 28th of the following August, and the next began on the 29th

To reduce the years of the Dioclesian era to those of the Christian, add 283 years and 240 days to each. As the Dioclesian year next after leap-year commenced a day later than in the common year, one day must consequently be added from the 29th of August to the end of the ensuing February

XIV. THE ERA OF THE HEGIRA, OR THE ERA OF THE TURKS, ARABS, AND OTHER MAHOMEDANS

The epoch of the FRA OF THE HIGHA IS, according to the civil calculation, Friday, the 16th of July, A D 622, the day of the flight of Mahomet from Mecca to Medina, which is the date of the Mahomedans* but astro-

* I ane, in his recent "Account of the Manners and Customs of the Modern Egyptians," states, that "the Mahomedia era does not commence from the day on which the prophet departed from Mecca, but from the first day of the moon or month of Moharran preceding that event. It is said, that Mohammed, after having remained concealed in a cave near Mecci three days with Aboo Bekr, began his journey, or "the Fight," to El Medeench on the ninth day of the third month (Rabeea el Owwai), sixty-tight days after the commencement of the era. Thus the first two months are made of thirty days each, which is often the case when the calculation from the actual sight of the new moon is followed, and the 'I light itself, from the cave, may be interred to have commenced on the 22nd of Syptember" (Vol 1 p 419). He also says, "I he Aribs generally commence each month on the night on which, or on the eve of which, the new moon is actually seen, and this night is in most cases the second, but sometimes, and in some plates, the third, after the true period of the new moon. If, however, the moon is not seen on the second or third night, the month is commenced on the latter. The new moon of July, A. D. 622, happened between five and six o clock in the mooning of the 14th, therefore the 16th was, most probably, the first day of the era." (Ibid p. 301)

nomers and some historians assign it to the preceding day, viz Thursday, the 15th of July, an important fact, to be borne in mind when perusing Arabian The years of the Hegira are lunar years, and contain twelve lunar months, each commenceing with the new moon, a practice which necessarily leads to great confusion and uncertainty, masmuch as every year must begin considerably earlier in the season than the preceding one In chronology and history, however, and in dating their public instruments, the Turks use months, which contain alternately thirty and twenty-nine days, except the last month, which, in intercalary years, contains thirty days The months of the Hegira consist. like ours, of weeks, each day of which begins in the evening, after sunset, and is termed by the catholic church ferial thus, our Sunday is the first feria of the Arabian week, and our Saturday the seventh The years of the Hegira are divided into cycles of thirty years, nineteen of which are termed common years, of 354 days each, and the eleven others intercalary, or abundant, from their consisting of one day more these are the 2nd, 5th, 7th, 10th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 21st, 24th, 26th, and 29th To ascertain whether any given year be intercalary or not divide it by 30, and if any of the above numbers remain the year is one of 355 days

The names of the months as used by the Turks, with the length of each, are as follow * —

^{*} After giving the names of these months as they are now pronounced by the Lgyptians, Lane says, "Fach of these months retrogrades through all the different seasons of the soil ry tear in the period of about thrity three years and a half, consequently they are only used for fixing the anniversaries of most religious festivals, and for the dates of instorical events, letters, &c., and not in matters relating to astronomy or the seasons. In the latter cases the Coptic months are still in general use. With their Moslem names'l give the corresponding periods of our calendar.

¹ Toot commences on the 10th or 11th of expt mber
2 Babeh — 10th or 11th of expt mber
3 Hatoor 4 Kayıhk, on 10th of November
4 Kayıhk, on 10th of December
5 Ioobeh — 8th or 9th of January
6 Amsheer — 7th or 8th of February

Moharram -	_	3 0	Schaban 29
Saphar	_	29	Ramadhan 30
Rabia I -	_	30	Schoual 29
Rabia II -	-	29	Dhu'l kadah 30
Guimadhi I -	-	30	Dhu'l hajjah 29
Guimadhi II	_	29	and, in intercalary
Redgeb	-	30	years, 30 days.

Their weeks of seven days are named as follow -

	Turkish	Ancient Arabic.	Modern Arabic
Su.	- Pazar gun	- Bawal -	Yom ahad
М.	- Pazar ertesi	- Bahun -	Yom theaa
Tu	- Sale	- Jebar -	Yom tulta
\mathbf{W}	- Charshambı	- Dabar -	Yom arba
$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{h}$	 Pershambe 	- Femunes -	Yom hamsa.
F	- Juma	- Aruba -	Juma.
Sa	- Juma ertesi	- Shivar -	Sabt

To ascertain precisely the day on which any year of the Hegira begins would require elaborate tables, which

The Fraym en Nesee (intercality days), five or six days, complete the

 ⁷ Buramhat commences on the 9th of March

 8
 Burmoodeh
 8th of April

 9
 Beshens
 8th of May

 10
 Baooneh
 7th of June

 11
 Pbcb
 7th of July

 12
 Misra
 6th of August

year "These months, it will be observed, are of thirty days each Five intercalary days are added at the end of three successive years, and six at the end of the fourth year I he (optic lap year innediately precedes ours, therefore the Copic year begins on the 11th of September only when it is the next after their leap-year, or when our next ensuing year is a leap-year, and, consequently, after the following February, the corresponding days of the Coptic and our months will be the same as in other years. I he Copts began their reckoning from the era of Dioclevain, A D 234. In Egypt, and other Moslem countries, from sunset to sunset is reckoned as the civil day, the might being classed with the day which follows it, thus the might before Friday is cilied the night of Friday. Sunset is twelve o'clock, an hour after sunset, one o'clock, two hours, two o'clock, and so on to twelve. After twelve o clock in the morning, the hours are again named one, two, three, and so on, consequently, the time of noon, according to Mohlamadan reckoning, on any particular day, subtracted from twelve, gives the apparent time of sunset on that day according to European reckoning: — Account of the Manners and Customs of the Modern Egyptians, vol 1 pp 300—302

may be found in "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," and in Playfair' "System of Chronology*," but, by the following calculations, the fact will be ascertained with tolerable accuracy — Multiply the years elapsed by 970203, cut off six decimals, add 622 54, and the sum will be the year of the Christian era, and decimal of the day following, in Old Style

To reduce the Christian era to the Mahomedan, subtract 622 from the current year, multiply by 1 0307, cut off four decimals, and add 46 the sum will be the year and decimal of the day, Old Style.

XV ERA OF ABRAHAM

This era preceded the birth of our Saviour by 2015 years, and began on the 1st of October, 2016 To reduce this era to the Christian era, subtract 2015 years and 3 months, and the remainder will be the year and the month.

XVI ERA OF NABONASSAR.

The author of the ERA OF NABONASSAR, which is important in chronology, as by it all other epochs are connected and adjusted, was Nabonassar, the founder of the kingdom of Babylon. It commenced on Wednesday, the 20th of February, in the 3967th year of the Julian period, i.e. B. C. 747. The years are vague, consisting of 365 days each, without intercalation. The Nabonassarean era included a period of 424. Egyptian years, from the commencement of Nabonassar's reign to the death of Alexander the Great, and was thence brought down to the reign of Antoninus Pius.

"To find the day of any Julian year on which the year of Nabonassar begins, subtract the given year, if before Christ, from 748, and if after, add to it 747 divide the result by 4, omitting fractions, and subtract the

^{*} Tables for the same purpose are given in the "Companion to the Almanack," for 1830

quotient from 57 (i e the number of days from the 1st of January to the 26th of February) If the quotient exceed 57, add 365 as often as necessary, before subtraction the remainder will be the day of the year given. The first result before the division by 4, increased by a unit of each 365, added to 57, will be the year of Nabonassar then beginning

The day of the week on which the year of Nabonassar begins may be known by dividing it by 7. If there be no remainder, the day will be Tuesday if there be a remainder, the day below that figure in the following table will be the day required —

As the rule above stated may be one day in error, from the omission of fractions, it may be corrected by this table "*

The Nabonassarean and Julian Erus compared and adjusted to each other

Nab Ye irs				Nab Years				Nab Years		ihan Y lore Cl	
1	26	Feb	747	17	22	Feb	731	99	18	Feb	715
2	26		746	18	22	_	790	34	18		714
3	26		745	19	22	-	729	35	18		713
4	25		744	20	21		728	36	17		712
5	25		749	21	21		727	37	17		711
6	25		742	22	21		726	38	17		710
7	25		741	23	20	-	725	39	17		709
8	24		740	24	20		724	40	16		708
9	24		739	25	20		723	41	16		707
10	24		798	26	20	_	722	42	16		706
11	24		797	27	20	_	721	43	16		705
12	23		796	28	19	-	720	44	15		704
13	23	-	735	29	19	-	719	45	15		709
14	23	-	734	30	19		718	46	15		702
15	23		733	31	19		717	47	15		701
16	22		732	32	18		716	48	14		700

^{*} Companion to the Almanae for 1850.

TABLE - continued

Nab Years		Julian Years Nab before Christ Years						Nab Years		ılıan Y efore Cl	
49	14	Feb	699	69	9	Feb	679	89	4	Feb	659
50	14		698	70	9		678	90	4		658
51	14		697	71	9		677	91	4	-	657
52	13		696	72	8	-	676	92	3		656
53	13	-	695	79	8		675	93	3		655
54	13		694	74	8		674	94	3	-	654
55	13		693	75	8		673	95	3		653
56	12	-	692	76	7		672	96	2		652
57	12	-	691	77	7		671	97	2		651
58	12	_	690	78	7	_	670	98	2		650
59	12	-	689	79	7		669	99	2	-	649
60	11	_	688	80	6	-	668	100	1	_	648
61	11		687	81	6		667	200	7	Jan	548
62	11		686	82	6		666	300	13	Dec	448
63	11	-	685	83	6	_	665	400	18	Nov	348
64	10	_	684	84	5	-	664	500	24	Oct	248
65	10		683	85	5	-	663	600	29	Sept	148
66	10		682	86	5	-	662	700	4	Scpt	48
1									l	A	D
67	10	-	681	87	5		661	800	10	Aug	52
68	9		680	88	4		660	888	19	July	140

This Table may be illustrated by an example — In what month, and on what day of the Julian year, does the 230th of the Nabonassarean era begin? — Opposite to the Nabonassarean year 200 is January 7, which was the day of the Thoth, or beginning of that year, and opposite to 30 is February 19 Subtract the difference between 19 and 26, viz 7, from January 7, and it will appear that the Thoth of 230 was December 30. If the Julian year be also required, — opposite to 200 is 548 B C, and opposite to 30 is 718, ie 29 less than 747 Subtract 29 from 547, and 518 will remain, the year required.

XVII THE ERA OF TYRE.

This era began 125 years before Christ, in the year of Rome 628, and in the 186th of the era of the Seleucidæ The 19th of October was the first day of the Tyrian year, so that the first year of the Christian era fell in the 126th year of the Tyrian era, beginning on the 19th of October, two months and thirteen days before our first day of January To reduce the era of Tyre to the Christian era, subtract 124, and if the given year be less than 125, deduct it from 125, and the remainder will be the year before Christ

XVIII THE ACCIATIC ERA, AND ERA OF AUGUSTUS.

The Actiatic fra is founded on the battle of Actium, which rendered Augustus master of the Roman empire. This event took place on the 2nd or 3rd of September, in the 15th year of the Julian era, and in the 723rd year of Rome. The Romans commenced this era on the 1st of January, A U C 724, and in the 16th of the Julian era. In Egypt, it began in the same year as the battle, and prevailed until the reign of Diocletian, it commenced with the month Thoth, corresponding with the 29th of August. The Greeks of Antioch began this era on the 1st of September, and it continued to be used by them as late as the ninth century.

The LRA OF AUGUSTUS was later by four years than the Actuactic era, and began in the year of Rome 727, twenty-seven years before the Christian era

XIX THE ERA OF THE ASCENSION

This era is supposed to have been used only by the author of the Chronicle of Alexandria, who dates the year of the martyrdom of St Menas of Cotys, "Anno colvil Domini in cœlos Assumptionis, ac lisdem Coss (Tusco et Anulino) martyrium subiit S Menas Cotyæus Phrygie Salutaris civitate Atyr xv, ex ante diem

Idus Novembris, "swhich corresponds with the 12th of November, A D 295.

XX THE ERA OF THE ARMENIANS

The Armenian era commenced on Tuesday, July 9th, A D 552, the period when the council of Tiben, or the Armenians, confirmed the condemnation of the council of Chalcedonia, which was pronounced in A D 536, and by which they completed their schism Armenian year consists of twelve months of thirty days each, with five epagomenæ It is entirely vague, without any intercalation, and anticipates the Julian year by one day in every four years This era was adopted in all acts and dates of letters, but at the same time the Armenians used another year, which was properly the ecclesiastical year, and which was adopted in the liturgy to regulate the celebration of Easter and the Moveable Feasts The ecclesiastical year was fixed, by means of a sixth epagomene which was added every fourth year, the first day of that year, which began in the Armenian month Navasardi, was the 11th of August of the Julian year Afterwards, when the Armenians became reconciled with the Latin church, about the year of our Lord 1330, they adopted the form of the Julian year. The Armenian months were —

> Navasardı August 11 Huerri -September 10 Sahmı October 10 Dre Thari November 9 Khagueths December 9 January 8 Arats Michicki - February 7. Arıekı - March 9 Ankı - April 8 Marieri May 8 Margats June 7. Huetits July 7.

Aceliacz, or the five epagomenæ, and the sixth in the abundant year

To ascertain the day of the week on which the Armenian year begins, divide t! e year by 7, if there be no remainder, the year begins on a Monday if there be a remainder, the day which occurs under that figure in this table will be the first of the Armenian year.

To reduce the Armenian year to the Julian, divide the given year by 4, and subtract the quotient from 191, adding 365 to 191 if necessary, the remainder will be the days from the beginning of the Julian year, and the Armenian date (lessened by 1, if 365 has been added to 191) added to 551, will give the Christian year

To reduce ecclesiastical Armenian years to our time, add 551 years and 222 days

In leap-years, one day must be subtracted from the 1st day of March to the 10th of August

XXI THE ERA OF YEZDEGIRD III, OR THE PERSIAN ERA

This era commenced on the accession of Yezdegird to the throne of Persia, on the 16th of June, A D 632 The years consist of 365 days, 30 being assigned to each month, and 5 being added to the end of the month Aban the Persian year, consequently, preceded the Julian by one day in every four years. In A D 1075, this difference amounted to nearly 112 days, when sultan Jelaledin reformed the Persian calculation, by ordering that the vernal equinox should be fixed to the 14th of our month of March, and that, besides the five epagomenæ, every fourth year, a sixth should be added for the ensuing six or seven times, after which this intercalation was not to occur oftener

than once in every five years This system continues to the present time The names of the Persian months are—

Ferwardin. Meher.
Ardibehisht. Aban.
Khurdad Ader.
Tir Dei
Merdad Behmen
Sheriur. Ispendarmez.

The Persians have not any weeks, and each day of every month has a proper name By adding 630 to any year of the Persian era, the sum will be the year of the Christian era in which the Persian year begins

XXII THE JEWISH ERA.

Until the fifteenth century, the Jews usually calculated from the era of the Seleucidæ, when the present mode was adopted Some writers, however, contend for the antiquity of the present era, but it is commonly supposed not to be more ancient than the fifteenth century. The Jews now date from the creation of the world, which they consider to have taken place 3760 years and 3 months before the commencement of the Christian era. Their year is luni-solar, consisting of twelve or thirteen months each, and every month contains twenty-nine or thirty days. Their civil year commences with, or immediately after, the new moon following the autumnal equinox. The Judaic calendar will be found in a subsequent page.

SUMMARY,

SHOWING THE CORRESPONDENCE OF THE PRINCIPAL EPOCHS, ERAS, AND PERIODS WITH THAT OF THE BIRTH OF CHRIST OR CHRISTIAN ERA

Epochs, Eras, and Periods	Months and Years of Commencement,
The Grecian year of the world	September 1 B C 5598.
The ecclesiastical era of Constantinople }	March 21 or April 1 B C 5508
The civil era of Constantinople	September 1. B C 5508
The Alexandrian era	August 29 B C 5502
The ecclesiastical era of Antioch	September 1 B C 5492
The Julian period	January 1 B C 4713
The Mundane era	October, B C 4008
The Jewish Mundane era -	Vernal equinox, B C 3761
The civil Jewish era	October, B C 3761
The era of Abraham -	October 1 B C 2015
The destruction of I roy -	June 12 or 24 B C. 1184
The epoch of the building of Solomon's Temple	May, B C 1015.
The era of the Olympiads -	New moon of Summer solstice, July 1 B C 776
The Roman era	April 24 B C 759
The era of Nabonassar	February 26 B C 747
The epoch of Danicl's 70 weeks	Vernal equinox, B C 458
The Metonic cycle	July 15 B C 432
The Calippic period	New moon of Summer solstice, B C 330
The Philippæan era	June, B C 323
The Syro Macedonian era -	September 1 B C 312.

Epochs, Eras, and Periods.	Months and Years of Commencement.
Epochs, Eras, and Periods. The Tyrian era The Sidonian era The Cæsarean era of Antioch The Julian year The Spanish era The Actian era - The Actian era in Egypt - The Augustan era The Pontifical Indiction - The Indiction of Constantinople	
The vulgar Christian era The destruction of Jerusalem The era of the Maccabees The era of Dioclesian The era of Ascension The era of Martyrs The era of the Armenians The era of the Hegira The era of Yezdegird, or Persian era The Gelalæan era	January 1 A D 1 September 1. A D 69 November 24 A D 166 September 17 A D 284. November 12 A D 295 February 23. A D 303. July 7 A D 552 July 16 A D 622. June 16. A D 632. March 14 A D. 1079.

THE CYCLES, GOLDEN NUMBER, CONCUR-RENTS, REGULARS, AND THE EPACT.

THE PASCHAL CYCLE

The Cycle of the Sun consists of 28, and the Cycle of the Moon of 19 years these Cycles, multiplied by each other, form a third, which is called the Paschal Cycle, because it serves to ascertain when Easter occurs. At the end of a revolution of 532 years, the two Cycles of the Moon, the Regulars, the Keys of the Moveable Feasts, the Cycle of the Sun, the Concurrents, the Dominical Letters, the Paschal Term, Easter, the Epacts, with the New Moons, recommence as they were 532 years before, and continue the same number of years.

THE CYCLE OF THE MOON, AND THE CYCLE OF NINE-TEEN YFARS*, GENERALLY CALLED THE GOLDEN NUMBER, OR PRIME

The Cycle of the Moon is commonly called the Golden Number, from that Cycle being marked in letters of gold in ancient calendars. It is a revolution of nineteen years, at the end of which time the various aspects of the moon are, within an hour, the same as they were on the same days of the month nineteen years before. This cycle was adopted on the 16th of July, B C 433

To find the Golden Number, or Number of the Year, in the Cycle of the Moon, the year of the birth of our Saviour, according to the vulgar era, must be considered the first of the Lunar Cycle therefore, add 1 to the year of our Lord, and divide the sum by

^{*} The only difference between the cycle of the moon and the cycle of nineteen years is, that the former commences three years after the cycle of nineteen years. The two cycles are sometimes both mentioned in the same charter, as, 'Cyclus lunaris quintus, Cyclus decemnovalis octavus.'

19, the quotient will be the number of Cycles of the moon which have elapsed since the birth of Christ, and the remainder will be the Golden Number of there be no remainder, the Cycle is 19

The Table marked A, in a subsequent page, exhibits the Golden Number, which is the same both in the Old and New Style, of every year from the birth of Christ to A D 4000

THE REGULARS

There are two kinds of Regulars, Solar and Lunar The first are fixed numbers attached to each month, as is shown by the annexed

TABLE OF SOLAR REGULARS CORRESPONDING WITH EACH MONTH

January	February	March	April	Mav	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7

The Regulars are used with the Concurrents* in ascertaining on what day of the week the first day of each month fell. The Regulars of the month being added to the Concurrent of the year, the sum, if it does not exceed 7, shows the day of the week required, 1 representing Sunday, 2 Monday, 3 Tuesday, 4 Wednesday, 5 Thursday, 6 Friday, and 7 Saturday. If it exceed 7, that number is to be subtracted, and the remainder shows on what day of the week the first day of each month in that year fell †

^{*} Vide page SO postea + Example. — Required the day of the week of the 1st of December, 1979.

^{5, :} e the 5th day of the week, wiz.
I hursday

The Table marked E, in another part of this volume, shows on which day of the week any day of a month fell, when the Dominical Letter has been ascertained *

The Lunar Regulars consist also of a fixed number assigned to each month of the year By adding thereto the Epact, the age of the Moon on the first day of each month is ascertained

TABLE OF LUNAR REGULARS ACCORDING TO THE CALCULATIONS OF THOSE WHO BEGAN THE YEAR IN JANUARY OR MARCH

January	February	March	Aprıl	May	June.	July	August,	September	October	November	December
9	10	9	10	11	12	13	14	16	16	18	18

If the Lunar year commenced in the month of September, as with the Egyptians, and four months before the Julian year, the Lunar Regulars for September and October are 5, and for November and December 7, but for all the other months, the numbers are those in the preceding table

By adding the Lunar Regulars to the Concurrent of any particular year, the day of the week is shown on which the first day of the Paschal moon fell. If the sum does not exceed 7, the day following was the first of the Paschal moon if the Lunar Regulars and Concurrent exceed 7, that number must be subtracted, and the remainder shows that the next day was the first of the Paschal moon

KEYS OF THE MOVEABLE FEASTS

The Keys of the Moveable Feasts, which were anciently called "Claves Terminorum," indicated on what days the Moveable Feasts, namely, Septuagesima Sunday, the first Sunday in Lent, &c fell According to

^{*} Vide page 30, and the Tables marked B, C, and D, postes

the ancients, the term of Septuagesima was the 7th of January, of the first Sunday in Lent, the 28th of January, of Easter, the 11th of March, of the Rogations, the 15th of April, and of Pentecost, the 29th of April These were fixed days, from which all the Moveable Feasts were reckoned

As the tables marked L and M show at one view on what day all the Moveable Feasts, &c fell, when Easterday is known, it is not necessary, for any practical purpose, to say more on the subject.

THE CYCLE OF THE SUN

The Solar Cycle, or Cycle of the Sun, is a revolution of 28 years, at the expiration of which the days of the months return again to the same days of the week, the Sun's place to the same signs and degrees of the ecliptic on the same month and days, so as not to differ one day in 100 years, and the same order of Leap-years and of Dominical Letters returns, hence it is also called the Cycle of the Sunday Letters. This Cycle commences with 1, and finishes with 28, after which it recommences and terminates in the same manner. The Cycle of the Sur, therefore, shows the number of years which elapse before the Sundays throughout the year fall on the same days of the month, and which occurs every 28 years

To find the Cycle of the Sun, add 9 to the date of the year, and divide by 28 the quotient will be the number of Cycles since the birth of Christ, and the remainder will be the Cycle of the Sun *

[•] Example. — Required the Cycle of the Sun for the year 1549
+ 9
28) 1558(55 Cycles since the birth of Christ
140
158
140
18 Cycle of the Sun & D 1549

THE CONCURRENTS AND DOMINICAL LEFFERS

Common years consist of 52 weeks and 1 day, and Bissextile years consist of 52 weeks and 2 days. The day or two days supernumerary are called Concurrents, because they concur with the Solar Cycle, whose course they follow. The first year of this Cycle is termed Concurrent 1, the second 2, the third 3, the fourth 4, the fifth 6, (instead of 5, because that year is bissextile,) the sixth 7, the seventh 1, the eighth 2, the ninth 4, (instead of 3, because that year is likewise bissextile,) and thus, with the other years, always adding 1 in common years, and 2 in bissextile years, and always recommencing with 1 after having reckoned 7, because there are no more than 7 Concurrents, — that being the number of days in a week, and of the Dominical Letters

The Dominical Letters are seven, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and are used to indicate the seven days of the week A marks the first day of the year, B the second, C the third, and so on, and the one of these which denotes Sunday is the Dominical Letter Thus, if the year begin on Sunday, A is the Dominical Letter, if it begin on Monday, the Dominical Letter is G, if on Tuesday, it is F, &c As the common year finishes on the same day of the week it began, and the bissextile year one day after, the Dominical Letters change every year in retrograde order.

The Concurrent 1 corresponds with the Dominical Letter F, 2 with E, 3 with D, 4 with C, 5 with B, 6 with A, and 7 with G

In ancient charters, the Dominical Letter of the year is often stated, but sometimes, instead of naming it, the rank which the letter holds in the alphabet is mentioned Thus, instead of saying Letter A, Letter B, &c. Letter 1, Letter 2, &c occurs.

Tables B, C, and D, in subsequent pages, show the Dominical Letter at all periods, according both to the Old and New Style

TABLE SHOWING THE CONCURRENT FOR EACH YEAR
OF THE SOLAR CYCLE

Solar Cycle	Concur- rent.	Solar Cycle	Concur rent.	Solar Cycle	Concur.
I II III IV V VI VII VIII IX	*1 2 3 4 *6 7 1 2 *4	XI XIII XIV. XV XVI XVII XVIII XXIII	6 7 *2 3 4 5 *7 1 2	XXI XXIII XXIV XXV XXVI XXVII XXVIII	*5 6 7 1 *3 4 5 6
X	5 * In	XX dicates a Bisse	3 Atıle or	Lcap-year	

PASCHAL TERM

Besides the mode of ascertaining when Easter-day fell by the Keys of the Moveable Feasts, which has just been noticed †, our ancestors employed, what they called, the Paschal Term, which appellation they gave to the 14th day of the moon preceding Easter Sunday, and the expression Terminus Paschalis often occurs among the dates of early charters The Paschal Term is easily ascertained, by counting 14 from the first day of the Easter or Paschal moon but it is shown in the Perpetual Lunar Calendar, marked N, in another part of this volume

⁴ See page 28

THE EPACT.

The EPACT is a number which denotes the excess of the common solar year above the lunar, by which the age of the moon in any year may be found, and a table of Epacts is merely a table of differences between the solar and the lunar year The Epact of any year indicates the moon's age on the 1st day of January If the new moon happens on the 1st of in that year January, the Epact of the ensuing year is zero or 0 As the lunar year of 354 days is shorter than the solar year of 365 days by 11 days, this difference will run through every year of the lunar cycle. Thus, the Epact of the first year of the cycle is 11, because 11 days are to be added to the lunar, in order to complete the solar year, the Epact of the second year of the cycle 18 22, the epact of the third year is 33 less by 30, e 3, because the moon's age cannot exceed 30 days. the Epact of the fourth year of the cycle is 14, and so on until the last year of the cycle, the Epact of which is 29, and the Epact of the first year of the next cycle 18 11, as before

The Egyptians commenced the Epact with the month of September, and the Romans on the 1st of January; and according as the notary followed one or other of those modes in dating a charter (for both were occasionally used) will the Epact be greater or less during the last four months of the year There are two ways of writing the Epact, which answers to the first year of the Cycle of nineteen years, it being sometimes described as "Epacta vicesima nona," and sometimes as "Epacta rulla" *

To find the Gregorian Epact for any year, divide the number of centuries in the year by 4, multiply the remainder by 17, and to this add 43 times the quotient, and the number 86, and divide the sum by 25. The quotient thus found being subtracted from the Golden Number multiplied by 11, will leave a remainder,

which, after the thirties which it may contain are deducted from it, will be the Epact required.*

But the following more simple rule will show the Epact or moon's age for the 1st of January until the end of the present century —Subtract 1 from the Golden Number, multiply what remains by 11, divide the sum by 30, and the remainder is the Epact †

The Table marked F shows the Epact for each year according to either style, when the Golden Number or Prime is ascertained, and by the Perpetual Lunar Calendar, marked N, the moon's age and course may, at once, be discovered at all periods, and according to both styles.

* Example. - Required the Epact for 1828.

† Example — Required the Epact for 1828.

Golden Number for 1828 =

× 11 50)44(30

Epact for 1828 1

THE OLD AND NEW STYLE.

THE errors in the Julian method of computing the year having long attracted the attention of astronomers*, pope Gregory XIII undertook to reform the Roman Calendar, and the alteration made by him in October, 1582, created what is commonly termed the New Style, but which was sometimes called the Roman Style, while the Calendar obtained the name, from its creator, of Gregorian

After great consideration, that pontiff published his new Calendar, in which ten days were deducted from the year 1582, by calling what, according to the old Calendar, would have been the 5th of October, the 15th of October, 1582

For the purpose of ascertaining the exact dates of documents, it is important to state when the Gregorian Calendar was adopted in different countries

In Spain, Portugal, and part of Italy †, the alteration occurred on the same day as at Rome, viz 15th [5th] of October, 1582

* In July, 1510, pope Leo X wrote to Henry the Eighth, that the neces sity of correcting the Calendar had been noticed in the Council of Lateran, and requesting him to obtain the opinions of the most emment professors of astrology and theology in this dominions on the subject, and to transmit

them to Rome - Pædera, xiii 502

⁺ A more convenient place may not occur for noticing a singular custom which prevailed in 1141, and some other places, from the year 1000 to about the fifteenth century, respecting the months—Lach month of thirty days was divided into two equal parts, and each month of thirty-one days was divided into two parts, the first of which contained sixteen, and the second infect days—The first part of the month was described by the words intrante, or infrovemer make, and the second part by minse exemite, stante, mistante, restante—The days of the first part of the month were marked 1, 2, 3, &c. according to their regular order, those of the second part of the month were counted in retrograde order, like the Rom in Calendar—For example—the date "ax de exemite Januario," was the 17th of January, "xiv due exemite," the 18th, "xiii exitus Januario," the 19th, and so on In Irance, likewise, instances of this kind frequently occur in public documents—Dictionnaire Raisonné de Diplomitique, par De Vaines—A document in the State Paper Office (bir J Williamson's Collection, First Strics, vol xxi p 67) contains the following instrument—"Juyurandum quod Elisabetha regina Anglia, que fuit dies 8 Septembris, stilo nova."

- In France, it took place on the 20th of December, 1582, the 10th of which month being called the 20th, pursuant to letters patent of Henry III dated on the 3rd of November preceding
- In HOLLAND, BRABANT, FLANDERS, ARTOIS, and HAINAULT, the Gregorian Calendar was adopted on the 15th [25th] of December, 1582, Francis, duke of Alencon, as sovereign of the Low Countries, having on the 10th of that month commanded the councils of Brabant, Guelders, Flanders, Malines, Holland, and Friesland to receive it, and he ordered that the day next following the 14th of December, should be reckoned as the 25th, instead of the 15th, that it should be considered as Christmas-day, and that the current year should terminate six days after the said day. Guelders, Zutphen, the province of Utrecht, Friesland, Groningen, and Overvssel, however, refused to obey this edict, and continued to use the old Philip II , king of Spain, in the following Calendar year ordered these provinces to conform to the Gregorian Calendar, without effect, but, on the 14th of July, 1700, the States of Utrecht directed the new Calendar to be used on the 1st of the ensuing December, which was to be counted as the 12th, and the provinces above named having imitated the example, the year 1700 became the epoch when the New Style was generally adopted in the Low Countries
- In Lorrain, the new Calendar came into use on the 10th of December, Old Style, and the 20th of the New, 1582
- In Tuscany, the Old Style was abolished, and the Gregorian Calendar substituted, by the emperor of Germany, as grand duke of Tuscany, in 1749, or early in 1751.*
- In Germany, the catholics adopted the Gregorian Calendar in 1584, but the protestants retained the old. The town of Strasburg, however, conformed in

^{*} Gentleman's Magazine, vol xx1 p 93

February, 1682, ten days being subtracted from that month, and the 1st of March following became the first day of the New Style But on the 15th of November, 1699*, it appears that the old Calendar was universally abandoned within the empire, and a new one, framed by a celebrated mathematician named Weigel, was adopted, which differed only from the Gregorian as to the mode of fixing Easter and the Moveable Feasts, so that it sometimes happened that the protestants and catholics celebrated that feast on a different day

In most parts of Switzerland, the Gregorian Calendar was adopted in 1583 or 1584, but the protestants of that country refused it until 1700, when Weigel's Calendar was received by those of the cantons of Zurich, Berne, Basle, and Schafhausen, who commenced the year 1701 on the 12th of January according to the Old Style Other towns imitated this example, but the old Calendar was, nevertheless, retained in some parts of Switzerland

In Hungary, the Gregorian Calendar was adopted in 1587.

In Poland, it was adopted in 1586

In Sweden, the new Calendar commenced on the 1st of March, 1753

In Denmark, it was adopted in 1582, but on the 20th of December, 1699, the Calendar of Weigel was ordered to be used, since which time the Style in Denmark agrees exactly with that of the protestants of Germany.

In Russia and Greece, the Gregorian Calendar is still rejected, and they adhere tenaciously to the Old Style, which is also the case throughout the East.

[•] In a letter from Mr Grey, the envoy to Denmark, dated 15th July, 1699, he says, "The day resolved on at Ratisbonne for the putting an end to the use of the Old Style within the empire, is the 15th of Novi mber next, for the choice of which day more than of any other, I know no reason, but that of its being St Lopold's day, being the only saint, I suppose, in the Calendar, of the Emperor's name."

ENGLAND AND IRELAND

With the exception of Russia and Greece, England was the last European nation in which the discoveries of science on this important subject were adopted, and though some enlightened minds endeavoured to introduce the reformed Calendar soon after it was framed. and cited the example of other countries, it was rejected by the legislature*, apparently for no other reason than that the plan had emanated from Rome was it until the lapse of 170 years, that popular prejudice yillded to truth and common sense, but even when the improvement did take place, the measure was violently resisted by great part of the people †

The Julian or Old Style, and the practice of commencing the Legal year on the 25th of March, consequently subsisted in England until the 24 Geo II. 1751, in which year an act of parliament passed, entitled "An Act for regulating the Commencement of the Year, and for correcting the Calendar now in use "# The preamble recites, that according to the Legal supputation in England, the year began on the 25th of March, that this practice had produced various incon-

^{*} It is not generally known, that an effort was made to reform the Calendar in this country as early as the regin of quice Elizabeth On the 16th of March, 27 kin 1581-5, a bill was read the first time, in the House of Lords, entitled "An Act giving Her Majesty Authority to after and new mike a Calendar, according to the Calendar used in other Countries." It was read a second time on the 18th of that month, after which no notice occurs of the proposed measure—I ords Journals, vol in pp. 99-102. The Journals of the House of Commons of that period are not preserved. In 1755, a pamphlet was published, entitled "The Regulation of Laster, or the Cause of the Errors and Differences contracted in the Calculation of it, discovered and duly considered, by Henry Wilson, Mathematicaln, at Tower Hill, 'in which the necessity of reforming the Calendar was pointed out in a very plain and conclusive manner. * It is not generally known, that an effort was made to reform the Ca

Tower Hill, 'In which the necessity of reforming the Calendar was pointed out in a very plain and conclusive manner,

† The bill for reforming the Calendar was so generally unpopular, that Hogarth introduced into his picture of the Election Dinner a placard, inscribed, "Give us our eleven days!" The teelings of the English populace closely resembled those of the Chinese on a similar occasion. The person employed to construct the Imperial Almanack, proved so ignorant of his business, that he inserted an intercalary month in the current lunar year, when it should have consisted of only twilve lunations. At the suggestion of a missionary, the Calendar was altered, "but with some difficulty, the Chinese bing sorely puzzled to know why they should be deprived of a whole month"—Davis s General Description of China, vol. in p. \$87 vol. 11 p 287 ‡ Stat 24 Geo II c 23

veniences, not only from its differing from the usage of neighbouring nations, but also from the Legal computation in Scotland, and from the common usage throughout the whole kingdom, that the Julian Calendar then in use had been discovered to be erroneous, by means whereof the Vernal or Spring equinox, which at the time of the general council of Nice, A D 325, happened on the 21st of March, now fell on the 9th or 10th of that month, that this error was still increasing, that a method of correcting the Calendar had been received and established, and was generally practised by almost all other nations of Europe, and that it would be of general convenience to merchants and others corresponding with foreign nations if the like correction were received and established in his majesty's domi-It was therefore enacted,

- I That throughout all his majesty's dominions in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, the supputation according to which the year of our Lord began on the 25th of March shall not be used after the last day of December, 1751, and that the first day of January next following shall be reckoned as the first day of the year 1752, and so in all future years.
- II That from and after the 1st day of January, 1752, the several days of each month shall go on and be reckoned and numbered in the same order, and the feast of Easter and other Moveable feasts thereon depending shall be ascertained according to the same method, as they now are, until the 2nd of September, 1752, that the natural day next immediately following the 2nd of September, 1752, shall be called and reckoned as the fourteenth day of September, omitting the eleven intermediate nominal days of the common Calendar, that the day which followed next after the said 14th of September shall be reckoned

^{*} The difference between the Old and New Style up to the year 1699 was only ten days, after 1700, it was cleven days, and after 1800, twelve days so that the lat of January, 1800, of the Old, corresponded with the 13th of January, 1800, of the New Style

in numerical order from that day, and all public and private proceedings whatsoever after the 1st of January, 1752, were ordered to be dated accordingly

- 111 That the several years of our Lord 1800, 1900, 2100, 2200, 2300, or any other hundredth years of our Lord which shall happen in time to come, (except only every fourth hundredth year of our Lord,) whereof the year 2000 shall be the first, shall not be deemed Bissextile or Leap-years, but shall be considered as common years, consisting of 365 days only, and that the years of our Lord 2000, 2400, 2800, and every other fourth hundredth year of our Lord, from the year 2000 inclusive, and also all other years of our Lord, which by the present supputation are considered Bissextile or Leap-years, shall for the future be esteemed Bissextile or Leap-years, consisting of 366 days
- IV That whereas according to the rule then in use for calculating Easter-day, that feast was fixed to the first Sunday after the first full moon next after the 21st of March; and if the full moon happens on a Sunday, then Easter-day is the Sunday after, which rule had been adopted by the general council of Nice, A D 325, but as the method of computing the full moons then used in the church of England, and according to which the table to find Easter prefixed to the Book of Common Prayer was formed, had become considerably erroneous, it was enacted that the said method should be discontinued, and that from and after the 2nd of September, 1752, Easter-day, and the other Moveable and other Feasts were henceforward to be reckoned according to the Calendar, Tables, and Rules annexed to the Act, and attached to the Books of Common Prayer

Tables, marked G and H, are inserted in another part of this work for finding Easter according to both Styles, together with Tables which show all the other Moveable Feasts.

COMMENCEMENT OF THE YEAR.

In consequence of the variation which prevailed throughout Europe, for many centuries, respecting the commencement of the year, the utmost care is necessary in reducing dates to any particular mode of computation. for the slightest mistake would be fatal to historical accuracy. Justly, indeed, is it observed by the editors of that invaluable monument of industry and learning, "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," "Pour les tems antérieurs [to the 4th of August, 1563, when Charles IX. ordered the year in France to commence on the 1st of January. 7 rien n'est plus nécessaire que de bien se souvenir de tous ces divers commencemens de l'année. Sans cette attention, il n'est pas possible d'accorder une infinité de Dates, qui sont très-exactes et très-vraies. et l'on est continuellement exposé à trouver de la contradiction où il n'y en a point. Il faut avoir la même attention en lisant les Annales ou les Chroniques. On croit y appercevoir des contradictions sans nombre. Une Chronique rapporte un fait, par exemple, à l'an 1000, une autre rapporte le même fait à l'an 999 On décide, sans hesiter, que c'est une faute dans l'une ou l'autre de ces deux Chroniques Cette faute. cependant, n'est pas toujours reelle, quelquefois elle n'est qu'apparente elle disparoîtroit, si l'on étoit attentif aux divers commencemens de l'année."

The days on which the year commenced in most countries have been as follow.— Christmas-day, the 25th of December, the day of the Circumcision, the 1st of January, the day of the Conception, the 25th of March, and Easter-day, the day of the resurrection of our Lord, and it was not until a comparatively recent period that a general rule was adopted.

Pope Gregory XIII, as has already been stated, re-

formed the Calendar in 1582, and ordered the year to be thenceforward reckoned from the 1st of January. but this Calendar was not universally received for some time

It is curious, as well as important for the purport of this work, to state what has been the usage at various periods on the subject, and to show when different nations became convinced of the propriety of having one uniform date for commencing the year.

- In ENGLAND, in the seventh, and so late as the thirteenth century, the year was reckoned from Christmasday, but in the twelfth century, the Anglican church began the year on the 25th of March, which practice was also adopted by civilians in the fourteenth century This Style continued until the reformation of the Calendar by stat 24 Geo II c 23, by which the Legal year was ordered to commence on the 1st of January, It appears, therefore, that two calculations have generally existed in England for the commencement of the year, viz -
 - 1 The HISTORICAL year, which has, for a very long period, begun on the 1st of January.
 - 2 The civil, ecclesiastical*, and lfgal year, which was used by the Church, and in all public instruments, until the end of the thirteenth century, began at Christmas In and after the fourteenth century, it commenced on the 25th of March, and so continued until the 1st of January, 1752

The confusion which arose from there being two modes of computing dates in one kingdom must be sufficiently apparent, for the Legislature, the Church, and Civilians, referred every event which happened between the 1st of January and the 25th of March to a different year from Historians †

^{*} According to some authorities, the *Ecclesiastical* year was reckoned from the first Sunday in Advent, but this custom does not appear to have been sufficiently general to require a more particular notice + The absurdity of retaining the 25th of March as the beginning of the year, not because it was the 25th of March, but because it was the time of the vernal equinox, which, in the 18th century, had receded so

Remarkable examples of the confusion produced by this practice are afforded by two of the most celebrated events in English history King Charles I is said, by most authorities, to have been beheaded on the 30th of January, 1648, while others, with equal correctness, assign that event to the 30th of January, 1649. The revolution which drove James II from the throne is stated by some writers to have taken place in February, 1688, whilst, according to others, it happened in February, 1689. These discrepancies arise from some historians using the Civil and Legal, and others the Historical year, though both would have assigned any circumstance after the 25th of March to the same years, namely, 1649 and 1689.

To avoid, as far as possible, the mistakes which this custom produced, it was usual to add the date of the Historical to that of the Legal year, when speaking of any day between the 1st of January and the 25th of March. thus.—

January 30 1648 { i e the Civil and Legal year, or, thus

January 30. 1648-9.

This practice, common as it has long been, is nevertheless frequently misunderstood, and even learned and intelligent persons are sometimes perplexed by dates being so written. The explanation is, however, perfectly simple, for the lower or last figure always indicates the year according to our present computation.

far back as from the 25th to about the 10th of March, was forcibly urged by Wilson, in 1735, in the tract before noticed, and he pertinently observed — "But while we are maintaining the beginning of the year according to the rubric of the Common Prayer, we seem to forget that our year begins on the first of January, both in our common licensed almanacks and even in the book of Common Prayer itself, and it may amount to a question very difficult to be answered, why the rubric of the Common Prayer enjoins the year to begin on the 25th of March, and yet the calendar for the lessons, &c begins on the 1st of January?" These anomalies, nevertheless, continued for seventeep years longer,

In Scotland, the year was ordered to commence on the 1st of January instead of the 25th of March. 1600, by a proclamation dated the 17th of December. 1599*, but the Old Style continued to be used until altered in 1752, pursuant to the stat 24 Geo II

FRANCE - From the time of Charlemagne, the custom was to commence the year on Christmas-day. This usage prevailed almost universally during the ninth century, though evidence, nevertheless, exists of the year being then reckoned from Easter-day, in some parts of F ance From the end of the eleventh century to the year 1563, the usage was nearly universal for the monarchs, in their public instruments, to begin the year at Easter, or rather on Holy Saturday (Easter-eve), after the benediction of the holy candle But in the provinces of which the English had possession it was common to commence the year at Christmas When they began the year at Easter, or on the 25th of March, it was usual to add " according to the

[&]quot;Apud Halıruidhous, xvij Decembris -- lxxxxix

[&]quot;The first day of the year appoint to be the first day of Januar yearlie

[&]quot;The Kingis Majestie, and Lordis of His Secrett Counsall, undirstand. ing, that in all uthers well governs of his several counsain, indirisanding, that in all uthers well governs commoun welths and cuntreys, the first day of the year begyns yerhe upoun the first day of Januare commonlic callst New Years Day, and that this realme onlie is different fra all uthers in the compt and reckining of the years. And his Majestre and Counsall willing that thair salbe na disconformitte beturk his Majestre, his realme and leighs, and uthers inchtbour cuntreys in this particular, bot that thay sal conforme thamesciffis to the ordour and custum observit be all uthers cuntreys, especialte seing the course and seasoun of the year is maist propir and ansuerabill thairto, and that the alteratioun thairof is maist proper and ansuerabil thairto, and that the alteration thair is maist proper and ansuerabil thairto, and that the alteration thair imports na hirte nor prejudice to ony pairtie. Thairfor His Majestie with advise of the Lordis of his Secreit Counsall Statuts and Ordanis, That in all tyme cuming, the first day of the yer sal begin yierhe upoun the first day of Januar, and thir presents to tak execution upoun the first of Januare mixtocum, quhilk salbe the first day of the list and six I undreth yer of God. And thairfoir Ordanis and Commandist the Clerkis of his Hiemis Sessiou and Signet, the Directour and writtaris of the Chancellarie and Prevey Seall, and all utheris Jugeis, writtaris, notaris and clerkis within this realme, I hat thay and everie ane of thame in all tyme heirefter date all thair decretitis, infiftments, charteris, seasings, letteris, and writtis quhatsumevir, according to this present ordinance, Compting the first day of the yeir fra the first day of Januare verilie, and the first day the list and vicyer of God fra the first day of Januare inxtocum And ordanis publicatioun to be mad heiroff at the mercat croceis of the lied burrowis of the realme, quharrthrow nane pretend ignorance of the same "—Ex Regist Sect Conc in Archivis Publicis Scotize.

For a copy of this proclamation, the editor is indebted to his friend I homas I homson, Esq., the Deputy Clerk Register of Scotland.

Style of France," or "more Gallicano" In the ecclesiastical province of Rheims, from the twelfth century, the year was commenced on the 25th of March This usage subsisted in the town of Montdidier until the sixteenth century In the diocese of Soissons, in the thirteenth century, they began the year on Christmas-day At Amiens and Peronne, at the same period, the year began on Easter-eve, but in several parts of Picardy, after the thirteenth century, they nevertheless reckoned the year from the 1st of January In Languedoc, and many of the southern provinces, the year began on the 25th of March, though not without many exceptions, for in the twelfth and thuteenth centuries, the year was more generally commenced in Languedoc at Easter, and until the edict of Roussillon, in 1563, the parliament of Toulouse dated it from that festival At NAR-BONNE and in the PAYS DE FOIX it was usual to consider Christmas-day as the first day of the year In the diocese of Limoges, in 1301, the 25th of March, or Easter-day, was considered the beginning of the year In Poitou, Guienne, Normands, and Anjou, after these provinces fell into the hands of the English, the legal year commenced at Christmas In DAUPHINY, towards the end of the thirteenth century, it was customary to begin the year on the 25th of March. but in the fourteenth century it was commenced at Christmas, which was called "le Style Delphinal" In Provence no uniform custom prevailed in the eleventh, twelfth, or thirteenth centuries, some commencing the year at Christmas, others on the 1st of January, and others on the 25th of March, or on Easter-day At Bensançon the year began on the 25th of March in the civil tribunals, but in the fifteenth century, on the 1st of January, which date was settled by edicts in 1574, 1575, and 1576 MONTBELLIARD, some began the year on the 1st of January, and others on the 25th of March various usage on this subject in France was, however, finally settled by the edict of Charles IX, in January, 1563, and by the edict dated at Roussillon, in Dauphiny, on the 4th of August following, by which the 1st of January was fixed upon as the commencement of the year. But the law was not adopted by the parliament of Paris until 1567, and the church of Beauvais did not conform to it until 1580.

GERMANY - The ancient usage generally was to begin the year at Christmas, but it was not universal At Cologne it began at Easter, and though, in 1310. a council ordered the year to commence there in future at Christmas, "according to the custom of the Roman church," it was obeyed only in reference to the Ecclesiastical year, the Civil year being still reckoned from Christmas, which they termed "the Style of the Court " The University of Cologne had its own Style, as it commenced the year on the 25th of March, which practice still prevailed in 1428 was imitated in the Comte Dr La Marck At Mentz or Mayence the year commenced at Christmas until the fifteenth century, but afterwards on the 1st of Ja-At TREVES, anciently on the 25th of March, but for a long period on the 1st of January, though notaries occasionally dated their acts from the 25th of March, until the custom was abolished by the elector Gaspar Wanderleven between 1652 and 1676 At STRASBURG the Ecclesiastical year was calculated from the Circumcision, but many circumstances tend to prove that the Civil year was reckoned from the 1st of January The practice of the Imperial court from the beginning of the sixteenth century, was to commence the year on the 1st of January, and Maximilian I is said to have introduced the custom into the Imperial chancery

Hungary — The year was commenced at Christmas or on the 1st of January

DENMARK. — The year was usually begun on the 1st of January, but sometimes at Christmas, and some-

times on the Feast of St. Tiburce, viz the 12th* of August.

Switzerland — In the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries the year was commenced on the 1st of January except in the diocese of Lausanne and in the Pays de Vaud, where, since the Council of Basil (between 1431 and 1443), the year was reckoned from the 25th of March

ITALY - At MILAN, in the thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth centuries, the year began at Christmas. and in Rome +, and most of the towns in Italy, the same style was adopted, but at FLORENCE, from the tenth century, the beginning of the year was fixed to the 25th of March, and is generally known as the "era of Florence" In 1749 or 1751 the emperor Francis, as grand duke of Tuscany, directed that the vear should henceforward be calculated from the 1st of January The Pisan calculation preceded by a whole year that of Florence At Vinice the Civil and common year has always been commenced on the 1st of January · but from time immemorial the Legal year, which was used in all public acts, is reckoned from the 1st of March, and it appears that, in the twelfth century, the year was also begun on that day at BENEVENTO In Savoy the year was begun on Easter-day In Lorrain great diversity prevailed, until the edict of duke Charles, on the 15th of November, 1579, fixed the 1st of January as the commencement of the year, it having been previously begun, by some on the 25th of December, by others on the 25th of March, and by others at Easter

SPAIN —In Arragon it was commanded, in December, 1350, by Peter the Fourth, king of Arragon, that the

^{*} Query 11th August. Vide the lists of Saints' Days, postca.
† It appears from some notarial proceedings in 1529, that thenceforward the year mentioned in Apostolic Letters, in the form of Writs, was to commence on the 25th of December, but in Apostolic Letters "sub plannbo," i e Bulls, on the 25th of March — Vide I ædera xiv 294 355 1 or the dates of pontifical instruments, vide the Chronological List of Popes, postca.

year should commence at Chiistmas, before which time the year was reckoned from the 25th of March The same law was enacted in Castile in 1383, and this usage continued at least so late as the sixteenth century but soon afterwards it became customary in Spain to begin the year on the 1st of January

PORTUGAL — In 1420, John I, king of Portugal, ordered that the year should commence at Christmas before which time, it seems, it was reckoned from the 25th of March, as in Spain

Russia - The Russian year, in the eleventh century, began in the spring, but afterwards the Greek Calendar was adopted

Sicily. — Since the invasion of the Normans, the year has been commenced on the 25th of March, and though the 1st of January was afterwards used by the magistrates and people, yet even so late as the sixteenth century, the notaries dated from the 25th of March

CYPRUS. — The year, in 1378, was begun at Christmas

HOLLAND AND THE LOW COUNTRIES — Some provinces of the Low Countries, Guildris, and Friesland, for instance, commenced the year at Christmas, and the same custom prevailed at Utrecht as lately as 1333, but before that period the year began on the 25th of March At DILFT, DORI, and in BRABANT, the year was commenced on Good Friday In Hol-LAND, FLANDERS, and HAINAULT, it began on Easterday, which Style notaries adopted in their acts, but, to avoid mistakes, they were compelled to add "according to the Style of the Court," or "before Easter," or "more Gallicano" In 1575, the duke of Reouesens, governor of the Low Countries, ordered the year to commence on the 1st of January The States of Holland had long before adopted this calculation, and endeavoured, as early as 1532, to bring it into general use.

TABLE,

SHOWING IN WHAT YEAR THE GREGORIAN, OR REFORMED CALENDAR WAS ADOPTED IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.

Denmark,	-		-	-	-	1582
FRANCE,	-	-	-	-	_	1582
GERMANY,						
Ву	Catho	lies,	-	-	_	1584
By	Protes	tants,	-	-	-	1700
GREAT BRIT	AIN an	a Irel	AND,	-	-	1752
Holland an	d the	greater	part o	of the Lo	w	
Countrie	es,	-	_	-	_	1582
In	Utrech	t and a	few oth	er places,		1700
HUNGARY,	_		-	•	-	1587
ITALY, (in gr	eat par	t of,)	-	-	-	1582
Lorrain,	-	_	-	-	-	1582
Poland,	-	-	-	-	-	1586
PORTUGAL	-		-	-	-	1582
SPAIN,	-	-	-	-	_	1582
Sweden, -		-	-	-	_	1753
SWITZERLAND	,					
Ву	Catho	lics,	-	-	-	1584
Ву	Protes	tants,	-	-	_	1700
TUSCANY,	-	-		- 174	9 or	1751

TABLES, CALENDARS,

TABLE A.

SHOWING THE GOI DEN NUMBER, WHICH IS THE SAME BOTH IN THE OLD AND NEW STYLE, I ROM THE BIRTH OF CHRIST TO A D 400.

			1	Years has than a Hundred									_								
Hundr	€ds of	Ycars	040 11 42 144 154 1748 1950 51 125 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155							55 74	5 7,										
0 100 200 5(0 400	1900 2000 2100 2200 2500	3000 1, 00	1 6 11 16 2	7 1 17		9 14 19 3	10 15 1	16 2	7 12 17 8		14 19 5	16	2	8	4	10 5 10	6 11	21.12	8 Io	18 4 9 14 19	10 15
500 600 700 800 900	9400 9300 5600 9700 2800		7 12 17 7 2	1 1 1 4	11 10 5	15 1 6	1	17	18	5 10	1 6 11	2 7 12	8 1)	1 (5 10 15	6	27 1273		14 19		11 16 2 7
1000 1160 1200 1500 1100	2900 3000 3100 5200 3300		4 6	14 19 5 10 15	1 6 11	2 7 1~	17 8 13 15	9	10 15	6 11 16	12 17	8 13 18	14 19	1	16	12 17	18	14 19 5	15 1 6	11 16 2 7 12	17 38
1500 1600 1700 1800	\$400 \$500 5600 \$700		10 10 10	1 6 11 16	2 7 12 17		9	10		12 17	18	14 19	1			1 > 18 4 9	14 19 5 10		2	17 8 13	4

FYPLANATION — Finter the Table on the left hand with the even number of years of the given year, and seek the vers less than a hundred, at the head of the Iable, and the Golden Number will be found at the angle where the columns meet

EXAMPLE—Required the Golden Number for the year 1482 Look for 1400 in the left hand division under "hundreds of years," and for 82 at the top of the Fable in the divisions marked "years less thin a hundred " at the angle, where the perpendicular line under 82 meets the horizontal line parallel with 1400, is the Golden Number for the year 1482, viz 1

50 TABLE B.

CONTAINING THE DOMINICAL LETTERS FOR 4200 YEARS BEFORE THE CHRISTIAN ERA, DID STP12.

				Hundreds of Years before Christ									
		which		0	100	200	300	400					
the		ar ex		700 1400	800 1500	900 1600	1000	1100 1800	1200 1900				
	ars			2100	2200	2,00	2400	2500	2600	2700			
1				2900	2900	3000	3100	32(0	3300	3400			
I	1 00	1 70	- 0.4	3500	3600	3700	3800	3900	4000	4100			
0	28	56	84	рc	C B		A G		FE	E D			
1	29	57	85	E	D	С	В	A	G	F			
2	30	58	86	F	F	D	С	В	A	G			
8	31	59	87	G	ŀ	Ł	D	C	В	A			
4	32	60	88	ВЛ	A G	GF	ŀΕ	E D	D C	C B			
5	33	61	89	C	В	A	G	F	E	D			
6	34	62	90	D	С	В	A	G	F	E			
7	35	63	91	Ŀ	D	C	В	A	G	ŀ			
8	36	61	92	G F	F E	F D	D C	C B	B A	A G			
9	37	65	93	A	G	F	E	D	C	В			
10	18	66	94	В	Λ	G	F	L	D	C			
11	39	67	95	C	В	1	G	ŀ	Γ	D			
12	40	68	96	F D	DС	C B	ВЛ	ΛG	G F	ΓЬ			
13	41	69	97	ŀ	Ł	D	C	В	A	G			
14	42	70	98	G	I	E	D	(В	4			
15	43	71	99	A	G	ŀ	Ł	D	C	В			
16	44	72		C B	BA	ΑG	G F	F E	F D	D (
17	45	73		\mathbf{D}^{-}	C	В	A	G	ŀ	Ł			
18	46	74	1	E	D	C	В	Α	G	F			
19	47	75		I'	Ŀ	D	C	В	Α	G			
20	48	76		A G	G F	F F	F D	DC	C B	B A			
21	49	77		В	4	G	F	-F	D	C			
22	50	78		C	В	Λ	G	1	E	D			
23	51	79		D	C	В	1	G	F	Ł			
24	52	80	ļ	l L	L D	D C	СВ	ВА	ΛG	G F			
25	53	81		G	1	E	D	c c	В	A			
26	54	82		A	G	ŀ	L	D	C	В			
27	55	83		В	Λ	G	ŀ	E	D	C			

Expansion—To find the Dominical Letter for any war before Christ, according to the old style, by this Table, subtract one from the given year, and seek the hundreds of which the remainder consists, at the head of the Table, and the years, more than the hundreds, in the columns on the left hand, so designated

EXAMPLE — Required the Dominical Letter for the year 1790 before Christ, old style Subtract one, and seek 1700 at the top, and 19 on the left of the I ble, and where the lines intersect each other is the letter "(," which is the Dominical Letter for the year 1720 before the Christian 273

51
TABLE C.

CONTAINING THE DOMINICAL LETTERS FOR 4200 YEARS AITIT THE CHRISTIAN BRA, DID STEP!C

				Hundreds of Years after Christ									
Year		which		0	100	200	300	400	500	600			
giv		ear ex indreds		700	800 1500	900	1000	1100	1200	2000			
	ars.	iiui cus	, 01	1400 2100	2200	0001 000	1700 2400	1800 2500	1900 2600	2700			
1 -	WI 04			2800	2300	3000	3100	200	2000	3400			
)				3300	5000	3700	3500	5900	4000	4100			
0	28	56	84	DC	Ł D	ŀ Ł	GF	AG	B A	C B			
1	29	57	85	В	C	D	E	F	G	A			
2	30	58	86	Λ	В	C	D	ŀ	F	G			
3	31	59	87	G	Α	В	C	D	\mathbf{E}	F			
4	32	60	88	FŁ	G F	A G	B 4	C B	D C	E D			
5	33	61	89	D	Ł	F	G	Λ	B	Č			
6	34	62	90	C	D	Ŀ	ŀ	G	A	B			
7	35	63	91	В	C	D	Ŀ	F	G	A			
8	36	61	92	4 G	B A	C B	D C	ΕD	F F	G F			
9	37	65	93	F	G	A	B	C	D	Ŀ			
10	38	66	94	Ŀ	ŀ	G	Α	В	C	D			
11	39	67	95	υ	F	ŀ	G	Α	В	C			
12	40	68	96	C B	D C	Ł D	ŀЬ	Gŀ	A G	ВА			
13	41	69	97	A	В	C	D	Ŀ	F	G			
14	42	70	95	6	1	В	C	D	Ł	F I			
15	43	71	99	ŀ	(,	Λ	В	C	D	L			
16	44	72	}	LD	ŀ ŀ	G F	16	ВΛ	C B	D C			
17	45	73		(D	F	F	G	Ā	В			
18	16	74		В	С	D	E	ŀ	G	Λ			
19	47	75		1	В	C	D	E	ŀ	G			
20	18	76		G F	A G	ВΛ	C B	D (ED	ŀ E			
21	49	77		Г	F	G	Α	В	С	D			
22	50	78		D	L	F	G	Λ	В	C			
23	51	79	l	C	D	Ŀ	F	G	A	В			
24	52	80		ВА	C B	D C	E D	ŀΕ	G F	A G			
25	53	81		G	A	В	C	D	Ł.	F			
26	54	82	1	F	G	A	B	C	D	E			
27	55	83		E	F	G	Λ	B	C	D			

EXPLANATION — Seek the hundreds of which a year consists at the top and the years more than the hundreds at the side, on the left hand, and the ketter or letters at the point where the lines cross each other, is the Dominical I etter for the year in question

LXAMPLI — Required the Dominical Letter for the year 1575 old style Seek for 1500 in the upper, and for 75 in the side columns, and the letter where the lines intersects B, which is the Dominical Letter for the year 1575.

TABLE D.

CONTAINING THE DOMINICAL LETTERS FOR 4000
YEARS AFTER THE CHRISTIAN ERA, NEW STYLE

Hundreds of Years after Christ 100 2(1) 500 400 800 500 600 700 900 1100 1200 1000 1,00 14(0) 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 2000 Years, by which the given Year cxcceds the Hun 2100 2300 2200 2400 2500 2600 2700 2800 druds of Years 2900 3000 3100 3200 3,00 3400 3500 3600 3700 3900 3800 4000 C E G BA F 29 \mathbf{B} D G ì 57 85 2 30 58 86 A C E F 3 31 59 87 G В T) \mathbf{E} C B F E 4 39 60 88 A G DC5 33 61 89 1) F A В 6 34 62 90 C Е G A 7 35 63 91 В D F, G 8 36 64 92 $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{G}$ C B E D FŁ F C 9 37 65 93 A 1) Е \mathbf{R} C 10 38 66 94 G 11 39 67 95 D F A В 12 40 68 96 CB E D GF A G $\bar{\mathbf{C}}$ F 13 41 69 97 A Ł G В D E 14 42 70 98 F C 15 49 71 99 Α T) 44 E D G F BA C B 16 72 C 17 45 73 Е (r Α В F 18 46 74 D G E F 19 47 75 A C G F E D 20 48 76 BA D C 21 49 77 F G В C 22 50 78 D F A В 23 51 79 C Е G A FL G F 24 52 80 ВА DC 25 53 81 G В D E 26 54 89 F A C D 27 55 83 E G B C 28 56 84 D C FΕ A G BA

Example.—Required the Domanical Letter for the year 1854 "seek 1800 at the top, and 54 in the sade columns and at the point where the perpendicular meets the horizontal line is the letter A, which is the Domanical Letter stort by ear 1851 It is important to observe that Leap or Bissertili years have few Dominical Letters, the first of which is the Dominical Letter nutli the is not "March on which day the second letter becomes the Dominical Letter for the theorems to the Dominical Letters for the theorems to the Arch of the Arch

TABLE E.

SHOWING THE DAYS OF THE MONTH BY THE DOMINICAL LETTERS, BOTH FOR THE OLD AND NEW STYLE

MONTHS	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
January	8	9	10	11	1.2	13	14
October	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
October	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
				1	2	3	4
February	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
March	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
November	19	20	21	2)	23	24	25
	26	27	28	2+	30	31	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
١.,	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Aprıl	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
July	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
		<u> </u>	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
August	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
1	27	28	29	30	31		
			-	_	_	1	2
}	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
September	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
December	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24 31	25	26	27	28	29	30
	aı	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
l	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
May	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
June	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
June	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
MONTHS	A	В	C	D	E	F	G

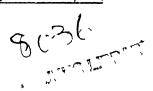
EXPLANATION — The Dominical Letter for any given year being found by Tables B, C, or D, all the figures in the column, under that letter, in this Table, indicate that they are the days of the months (expressed in the first column on the left hand) on which Sundays happen throughout the said year, and the next figures on the right hand indicate all the Mondays, the next, all the Tuesdays, &c

Examples - Required the day of the week on which the 23rd of April, 1584, new style, occurred The Dominical Letters for that year, it being Leap-year (as shown by Table D), are A G For the month of April, (see the rule in page 49) G is the Dominical Letter, which being found at the top or bottom of this Table, and the eye carried up, or down, until it comes opposite to the division appropriated to the months of April and July, it will be found that in the year for which G is the Dominical Letter, the 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, and 29th of April (and July) are Sundays, the 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, and 30th are Mondays, the 3rd, 10th, 17th, and 24th (and 31st of July) are Tuesdays, the 4th, 11th, 18th, and 25th are Wednesdays, the 5th, 12th, 19th, and 26th are Thursdays, the 6th, 13th, 20th, and 27th are Fridays, and the 7th, 14th, 21st, and 28th are Saturdays Table is particularly useful, and is, indeed, indispensable in ascertaining the exact date of documents, when, as was the custom for several centuries, they are dated on a particular day of the week, before or after any feast For instance, the will of king Henry III is dated on Tuesday next after the feast of the Apostle's St Peter and Paul, 1253 The parliament summoned by writs tested on the 20th of January, A° 3 Ric 11 (1379), was to meet on Monday next after the ensuing feast of St Hilary, hence it is requisite to discover on what day of the week the feast of St Peter and Paul, e the 29th of June, and of St Hilary, e the 13th of January, fell (vide the alphabetical Calendar of Saints postea), to ascertain on what day of the month the Tuesday after the 29th of June, and the Monday after the 13th of January, occurred.

TABLE F.

HOWING THE EPACT, ACCORDING TO THE JULIAN OR OLD STYLE, ISTABLISHED BY THE COUNCIL OF NICE, A D 925, AND ACCORDING TO THE GREGORIAN OR NEW STYLE, FIRST ADOPTED AT ROME A D 1582, AND IN ENGLAND A D 1752

EPACT, OLD STYLE	GOLDEN NUMBER	EPACT, NEW STYLE	EPACT, OLD STYLE	GOLDEN NUMBER	RPACT, NEW STYLE
11	I	0	1	XI	20
22	11	11	12	XII	1
3	III	22	23	XIII	12
14	IV	3	4	XIV	23
25	\mathbf{v}	14	15	XV	4
6	\mathbf{VI}	25	26	XVI	15
17	VII.	6	7	XVII.	26
28	VIII.	17	18	XVIII	7
9	IX	28	29	XIX	18
20	\mathbf{X}	9			



FABLE (

Golden Number Number 111 Ξ SHOWING WHEN EASTER DAY FELL, ACCORDING TO THE DID STEPLE 77 57 83 March March March April April April April Ap 11 April April April 21 April 4pril April April April April 4pril April 4 5 **±** Murch 24 3 22 7 4 7 7 3 March March March March March M trch April .0 | April <u>-</u> হ ٥ Ę ŏ 13 0 ક ೪ ء 8 March 25 Ç 3 March March March March March 囶 April April Aprıl April April April April 4pril April It | April April April April DOMINICAL LETTERS DOMINICAL LETTERS 67 J ů March 29 5 March 29 62 c 10 ū 2 Σį 3 March 22 March March April 4pm April April April \pril April April April 15 | April April 4 DEI ī April 2 Warch 25 ş ., = Match 28 33 æ March 28 = ٥ March March 4pril April April April April April 1111 A Jril April April April April 4pril April 1 o 21 Ξ 3 7 2 2 Ξ 17 March , March March March m April April 1pm April April 4pril April April April 4p-11 104 April April April April 91 ક ~ 5 Ę o, 8 2 3 83 6 2 2 97 2 2 3 March V 1rch Iarch farch April April April 4pril April 4pm April April April April April April 1pcl April April Golden Number rolden Vumber 7

EXPLANATION — Ascertain from Tables A, B, C, or D, the Golden Number and Dominical I etter for the given year Seck the Dominical Letter at the top or bottom of this Table, and the Golden Number at the sides, and the date, where the columns intersect each other, is Easter Day

X

sides, and the date, where the columns intersect Lach other, is Laster Day for the year in question

LEANPLE — Required the date of Easter Day, A D 1246, old style The Golden Number for the year 1246 is XII (Vide I able A.), and the Dominical Letter is G (Vide Table C). In the column under G, and op posite XII, is April 8, on which day Easter fell in the year of our I old 1246 In Leap-years, when there are two Dominical Letters, the second letter is always to be used in ascertaining Easter by this and the following Table.

TABLE H

TO FIND EASTER DAY, ACCORDING TO THE NEW STYLE

ı						_	-				
	DOMINICAL	LETTERS.	¥	В	၁	Ω	Э	F	Ð	DOMINICAL	LETTERS
		XIX	12	9	7	8	6	10	11	XIX	
		ITIAX	19	20	21	55	83	17	18	XVIII	
		XVII	88	\$5	88	63	જ્ઞ	31	35	XVII	
		XVI	13	13	14	15	6	10	11	XVI	_
		X	93	02	13	83	છ	57	25	ХV	
		XIV	5	9	7	1	C1	~	4	XIV	
	w.	111Х	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	XIII	m
	GOLDEN NUMBERS	III	98	27	88	53	23	†3	25	XII	NI VBERS
	E Z	X.	5	9	7	80	0	51	7	X	EV
	COLD	^	19	8	21	13	9	12	18	×	COLDEV
		IX	97	22	88	65	ક્ર	31	20	11	•
		VIII	13	13	7	œ	6	10	11	VIII	
		VII	19	8	12	83	23	73	18	VII	
		VI	88	캻	ક્ષ	83	ន	31	왏		
		>	21	13	#	12	<u> </u> 9	2	=	 >	
		Δ	8	153	22	81	্ল	53	53	2	
		Ш	10	9	-	0	01	8	4	臣	
		Ξ	61	23	7	153	192	=	28	Ξ	
		-	8	13	88	83	क्ष	153	:33	-	
	DOMINICAL	LFTTERS	V	В	o	Q	B	124	9	DOMINICAL	LF ITPRS.

EXPLANATION — The earliest day on which EASTER DAY can fall is March \$2nd, and the latest is April \$5th. Within these hmits are \$55 days, and the number belonging to each of them is called the Niverse of Dragerroy, because by it Easter Day may be found in any year. Ascertain from Table D, the Dominical Letter, and from Table A, the Golden Number for the year in which the date of Easter Day is sought. Enter this Table with the Dominical Letter in the columns on the right or left hand, and with the Golden Number at the hand or beform, and where the perpendicular and horizontal lines meet is the Number of Direction, which indicates the number of days affer the 21st of March, on which Easter Day falls in that year. Is the Number of Direction, which midstess the number of days affer the 21st of March, on which Easter Day in the year 18st. The Dominical Letter for that year is E (*Internon will be Golden Number is XI (*Internon Haber of Direction will be found to be 9 which indicates that Easter Day occurs on the antificial Relief of March, in the year in question to be 9 which indicates that Easter Day occurs on the antificial Relief of March, in the year in question

I he etay on which Easter fell in every year, according to both styles, is stated in the next I ible , Ky, to save the trouble of calculation.

TABLE K.

SHOWING THE DAY OF THE MONTH OF EASTER DAY, THE INDICTION, AND THE DOMINICAL LEITERS IN EVERY YEAR, FROM THE YEAR 1000 TO THE YEAR 2000, ACCORDING TO THE OLD AND NEW STYLE

Dominical Letters.	Years.	Easter Day	Indic tion	Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic- tion
G F	1000		XIII	c	1025	April 18	VIII
E	1001		XIV	В	1026		IX
D	1002		XV	Λ	1027	March 26	X
C	1003		I	-	1028		XI
B A	1004	Aprıl 16	II	E	1029	Aprıl 6	YII
G	1005	Aprıl 1	111	D	1030	March 29	XIII
F	1006	April 21	1V	C	1031	April 11	XIV
E	1007	April 6	v	B A	1032	Aprıl 2	XV
D C	1008	March 28	VI	G	1033	Aprıl 22	I
В	1009	Aprıl 17	VII	F	1034	Aprıl 14	II
1 .							
A	1010		VIII	E	1035		III
G	1011		IX	D C	1036		IV
	1012		X	В	1037		V
D	1013		XI	A	1038		VI
C	1014	Aprıl 25	XII	G	1039	Aprıl 15	VII
В	1015	April 10	XIII	FΕ	1040	April 6	VIII
A G	1016		XIV	D	1041	March 22	IX
F	1017		XV	С	1042	April 11	X
E	1018	April 6	I	В	1043	April 3	XI
D	1019	March 29	II	A G	1044	Aprıl 22	XII
1				l		_	1
	1020		III	F	1045		XIII
A	1021	Aprıl 2	1V	Е	1046		XIV
G	1022		V	D	1047		χV
F	1023		VI	CB	1048		I
E D	1024	Aprıl 5	VII	Λ	1049	March 26	II.
1	l		ł	ı	ı		l

[1000 to 1049.]

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TABLE K -continued

Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic tion	Dominical Letters Years	Easter Day	Indic tion,
G F E D C	1050 1051 1052 1053	March 31 April 19 April 11	III IV V VI	E D 1080 C 1081 B 1082 A 1088	April 4 April 24 April 9	III IV V VI
A G F	1054 1055 1056	April 7	VII VIII IX X	G F 1084 E 1085 D 1086 C 1087	April 5	VII VIII IX X
E D C	1057 1058 1059	April 4	XII	B A 1088 G 1089 F 1090	April 16 April 1	XIII
BA G F E DC	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064	March 26 April 15 March 31 April 20 April 11	XIV XV I	E 1091 D C 1092 B 1093 A 1094	April 13 March 28 April 17	XIV XV I
B A G	1065 1066 1067	March 27 April 16	III IV V	G 1095 F E 1096 D 1097	March 25 April 13	III IV V
F E D C	1068 1069 1070	April 12	VII VIII	C 1098 B 1099 A G 1100	April 10 April 1	VII VIII
	1071 1072 1073 1074		IX X XI XII	F 1101 E 1102 D 1103 C B 1104	April 6 March 29	IX X XI XII
D C B A G F	1075 1076 1077 1078 1079	April 16 April 8	XIII XIV XV I	A 1105 G 1106 F 1107 E D 1108 C 1109	March 25 April 14 April 5	XIII XIV XV I II

[1050 to 1109.]

TABLE K -continued

Dominical Letters.	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic- tion
	1110 1111 1112 1113 1114	Aprıl 2 Aprıl 21	III IV V VI VII	GF ED CBA	1140 1141 1142 1143 1144		III IV V VI VII
C B A G F E	1115 1116 1117 1118 1118	April 18 April 2 March 25 April 14 March 30	VIII IX X XI XI	G F E D C B	1145 1146 1147 1148 1149	April 15 March 31 April 20 April 11 April 3	VIII IX X XI XI
B A G	1120 1121 1122 1123 1124	April 18 April 10 March 26 April 15 April 6	XIII XIV XV I II	A G F E D C	1150 1151 1152 1153 1154		XIII XIV XV I II
D C B A G F	1125 1126 1127 1128 1129	March 29 April 11 April 3 April 22 April 14	III IV V VI VII	B A G F E D	1155 1156 1157 1158 1159		III IV V VI VII
E D C B A G	1130 1131 1132 1133 1134	April 19 April 10	VIII IX X XI XI	CB A G F ED	1161 1162 1163	Aprıl 16 Aprıl 8	VIII IX X XI XI
C B	1135 1136 1137 1138 1139	March 22 April 11 April 3	XIII XIV XV I II		1165 1166 1167 1168 1169	April 24 April 9 March 31	XIII XIV XV I II

[1110 to 1169.]

TABLE K -continued

Dominic Day Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic tion
	III IV V VI VII IX X XI XII XIV XV	F E D C B A G F E D C B	1200 1201 1202 1203 1204 1205 1206 1207 1208 1216 1216 1216	March 25 April 14 April 6 April 25. April 10 April 2 April 22 April 22 April 6 March 29 April 18 April 3 March 25	III IV V V VI VIII IX X X X X X I X III X IV X III X IV X V I I
A G 1184 April 1 F 1185 April 21 L 1186 April 13 D 1187 March 29 C B 1188 April 17 A 1189 April 17 G 1190 March 25 F 1191 April 14 E D 1192 April 5 C 1199 March 28 B 1194 April 10 A 1195 April 2 G I 1196 April 2 E 1197 April 6 D 1198 March 29 C 1199 April 18	XII XIV XV	A G F C B A G G B	F 12: F 12: F 12: D 12: A 15:	5 April 19 6 April 10 7 March 26 8 April 15 9 April 17 20 March 29 21 April 11 22 April 3 23 April 23 April 14 25 March 36 26 April 19 27 April 19	X XI XIII XIV XV I

[1170 to 1229.]

TABLE K —continued

Dominical Letter	Years	Easter Day	Indic tion	Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic tion
F E D C B A	1230 1231 1232 1235 1234	April 7 March 23 April 11 April 3 April 23	III IV V VI VII	D C B A G F E	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264	Aprıl 24 Aprıl 9 Aprıl 1	III IV V VI VII
F E D C	1235 1236 1237 1238 1239	April 8 March 30 April 19 April 4 March 27	VIII IX X XI XII	D C B A G F	1265 1266 1267 1268 1269	March 28 April 17 April 8	VIII IX X. XI XI
F E	1240 1241 1242 1243 1244	April 15 March 31 April 20 April 12 April 3	XIII XIV XV I II	E D C B A G	1270 1271 1272 1273 1274	Aprıl 5 Aprıl 24	XIII XIV XV I
G F E D	1245 1246 1247 1248 1249	April 16 April 8 March 31 April 19 April 4	III IV V VI VII	F E D C B A	1275 1276 1277 1278 1279	April 14 April 5 March 28. April 17 April 2	III IV V VI VII
A G F E	1250 1251 1252 1253 1254	March 27 April 16. March 31 April 20 April 12	VIII IX X XI XI	E D C	1280 1281 1282 1283 1284	Aprıl 13	VIII IX X XI XI
B A G F	1255 1256 1257 1258 1259	March 28 April 16. April 8 March 24 April 13	XIII XIV XV I I	G F L D C B	1285 1286 1287 1288 1289		XIII XIV XV I I

[1230 to 1289.]

TABLE K -continued

Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic tion
A G	1290 1291 1292 1293 1294	April 22 April 6 March 29	III IV V VI VII	D C B	1320 1321 1322 1323 1324	April 19 April 11 March 27	III IV V VI VII
B	1295 1296 1297 1298 1298	April 3 March 25 April 14 April 6	VIII IX X XI XII	F E D C E	1325 1326 1327 1328 1328	March 23 April 12 April 3	VIII IX X XI XI
C I A G I	130 130 130 130	April 10 April 2 April 22 April 22 April 7	XIII XIV XV I	G F E I C	1330 133 133 133	March 31 April 19 April 4	XIII XIV XV I
C B A	130 130 130 130 F 130	5 April 18 6 April 3 7 March 26 8 April 14	III IV V	A G 1 L D	133 133 133	April 16 March 31 April 20 April 12	III IV V VI VII
D C	130 131 131 A 13	March 30 10 April 19 11 April 11	VII VIII IX X XI	G F E	134	April 16 April 8 12 March 31 April 13	VIII IX
H i)	13 C 13 3 13		XII XII XIV I	7 \ 2	13 13 13 13	45 March 2' 46 April 16 1 April 1	XIII XIV XV

TABLE K — continued

Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic tion	Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indi c - tion
B A G F E	1350 1351 1352 1353 1354	April 17 April 8 Maich 24	III IV V VI VII	F E D	1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	April 14 April 6	III IV V VI VII
D C B A G F	1355 1356 1357 1358 1359	Aprıl 24 Aprıl 9 Aprıl 1	VIII IX X XI XII	A G F E D C	1385 1386 1387 1388 1389	April 2 April 22 April 7 March 29 April 18	VIII IX X XI XI
C B A	1360 1361 1362 1363 1364	March 28	XIII XIV XV I II	B A G F E D	1390 1391 1592 1393 1394		XIII XIV XV I II
D C B A	1365 1366 1367 1368 1369	April 13 April 5 April 18 April 9 April 1	III IV V VI VII	C B A G F E	1395 1396 1397 1398 1399	April 11 April 2 April 22 April 7 March 30	III IV V VI VII
E D C B	1370 1371 1372 1373 1374	April 14. April 6 March 28 April 17 April 2	VIII IX X XI XI	B A G	1400 1401 1402 1403 1404	April 18 April 3 March 26 April 15 March 30	VIII IX X XI XI
F E D C	137 <i>5</i> 1376 1377 1378 1379	April 22 •April 13 March 29 April 18 April 10	XIII XIV XV I II	A G	1405 1406 1407 1408 1409	April 19 April 11 March 27 April 15 April 7.	XIII XIV XV I II

[1350 to 1409.]

TABLE K -continued

Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters.	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion,
E	1410	March 23	III	СВ	1440	March 27	III
	1411	April 12	IV	A	1441	Aprıl 16	IV
C B	1412	Aprıl 3	v	G	1442	April 1	v
A	1413	Aprıl 23	VI	F	1443		VI
G	1414	Aprıl 8	VII.	ΕD	1444	Aprıl 12	VII
F	1415	March 31	VIII	c	1445	March 28	VIII
- 1	1416	April 19	IX	В	1446		IX
C	1417	April 19 April 11	X.	A	1447		X
B	11:3	March 27	χi	G F	1448		XI
A	1419		XII	E	1449		XII
Α.	1113	Apin 10	AII	Ľ	1117	p 15	A
G F	1420	April 7	XIII	מ	1450	April 5	xiii
E	1421	March 23	XIV	C	1451	Aprıl 25	XIV
D	1422	April 12	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{v}$	ВА	1452	April 9	XV
C	1423	Aprıl 4	I	G	1453	Aprıl 1	I
B A	1424	Aprıl 23	II	F	1454	Aprıl 21	II
	1405	A1 O	***	E	1455	Aprıl 6	111
G	$1425 \\ 1426$	April 8 March 31	III IV		1456		iv
E	1420		V	В	1457		v
	1427	April 20 April 4	VI	A	1458		VI
	1429	March 27	VII	G	1459		vii
B	1429	Maich 27	A 11	G	1433	Maich 25	1 4 11
A	1430	April 16	VIII	FΕ	1460	April 13	VIII
G	1431		IX	D	1461	April 5	IX
FE	1432	April 20	X	С	1462	Aprıl 18	X
D	1433	April 12	XΙ	В	1463	April 10	XI
C	1434	March 28	XII	A G	1464	Aprıl 1	XII
В	1405	Annil 17	VIII	73	1,40-	Anul 14	VIII
	1435 1436		XIII	F	1465 1466		XIII
F	1430		XV	Ď	1467		XV
E	1438		ī	_	1468		I I
Ď		April 5	lii			April 2	ii i

[1410 to 1469.]

TABLE K - continued.

Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters.	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion
G	1470	April 22	III	ΕD	1500	April 19	III
F	1471	April 14	IV	С	1501	April 11	IV
E D	1472	March 29	v	В	1502		V
; C	1473		VI	A	1503		VI
B	14-4	Aprıl 10	VII	G F	1504	Aprıl 7	VII
A	1475	March 26	VIII	E	1505	March 23	VIII
	1476	April 14	ix	Ď	1506		IX
E	1477	April 6	x	c	1 507		x
D	1478	March 22	Χī	-	1508		XI
C	1479		XII	G	1509		XII
		•				•	
BA	1480	Aprıl 2	XIII	F	1510	March 31	XIII
G	1481	April 22	XIV	E	1511	Aprıl 20	XIV
F	1482	April 7	XV	D C	1512		XV.
E	1483	March 30	I	В	1513		I
D C	1484	Aprıl 18.	II	A	1514	Aprıl 16	II
				_			
B	1485		III	G	1515		III
A	1486		IV		1516		IV
G	1487	April 15	V	D	1517		V
F_E	1488	April 6	VI	Č	1518		VI
D	1489	Aprıl 19	VII	В	1519	Aprıl 24	VII
c	1490	April 11	viii	A G	1520	Aprıl 8	viii l
B	1491		IX	F	1521		IX
	1492		X	Ē	1522		X
F	1493		ХI	$\bar{\mathbf{p}}$	1523		XI
Ē	1494	March 30	XII	C B	1524	March 27	XII
D	1495		XIII	A	1525		XIII
CB	1496	April 3	XIV	G	1526		XIV.
A	1497		XV	F	1527		XV.
G	1498	Aprıl 15	I		1528	April 12	I
F	1499	March 31) II	C	1529	March 28	II

[1470 to 1529.]

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TABLE K. - continued.

Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters	Years	Easter Day	Indic- tion,
	1530	April 17 April 9	III IV	G F E	1560 1561		III
A	1531 1532		v	Ď	1562	April 6 March 29	IV V
E	1533	April 13.	νī	č	1563		vi
Ď	1534	April 5	vii		1564	April 2	νΊΙ
c	1555	March 28	VIII	G	1 <i>5</i> 65	April 22	VIII
	1536		IX	F	1566		IX.
	1537	April 1	X	E	1567		X
F	1538	April 21	XI	DС	1568	Aprıl 18	XI
E	1539	April 6	XII	В	1569	April 10	XII
D C	1540	March 28	XIII	A	1570	March 26	XIII
В	1541	April 17	XIV	G	1571	April 15	XIV
A	1542	Aprıl 9	XV	FΕ	1572	Aprıl 6	xv
G	1543		I	D	1573		I
FE	1544	Aprıl 13	II	С	1574	Aprıl 11	П
D	1 54 5	Aprıl 5	111	В	1575	Aprıl 3	III
C	1546		IV		1576		IV
	1547		v	F	1577	April 7	V
	1548		VI	E	1578	March 30	VI
F	1549	Aprıl 21	VII	D	1579	Aprıl 19	VII
E	1550		VIII	СВ	1580	Aprıl 3	VIII
D	1551	March 29	IX	A	1581	March 26	IX
	1552		X	G	1582	Aprıl 15	X 1
	1553		XI				
G	1554	March 25	XIL				
		Aprıl 14	XIII				
	1556		XIV				l i
	1557	April 18	XV.				
	1558		I				
A	1559	March 26	II		1 1		

[1530 to 1582.]

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TABLE K—continued

(R	ld Style	1	NE	W STYLE	Ι
Dominical Letters.	Easter Day	Y ears	Dominical Letters	Easter Day	Indic- tion.
F	March 31	1583	B	April 10	XII
E D	April 19	1584	A G	April 1	
C B A G F E	April 11 April 3 April 16 April 7 March 30	1585 1586 1587 1588 1589	F E D C B	April 21 April 6 March 29 April 17 April 2	XIII XIV XV I II
D	April 19	1590	G	April 22	III
C	April 4	1591	F	April 14	IV
B A	March 26	1592	E D	March 29,	V
G	April 15	1593	C	April 18	VI
F	March 31	1594	B	April 10	VII
E	April 20	1595	A	March 26	VIII
D C	April 11	1596	G F	April 14	IX
B	March 27	1597	E	April 6	X
A	April 16	1598	D	March 22	XI
G	April 8	1599	C	April 11.	XI
FE	March 23	1600	BA	April 2	XIII
D	April 12.	1601	G	April 22	XIV
C	April 4	1602	F	April 7	XV
B	April 24	1603	E	March 50	I
A G	April 8	1604	DC	April 18	II
F E D C B	March 31 April 20 April 5 March 27 April 16	160 <i>5</i> 1606 1607 1608 1609	B A G F E D	April 10 March 26 April 15 April 6 April 19	III IV V VI VII
G	April 8	1610	C	April 11	VIII
F	March 24	1611	B	April 3	IX
E D	April 12	1612	A G	April 22	X.
C	April 4,	1613	F	April 7	XI
B	April 24	1614	E	March 30	XI

[1583 to 1614.]

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TABLE K - continued

(DR	Did Style.		N.	EW STYLL	
Dominical	Easter Day	Years	Dominical Letters.	Easter Day	Indic- tion
A	April 9	1615	D	April 19	XIII
G F	March 31	1616	C B	April 9	XIV
E	April 20	1617	A	March 26	XV
D	April 5	1618	G	April 15	I
C	March 28	1619	F	March 31.	II
B A G F E D C	April 16	1620	E D	April 19	III
	April 1	1621	C	April 11	IV
	April 21	1622	B	March 27	V
	April 13	1623	A	April 16	VI
	March 28	1624	G F	April 7	VII
B	April 17	1625	E	March 30	VIII
A	April 9	1626	D	April 12	IX
G	March 25	1627	C	April 4	X
F E	April 13	1628	B A	April 23	XI
D	April 5	1629	G	April 15	XII.
C	March 28 April 10 April 1 April 21, April 6.	1630	F	March 31	XIII
B		1631	E	April 20	XIV
A G		1632	D C	April 11	XV
F		1633	B	March 27	I
E		1634	A	April 16	II
D	March 29.	1635	G	April 8	III
C B	April 17	1636	FE	March 23	IV
A	April 9	1637	D	April 12	V
G	March 25	1638	C	April 4	VI
F	April 14	1639	B	April 24	VII
E D	April 5	1640	A G	April 8	VIII
C	April 25	1641	F	March 31.	IX
B	April 10	1642	E	April 20	X
A	April 2	1643	D	April 5	XI
G F	April 21	1644	C B	March 27	XII

[1615 to 1644.]

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TABLE K - continued.

R	d Style.		N	EW STYLE	
Dominical Letters.	Easter Day	Years	Dominical Letters,	Easter Day	Indic- tion.
E D C B A	April 6 March 29 April 18, April 2 March 25	1645 1646 1647 1648 1649	A G F E D C	April 16 April 1 April 21 April 12. April 4.	XIII XIV XV I
F E D C B	April 14. March 30 April 18. April 10 March 26	1650 1651 1652 1653 1654	B A G F E D	April 17. April 9 March 31. April 13 April 5	III IV V VI VII
G F E D C B	April 15 April 6 March 29 April 11. April 9	1655 1656 1657 1658 1659	C B A G F E	March 28 April 16. April 1 April 21. April 19.	VIII IX X XI XI
A G F E D C B	April 22 April 14 March 30 April 19 April 10.	1660 1661 1662 1663 1664	D C B A G F E	March 28. April 17 April 9 March 25. April 13	XIII XIV XV. I
A G F E D C	March 26 April 15 April 7 March 22. April 11.	1665 1666 1667 1668 1669	D C B A G F	April 5 April 25 April 10 April 1 April 21	III IV V VI VII
B A G F E D	April 3 April 23 April 7 March 30 April 19	1670 1671 1672 1673 1674	E D C B A G	April 6. March 29. April 17. April 2. March 25.	VIII IX. X XI XI

[1645 to 1674.]

71 TABLE K - continued.

90	ld Style		NL	.W SIYLE.	
Dominical Letters	Easter Day	Years	Dominical Letters	Easter Day	Indic- tion
C B A G F E	April 4 March 26 April 15 March 31 April 20	1675 1676 1677 1678 1679	F E D C B A	April 14 April 5 April 18 April 10 April 2	XIII XIV XV I
DC	April 11	1680	G F	April 21.	III
B	April 3	1681	E	April 6	IV
A	April 16	1682	D	March 29	V
G	April 8	1683	C	April 18	VI
FE	March 30.	1684	B A	April 2	VII
D	April 19	1685	G	April 22	VIII
C	April 4	1686	F	April 14	IX
B	March 27	1687	E	March 30	X
A G	April 15	1688	D C	April 18	XI
F	March 31.	1689	B	April 10	XI
E	April 20	1690	A	March 26	XIII
D	April 12	1691	G	April 15	XIV
C B	March 27	1692	F E	April 6	XV
A	April 16	•1693	D	March 22	I
G	April 8	1694	C	April 11	II
F	March 24	1695	B	April 3	III
E D	April 12.	1696	A G	April 22.	IV
C	April 4	1697	F	April 7	V
B	April 24	1698	E	March 30	VI
A	April 9	1699	D	April 19	VII
G F	March 31.	1700	C	April 11.	VIII
E	April 20.	1701	B	March 27	IX
D	April 5.	1702	A	April 16	X
C	March 28.	1703	G	April 8	XI
B A	April 16.	1704	F E	Maich 23.	XII

[1675 to 1704.]

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TABLE K — continued.

IR	do Style.		NI	FW STYLE.	
Dominical Letters	Easter Day	Years	Dominical Letters	Easter Day	Indic- tion
G	April 8	1705	D	April 12	XIII
F	March 24	1706	C	April 4	XIV
E	April 13	1707	B	April 24	XV
D C	April 4	1708	A G	April 8	I
B	April 24	1709	F	March 31	II
A	April 9	1710	E	April 20	III
G	April 1	1711	D	April 5	IV
F E	April 20	1719	C B	March 27.	V
D	April 5	1713	A	April 16.	VI
C	March 28	1714	G	April 1	VII
B	April 17	1715	F	April 21	VIII
A G	April 1	1716	E D	April 12	IX
F	April 21	1717	C	March 28.	X
E	April 13	1718	B	April 17	XI
D	March 29	1719	A	April 9	XII
C B A G F E D	April 17	1720	G F	March 31	XIII
	April 9	1721	E	April 13	XIV
	March 25	1722	D	April 5	XV
	April 14	1723	C •	March 28	I
	April 5.	1724	B A	April 16	II.
C	March 28	1725	G	Aprıl 1	III
B	April 10	1726	F	Aprıl 21	IV.
A	April 2	1727	E	Aprıl 13	V
G F	April 21	1728	D C	March 28,	VI
E	April 6	1729	B	Aprıl 17	VII
D	March 29	1730	A	April 9	VIII
C	April 18	1731	G	March 25	IX
B A	April 9	1732	F E	April 13	X
G	Warch 25	1733	D	April 5	XI
F	April 14	1734	C	April 25.	XII.

[1705 to 1734.]

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TABLE K - continued

IR	do Style.		NE	W STYLE	
Dominical Letters	Easter Day	Years	Dominical Letters.	Easter Day	Indic- tion
E DC B A G	April 6 April 25 April 10 April 2 April 22	1795 1796 1737 1738 1739	B A G F E D	April 10 April 1 April 21 April 6 March 29	XIII XIV XV I II
FE D C B A G	April 6 March 99 April 18 April 3 March 25	1740 1741 1742 1743 1744	CB A G F ED	April 17 April 2 March 25 April 14 April 5	III IV V VI VII
F E D C B	April 14 March 30 April 19 April 10 March 26	1745 1746 1747 1748 1749	C B A G F E	April 18 April 10 April 2 April 14 April 6,	VIII IX X XI XI
G F ToSept	April 15 April 7	1750 1751	D C	March 29. April 11	XIII XIV
2, ED on and from Sept 3 A*	March 29	1752	ВА	Aprıl 2	xv.

[1735 to 1752.]

E is the Dominical Letter from Jan 1 to Feb 29
D March 1 to Sept. 2.
A Sept. 3 to Dec. 31
The third Dominical Letter arose from the alteration of the style on the 3rd of Sept. 1752. Vide p 37 antè

^{*} To prevent the possibility of mistake, the following explanation is added —For the year 1752

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TABLE K—continued

	NEW STYLL									
Dominical Letters.	Yeara	Easter Day	Indic tion	Dominical Letters.	Years	Easter Day	Indic- tion			
G F	1753 1754		l II	G F E	1780 1781 1782 1783 1784	April 15 March 31	XIII XIV XV I II			
E D C B A G	1755 1756 1757 1758 1759	April 18 April 10 March 26	III IV V VI VII	B A G F E D	1785 1786 1787 1788 1789	April 16. April 8 March 23	III IV V VI VII			
D C B	1760 1761 1762 1763 1764	March 22 April 11	VIII IX X XI XI	C B A G F E	1790 1791 1792 1793 1794	April 24 April 8	VIII IX X XI XII			
F E D C B	1765 1766 1767 1768 1769		XIII XIV XV I II		1795 1796 1797 1798 1799	March 27	XIII XIV XV I II			
G F E D C B	1770 1771 1772 1773 1774	March 31 April 19.	III IV V VI VII	E D C B A G	1800 1801 1802 1803 1804	April 5 April 18	III IV V VI VII			
E	1775 1776 1777 1778 1779	April 7 March 30 April 19.	VIII IX X XI XI	F E D C B A	180 <i>5</i> 1806 1807 1808 1809		VIII IX X XI XI			

[1753 to 1809.]

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TABLE K — continued

			NEW	STYL	E		
Dominical Letters	Year	Easter Day	Indic tion.	Dominical Letters.	Years	Easter Day	Indic tion
G F E D C B	1810 1811 1812 1815 1814	Aprıl 14	XIII XIV XV I II	E D C B A G F	1840 1841 1842 1843 1844	April 11 March 27	XIII XIV XV I II
A G F E D C	181 <i>5</i> 1816 1817 1818 1819	April 6 March 22	III IV V VI VII	E D C B A G	1845 1846 1847 1848 1849	March 23 April 12 April 4 April 23 April 8	III IV V VI VII
G F E	1820 1821 1822 1823 1824	April 2 April 22 April 7 March 30 April 18	VIII IX X XI XI	F E D C B	1850 1851 1852 1853 1854	March 31 April 20 April 11 March 27 April 16	VIII IX X XI XII
B A G F E D	1825 1826 1827 1828 1829	April 3 March 26 April 15 April 6 April 19	XIII XIV XV I	G F E D C B	1855 1856 1857 1858 1859	April 8 March 23 April 12 April 4 April 24	XIII XIV XV I
C B A G F E	1830 1831 1832 1833 1834	April 11. April 3 April 22. April 7 March 30	III IV. V VI VII	F E D	1860 1861 1862 1863 1864	April 8 March 31 April 20 April 5 March 27	III IV V VI VII
D C B A G F	1835 1836 1837 1838 1839	April 3 March 26 April 15	VIII IX. X XI XI	A G F E D C	1865 1866 1867 1868 1869	April 16 April 1 April 21 April 12 March 28	VIII. IX X XI XI

[1810 to 1869.]

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TABLE K — continued

			NŁW	STYL	Е.		
Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters.	Years	Easter Day	Indic- tion
B A G F E D	1870 1871 1872 1873 1874	April 9 March 31 April 13	XIII XIV XV I II	G F E D C B	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904	April 7 March 30 April 12	XIII XIV XV. I
C B A G F E	1875 1876 1877 1878 1879		III IV V VI VII	A G F E D C	1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	Aprıl 15 March 31	III IV V VI VII
B A G	1880 1881 1882 1883 1884	March 28 April 17 April 9 March 25 April 13	VIII IX X XI XI	G F	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	March 27 April 16 April 7 March 23 April 12	VIII IX X XI XI
C B A G	1885 1886 1887 1888 1889	April 5 April 25 April 10 April 1 April 21	XIII XIV XV I II	B _A	191 <i>5</i> 1916 1917 1918 1919	April 4 April 23 April 8 March 31 April 20	XIII XIV XV I
D C B A	1890 1891 1892 1893 1894	April 6 March 29 April 17 April 2 March 25	III IV V VI VII	B A G	1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	April 4 March 27 April 16 April 1 April 20	III IV V VI VII
E D C B	1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	April 14 April 5 April 18 April 10 April 2	VIII IX X XI XI	C B A G	1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	April 12 April 4 April 17. April 8 March 31.	VIII IX X XI XII

[1870 to 1929.]

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TABLE K—continued.

			NEW	STYL	E.		
Dominical Letters	l ears.	Easter Day	Indic tion	Dominical Letters	l ears.	Easter Day	Indic- tion,
E D C B A G	1930 1931 1932 1933 1934	April 20 April 5 March 27 April 16 April 1	XIII XIV XV I II	CB A G F ED	1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	April 17 April 2 April 22 April 14 March 29.	XIII XIV XV I II
F E D C B A	1935 1936 1 9 37 1938 1939		III IV V VI VII	C B A G F E	1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	April 18 April 10 March 26 April 14 April 6	III IV V VI VII
G F E D C B A	1940 1941 1942 1943 1944	March 24 April 13 April 5 April 25 April 9	VIII IX X XI XI	D C B A G F	1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	March 29 April 11 April 2 April 22 April 14	VIII IX X XI XII
G F E D C B	1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	April 1 April 21 April 6 March 28 April 17	XIII XIV XV I	E D C B A G	1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	March 30 April 18 April 10 March 26 April 15	XIII XIV XV I II
A G F E D C	1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	April 9 March 25 April 13 April 5 April 18	III IV V Vf VII	D C B	1980 1981 198- 1983 1984	April 6 April 19 April 11. April 3 April 22	III IV V VI VII
B A G F E D	1955 1956 1957 1958 1959	April 21 April 6	VIII IX X XI XI XII	F E D C B	1985 1986 1987 1988 1988	March 30 April 19 April 3	VIII IX X XI. XII

[1930 to 1989.]

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TABLE K — continued.

	NEW STYLE										
Dominical Letters	Years.	Easter Day	Indic- tion	Dominical Letters	Years,	Easter Day	Indic- tion.				
G F E D C B	1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	March 31 April 19	XIII XIV XV 1	A G F E D C	1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	April 7 March 30 April 12	III. IV V VI VII				

[1990 to 1999.]

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TABLE L.

SHOWING THE DAY OF THE MONTH, IN COMMON YEARS, ON WHICH ALL THE PRINCIPAL MOVEABLE FEASTS OCCUR, WHEN EASTER DAY IS KNOWN.

EASTER Day	Septua gesima Sunday	Sexa gesima Sunday	Quinqua gesima, or Shrove Sun day	Shrove Tuesday	Ash Wed- nesday or 1st Day of Lent	Mid Lent Sunday	Passion or Carle Yunday	Palm Sunday
Man 22 23 24 25 26	Jan 18 19 20 21 22	Jan. 25 26 27 28 29	reb 1 2 3 4 5	Feb 3 4 5 6 7	Feb 4 5 6 7 8	Mar 1 2 3. 4 5	Mar 8 9 10 11 12	Mar 15 16. 17 18 19
27	23	30	6	8	9	6	13	20
28	24	31	7	9	10	7	14	21
29	25	Feb 1	8	10	11	8	15	22
30	26	2	9	11	12	9	16	2 ,
31	27	3	10	12	13	10	17	24
APRIL 1 2 3 4 5	28	4	11	13	14	11	18	25
	29	5	12	14	15	12	19	26
	30	6	13	15	16	13	50	27
	31	7	14	16	17	14	21	28
	Feb 1	8	15	17	18	15	22	29
6	9	9	16	18	19	16	23	30
7	3	10	17	19	20	17	24	31
8	4	11	18	20	21	18	25	April 1
9	5	12	19	21	22	19	26	2
10	6	13	20	22	23	20	27	3
11	7	14	21	23	24	21	28	4
12	8	15	22	24	25	22	29	5
13	9	16	23	25	26	23	30	6
14	10	17	24	26	27	24	31	7
15	11	18	25	27	28	24	April 1	8
16 17 18 19 2 0	12 13 14 15	19 20 21 22 23	26 27 28 Mar 1	28 Mar 1 2 3 4.	Mar 1 2 3 4 5	26 27 28 29 30	2 3 4 5 6	9 10 11 12 13
21	17	24	3	5	6	31	7	14
22	18	25	4	6	7	April 1	8	15
23	19	26	5	7	8	2	9	16
24	20	27	6	8	9	3	10	17
25	21	28	7	9	10,	4	11	18
EASTER DAY	Septua gesima Sunday	Sexa gesima Sunday	Quimqua gesima, or Shrove Sun day	Shrove Tuesday	Ash Wed nesday, or ist Day of Lent	Mid Lent Sunday	Passion or Carle Sunday	Paim Sunday

In Leap years one day is to be added to the dates of all Festivals in this Table which occur in the months of January and February See I able M p. 81.

TABLE L - continued.

EASTER DAY	21 22 23 24 25	16. 17 18 19 20	11 12 13 14 15	6 7 8 9 10	APRIL1 2. 3 4 5	27 28 29 30 31	MAR 22 23 24. 25 26.	EASTER DAY
Good Friday	19. 20 21 22 23.	14. 15 16. 17 18.	9 10 11 12, 13	4 5 6. 7 8	30 31 April 1 2 3	25 26 27 28 29	Mar 20 21 22, 23 24.	(700d Friday
Low Sunday	28 29 30 May 1 2.	23. 24. 25 26. 27	18 19 20 21 22	13 14. 15 16. 17	8 9 10 11 12	3 4 5 6. 7	Mar 29 30 31 April 1 2	Low Sunday
Regation Sunday	26 27 28 29 30	21 22 23 24, 25	16. 17 18 19 2 0	11 12 13 14 15	6 7 8 9 10	May 1 2. 3 4 5	April 26 27 28 29 30	Rogation Sunday
Ascension Day or Holy Thursday	30 31 June 1 2. 3.	25 26 27 28 29	20 21 22 23 24	15 16 17 18 19	10 11 12 13. 14	5 6 7 8 9	April 30 May 1 2 3 4	Ascension Day or Holy Thursday
Pentecost or Whitsunday	9 10 11 12 13	4 5 6. 7 8.	30 31 June 1 2 3	25 26. 27 28 29	20 21 22 23 24	15 16 17 18 19	May 10 11 12, 13 14	Pentecost, or Whitsunday
Trinity Sunday	16. 17 18. 19 20	11 12. 13 14. 15	6. 7 8 9 10	June 1 2 3 4. 5	27 28 29 30 31	22 23. 24 25. 26.	May 17 18, 19 20 21	Trinity Sunday
Corpus Christi	20 21 22 23 24	15 16 17 18 19	10 11 12 13 14	5 6 7 8. 9	June 1 2 3 4	26. 27 28 29 30	May 21 22, 23, 24 25	Corpus Christi.
Advent Sunday	Dec 1 2 3 Nov 27 25	Nov 27 28 29 30	28 29 30 Dec 1 2	Dec 1 2 3 3 Nov 27	2 3 Nov 27 29 29	Nov 27 28 29 30 Dec 1	Nov 29 30 Dec 1 2 3	Advent Sunday
			-	-				

81 TABLE M.

SHOWING ON WHAT DAYS SEPTUAGESIMA, SEX 1-GESIMA, AND SHROVE (ON QUINQUAGESIMA) SUND AYS, SHROVE TUESDAY AND ASH WLDNESDAY, TALL IN LEAP OR BISSEXTILE YEARS

} ASTP	R DAY	Septur	esima (i)	Scange une		Shre	ve	Shic Tuesd	vi iy	V edno	sdav
MAI	22	Jan	19	Jan	26	Fcb	2	ŀcb		I eb	5
111.41	_3	Jun	20	0 411	27		3	1.00	5	100	6
	24		21		28		4		6		7
	٤5		22		29		5		7		8
	26		23		90		6		8		9
	27		21		31		7		9		1Ó
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TABLE N.

PERPETUAL LUNAR CALENDAR *

This Table exhibits at one view, for all periods, and adapted to both styles, the Ni w Moon of each month, and her critic course, the Paschal Term, and Easter of each year

In the Old Style the commencement of each Moon is indicated by the Golden Number—The inneteen years, of which the Golden Number or Cycle of nineteen years is composed, answers to the nineteen days of each month, whereon it was formerly supposed the new Moons could only occur—In this Table an O is placed opposite the days to which the Golden Number does not apply

To discover on what day of the month the New Moon happened in any year, Old Style, ascertain from Table A, the Golden Number (or Prime) for that year, and see what day of this month is parallel thereto in this Table

Example — Required the days of the New Moon for the year 1510 — Seek for the Golden Number for 1510 in Table A, where it will be found to be X, then look for that number in the column marked "Golden Number," in this Table, for any particular month or months, when it will be seen that, in 1510, the New Moon occurred on the 14th of January, the 12th of February, the 14th of March, the 12th of April, the 12th of May, the 10th of June, the 10th of July, the 8th of August, the 7th of September, the 6th of

^{*} From " L'Art de verifier les Dates"

October, the 5th of November, and on the 4th of December

To the Golden Number, which was used for ascertaining when the Niw Moons occurred, for the Old Style, Epacis have succeeded for the New In this Table these Epacts are placed opposite to the days of each month, in retrograde order, from number thirty, indicated by an *, to the number one They then recommence with the asterisk, as far as number I, from which they proceed, in retrograde order, from the 1st of January to the last of December, in such form, that, unlike the Golden Number, there is no day of the year which is not marked by at least one Epact

To know on what day of any month the New Moon happens in any year, New Style, i.e., since 1582, ascertain from Table F, the Epact for the year in question, and the day of each month parallel to that number in this Table is the day of the New Moon in that month

It is necessary, however, to remember, that, most frequently, the New Moon occurs two, and sometimes three days, and sometimes one day, before the day marked by the Epact, and that it raiely falls on the day For this reason, two Epacts are often assigned to one day in this Lunar Calendar, of which the following is the explanation - The Epact 25, in Arabic cyphers, placed opposite to another Epact, in Roman figures, on the 6th of January, the 4th of February, the 6th of March, the 4th of April, the 4th of May, the 2nd of June, the 2nd and 31st of July, the 30th of August, the 28th of September, the 28th of October, the 26th of November, and the 26th of December, are inserted, to indicate that, in certain years the New Moons differ slightly from the day marked by the Epact in Roman numerals, with the view of causing the lunar year to accord better with the solar year The years when the Epact 25, in Arabic cyphers, is to be used, are when the Epact answers to a Golden

Number which is above 11, as is the case with the eight last years of the Cycle of nineteen years. But if the Epact 25 answers to a Golden Number below 12, as is the case with the eleven nist years of the Cycle of mineteen years, then the Epact XXV, in Roman numerals, is to be used, and never the other, which does not come into use until after the year 1900. Thus, there are two Epacts opposite the 31st of December, the Enact 19, in Arabic figures, and the Enact XX, in Roman figures The first serves for years which agree with the Golden Number 19, which happened for the last time in the year 1090, and will not again occur until the year 8500 The second serves for all years wherein this agreement does not occur, therefore, the Epacts NAV and NAIV, both in Roman numerals, are placed opposite to the 5th of February, the 5th of April, the 3rd of June, the 1st of August, the 29th of Scotember, and the 27th of November They are doubled, for two rea-The first is, that, if thirty Epacts followed each other twelve times without any being doubled, they vould answer to 360 days, but the common lunar vear contains only 554 days, so that, to prevent the number of Epacts surpassing the number of 354 days of the common lunar year, it was necessary to double s x of those Epacts By means of these six double Epacts, the thirty, repeated twice, brings us only to the 20th of December inclusive, instead of to the 26th of that month, as would have been the case if some of them had not been doubled. But it is necessary that it should only bring us to the 20th of December, in order that eleven days should remain before the end of that month, that is to say, as many days as the lunar year is less than the solar, which always ends on the 31st of December These eleven last days of December are marked with the same Epacts as the eleven first days of January, and when the New Moon happens on one of the last days of December, she is always exactly indicated by the Epact which corresponds with that day

The second reason why there are six double Epicts. - or, to speak more properly, why these double Epacts are placed opposite to the 5th of February, the 5th of April, the 3rd of June, the 1st of August, the 29th of September, and the 27th of November, - 1s, that the full moons, or of thirty days, and the moons which the French term "les lunes caves" * which have only twenty-nine, succeed each other alternately fact, these two Epacts, XXV, and XXIV, thus placed opposite each other on the days alluded to cause all the Epacts which follow them to advance one day. and, in so advancing, create that succession of full moons and of moons "caves" This is more easily shown by an example For the year 1785, the Epact was AVIII, that being the moon's age on the 31st of December, 1784 When the Epact is XVIII, this Table shows that New Moons happen on the 13th of January, the 11th of February, the 13th of March, the 11th of April, the 11th of May, the 9th of June, the 9th of July, the 7th of August, the 6th of September, the 5th of October, the 4th of November, and on the 31d of By counting the days of these lunations it will be seen that that of January is thirty days, that of February twenty-nine, that of March thirty, that of April twenty-nine, and so the others, always one of thirty, and the other of twenty-nine, succeeding each other alternately until the end of the year

It is material to recollect, in these calculations, that the moon or lunation of a month, is not that which begin, but that which ends in that month. The moon of January, in 1785, for instance, is not that which began on 13th of that month in the year 1785, but that which ends on the 12th of the same month, and which began on the 14th of December, 1784. From the 14th of December to the 12th of January inclusive, are 30 days,

^{*} Strauchius says, "Some months are called *Plens*, others *Cave*. The *Plens* are those that consist of thirty days, the *Cave* of twenty nine, and these two in the Lunar or Lunar Solar year are placed alternately by reason of the appendage of twelve hours, which being omitted in one month and doubled in the other make twenty four."

so that the moon of January is a full moon, or of 20 days. From the 13th of January to the 10th of February inclusive, are 29 days, so that the moon of February is a moon "cave," or of 29 days From the 11th of February to the 12th of March inclusive, are 30 days: and from the 13th of March to the 10th of April. always inclusive, are 29 days These are the two moons one of which is full and the other "cave, 'the first of March, the second of April In continuing the same calculation to the month of December, a full moon will be found for May, a "cave" for June, a full in July, a "cave" in August, a full in September, a "cave" in October, a full in November, and a "cave" in December, which ends on the 2nd of that month But that which begins on the 3rd, ought to end on the 31st of the same month, and not on the 1st of January following, masmuch as the Golden Number for 1785 is 19, so that the last moon ought only to contain 29 days Those full and "cave" moons which follow alternately, are not so exactly indicated by the Epacts of the New Calendar, and therefore the Epacts XXV and XXVI are placed opposite each other on the days which have been mentioned

It only remains to notice the agreement or correspondence of the Epacts of the New Calendar with the Golden Number or the different years of the Cycle of nineteen years. From the reformation of the Calendar, in 1582, until the year 1700 exclusive, the Epact I answered to the Golden Number I, the Epact XII to the Golden Number II, and the others in the same order, from 1596 to 1691 included From and including 1700 to 1899 inclusive the Epact XXX indicated by an *, answers to the Golden Number I, the Epact XI to the Golden Number II, and so the remainder from 1710 to 1899 included If the former correspondence between the Epact and Golden Number still subsisted, X would have been reckoned for the Epact X being always reckoned opposite to the Golden Number X, as was the case each time when the Golden Number X occurred from 1582 to 1700. But in 1700

on account of the new arrangement of the Epacts with the Golden Numbers, the Epact IX was placed opposite to the Golden Number X, and the said Epact IX indicated the new moons of each month one day later than they would have been given by the Epact X this would have given the new moon on the 21st of January, 19th of February, &c, the Epact XI gave them on the 22nd of January, 20th of February, and so on,—the Epact IX always indicating them one day later than the Epact X

In 1900, another change will take place in the agreement between the Epacts and the Golden Number. In that year the Epact XXIX will answer to the Golden Number I, in the following year the Epact X will answer to the Golden Number II, and the others in the same manner, which will continue until the year 2200. These alterations are made with the intention of causing the lunar year to agrice as nearly as possible with the solar year, and at the same time so to mark Easter, that it may never be celebrated on the 14th of the moon, but on the Sunday after the 14th

PASCHAL TERM

In this Perpetual Lunar Calendar, an additional column is assigned to the months of March and April, which is appropriated to the Paschal Term. This term, which always occurs between the 8th of March and the 5th of April, both inclusive, indicates the day of those months on which the 14th of the Paschal Moon falls, and is shown by the Golden Number or by the Epact of a year, after the 7th of March

For example, the Golden Number XVI and Epact XXIII, which are found in this Table opposite the 8th of March, show that the New Moon happened on that day, and likewise show that the 14th of that Paschal Moon falls on the 21st of the same month From the 8th to the 21st, both included, being in fact 14 days.

It is only requisite to recollect, that, before the year 1582, the Epacts were not used in ascertaining the they, therefore, apply subsequently to Paschal Term that year, and only to the New Calendar Antecedent to the year 1582, and in the Old Calendar, the Paschal Term was ascertained by the Golden Number Although Easter may happen on thirty-five different days, namely, from the 22nd of March to the 25th April, both inclusive, the Paschal Term, or the 14th of the Easter Moon, can fall only on one of twenty-nine days, of which the first is the 21st of March, and the last the 18th of April The reason is easily explained Different Easters may have the same Paschal Term depending upon the different days of the week on which it falls, for instance, Easters which occur on the 22nd, 23rd, 21th, 25th, 26th, 27th, and 28th of March, may each have its term on the 21st of March, according to the day of the week in which that day happens If the 21st of March is on Sunday, Easter is the Sunday following, the 28th of that month, if this Paschal Term (21st of March) falls on a Monday, the 27th of March will be Easter-day, and so with It is for the same reason that the 18th of April is the last of the Paschal Term, for, since seven different Easters may have the same Paschal Term, it follows that the 18th of April must be common to the seven latest Easters, and consequently the last of all

Paschal Term being known, it shows when Easter falls, by means of the Dominical Letter which immediately follows, from that letter belonging to the year of this term. Thus, Easter fell on the 27th of March, 1785, because the letter B (the Dominical Letter of that year) shows that the 27th of March is the first Sunday after the 26th of that month, the Epoch of the Paschal Term.

The following Rule for finding Easter, independently of all tables, for any year after the commencement of the Gregorian Calendar, or at least after A D 1600, is taken from Delambre's Histoire de L'Astronomie Modeine, vol 1 p 25. The part in Italics contains additions to

the Rule, for very distant years. The letter at the beginning of each article stands for the result of that article in the succeeding steps

Roie	Example The year 1833
(a) Add 1 to the given year	1834
(b) Divide the given year by 4, and keep the quotient only	4)1833(quotient 458, remainder 1, which reject
(c) Take 16 from the number of centuries in the given year, diede by 4, and keep the quotient only	Evidently gives nothing till the year 2000, in which case $\frac{20-16}{4}$ is 1
(d) Take 16 from the number of centuries in the given year	16-16 = 2
(e) Add together (a) , (b) , and (c) , and subtract (d)	1834 458 0 2292 2 Subtract 2290
(f) Divide (e) by 7, keeping the remainder only	7)2290 327 remainder 1
(g) Subtract (f) from 7 this is the number of the Dominical Letter	7—1 = 6 A B C D E F G 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Dominical Letter F
(h) Divide (a) by 19, the remainder is the Golden Number, or 19 is the Golden Number, if the remainder be nothing	19)1834(96 171 124 114 10 Golden Number 10

This gives nothing till A D (i) From the number of centuries in the given year subtract 17, devide by 25, and keep the quotunt only (k) Subtruct 15 and (2) from the number of centuries, divide by 3, and keep the quotient (1) To (h) add ten times (h) 1s 10 Ten times next \ 90 the next less number, divide by 30, and keep the remainder 30)100 3 rcm 10 (m) lo (l) add (h) and 10 (l) (c), and take away (d) the 1 (1) result is the Epact, when the 0 (c) change directed below has been made, if necessary 11 2(d)

Having found (m)

If it be 24, change it into 25,

If it be 25, change it into 26, whenever the Golden Number is greater than 11

9 the Epact

When the Epact (m) is 23, or less than 23	When the Epact 1s greater than 23
(n) Subtract the Epact from 45—9=36 45	(n) Subtract the Epact from 75
the Epact from 9 Epact 27, divide by 7, — and take the 7)18 remainder — 2 rem 4	(0) Subtract the Epact from 57, divide by 7, and take the remainder

the day of April, on which

Easter falls

To find the difference between the Old and New Styles, add together 10 and (d), and subtract (c), or, till the year A D 2000, simply add together 10 and (d) Thus, for 183, there is a difference of 12 days

^{*} If (o) be greater than the Dominical Number (g), add 7 to the Dominical Number, before using it in this step

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ROMAN AND CHURCH CALENDAR

Ir was the usual practice, for several centuries, to dite ecclesiastical and most foreign instruments by Nones, Calends, and Ides, while other records and private documents were generally dated by the festivals of the Christian church, namely, on or from the day on which a particular Saint was commemorated, on which the church performed a particular service, or which was dedicated to some peculiar purpose. Of the Roman Calendar, as used by the Romans, an explanation has been given in a former page*, but it is necessary to notice the variations which prevailed from that usage, when the Nones, Ides, and Calends were adopted for dating events or instruments in the middle and lower ages

Though the Calends were generally considered the first day of a month, the term was sometimes used for the first day of the pieceding month, on which the Calends of the ensuing month began to be reckoned For example it is said, in the Annals published by Lambecius, that Chailemagne, returning from Rome in 771, was at Lauresham "Die Kalendarum Septembris," which was the day of the Translation of St Nazaire in that Abbey The translation of the reliques of that Saint occurred on a Sunday, and in 774 the 1st of September was on a Thursday, consequently, "Die Kalendarum Septembris" did not mean the first day of that month, but what the Chronicle of the said Abbey

expresses by "In capite Kalendarum Septembrium," id est, the "xix Calendas Septembres," or the 14th of the month of August, which is the first day of that month on which the Calends of September begin to be reckoned, and which, in the year 774, fell on a Sunday *

It is to be particularly observed, that, instead of reckoning the Calends in a retrograde order, like the Romans—the days before the Nones, the Ides, and the Calends—they were sometimes reckoned by the writers of charters in direct order Thus, instead of calling the 14th of January "xix Kalendas Februarii," they termed it "prima die Calendarum Februarii," and the following day " secunda die Calendarum Februarii" instead of "xviii Kalendas Februarii," &c in many charters, the days of the Nones, Ides, and Calends are not included in the order of calculation difference from the Roman method of reckoning the Calends, &c 1s, that the Romans included the days of the Nones, Ides, and Calends, in consequence of which, what they called "xix Kilendas," was sometimes called "xviii halendas" in charters this practice was not uniform. Although, in the lower ages, the word "Calends" was assigned to the first day of the month, the following days were reckoned in direct instead of retrograde order, so that sometimes 'post Kalend Martn' is used for the 7th of March Even among the Romans, Calends, Nones, and Ides had not always the same meaning occasionally they were used in an absolute sense, to indicate the whole time appropriated to Calends, Nones, and Ides, though, most commonly, they signified a particular day *

In some Calendars in the British Museum, of the twelfth and thurteenth centuries, "Pridie Idus," or the day before the Ides, is called the second Ides, "Pridie Nonas," the second Nones, and "Pridie Kalendas," the second Calenda

THE CHURCH CALENDAR indicates the days appropriated to the performance of certain services, or to the

^{*} L Ait de verifier les Dates, tome L p 57

commemoration of our Lord, or of such persons as have been canonised, called "Saints' days" of these Calendars which are given in this work, 18 arranged chronologically, and contains the fixed Festivals and Saints' days observed or commemorated according to the usages of the church of England anterior to the To this Calendar*, which is said to have Revolution been compiled by an ecclesiastic of the Roman Catholic church, not more distinguished for his piety and virtues than eminent as an historiant, the following remarks are prefixed -

"Very many Saints, whose anniversaries appear as festivals, or as days of observance, or commemoration, in the Roman Calendar, or in the Calendars of the other Continental churches, but whose names do not appear in the English Calendars, are necessarily excluded well known, from the Preface to the Common Prayer Book, that the Liturgies of England were divided into the Usages of Salisbury, Hereford, Bangor, York, and Lincoln, besides which, it appears that minor liturgical variation obtained in particular dioceses and churches. especially in the North Of these Liturgies, the Usage of Salisbury was the most generally adopted, and from the Calendars prefixed to the printed Salisbury and York Missals, and to the MS Missals of Durham (Bib Harl 5289) and St Paul's (Bib Harl 2787), the festivals of observance in this Calendar have been collected It would have been desirable to have consulted the Liturgies of Hereford, Bangor, and Lincoln, but they have not yet been discovered, and it is possible that the strict execution of the Statutes of the 3 & 4 Ldw VI and 3 Jac I, directing the destruction of ' Popish Books and Reliques of Popery,' may have occasioned the entire loss of these Rituals The Salisbury Missal is a work of common occurrence, but the York Missal is extremely rare, and it is doubtful whether any perfect copy exists, except the one preserved at

^{*} Reprinted from Cooper's "Account of the most important Public Records, 2 vols 18.2 '— Vol 11 p 485 † Dr Lingard

Cambridge in the library of St John's College * The Saints' days, whereof the observance was confined to particular churches, or which were only commemorated and not observed, have been inserted from the English Martyrologie +, corrected by reference to the History of Venerable Bede, and to Capgrave's Nova Legenda Anghæ These sources have been considered as sufficiently ample and correct for the present purpose, but had it been intended to frame a Calendar with reference to ecclesiastical Antiquities, much farther investigation would have been required "

In a Calendar formed by so high an authority, it has not been thought proper to make any material alterations Its utility is, however, much less than an Alphabetical Catalogue of the Festivals and other Saints' Days, used for dating instruments, and in compiling the one which follows the Chronological Calendar, considerable research has been employed, with the view of rendering it as complete as the limits of this work would allow Many instances were found, in which the Calendars prefixed to Missals and Psalters used in English churches, contained Saints who are omitted in this Chronological Calendar, the names of some of whom occui in records, while, for general historical purposes, the names of the Saints whose festivals were used as epochs in France, Scotland, and Ireland, are scarcely less necessary than those used in England

The following Alphabetical List of Saints, and other Festivals and Holydays, comprises all the Saints &c, in the preceding Chronological Catalogue, in the list printed in "L'Art de verifier les Dates," in Butler's "Lives of the Saints," in Keith's List of Scottish, and in Ware's notices of Irish Saints, as well as in various early Psalters and Missals in the British Museum ! The

^{*} Missale ad Usum Leclesiæ Eboracum, sumptibus Francisci Regnault Parisus, 153>

[†] Printed, Permissu superiorum, no place mentioned [probably at Dougy], 1440

Dougy), 1990

1 More particularly the Harleian MSS, 1804 2835 2846 2857 2446, 2450 2874 2878 2881 2885, 3181, the Cottoman MSS Claudius D vi and Vy pasian A Ix., and the Arundel MSS, Nos 155 157

well-known Martyrology of Baronius has, of course, been consulted, but the great number of the Martyrs whom he mentions, rendered it impracticable, even if it were desirable, to include all of them in this list

Where the date only occurs after the name, it implies the day on which such Saint is commemorated, or, as it is commonly called, "the Saint's day" If the festival of a Saint be not particularly specified, the date of his death, or, as it is termed, "deposition," or of his martyrdom, is stated In many cases, a Saint is com-. memorated on different days by different churches, and where the variation has been ascertained, it is noticed by the initials of R, i e the Roman church, which is in most cases, the day of the festival throughout Europe, L by the Latins, which is generally the same as the Catholic church, P the church of Paris, and Where a local usage has pre-G the Greek church vailed in commemorating a Saint, it is mentioned at length in the proper place. In some Calendars, a Saint is said to be commemorated on a different day from that usually considered as his festival, but where such differences exist, the more numerous authorities have been followed, and in some instances, the variation between two or more authorities, of the same apparent value, is given

Men, whose reputation for piety and virtue has not extended beyond a small territory, have occasionally obtained the honours of sanctity within the immediate sphere of their fame. The reputation of many Saints extends throughout their own country, but does not exceed its boundaries, while professions, trades, cities, and inonasteries, have each had their tutelary patron, whose festival forms a favourite epoch, among those who have placed themselves under his protection, for dating any document executed within a few days before or after the anniversary of its occurrence. It is, therefore, evident, that no Catalogue of Saints can be too extensive in a work intended for the reduction of dates to the present mode of computation, but, as this volume is more particularly

intended for the illustration of English history, it becomes desirable to mark such Saints as have been commemorated in England, distinguishing those whose festivals have been especially appointed. The name of every Saint included in English Rituals is, therefore, printed in Italics, or SMALL CAPITALS, according to his eminence in the church. Where there is any variation in commemorating him, the day when his festival has been celebrated in England, is also printed in Italics.

As a general rule, when the name of a Saint, of whom there are one or more of the same name in the . Calendar, occurs in any instrument, it depends chiefly on the country, or part of a country, where the document was executed, which of such Saints is intended. and it is presumed to be a safe plan to infer that the tutelar or favourite Saint of such country or province When there are more than must be the one alluded to one Saint of the same name in any kingdom or province, it depends, in most cases, upon the nature of the document, which of those Saints is alluded to, for if it be an instrument executed by a chapter of monks, or by a municipal corporation, or by the fraternity of a guild, or if it be connected with any trade, and if either of these associations possessed a tutelar Saint of the same name as that of another Saint, it is nearly certain that the memhers of such communities would select their own patron This rule, however, will not apply to those universal and pre-eminent objects of veneration, our Blessed Lord. his Mother the Holy Virgin, and the Twelve Apostles, the great events in whose lives, and even the eve, morrow, and octaves of whose festivals, are more fre quently used for dating ancient muniments, than the day on which a Saint of inferior reputation is commemorated *

It is believed that no Calendar of Saints has been compiled, which embraces the whole Hagiology of

^{*} Lord Coke says, "The fact that is most notorious, and of greatest account, must be supposed to be meant" 2 Inst. 486.

the Catholic church, and even in England, instances can be mentioned, where towns and parishes have derived their names from canonised persons, who are not included in any list of Saints now extant the counties wherein those towns and parishes are situated, it is to be expected that the local records, such as chartularies, private deeds, and parish books, will often be found to be dated on the festival of a Saint, whose name may not occur in the following, or perhaps in Individuals also had their own tuteany other list lar Saint, from whom they sometimes derived their baptismal names, which tends to explain why a comparatively obscure Saint is occasionally mentioned in a private deed, in preference to one of more general fame. for he who had adopted St Cyprian as his patron, would not be likely to execute his will, or any other document, on a day within the week of the anniversary of that holy person, and prefer dating it from the feast of St Cosmus and Damian, or of St Thomas of Hereford, or of any other Saint, except, indeed, such of the Apostles, as happened to be commemorated about the same time

It seems also that the festival of a Saint of general repute in the church, was sometimes preferred to the eve or morrow of a still more remarkable festival, for dating a record, though the Monday, Tuesday, &c before or after such remarkable festival, was commonly used in preference to the anniversary of a Saint of inferior consideration. The parliament which met at Westminster on the 6th of October, 1 Hen. IV., 1399, is said to have assembled "on Monday, the feast of St Faith the Virgin*," but the parliament which met on the 30th of September, the feast of St Jerome, in the 4 Hen. IV., 1402, is said to have assembled on the morrow of St Michael † In another instance, however, the 30th of September, 1399, is called both "the morrow of Saint Michael, and the day of Saint Jerome the Doctor" †

The absence of a general principle in dating documents, not merely in reference to any two countries, or

^{*} Rot Parl, m. 415 † Ibid 486 ‡ Ibid 415

to any given period, but even to the same country, in the same record, and at the same period, renders an extensive collection of materials for computing dates, and the utmost care in applying them, indispensable to Historical accuracy

For the convenience of reference, all the Moveable Feasts, together with all days to which peculiar names are given, as Hallowmas day, Childermas day, Ember weeks and days, Chare Thursday, Collop Monday, &c, are included in the general alphabetical arrangement of Festivals

The Alphabetical Calendar of Saints and Festivals is preceded by a Glossarv of Dates, or Alphabetical List of Names by which certain Days are sometimes indicated in Chronicles and Records This Glossary, of which the greater part has been translated and adapted to this work from "L'Art de verifier les Dates," will be found of great utility, as it will in many instances save the trouble of consulting Ducange and other voluminous and expensive works, even, which is not always the case, if an explanation can be found therein. If the word sought does not appear in this Glossary, it should be looked for in the Alphabetical List of Saints' Days and Festivals

THE VIGIL OF Eve of a Feast, is the day before it occurs Thus, the Vigil or Eve of the Feast of St Matthew the Apostle, is the 20th of September If the Feast day falls upon a Monday, then the Vigil or Eve is kept upon the Saturday preceding

THE MORROW of a Feast, is the day following Thus, the Feast of St Peter ad Vincula is the 1st of August, and the Morrow of that Feast is consequently the 2nd of August

THE OCTAVE OF UTAS of each Feast, sometimes called "the Utas day *," is always the seventh day after it

 $[\]star$ " Wrytyn at Norwych on the Utas day of Peter and Powll." Paston Letters, vol in p 189

occurs, or the eighth day, if the day of the Festival For example, the Feast of the Epibe included phany is the 6th of January, and the Octave of the Epiphany is the 13th of that month Festivals which have Octaves are supposed to be commemorations "per octo dies"

In the Octaves, means within the seven days n'xt following the day of any Feast

THE QUINZAINE, QUINSIME, QUINDISME, OF QUIN-DENA, is the fourteenth day after a Feast day, or the fifteenth, if the day of the Festival be included *

TRES. TRES SEPTIMANA, OF TROIS SEMAINLST, IS that day three weeks

Mense, is that day four weeks

Quinque is that day five weeks

* Thus, in the 8th Henry IV 1407, in which year Faster day fell on the 27th of March, Parliament is said to have re assembled on "I undy en la quinzeine de l'asque, c'est assavoir le xxv jour d'Aprill' (Rot Parl 11 '571), and in the 11th Hen IV, 1410, when Easter day fell on the 23rd of March, Parlament was adjourned on the eve of Palm Sunday, the 23rd of March, Parliament was adjourned on the eve of Palm Sunday, "a la quinszeint de Pasque proschein a venir, c. est assavoir le viz jour d'Aprill' (lbid p. 623). Thus, also, the fiast of St. Hilary is the loth of January, and the Quinzaine, or Quindisme of St. Hilary, is the 27th of January. A different rule appears, however to have prevailed on the Continent, for '1'Art de vérifier les Dates states that the Quinzaine of Easter means the eight days preceding, and the eight days following, Easter day, so that if Easter day fell on the 25th of March, the Quinzaine began on the 18th of March, and ended on the 1st of April + sometimes decliments are day for the three washes of

Numerical section of the lot of April of April of Sometimes documents are dated from a day after the three weeks of Easter, which is the first of such days as happens after the expiration of that period. Thus, in the list Hen V, 1413, in which year Laster day fell on the 23rd of April, the first day of Parliament is described as "Lundy le quinssisme jour de May que feust le Lundy a trois semaignes de Pasque." Rot Parl vol. 1v p 3.

ROMAN AND CHURCH CALENDAR.

			JANUARY
Calend IV	Jan - Nonas	1 2	Circumcisio Bomint. Medwyn Oct S Stipham Protom Mille Martyres apud
111	Nonas	3	Lichefeld Oct 5 Johannis Ev Theodoric, R & Mar Genovefa Virg
Prid No	n Jan	4.	Oct S S Innocentium M M Chroniacus, Conf Rumonus, I p & Conf
Nonæ Ja	n -	5	Oct S Thomæ M Dep Edwardt R. & Conf Symeon, Monachus & Conf
VIII	Idus .	6	Epiphania Domini. Petrus, Abb
VII		7	Cedde, Ep & (onf Julianus & Maximianus, M M Felix and Januarius
VI	Idus -	8	Lucianus, Presb Wuifsinus, Fp & Conf Pega,
V	Idus -	9	Brithwald, Ep & Conf Adrianus, Abb [De ductio Christi in Egyptum] Julianus, Mart & Basilissa sponsa (jus
IV I		10	Paulinus, Lr Sethrid, Vir
	Idus -	11	Duffus, R & Mar
Prid Idu	us -	12	Benedictus Biscop, Abb Alured, Abb & Conf Arcadius
Idus	-	13	OCT EPIPH Remigius Hilarius, Ep Ken- tigern, Abb & Conf
XIX (Cal Feb	14	Talix Proch Rong Proch & Conf
XVIII C	Calend	15	Maurus, Abb Ceonwulf, R & Conf Anto-
XVII (16.	Marcellus, P & M Henricus, Conf & Er Furseus, Abb & Conf
XVI (17	Sulpitius, Ep & Conf Anthonius, Abb & Conf
	Calend	18	Prisca Vir Decola
	Calend	19	Wulstan, Lp & Conf Germanicus, Mar Ma- rius et Martha Canutus, R. & Mar
XIII C		20	Oct Hilaru Fabianus & Sebastianus, MM Ricardus, Conf & Lr Eglodius, Mon
	Calend.	21	Agnes, Vir & Mar Frmenburga, Reg & Abb
	Calend.	22	Vincentius, Mar Brithwold, Fp & Conf Theorgith, Vir Emerentiana, Vir & Mar
	Calend Calend	23	Rabillus, Fp Timotheus
viii		25	CONVERSIO S PAULI Boisius, Abb &
V111 C	MOST 18CE	20	Conf Itha, Vir Prejectus, Mar Cadocus, Fo & Mar
VII C	alend	26	Policerus En & Mar
	Calend	27	Quind Hilarii Julianus, Ep & Conf Palla-
v c	alend	28	Soxulnhus, In & Conf
IV C	lalend .	29	Gildas, Conf & Er Serena, Vir Valerius, Fp
III C		30	Bathilda, Reg & Vir Gildas
Prid Cal	Feb	31	Wilgis Abb & Conf Ignatius, Ep & Mar

		FEBRUARY
Calend Feb -	1	Brigida, Vir
IV Nonas -	2	Purification B. W. All Laurentius, Ep
III Nonas -	3	Cras Pur Blasius, Ep & Mar Wereburga,
Prid Non Feb	4	Gilbertus, Conf
Nonæ Feb -	5	Agatha, Vir & M Johannes, Conf Indractus, Mar
VIII Idus -	6	Vedastus & Amandus, Ep'ı Dep Inæ, R & Conf
VII Idus -	7	Angulus, Ep & Mar
VI. Idus -	8	Elfleda, Vir & Abb Paulus, Episc.
V Idus -	9	Oct Pur. Telcan, Ep & Conf Appollonia Virg
IV Idus -	10	Scholastica, Vir Wilfridus, Archiep. & Conf Trumwin, Ep & Conf
III Idus -	11	Cedmon Conf Luphrasia, Virg
Prid. Idus	12	Ethelwald, Fp & Conf [Hic incipiunt aves cantare] Eulalia
Idus Feb	13	Lormenhilda, Virg Wulfran, Episc
XVI Cal Mar	14	Valentinus, Ep & Mar Conwan, Conf Nec- tanus, Conf
XV Calind.	15	Oswy, R [Dwbolus recessit a Domino] Faus- tinus & Jovita Sigfrid, Ep
XIV Calend	16	Juliana, Vir & Mar Wulricus, Conf & Er
XIII. Calend	17	Finan, Ep & Conf Polichronius, Ep & Mar
XII Calend	18	Simeon, Ep & Mar Translatio S Edwardi, Reg & Mar
XI Calend	19	Acca, Ep & Conf Sabinus & Juliana.
X. Calend	20	Mildreda, Vir & Abb
IX Calend.	21	Cymbert, Ep & Conf Sexaginta novem Mar- tyres
VIII Calend.	22	CATHEDRA S. PETRI IN ANTIOCHIA
VII Calend	23	Milburga, Vir & Abb
VI Calend	24	MAIHIAS, AP Ethelbert, R. & Conf. Be- rectus, Conf
V Calend	25	Inventio S. Pauli. Furseus, Abb
IV Calend	2 6	Mildgitha, Vir Alexander, Episc
III Calend	27	Elvius, Ep & Conf Augustinus, Episc
Prid Cal Mar	23	Oswald, Ep & Conf Aydo, Abb & Conf

		MARCH
Calend. Mar -	1	David, Ep Albinus, Ep & Conf
VI Nonas -	2	Cedda, Fp
V Nonas -	3	Maurinus & Austerius Winwaloc, Abb
IV Nonas -	4	Owin, Conf Adrianus, Mar
III Nonas -	5	Piranus, Er Phoca, Lusebius & Perpetuus, M M
Prid Non Mar	6	Cyneburga & Cyneswitha, V V & M M Tibba, Vir Victor & Victorinus Fridolin
Nonæ -	7	Perpetua & Felicitas, V V & M M Easter- wyn, Abb & Conf Deyfer, Conf Thomas de Aquino
VIII Idus -	8	Felix, Ep & Conf
VII Idus -	9	Bosa, Ep & Cont Quadraginta milites M M
VL Idus -	10	Himelin, Erem Kessoge, Lp
V Idus -	11	Transi S Oswini, R. & Mar Quirinus & Candidus.
IV Idus -	12	Gregorius, Papa. Brian, R & Mar
III Idus -	13	Viganus, Conf Canoch, Conf & Er Theodora
Prid. Idus -	14	Alchirid R & Mon
Idus	15	Aristobulus, Ep & Mar Fethno, Conf Lon- ginus
XVII. Cal Apr	16	Adaman, Conf Columba, Vir & Mar Hi- larius & Tacoanus
XVI Calend	17	Patricius, Ep [Introitus Noæ in arcam] Gertruda, Vir
XV Calend	18	Edwardus, R & Mar Christianus, Ep & Conf
XIV Calend.	19	Alemund, Mar Joseph Sponsus Mariæ
XIII Calend	20	Dep Sancti Cuthberti, Ep & Conf Hereberct,
XII Calend	21	Benedictus, Abb
XI Calend	22	Heahmund, Ep Aphrodosius, Ep & Mar Aethilwald, Conf & Er Finguar, Mar [Adam]
X. Calend	23	creatus est] Theodorus, Presb
IX Calend	24	Lanfranc, Archiep & Conf Agapitus
VIII. Calend	25	Annunciatio Bominica. Wilhelmus, Puer et Mar
VII Calend	26	Alfwold, Lp & Conf Castor, Mart
VI Calend	27	Resurrectio Bominica. Archibald, Abb & Conf Translatio S Bathildis
V Calend	28	Fremund, Mar Dorothea, Virg
IV Calend	29	Gundleus, R. & Er Baldred, Presb & Conf Victorinus, Mar
III Calend	30	Quirinus, Mar Patronius, Ep.
	31	Fransl S Adelmi, Ep & Conf.
Prid Cal Apr	31	Lians & Aucim, ap & com.

APRIL

Calend Apr -	1	Lanto, Prior de S Pancratio Theodora, Vir Gilbert, Ep
IV Nonas -	2	Ebba, Abb & Mar Maria Egyptiaca,
III Nonas -	8	Ricardus, Lp & Conf
Prid Non Apr	4	Ambrosius Lo & Conf Guier, Presb & Er
Nonæ	5	Ingernoth, Ep & Conf Martinus
VIII Idus -	6	Alistan, Ep & Conf Celsus, Lp & Conf Six- tus, Papa & Mar
VII Idus -	7	Bernacus, Abb & Conf Sigenus, Abb & Conf Luphemia, Vir
VI Idus -	8	Duvianus, Conf Egesippus & Soc
V Idus -	9	Gisla & Rictruda, Vir Frithstanus, Ep & Conf Perpetuus, Episc
IV Idus -	10	Passio Septem Virginum Paturnus Mon
III Idus -	11	Guthlac, Conf & Er
Prid Idus -	12	Mechtildis, Vir
Idus	13	Fisieda Vir Eufemia, Vir
XVIII Cal Masas	14	Tiburtius, Valerianus & Maximus, M M Dep Ethelwulfi, R
XVII Calend	15	Paternus, Ep & Conf Oswaldus, Archiep
XV1 Calend	16	Isidorus, Conf Transl S Albani, VI Mag- nus, M
XV Calend	17	Arnoldus, Episc Anicetus, Episc Stephanus, Abb
XIV Calend	18	Oswin, Conf Maydulphus, Er Eleutherius & Antiochus
XIII Calend	19	Alpheg Archiep & Mar Leo, Papa. Ead- wardus Clitus Anglorum
XII Calend	20	Victor, Fp Ceadwald, R. Servanus, Ep
XI Calend	21	Anselmus, Can Archiep & Conf Simeon, Ep & Mar
X Calend	22	Birstan, Ep & Conf Sotheris, Virg
IX Calend	23	Georgius, Mar Etheldred, R & Mar S Ti- burcii, Mar
VIII Calend	24	Mellitus, Fp & Conf Egbert, Abb & Conf Trans S Wilfridi, Archiep & Conf In- ventio S Ivonis
VII Calend	25	MARCUS, EV Litania Major
VI Calend	26	Leofric, Ep & Conf Cletus, Ep & Conf
V Calend	27	Anastasius, Papa Walburga, Vir
IV Calend	28	Vitalis, Mar
III Calend	29	Senanus, Conf & Er Petrus Mediolanenss Paulus, Ep et Con [Egressus Noæ de arca]
Prid Cal Masas	3 0	Dep Erconwaldi, Ep. & Conf Dep Mathilds, R.

MAY

Calend Maræ -	1	PHILIPPUS ET JACOBUS, A A Assaph, I p & Conf
VI Nonas -	2	Athanasius, I p
V Nonas -	3	Enbentio S. Crutts. Walther, Abb & Conf Alexander, Papa Eventius,
IV Nonas -	4	Ethelred, R & Conf Quiriacus Fest, co-
III Nonas -	5	Elfgiva, Reg Scandulus, Mon Gothar-
Prid. Non Maias		JOHANNES ANTE PORTAM LA II- NAM Johannes, Ep, Eheñ Edward, Ep & Conf
Nonæ	7	Johannes de Beverlaco
VIII Idus -	8	Apparitio 5 Michaelis Wiro Conf
VII Idus -	9	Translatio S Nicholai, Lp Transl. S. Andrew Beatus, Conf
VI Idus -	•	Gordianus & Epimachus, Mar Trans Bedæ
V Idus -	11	Fremund, Mar & Er Gengulphus Jo- hannes de Bridlington Antonius, Mart
IV Idus -	12	Nereus Achileus atq Pancratius, M M Re- migius, Ep & Conf
III Idus	13	Merwina, Vir & Abb Abbenus, Er Gerva-
Pridie Idus -	14	Editha, Vir & Abb Midan & Modan, Mon
Idus	15	Bercthun, Abb & Conf [Lex Moyst data est] Isidorus, Mart S Dympna, Vir et Mar
XVII Cal Junias	16	Dep S Albani, Mar Brandan, Abb
XVL Calend	17	Carantocus Conf Transl S Bernardi
XV Calend	18	Sewallus, Ep & Conf Dioscorus, Mir
XIV Calend	19	Dep S Dunstani, Archiep et Conf Poten-
XIII Calend	20	Ethelbert, R. & Mar Bernardus Mona- chus
XII Calend	21	Godric, Er Petrocus, Conf Helena, Reg
XI Calend	22	Dep Henrici VI, R. & Mar Juliana,
X. Calend	23	Willielmus, Mar Desiderius, Mar
IX Cal Jan	24	Festum Sancti Salvatoris Fugatius & Dami- anus, L E & C C Transi S Francisci Robertus, Ep & Conf
VIII Calend	25	Dep S Adhelmi, En Urban, P & Mar
VII Calend	26	AUGUSIINUS ANGLORUM AP Mil-
VI Calend	27	Beda, Ven , Presb & Conf
V Calend	28	Germanus, Ep & Con. Theocus, Conf.
IV Calend	29	Dubritius, Archiep & Conf
III, Calend	30	Heigna, Vir Felix Pana & Mart
Prid Cal Jun	ŝĩ	Heigna, Vir Felix, Papa & Mart. Petronilia, sive Pernella, Vir Wulfhilda,
		Vir & Abb
		!

	JUNE					
Calend Juniæ -	1	Nicomedes, Mar Wistan, R & Mar				
IV Nonas -	2.	Marcellinus & Petrus, Mar Malcolm III , R & Conf				
III Nonas -	3	Pega, Vir [Translatio Episcoporum Dunclm.] Lrasmus, Conf				
Prid Non Jun	4	Petrocus, Abb & Conf				
Nonæ Juntæ -	5	Bonifacius, Ep & Mar & Soc				
VIII Idus -	6	Gudwalus, Tp & Conf Mello, Archiep				
VII Idus -	7	Robertus, Abb Wulfstan, Ep & Conf Iransi S Vulstanı				
VI Idus -	8	Medardus & Gildardus, Conf Willielmus, Archiep Ebor				
V Idus -	9	Irans Edmundi, R & M Columba, Abb & Conf Primus & I elicianus, M M				
IV Idus -	10	Margaretha, Reg Ithamar, Lp & Conf Ivo				
III Idus -	11	BARNABAS, AP Ebbert, R & Mon				
Pridic Idus -	12	Basilides, Cyrinus, Nabor, & Nizarius, M. M.				
Idus	13.	Llerius, Abb & Conf Antonius, de Ord				
XVIII. Cal Jul	14	Basilius, Ep Transl S Brandam, Abb & Cont Dogmael, Er				
XVII Calend	15	Vitus, Modestus, atq Crescentius, M M Fad burga, Vir				
XVI Calend	16	Transl Sancti Ricardi Leotgar, Ep & Mar Ciricus & Julitta, M M				
V Calend	17	Botulphus, Abb & Conf Quintinus, Martyr				
XIV Calend	18	Marcellus & Marcellianus, M M Colmannus, Abb & Conf Jutanzus, Mon				
XIII Calend	19	Gervasius & Prothasius Buriena, Vir				
XII Calend	20	Translatio S Edwardi, R & M				
XI Calend	21	Leufred Lp & Conf Engelmond M				
X Calend	22	ALBANUS, PROTOMARIYR ANGLIÆ				
IX Calend	23	Etheldreda, Vir				
VIII Calend	24	NAIIVII AS S JOHANNES BAPT Bar- tholomæus, Conf & Lr				
VII Calend	25	Amphibalus, Lp & Mar Transl S Elign, Fpisc Adalbert				
VI Calend	26	Johannes & Piulus, Mar				
V Calend	27	Crescens, Mar I cotwinus, Ep & Conf Jo- annes, Pres & Conf				
IV Calend	28	Leo, Papa & Conf Agatha				
III Calend	29	PLIRUS & PAULUS, A A Hugo, Puer & Mar				
Prid Cal Julias	30	dedit, Lp & Conf Cybtacus, Presb				

JULY					
Calend Julue -	1	Oct S Johannis Bapt. Julius & Aaron,			
VI Nonas -	2.	Utsitatia E. U. H. Depositio S Swithin, Ep. Processus ct Martinianus, M M Oudoctus, Fp & Conf			
V Nonas -	3	Anselm, Archiep & Conf Transl S Thomae			
IV Nonas -	4	Translatio & Ordinatio S Martini Odo, Ep & Conf			
III Nonas -	5	Modwena, Vir & Abb			
Pridie Nonas -	6	Oct Ap Petri & Pauli Sexburga, Reg &			
Nonæ Juliæ -	7	Iransl S Thomæ, Mar Hedda Pp & Conf Marina & Pthelburga, V V Willi- bald			
VIII Idus	8	Dep Edgari, R Dep Grimbald, Abb & Conf Withburga Vir			
VII Idu	9	Ethelburga, Reg & Abb Tverilda, Vir (y-rillus, Episc			
VI Idus -	10	Septem I ratres Martyres			
V Idus -	11	Transl S Benedicti Ab			
IV Idus -	12	I uanus Abb & Cont Nabor & Felix Ki han Abb Dep 5 Mildredæ, Vir Margarita, Vir			
III Idus -	13	Dep 5 Mildredæ, Vir Margarita, Vir			
Pridu Idus -	14	Marcellinus, sive Marchelin Presb &			
Idus	15	Trans S Swythini Eadgitha, Reg [Divisio Apostolorum]			
XVII Cal Aug	16 17	Transl S Osmundi			
XVI Calend		Acnelm, R & Mar Arnulphus, I p & Mar Eadburga, Vir			
NV Calend XIV Calend	18 19	Diman, Conf Arsenius Abb Rufinus &			
11 . Calend	20	Justinus Margaretha, Vir & Mar Ethelswytha.			
XII Calend	21	Reg Praces, Vir			
XI Calend	22	Maria Magdalena Wandiegisilus, Abb			
X Calend	23	Apolinaris, Ep & Mar Vodinus, Archicp			
IX Calend	24	Christina, Vir & Mar Rufinus & Ulfadius			
VIII Calend	25	JACOPUS, AP Christophorus et Cucupha-			
VII Calend VI Calend	26 27	ANNA, MAIFR MARIA Septem Dormientes Josephus ab Arimathea Mirtha Vir			
V Calend	28	Simson, Ip Pantaleo			
1V Calend	29	I thix & Laustus, M. M. Ethelwin, En. 8			
III Calend	30	Conf Simplicius, Beatrix Abdon & Sennes, M M Latwyn, Archiep &			
Pridie Cal Aug	31.	Germanus, Ep & Conf Neot, Presb &			

AUGUST

Cal Augustæ -	1	FESTUMS PERRIAD VINCULA Ethel
IV Aonas -	2	wold, hp & Conf Much then Stephanus, Papi & Mar Alric Conf & Er
III Nonas -	3	Kined Conf & Er INVENTIO S SII PHANI PROTOM Wal-
Prid Non Aug -	4	theof, Abb & Conf Domitius, Conf Justinus, Presb Ivo, Fp & Conf
Nonæ Aug -	5	Oswild, R & Mar 1 estum Nivis Marise Vir
1101110 1110	Ü	Thom is Mon & Mar
VIII Idus -	6	
VIII 1445 -	U	Cranstigurated Domine Henricus Bleschis 1 p & Conf Sixtus, P & Mar Felicissimus, Donatus & Agapitus
VII Idus -	7	Festum Dominis Desu. Donatus, Lp
	•	& Mar
V1 Idus -	8	Cyrikus, Mir Faganus, Conf Oct S Petri Briocu, Fp
V Idus -	9	Romanus, Mar Hugo, Fp & Conf
IV Idus -	10	I aurentius, Mar Milcus, Lp & Conf
		Henricus Rex
III Idus -	11	Lyburtius, Mir Gilbertus Ep & Conf
Pridic Idus -	12	Stephanus I p Lond & Conf Coganus, Abb & Conf Clara Vir Alcumus Conf
Idus	13	Hypolitus, Mar cum Sociis Wighertus, Pres
	10	& Cont
XIX Cal Sept	14	Fusebus, Presb Werenfridus, Conf
XVIII Calend	15	Assumptio B. Martae. Margaretha,
1		Prioressa
XVII Calend	16	Arnuiphus Fpisc Rochus Alexander, Conf O(T S LAUR Thomas, Conf
AVI Calend	17	O(T S LAUR Thomas, Conf
XV (alend	19	Agapitus, Mar Helena Re Magnus, Mar Ludovicus, Episc Clintancus,
XIV Calend	19	Magnus, Mar Ludovicus, Episc Clintancus, R & Mar
λIII Calcud	20	O win, R & Mir Philibertus, Abb
XII Calend	21	I ratres Regis Arwaldi, M M Privatus, Fp
XI Calend	22	Bernardus
AI Caicna	22	OCI ASSUMP Arnulphus, Conf & Fr Timotheu, Lp & Conf Simphorianus & Proterius, Mar
X. Calend	23	Timotheus Appollmaris, Mar Justimanus, Mon & Mar
IX Calend	24	BARIHOIOMÆUS, AP Alicia Audoe- nus, 1 p % Cont
VIII Calend	25	Dep S Libbe, Vir & Abb Hilda, Vir Beda, Vir Genesius Mar I udovicus, Rex
VII Calend	26	Bregwin, Fp & Conf Pandwina, Vir Severmus, Cont
VI Calend	27	Ruphus, Mar Decumanus, Ir & Mar
V Calend	28	August nus Ep & Doct Regulus, Abb &
IV Calend	29	Conf Hermes DI COLI A110 S JOHANNIS BAPT Sebbi,
III Calend	30	R & Cont Sabina Felix et Adauctus Mir Transl S Guthlici
Prid Cal Sept	31	Cuthberga, Vir Aidan, Ep & Conf Pauli-
can sope		nus, 1 pisc & Conf

SEPTEMBER

Calend Sept	1	Figidius, Abb Elphegius Calvus, Ep & Conf
IV Nonas -	2	Adaman, Abb & Conf Antoninus, Mar
111 Nonas -	1 3	Ordinatio B Gregorii
Prid Non Sept	4	I ransl 5 Cuthberti
Nonce Sept -	5	Bertinus, Abb Altho, Abb
VIII Idus *	6	Ir insl 5 Augustini, Archiep & Ap Euge
!	1	nius, Pontif
VII Idus -	7	Trand S Dunstani, Ep & Conf Evur- cius, Ep & Conf I eofgar, Ep & Cont
VI Idus -	8	Batibitas B. W Mariae. Ethel-
V Idus -	9	Gorgomus Mar Queran, Abb & Conf Andomarus, Fp
IV Idus -	10	Iransl S Athelwoldi, Ep Silvius, Fpisc Otgerus, Diac & Con I manus Ep
III Idus -	11	Prothus & Hy conthus M M Bather, Abo
Pridic Idus -	12	Finswith 1, Vir & Abb Maximinus, Ep Martini mus, Ep
Iaus Sept -	13	Maurius, Lp
XVIII Cal Oct	14	Exaltatio Scæ Crucis Cornelius & Cypria- nus, M M
AVI Calend	15	Oct. Nativitatis B V M Nichomedes
XVI Calend	16	Editha, Vir Ninianus, Ep & Cont Eu-
	0	phemia I ucianus & Geminianus, MM Egidius, Abb
XV Calend	17	Lambertus, Ep & Mar Stephanus & So crates, M
XIV Calend	18	Victor & Corona, Fransl S Winoci,
X111 Calend	19	Theodorus, Archiep & Conf Januarius,
XII Calend	20	Fust ichius Vigilia Hereswitha, Reg
XI Calend	21	MATTHAUS AP ET FV Edilhun, Conf
X. Calend.	29	Mauricius Mar & Soc Cwenburga, Vir Hygbaldus, Abb & Conf
1X Calend	20	Tecl., Vir Alfwold, R & Mar Lefrona, Abb & Mar
VIII Calend	24	Concept Johan Baptist Andochius, Mar Iransl 5 Wunchaldi, Abb
VII Calend	25	Firminus, Fo & Mar Ceolfrid Abb
VI Calend	26	Firminus, Ip & Mar Ceolfrid, Abb Cyprianus & Justina, Vir & Mar Livanus,
		Lp & Conf
V Calend	27	Cosmus & Damianus, Mar Sigeberht, R &
IV Calend	28	Exuperius, Ep Leoba, Abb
III Calend	29	MICHAFL, ARCH Rogerus, Ep &
Prid Cal. Oct	30	Conf Hieronymus, Presb Honorius, Aichiep & Conf

OCTOBER.

	1	
Calend Octob -	1	Remigius Germanus, Vedastus, & Bavo, L E. Mehorus, Mar
VI Nonas -	2.	Leodegarius, Lp & Mar S Thomas Here fordensis, Fp & Conf
V Nonas -	3	Candidus, Mar Lwaldi Fratres, et Mar Gerardus, Abb
IV Nonas -	4	Ædwin, R & Mir Franciscus, Conf
III Nonas -	5	Cornwallinus, Abb & Conf Appollinaris,
_		Mar
Prid Non Oct -	6	Fides, Vir & Mar Cominus, Abb
Nonæ Oetob -	7	Mircus Pa Marcellus & Apuleius Ositha Reg & Mar Transl S Hugoms, Ep & Conf
VIII Idus -	8	Keyna, Vir Peligia Symeon Justus Transl S Oswaldi
VII Idus -	9	Dionysius, Rusticus, & Eleutherius M M Dep Roberti Grosse-teste, Ep & Conf
VI Idus -	10	Gercon, Mar cum Socus Paulmus, Lp & Cont Joh de Brydlington Conf
V Idus -	11	Nicasius, Fp & Mar Ethelburga, Abb
IV Idus -	12	Dep S Wilfridi, Arch & Conf Alburga Vir de Berkyng
III Idus -	13	Iranslitio S Edwardi R & Conf Gilbertus de Sempringham, Conf (Quindena Michael)
Pridie Idus -	11	Calixtus, Papa & Mar
Idus	1,	Wultran, Ep Frans S Oswaldi, Ep & Conf
λVII Cal Nov	16	5 Michael in Monte Lumba
AVI Calend	17	Irms! S Ltheldreda, Vir Ethelberht & Ithelred, Mar
AV Calend.	18	IU(A5, LV Fthbyn, Abb & Conf Justus
XIV (alend	1 9	I redeswitha, Vir & Reg [Iestum Reliquiar Ice Fbor']
XIII Calend	20	Austreberta Vir Cenred et Offa, RR Wendelmus, Abb
XII Calend	21	Undecum Millia Virgines Hilarion, Abb & Conf
XI Calend.	22	Maria Salome Cordula, Vir & Mar
X (alend	20	Rommus, Archicp & Cont Severinus, Ep Syra, Vir
IX Calend	24	Maglorius, Episc & Conf
VIII (alend	25	Crispinus & Crispinianus Transl S Joh de Bi verlaco
VII Calend	26	Fita, Ep & Conf Fviristus, Papa
VI Calend.	27	1 adsinus Pp & Conf Plorentius, Papa.
V Calend	28	SIMON & JUDAS, A A Dep Alfredi, R.
IV Calend	29	Llfleda, Vir & Abb Narcissus, Ep
III Calend	30	Fgelnoth, Archiep & Conf Germanus de Capua
Prid Cal Nov	31	Quintinus, Mar Foillanus, Ep & Mar

NOVEMBER			
Calend Nov -	1	Festum omnium Sanctorum.	
IV Nonas -	2	COMMEMORATIO ANIMARUM Rum	
IIL Nonas -	3	Wenefred i, Vir & Mar Benignus, Ep & Conf	
Prid Non Nov	4	Dubritius, Archiep & Conf Amantius	
Nonæ Nov -	5	I ctus Malachias, Ep & Conf	
VIII Idus -	6	I conardus, Abb	
VII Idus -		Willebrod, Archicp	
VI Idus -		Quatuor Coronati Martyres	
V Idus -	9	Theodorus, Mar Kebius, Ep & Conf Cou-	
IV Idus -	10	Justus, Tp & Conf	
III Idus -	11	Mutinus luronensis, Ep & Conf Menna, Mir	
Prid Idus -	12	Murtinus, P & Conf Paternus, Mur	
Idus Nov -	13	Bricius Lp & Conf	
XVIII Cal Dec	14	Irinsl S Lrconwaldi, Ep a Conf	
XVII Calend	15	Machutus, Ep & Conf	
XVI Calend	16.	Edmundus, Archiep	
XV Calend	17	Hugo, Lp & Conf Anianus, Ep & Conf Hilda, Vir	
XIV Calend	18	Oct S Martini	
XIII Calend	19	I rmenburga, Abb Elizabetha, Matrona	
All Calcud	20	Fdmund, h Humbert, Lp & Mir	
AI Calend	21	Picsentatía V. Martac. Columbanus,	
X Calend	22	Cecilia, Vir & Mar Bega, Vir	
IX Calend	23	Clemens Pupa & Mar Motiferus, Conf Felicitas, War	
VIII Calend	24	Chrysogonus Mar Christina, Vir & Abb	
VII Calend	25	Catherina, Vir & Mar Alnoth, Ir & Mar	
VI Calend	26	Linus, Papa & Mir	
V Calend	27	Agricola & Vitalis Oda, Vir Daniel, Pp	
IV Calend	28	Edwold, Conf & Fr Blannacus, Mar Rufus, Mar Eadsinus, Fp & Conf	
III Calend	29	Saturninus & Sisinnius Baruc, Er Eg'inoth, Ep & Conf	
Prid. Cal Dec	3 0	ANDREAS, AP Theanus, Archiep & Conf.	

DECEMBER				
Calend. Dec -	1	Crisanthus & Daria. Agericus, Ep Eligius, Ep & Conf		
IV Nonas -	2	Weeds, Vir & Abb Libanus, Conf		
III Nonas -	3	Lucius, R Birinus, Fp & Conf		
Prid. Non Dec	4	Osmund, Ep & Conf Barbara, Virg Benedictus, Abbas		
Nonæ Dec -	5	Eanfleda, Reg & Abb Sabba, Abbas		
VIII Idus -	0	Nicolaus, Tp & Conf Congellus, Abb & Conf		
VII Idus -	7	OCI S ANDRF E, AP Odwaldus, Abb & Conf Gall mus Mon		
VI Idus -	8	Conceptio B V. Mariae Agatha,		
V Idus -	9	Fthelgiva, Vii & Abb Cyprianus, Abbas		
IV Idus -	10	Damel, Lp & Conf Lulaha, Vir & Mar		
III Idus -	11	Damasius, Pa Boisil, Abb		
Prid Idus -	12	Llfreda, Vir Paulus, Lpisc		
Idus Dec -	13	Lucia, Vir & Mir Eadburga, Vir & Abb Judocus Conf		
XIX Cal Jan.	14	Otilia, Vir Edburga, Vir		
XVIII Calend.	15	Hilda, Vii & Abb Vilerius Fpisc		
XVII Calend	16	Bein, Fp & Conf [O Sapiential] Annanias, Ariris Misihel, M M		
XVI Calend	17	Tetta, Vir & Abb Lizarus, Ep		
XV Calend	18	Grati inus, Fpisc Winebald, Abb & Conf		
XIV Calind	19	Venetia, Vir Macaitus, Abb		
XIII Calend	20	Comogel, Abb & Cont Juliana, Mar		
XII Calend	21	HOMAS, AP Lustachius, Abb & Conf Purgata, Vir		
XI Calend	22	Hildelitha Vir & Alib I rigint i Martyres		
X. Calend	23	Ithwara, Vir & Mar Victorii, Vir		
IX Calend	24	Ruthius, Mon & Conf		
VIII Calend	25	Pativitas Bomini.		
VII Calend	26	SIEPHANUS, PROIOMARTIR Thadeus, Cont & Lr		
VI Calend	27	JOHANNES, AP & LVAN		
V Calend.	28	INNOCENIES, M M Transl S Elphegi, Ep & Mar		
IV Calend	29	THOMAS, Archiep & Mar		
III Calend	30	Fgwinus, Fp & Conf Transl. S Jacobi.		
Prid Cal Jan	31	Silvester, Papa & Conf Lternanus, Co f		

GLOSSARY OF DATES:

BEING AN

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF NAMES BY WHICH CERTAIN DAYS OF THE WEEK AND MONTH ARL DESIGNATED

IN ANCIENT (HRONICLES, IN CHARTERS, AND OTHER MUNIMENTS.

ABSOLUTIONIS Dies, or Dies Jovis absolut, or Le Jeudi absolu Vlaunday Thursday Adam creatus est, 2 rd of March

Adorate Dominum | The introit * and name of the third Sunday after the Lpiphany Adoration of the Magi I he 6th of

January Vide Epiphany Ad te levavi The introit and name

of the first Sunday of Advent Animarum dies All Souls' day, the 2nd of November

Anastisimos Laster day of the Greek.

Ante diem, or A D, as "Ante diem ix Kalend Martias," which has the same meining as "ad diem ix Kilend Martias" Antipasch i. The second Sunday

after Laster amongst the Greeks, which the Catholic Church reckon is the first Sunday after Easter The week beginning with this Sund iy is called " Anti-paschal ' Apocreos The "careme prenant"

or threed lys which precede Ash Wednesday) of the Greeks it begins on the Monday of Scotuaima, and ends on the Sund iy following (the day of our Sexagesuma), after which meat was not eaten

Apparitio Domini, or Apparitio, only The 6th of January Vide **F**piphany

Authie Jour de'l † The Epiphany The sc cond Architriclini dies Sunday after the Epiphany

Ascensa Domini Now " Ascensio ' Ascension day

"Ascensio
Holy Thursday
The feast of the Ascensio B M V Assumption, - so named in the ninth century

Aspiciens à longe The first Sunday of Advent, so named from the response of the first " Nocturn, 'or moht service, appropriated to that Sunday

Aveugle-né The Wednesday in the fourth week of Lent

B

Baseçoços, s e Ramifera vel Palmi-Palm Sunday of the tera. Greeks

Baptistcrium The name given by the Armenians to the Epiphany Benedicta The introit and name of Frinity Sunday

Bohordicum, Bouhourdis, Behourai, or Behourdich A game performed with lances or clubs on the first and second Sundays of Lent. ‡

^{*} Introit - The first two or more words that form the commencement of a mas, which, from being appropriated to a certain Sunday, or other festival, give the name of such commencement or "introit" to those

⁴ Aº 6 Hen VI 1428 Fædera, x 387

[#] This expression is thus used in an ancient cartulary of Cambray -

Bordæ, Brandones, Bure, or the Bules The first Sunday in Lent, and the whole of the following week

Brancheria. Palm Sunday

C

Calenes The 25th of December, or Christmas day, in Provence In Canance Fhursday in the first

week of Lent
Candela Candle A term employed
to designate a third portion of the
night, which was divided into
three Candles In a charter of
1386, the following sentence
occurs — L'exposant e'en alloit
en sa maison emirron heure d'anc
chandelli de nuit and in in
other in 1408, "en ce fassant le
suppliant mit et racqua tout
ledit jour et bien jusqu'à deux
chandelles de nuit"

Candelatio, Candelaria, Candelière, Calamai The 2nd of February Cantate Domino The introit and name of the fourth Sunday after

Laster

Capitiluvium Palm Sunday Caput Jejuni Ash Wednesday Caput Kalendarum, Caput Nonarum, Caput Iduum Vide Kalendæ

Cara cognatio The 22nd of February

Caramentrant, Mardi gras Tucsday before Ash Wednesday (Shrove Tuesday), being the last day of the Carnival

Carementranum
Carementranus
Caremprenium
Carnicapium
Carni lavium.

The beginning of Lent, namely, Iuesday before Ash Wednesday, or the last day of the Carnival

Caresme Lent
Dimanche de demi Mid
Lent Sunday

Sunday Vide Carnisprivium

novum
Caristia The 22nd of February
Carintrivium, Carinsprivium
Sometimes signifies the first day
of Lent, and sometimes septua
gesima Sunday, because from
that thinday to make a sould to the

of Lent, and sometimes septua gesima Sunday, because from that sunday it was usual to ab.

stain from eating meat especially ccclesiastical persons, monks, and nuns 1 or which reason this appellation, as well as Privi arnium Sacerdotum, is given to it

Carnisprivium novum Quinquagesima Sunday

Sunday in I ent Before the mith century, in the Latin church they did not begin to rist until the first Sunday in Lent, and they did not, as at present fast on the lat four days of the week of Quinquagesima Inter duo Carmispirus. The days

Inter duo Carnisprivia. The days of Quinquagesiin i week Carnivora The Tuesday before

Carnivora The Incsday before Ash Wednesday

La Chandeleuse or Chandeleure Candlemas day, the 2nd of February

Charitas Dei The introit of the mass of Saturday of the Limber weeks of Penticost

Chæretismus, from the Greek Xæzestrows; Silutation The Annun ciation of the Blessed Virgin, z e the 25th of Murch

Circumdederunt The introit and name of Septuagesina Sunday

Clausum Paschæ The close of I aster the Sunday after Easter, or the Quasimodo The Sunday following is called "Dominica prima post clausum Pascha" (which is the second Sunday after Easter), and the succeeding Sundays ire similarly named in numicrical order

day In the Chronicle of Benedicus, Abbot of Peterborough, it is used for the second Sanday after Pentecost. But the second Sunday after Pentecost But the second Sunday after Pentecost is usually called "Dominica prima post clusum Pentecostes," "die Martis proximo post octabas glaus Pische" (Fodera N E 1 255). Cineres Vade Dies Cinerum

Cineras Vade Dies Cinerum
Clean Lent* Pura Quadragesima
"Than foloweth Quadragesima, that is the first Sondaye in clean
Lent" (Gentleman's Magazine, vol vii N S, p 2) "The first
Monday of clene Lent (Proceedings of the Privy Counci, 12 Hen VI vol iv p 351)" Die

* Whenever an instrument is dated on a day "in the first or second &c week of Lent," the weeks are calculated from Ash Wednesday Thus,

[&]quot;Le Dimence premier Behourds," and in another place, "Le Sameds après le Behourdich"

Lune in pura Quadragesima " (Fordera, vol x 564)

Cœna Domini The Thursday before Good Friday, called also Maunday Thursday, and Shere Thursday

Commemoratio omnium Fidelium The commemoration of All Souls, the 2nd of November in the Litin church In the Greek church, the Thursday before Pentecost in the church of Milan, from the sixteenth century until 1582 the

Monday after the third Sunday of October

Commovisti terram et conturbasti

eam Sexagesima Sunday Compassion of the Virgin, or Our Lady of Pity The 1 riday in

Passion week Conceptio B Maria The Conception of the Blessed Virgin, the 8th of December

Council of the Jews The Friday before Palm Sunday

orrection traternelle The Tuesday of the third week in Lent

(roix (les) noires, Cruces nigræ The Black Crosses The proces sion on St Marks day Joinville, in his Chronicle, calls St Mark's day the day of the Black Crosses The name of " Ihe Cross" was formerly given to all processions

D

Da pacem. The introit and name of the eighteenth Sunday after Pentecost.

Damon mutus The third Sunday in Lent

Dedicatio Basilicæ Salvatoris The feast of the dedication of the Church of our Saviour, commonly called St John Lateran 9th of November

- Basilicarum sanctorum Apostolorum Petri et Pauli | The

20th of November Deductio Christi in Egyptum The 9th of January

Delun, Deluys Diluns Used for "Lundi," Monday The word delun" occurs in the will of Baldwin III, Count of Guines,

and " diluns" in a letter of Philip le Bel, in 1306

"Le Demanche d'avant que Dieu fut vendu" The eve of Palm Sunday This expression occurs in a French charter in 1293

Depositio | The day of the death of a saint not a martyr

Devenres Vendredi, Friday Deus in adjutorium The introit and name of the tweltth Sunday after Pentecost

Deus in loco sancto The introit and name of the eleventh Sunday

after Pentecost

Deus omnum exauditor est The second response of the first nocturn of the third and following Sundays after Penticost, until the first Sunday in August

Deus qui errantibus * The introit and name of the third Sunday

after Laster

Diabolus recessit a Domino The
15th of 1 ebruary
Dicit Dominus The introit and

nume of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth Sundays after Pentecost

Dies Absolutionis Maunday Thursday, the day before Good Friday

-Adoratus Good Friday called also Vendred: Doure

- Ægri seu Maledicti The same

as Dies Egyptiaci Ægyptiaci Certain days which were reputed unfortunate, according to an ancient superstition, on which it was considered wrong to be bled, or to commence

any undertaking All Souls' day,

the 2nd of November - Atrı

the days after the nine kalends are called the Black Ides, because on those days the Novi (? novices) entered

Burarum. The first Sunday in

Lent Burdillini The Quinzaine o

Vide Bohordicum Behourdich - Calendarum Vide Kalendæ

carnem relinquens. In Hun gary Tuesday before Ash Wed nesday

- Censorius. The day of the last Judgment.

* Wryten at Pastonun hast, the Wednesday next after Deus qui erran-

Paston Letters, vol. 1 p 4

Monday in the first week of Lent," is the first Monday after Ash Wednesday, "Friday in the second week of Lent," is the second Friday after n. sday, "Friday in the second week of Lent," is the second Friday after Ash Wednesday, &c So, also, is the first or second Monday &c. "in Clean Lent." to be reckoned, viz from Quadragesima Sunday

Ash Wednesday Dies Cinerum The four days - Consecrati in which the Nativity of Our Lord is commanded to be celebrated

- Devoti Holydays, when the futhful abstain from pious ex-

et cises.

Dominicus The day of our Lord Lister day " Dies Do minicus" and "Dies Dominica' also signify Sunday

- Felicissimus Easter day Florum atque Ramorum Palm Sunday

- Focorum The first Sunday in Lent

- (ralli This date is thus mentioned by Ducange, but without any explanation — "Georg Christian Rerum Mogunt to 7 pa, 785 Lx Chronico Sant-Dom m Albanensı Anno MCCCCI XI 'Die Galli obut honesta Domina Margareta, &c An D MCCCCLXXXIV ultima Aprilis, obut Fmerieus de Ingelinheim filius " Probably the Monday or Wednesd ty before Good Friday the Gospel to be read on which days, contains the denial of our Saviour, by Peter, before - Jejunales Holy fasts
- ... I ament itionis The three days of the Holy Week whereon are sung the Lamentations of Jeremiah

The space of Legitimus twenty four bours

- Magnus The last day of Judgment

- Magnus

Mandati The Thursday before Easter or Maunday Thursday

— Mercoris Wednesday — Mercurinus. Wednesday, so called in the Statutes of the Car-

dinal de Foix in 1446 -Mysteriorum Maunday Thursday, amongst the Syrians and other Christians of the East

Natalis The anniversary of the martyrdom or of the death of a saint, of the accession of a

prince, a pope, a bishop, &c

Naturalis The space of twenty-four hours

- Neophytorum The six days between Easter Sunday and that of Quasimodo.

Dies Osanne es Osanne Palm Sunday, or the sixth Sun-Ramorum day in Lent. The flish days pre-Dies Pingues ceding Ash Wednesday

- Rosarum Among the Hungarians, the 6th of 1 ebruary

5 Petri The day of the chair of St Peter in Cathedra at Antoch, the 22nd of February

- Siéri the days on which it was ordered to abstam from pri vate wars, by P Gregory 1X

- Sanctı Lent - Sinctus Sunday

- Singuinis The ninth Kalends

of April

- Scruting The days whereon the catechamens destined for b iptism were examined There were usually seven examinations first, on Monday or Wednesd iy in the third week of I ent, the second, on Saturday in that week, and the five others, on the Wed nesday and tour following days in the fourth week in many churches but in some churches they did not observe the same days, only Wednesday in the fourth week of Lent being univer ally the d ys of the great examin ition, Dus, or I eria magni Scrutinu

- Sohs Sunday

-Viginti The twenty days from Christmas to the octave of the kings * In letters of pardon, 11 1122, this expression occurs " La veille des Vingt Jours nommás les Petits Rois

- Vindium , in German, " Der grune Donnerstag " Holy Thursday, in some ancient (verman Calendars

Dies Vide Jours Dilun, Dimar Monday, Tuesday Lide Delun

Dimanche Behourdich Vide Bo hordicum

des Bures The first Sunday in Lent

- de demi Caresme + Mid Lent Sunday

- du mois de Pâque Qua-

sımodo Sunday

repus, or reprus Passion Sunday, also called "Repositus," because on the eve of this Sunday the images of saints were covered.

^{*} The three Kings of Cologne, the adoration of the Magi

[†] Proceedings of the Privy Council, vol. 1. p 46

Divisio Apostolorum The 15th of July

Dodecameron The name given by the Greeks to the twelve days between Christmas and the Epiphany

Domine, in tua misericordia The introit and name of the first Sunday after Pentecost

Domine, ne longe The introit and name of Palm Sunday

Dominica ad carnes levandas, or tollendas Quinquagesima Sunday

day ad Palmas Palm Sun-

ante Brandones Quinguagesima Sunday

nte Candelas The

Sunday before Candlemas
ante I itanias The fifth

Sunday after Easter

Among the Creeks, the Sundry in the octave of the circumcision, or before the Lpiph my

which is not occupied by the service of any Saint, or of an octive

Asoti, or Filin produgi In the Greek church, beptuagesima Sunday the day on which the Gospel of the produgal son is read in the I tim church, the Saturday of the second week in Lent

Benedicta Trinity Sunday the first after Penticost

Brindonum, Burarum

Focorum The first Sunday in Lent I ide Bord r

carne levata, or de carne levanda is Quinquigesima Sundav with those who begin the list of Lent on the Wednisd iy next following that Sunday but it is the first bunday of Quadragesima with the Milanese, and those who, following their example do not commence the fast until this Sunday

Church, is the sixth Sundry in Easter, which answers to the fifth Sunday after Faster in the Catholic church At Milan, the Sunday of the "Aveugle.ne" is the fourth of Lent By the rest of the Latin church where the Roman ritual is followed, the

Gospel of the "Aveugle ne" is rend on Widnesday of the fourth week of Lent, which is therefore called the "Wednesday of the Aveugle ne"

Dominica Cananeæ The second Sunday of Lent

Dominica de l'ontants Dimanche des l'ontaines I he fourth Sunday of Lent, in Perche and elsewhere

Bohordicum Vade

diy, because it is also the first Sunday after Pentecost

Jerusalcm The fourth

in Albis, in Albis depositis, post Albas Whitsunday, the first Sunday after Easter, the Quasimodo

in capite Quadragesima in Bearne, Dimenge Cabee, Quinquagesima Sunday Indulgentia. Palm Sun-

day
In Palmis or Dominica
In Ramis Palm rum Palm Sunday or the sixth Sunday in Lent

Passion Sunday, the fifth Sunday in Lent The term is sometimes applied to all the Sundays in Lent

Luce prima secunda, &c In the Greek church, the Sundays after the Fxaltation of the Holy (ross, because on those days the Gospel of St Luke is read They reckon thirteen, the tenth of which answers to our first Sunday of Advent

Lucæ decima guinta, sive Zachui, is, in the Greek church, the second Sunday after the Epiphany

I uce decima sexta * 18, in the Greek church, the third Sund iy after the Epiphany

— Mapparum alharum The second Sunday after Laster tertia, &c In the Greek church, the Sundays after Pentecost, because on those days the Gospel of St Matthew is read, the first of these Sundays answers to our first Sunday after Pentecost

day The week preceding is called "Hebdomada Mediana"

^{* &}quot;Sive Publicani et Pharisai," in "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," but in another part of that work "Dominica Publicani et Pharisæi" is said to be the sixth Sunday after the Epiphany in the Greek church

Dominica mensis Paschæ Fide Mensis Paschalis

- Misericordiæ is that Sunday which, before the twelfth century the Latins called the fourth Sunday after Pentecost

amongst the Greeks, the first Sunday after Laster Vide Antmascha

Olivarum Palm Sun-Our third · Par ilytici Sunday after Paster which the Greeks call the tourth

- post Albas I ide Dominica in Albis - post iscensum Domini

The Sunday in the octave of the Ascension - post focos, post ignes

The second Sund w of Lent

post smeta I umma In day after the Epiphany - post Strenas The first

Sunday after the 1st of January so called from New Year's gifts - prima secunda tertia The seante Nitile Domini cond, third, and fourth Sundays of Advent

- Osanna Palm Sunday - Publicani et Phansæi Amongst the Greeks, the sixth Sunday after the Epiphany

- Quadrigesima The first Sunday in Lent

- Quintana, or Quintana The first Sunday of I cnt. which is the fitth after the Quinz une of Lister

- Quadraginta Quinquagesima Sunday

in Passione Domini Passion Sunday The fifth Sunday in Lent

- Refectionis Mid I ent Sunday

in Ramis Palmarum Palm Sunday The sixth Sunday in Lent

- Resurrectio, does not always signify the Sunday of the Resurrection, but is son etimes used for every Sunday in the year

Dominica Rogationum Rogation Sunday The fitth Sunday after Laster.

Rosa or de Rosa, or The fourth Sunday of Rosata Lent, so called because of the benediction bestowed on a golden rose on this day by the pope *

- de Rosa, or de Rosas The Sunday in the octave of the Ascension, so called because roses were then in season or because roses were formerly strewed in churches where the "Stations, or privileged alters, at which indulgences were granted were placed when the Pope offici ited

- Samaritani The fourth Sunday after Laster, called by the Greeks the fifth

- Sincta or Sancta in Pascha Laster Sunday - Sanctæ Trinitatis

nity Sundiy, the first after Pentecost Sometimes called " Le roi des Dimanches

σταυεν ador inda Crucis Among the Greeks, the third Sunday of I ent, who, on that day and all the following week, kissed the Cross

đe Transfiguratione The second Sund iy of Lent, the Go pel for which day contains the history of the transfiguration of our Lord

trium Septimanarum s The third Sunday Paschatis after l'aster Vide Ircs scptimanæ Paschæ

- trium Septimanarum Pentecostes The third Sunday after Pentecost

1 yrophagi Quinquagesima Sunday among the Greeks, who live the same name to the week preceding, when cheese formed the chief part of the diet of those who observed the fast

name given by the I atin church to the two Sundays between Christmas and the Fpiphany

^{*} The rose thus conscerated was usually presented to the most distinguished individual then at Rome, but it was occasionally sent to some foreign potentate or other eminent personage thus, in 1924, Henry VIII received the consecrated rose, which formed a tree of fine gold, with branches leaves, and flowers, set in a flower-pot of the same material, from the pontiff, Clement VII It measured one foot in breadth and half a yard in height — Vide Hall's Chromole

Dominica vacantes The Sundays which follow the Saturdays in the Ember weeks, and for which no service was appointed

second Sunday after Easter - Vide Dies Dominica

Dominicum is sometimes used for Dominica

Dominus fortitudo The introit and name of the sixth bunday after Penticost

illuminatio mea introit and name of the fourth Sunday after Pentecost Dormitio Sinctæ Mariæ

Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, the 15th of August This feast is, in many ancient (1 lendars, assigned to the 18th of January

Dum Clamarem The introit and name of the tenth Sunday after

Penter ost

- medium silentium The Sunday in the octave of Christmas, and the one after the Circumcision, when it falls on the eve of the Kings

Ecce Deus adjuvat The introit and name of the ninth Sunday after Pentecost.

Egressus Noæ de arca. The 29th of April

The 2nd of February Epiphanti Epiphania, Theophania, Epiphanie The day of the Kings Amongst Amongst The Gauls, it was called Tiph ine, Tiphagne, Tiephagne, Tiephane, &c , which names were also sometimes applied to Christmas day, but vary rarely in modern ages, unless "Noel," se Christmas, was added, as "Tiphaine de Noel." The Epiphany is likewise called Apparitio, or Appearance of our Lord when he was made known to man, Festum Stellæ, the feast of the Star, the feast of the Anga, of the Ador-ation of the Magi, of Water changed into Wine at the Warriage of Cana, and the least of the Baptism of Jesus Christ These festivals are all celebrated on the same day, the 6th of January, excepting Christmas, which, in the West, is always observed on the 25th of December, but in Egypt and in Greece, it was, in the early ages, celebrated, together with the Ep. phany, on the 6th of January

Esto mihi The introit of Quin-

quagesima Sunday

Eutaules, or I utalles, used in I rench for octive Instances occur in the years 1273 and 1348 Exaltatio sancta Crucis The 14th

of 5 ptember

Exaudi Domine xaudi Domine The introit of the Sunday in the octive of the Ascension, or the sixth Sunday after Laster

Expectatio B Mariæ The feast of the Lxpcctation of the Childbed of the Blessed Mary at Paris and in other churches the 16th, but in some churches the 18th of December, on which day they sing the first of the anthems,

called the O O of Advent Exsurge, Domine The introit of bexalesima bunday

Factus est Dominus The introit ind name of the second Sunday atter Pentecost

Feria ad Angelum The Wednesday of the Ember weeks of Advent because the church sings on that day the Gospel "Missus est "

The festival of St - calida John the Baptist at Troyes

- frigida The festival on the 1st of October at the same place - prima Sunday

secunda Monday, "Feria tertia, Incsday, &c to "Feria septima 'Saturday

secunda major, or magna ly Monday Monday in Pas-Holy Monday

sion Week - tertia major, or magna Holy a I uestay Tuesday in Passion Week

Holy Wednesday Wednesday in Pasmon Week

- quinta major, or magna lly Thursday (Not, as in Holy I hursday England, Ascension Day, but) Maunday Thursday

sextamajor, or magna. Good Friday

septima major, or magna. Iv Saturday Saturday in Holy Saturday Saturda Passion Week Easter Eve

- magni Scrutinii The Wednesday in the fourth week of Lent, when the examination of the catechumens began, who were to be baptized eighteen days afterwards

Festa Paschalia The feasts of the Nativity of the Resurrection, and of Penticost

Festivitis Dominicæ Matris The feast or the Annunciation, in the ninth council of Toledo

Festum Animirum All Souls' day, the 2nd of November

Apostolorum The feast of all the Apostles In the Latin thurch, it was celebrated on the 1st of May and in the Greek church on the 30th of June

Architricum The second

Archtriclini The second sun lay after the I phiphany, so termed because the Gospel of that day relates the miracle at the marriage in Cani ———Armorum Christi Vide.

Festum Coronæ Christi Vide

formerly celebrated at Rouch on the 25th of December, and at Beauvais on the 14th of January

Azymorum Easter day, properly among the Jews, the feast of unleavened bread

at Paris, the 25th of M is

B M Salome Anciently,

at Paris, the 22nd of October

cheria Brancherie Vide Bran-

Christmas day, which is still called by the Marseillors, Calenes Vide Kalendra

French provinces, the 25th of March so called from the custom of ringing numerous bells in hon our of the Annunciation

Candelarum, or Candelosæ Candlemas, the 2nd of February

Christi Christmas, according to the Saxon chronicle
de Clavis Domini Vide

Festum Coronæ Christi

Conceptionis S Joannis
Baptistr At Limoges, the 20th
of September

Corone Christi A feast which is celebrated in Germany on Friday after the octave of Easter, or, if that day be occupied by another feast, on the following Friday This feast is now called Festum Armorum Christi, Instrumentorum Dominica. Passiones, Haste, Clavorum, & Festum de Corond et Corond et

Clavis Domini, de Lancea et Cla-

Festum Coronæ Domini The fest of the Reception of the Holy Crown by St I ouis, cele brated at Paris on the 12th of August

Divisions, or de Dispersione Apostolorum when the Apostles separated to preich the Gospel throughout the world the 15th of July, according to most writers, but in some on the 14th of that month

Sund ty after Laster Which is in honour of the sermon of our Saviour, was formerly assigned in most places to the list of May

Herbarum I he Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Hypapantes The 2nd of

February Vide Hypapanta Hypodiaconorum, or Subdiaconorum. I east of the Subdiacons In some churches, the first or second, and in others, the last day of the year.

nicæ Passions de Lancia Domini &c Vade Festum Coronæ Christi

I uminum Candlemas,
the 2nd of February In the
Greek church, the Epiphany,
Logan raw quaran

B Marke de Nive In the

Roman church, the 5th of August

S Martini Bullionis The
4th of July

Occursûs The 2nd of 1 ebruary Vide Hypapanti
Olivarum Palin Sundav

Olivarum Pain Sunday

Orthodoxie In the Greek
church, the see ond week of Lent,
when the commemorated the memory of the Councul held on that
day at Constantunople in the year
\$42, after the death of the Emperor Theophilus, for the reestablishment of the holy images

Saints' day, the 1st of November In the Greek church, the first Sur day after Pentecost

Ovorum The Saturday
next before Shrove Tuesday
Palmarum Palm Sunday
Primitivum The 1st of
August

S Petri Epularum The Chair of St Peter of Antioch The 22nd of February primitiarum. The 1st of August, so called in the Saxon Chronicle

Festum Sancti Regis In Hungary, the feast of the king, 5t Stephen, who died on the 2nd of Sentember

septem Fratrum The 7th of July, according to a Calendar of Metz

Festum septuaginta duorum Christi Discipulorum I he 15th of July In the Greek church, the 4th of January

February Simeonis The 2nd of

February
Stellæ The 6th of January

Stultorum The feast of Fools, the first day of the year in many places

Translations Jesu This expression occurs in the will of Rotherham, Archbishop of York, in 1498, and is the same feast as the Transfiguration, celebrated on the 6th of August, perhaps the word was a clerical error for transfigurations

two of these feasts, one being the first, the other the last, Sunday after Pentecost The former is called Frinitas astivalis

— Valettorum The Sunday after the feast of St Denis. Fete aux Cornets, or le Quarel S Gentien The 7th of Miy The eve of the translation of the reliques of St Gentien to the Abbey of Corbie, on which day, after vespers, a number of the inhabitants of Corbie, who held certain portions of land of the Abbey called "quadrelli," (whence in this case the term "quarel, ") mounted on horseback, repaired to the gate of the Abbey, each holding a bullock's horn in his hand, which was there filled with wine This custom was therefore called the "Fête aux Cornets"

Forensis Sometimes used for Feria, as Forensi III, Forensi V, namely, Tuesday, and Thursday

G

Gaudete in Domino The introit and name of the third Sunday in Advent.

Genethliacus dies Constantinopolitanæ Urbis The dedication of the city of Constantinople, the 11th of May Groul: The name given by Bede to the months of December and January, from Jule, or Christmas, occurring at this season Gulæ August August 1st, Lammas day

H

Hebdomada authentica Holy
Crucis week.
Diacænesima Th

week of revival In the Greek church, the first week of Easter duplex Isde Hebdo-

mada Trinitatis

week after the Ascension, in which the expectation of the descent of the Holy Ghost is commemorated

wcek Indulgentiæ The Holy

magna The Holy
week this term is also applied
to the week before Pentecost

ma. The fourth week of Lent, the week before Passion week

bcciuse the bells were not rung during the last three days

Penalis, Penosa La Semaint Peincuse Holy wick fore Easter, and also that which precedes Penterost

Trinitatis The week after Trinity Sunday, also called Hebdomada duplex, because it is likewise the week of the first

Sunday after Pentecost

Hebdomadæ Græcz Ihe weeks of the Greeks like ours, contain seven days, but with this differ-ence, that the Sunday is often the last day of their, whilst it is the first of our, week Their week does not always take its name from the Sunday which precedes it, but, at certain periods of the year, from that which follows thus, the first week of I ent in the Greck Calendar is that which precedes the first Sunday of Lent, wherein occurs our Ash Wed-Passion week is that nesday Passion week is that which follows Passion Sunday, Palm week precedes Palm Sun day, the week following is not, however, styled by the Grecks Easter week, but, as with us, Holy week Thus it appears that the quadragesimal weeks of the Greeks do not answer to

those of the Latins, although in number they correspond precisely The weeks between with ours Fister and Pentecost do rot take their names from the Sundays by which they are terminated for instuce, the week after the octave of Easter is called by the Greeks, is with us, the second wick after I aster, but the sun-day following, which is our second Sunday after Easter, is their third, and so the others, reckoning seven Sundays be tween Laster and Pentecost, that of Fister included, and as many weeks. After Penticost they again begin to reckon Sunday as the last day of the week Nevertheless the Greeks have, with great inconsistency, always like ourselves called Monday the second day of the week, Tue day the third, &c

Huitu ve Octave

Hypapanti, Hypante, Hypantæ, from the Greek Yxaravn an Litin Occursus, in I rene! Rencontre The feast of the presentition of our Saviour in the Temple, where he met Simeen and Anna the Prophetes "1 estum S Simconis Candelariæ, "5 Marra Candel Iria," "Candelosa," "Candelosa," "Candelarum," "1 u-minum" Cande mas, commonly, the Purification of the Holy Virgin, celebrated on the 2nd of I chruary

1

In excelso throno The introit and name of the first Sunday atter the Epiphany

In voluntate tua The introit and name of the twenty first Sunday after Penticost

The introit Inclina aurem tuam and name of the fifteenth Sunday atter Penticost

Indictum The festival of L'endit. when scholars paid their teachers' fees, &c, established at St Denis, in Trance, by Charles the Bald It formerly commenced on Wednesday, in the second week of June According to Roquefort (in voce Landio), it was held on Wednesday before

the feast of St Barnabas, the 11th of June Pope Urban II being at Angers, in 1096, also established a "Lendit ' for the anniversary of his dedication of the church of St Nicolis on Septuagesima Sunday, which fell on the 10th of I ebruary in that

Introitus Noæ in Arcam The 17th of March

Inventio sanctæ Crucis Latin church, the 3rd of May. amongst the Greeks of the mid dle age, the 6th of March (recks now celebrate this feast with that of the Lxaltation of the Holy (ross

Invocavit me The introit and name of the first Sunday in Lent

Isti sunt dies Passion Sunday, so called from the response of the procession

J

Jean (S) Décollé The Decollation of St John the Bap

The holy days of Jenurales Dies fisting as Jejunium Quidrigesi male, the Lenten fast, Rejunium Paschile the Pischal fist, &c Jejunia bannita. The great and

intense fasts occurring after those sundays in which "Salus et mi sericordia" is sung temporalia. The period of

the observance of the lour Sca sons

Jejunn (Caput) Ash Wednesdav

Jejunium Dispensationis The eve of the days of celebrating great and solumn fasts

- Vernale, Æstivale, Au tumnale, et Hicinale seu Jejumum primi, quarti septimi, ct decimi mensis The Quatuor Iempora," or Ember days The Limber days at the "feur acdsons' are the Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday of the first week in Lent*, of Whitsun-week, of the third week in Sep tember or after Holy Rood day, the 14th of September, and of the third week in Advent, or

^{* &}quot;Die Sabbiti quatuor temporum, prima Septimana Quadragesime, videlicet, tercio die mensis Martii, vino Domini meccexxxv" (Midox s Formulare Auglicanum, p 17) Ihar is, Saturday, 3rd March, 183-6

after St. Lucy's day, the 13th of December If the 14th of September and the 15th of December fall on a Wednesday, then the Ember days commence on the Wednesday next following 1 tde Fmber days, p 146 postea

lude Fmber days, p 146 postea
Jeudi, le grand leudi, le Jeudi
Saint, le Ludi absolu, called also
le Jeudi blinc, because on this
Thursday white breid was distributed to the poor, after washing their feet. Maunday Thursday. Vide Absolutionis dies

Jeudi, magnificet, or the Thursday of Mid I cut, so called in Picardy from the first word of the Collect

Joannes (S) Albus The feast of St John the Baptist on the 24th of June

Jouler monath December, so cilled by the Swedes, from the feast of the Nativity

Jour du Jeune, of the reformed church of Switzerland, is the 7th of September

de pain perdu Shrove

des Roys The Epiphany
du Saint Sacrament Corpus
Christi day

Jours nataux The chief feasts of

the year Vide Natales

les bons The holydays of
Christmas or of any other great

festival

de Communion (not Jours
de Citc), according to the I rench
church of Bask are the first
Sundays of February, August,
and September

____ des quatre temps The Ember days

de Roneysouns or Roissons.

Rogation days

les trois de tenebres The
three days next before Easter
day

Jours Vide Dies

Jubilate, omnis terra The introit and name of the third Sunday after Laster Judion me The introit and name

Judica me The introit and name of Passion Sunday

Jugement dernier The Monday of the first week in Lent

of the first week in Lent Juignet. Sometimes used for

Juilet, July
Justus es, Domine The introit
and name of the seventeenth
Sunday after Pentecost

K.

Kalendæ, dies Calendarum, or Kalendarum I he day of the Calenda I his is commonly the first day of the month, and sometimes the first day of the month preceding, on which day the Calends of the month following began to be reckoned **I'de** pages 4 9½, and 93 ** antea**

kalenda, or Festum Kalendarum A ridiculous and profune festivid, for a long period celebrated at Rome and elsewhere on the 1 t of January, which the church, with much difficulty, abolished

L

La Femme adultère The Saturday of the third week in I cut Latare, or Latire Hicrosolem

Latare, or Lattre Hicrusalem
The introd and name of the
fourth Sunday of Lent

Lardarium I uesd y before Ash Wednesday, so culled in I imosin, in the twelfth century L'Entant prodigue I he Siturday

L'Entant prodigue The Siturday of the second week in Lent Le Lazare The Friday in the

Le Lazare The Fridiy in the fourth week of Lent
Lent I I de Caresme Carnipri-

vium, &c. p. 117
I ex Moysi dataest The 15th of May
Latania, Littiniae This word is
often contounded with the Rogitions, because the Littines are
sung, in the processions of the
Rogations To distinguish the
Latanics of St Mark's day, the
25th of April, from the Latanics
of the Rogations, the former have
been frequently designated "I
tania major," or "Litania Romann," and the latter, "Litania
minor," or "I itania Gallicana"
Vide (rox noires

Lundi, le grand Lundi, the Great Monday or Holy Monday Monday in Passion week

M

Malade de 38 ans The Friday of the first week, or of the Ember weeks of Lent

Mardi, le grand Mardi, Holy Fuesday Tuesday in Lassion week

S Maria ad Nives The 5th of August Fide Festum Mariæ de Nive Martinus Calidus St Martin

Bouillant The 4th of July, the day of his translation All Saints' Martror, 1 e. martyrs

day, so called in charters in I anguedoc

Marzache The Annunciation, the 2 st's of March, so called from this festival occurring in that month

Le mauy us Riche The Thursday of the second week of Lent

Memento met Formerly the introit of the fourth Sunday of Advent The introit of that Sunday is now " Rorate Cœli '

Mense Lide p 103

Mensis intrins, introiens The first six days of the months of thirtyone days, and the first five days of the months of thirty days, tl s, "Die are intrante Maio," would be the 14th of May *

Mensis exicus, istans, stins, re-stins. The list five days of a month, reckoned in retrograde order thus, Actum tertia die exeunte mense Septembris would be the 25th of that month. beginning with the last day, thus, the 30th one 29th two, 28th three, 27th four, &c but I crtia die exeunte Octobris would be the 29th, as that month contains thirty one days *

- familis Hay month July - imbrium Showery month. Apul

- magnus The great mouth. 1 c June, so called because it contains the longest days

- messionum Havest month, August

novarum, or imbrium. April

- Paschæ The mouth of Laster, the Omnzane of Laster called becaue the feast of the Purification, the and of I ebruary, occurs in it

With the Romans and with the French, in the tenth century, Jinuary and Lebruary

Mercical des Traditions Wednesday of the third week of Lint

- ens oucien kesms bably en our ant Karesme, or commencement of Lent, Ash Wednesd ay

-, le Grand Mercredi, Holy

Wednesday Wednesday in Pas sion week

Mercoris dies Wednesday the week of Mid-Lent, which is their fourth quadragesimal Mesonisteme week

Mesopentecosts. The name g ven by the Greeks to the eight days which commence on Wednesd iv of the fourth week after Laster, and end on the Wednesday of the week tollowing

Miscrere mei, Domine The introit and name of the sixteenth Sun-

day after Pentecost

Miscricordia Domini The introit and name of the second Sunday after Eister

Missa. The feast day of a saint as "Missa Sancti Joannis,' for "I estum Sincti Joannis"

Missa Domini, Alleluia, Alleluia, Alleluia, Alleluia The Sunday of Quasimodo

N

Natale, or Nativitas Domini both of our I ord, the 25th of December, Festorum omnum Metropolis, says St John of Chrysostom

merly celebrated in the church on the 1st of January, the most ancient of all the feasts of the Virgin

S Petri in Cathedra char of St Peter, celebrated at Rome on the 18th of January and at Antioch on the 22nd of

I cbruary

Natalis, or Natalis dies

Inc day of the martyrdom or or the deith of a sunt, but more particularly the former The day of the death of a sunt, not being a martyr, is commonly called "Depositio," or the Deposition of a Saint

Natiles The chief feasts of t'e year - Christmas, I ister Pentecost, and All Saints, sometimes termed "Jours nataux" atalis "The anniversary of the

Natalis div of the accession of a distinguished personage to he dignity, as the day when the pope or king ascended the throne

- Calicis Holy Thursday - S Joannis Biptistæ The

feast of the Dicollation of St John the Baptist, the 29th of August, as contradistinguished from "Nativitas," the day of his hirth

Natalis S Mariæ ad Martyres, or Dedicatio Leclesia B Mariæ ad Martyres The 13th of May, the day whereon Pope Boniface IV converted the l'antheon of Rome into a church

Reliquiarum The day of the Translation of the Reliques of a Saint

Notre Dame l'Angévine, or Sep-tembréche The Nativity of the Virgin, so called in Anjou

- Chase Mars, or Notre Dame Mars * The feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgın, or I ady Dav

Notre Dame de Pitié In many churches, the Friday before Palm Sunday Vide Compussion Demi-Août 7 he

feast of the Assumption - aux Marteaux The

teast of the Annunciation Nouvel Caresmo + Quinquagesima

Sunday Nox The space of twenty-four hours reckoned from one sunsct to another According to Julius Casar and Tuitus, it was the custom of the Gauls and Germans to divide time by the number of The Tranks, Anglo-and Northern nations nights Saxons, and Northern nations adopted the same mode, which prevailed in some places in France so late as the twelfth century, and does still in Italy and the Last

- sacrata Easter eve

O Sapientia The 16th of December

Octava Infantium The Sunday in the octave of Laster, so called by St Augustin

Octave du Grand Carcme hably Easter week

Octogesima, is used for Septurgesima in an ancient Chronicle of Normandy "Anno MCII Ypapente et Octogesima codem die

Ocuh The introit and name of the third Sunday of Lent Oleries

The anthems beginning

with O, which are sung at vespers on the seven last days of Advent, but not including Christ mas Ive "Le Dimanche dernier des Oleries de devant Noel" occurs in a charter cited by Ducange

Olympias Vide Olympiads, in p 1 antea

Omnes gentes The introit and name of the seventh Sunday after Pentecost

Omma quæ fecisti The introit and name of the twentieth Sundıy after Pentecost

Omnis terra The introit and name of the second Sunday after the Lpiphany Osanna, Palm Sunday

Ottombre, is sometimes used for "Octobre"

P

Pains "Le dimanche des cinq pains " I ent The fourth Sunday of

Palma or Palmarum dies Palm Sunday

Paque communiant, Paque escommunichant, or Paques commu-niaux Faster Sunday An ancient receipt cited by Ducange, is dated "Du deux Apal, nuit de Paque Communiant avant le cierge beni," and Monstrelet commences his Chronicle, "Au jour de Pasques Communiant l'an de grace 1400 " It likewise means the quinzaine of Faster A letter in 139 is dated "Mardi après la quinzaine de Pasques Communiant, and another in 1:90. "Ic Lundi de Pasques Commu mant '

Faster day, be-- charneux cause meat is then again caten Neves The day on which

the new year was begun at Neves, namely, after the benediction of the Paschal candle

de Nocl Christmas day formerly called Paque without any addition, and distinguished from the teast of the Resurrection by the latter being called "Les grandes Paques" The expres-sions, "Paque de Noel," and sions, "Paque de Noel," and "Paque de la Résurrection," are, or were till lately, still used at Rome It was common in France,

Proceedings of the Privy Council vol i p 66. + Ibid vol ii, p 196

to say, "Faire ses Paques," to indicate that a person receives the communion at one of the great feasts of the year

Parasceve, from the Greek sagaoration, reparation Holy Friday, i e Good Friday, but sometimes used for the Friday of each week

Pascha Commonly Easterday, and sometimes Easter week, as 'Paschalis dies' In some countries, especially in Italy and Spain, the term is occasionally applied to other feasts than Easter, the name of the feast being usually added, as "Pascha Penticostes," for Pentecost, "Pascha Epiphania," or "Pascha Epiphaniania," or "Pascha Epiphaniania," or "Pascha Epiphaniania," or the Epiphany, &c.

annotinum The anniversary of the Laster of the preceding year, which was still celebrated in the church of Cambray in the last century

ter, the Sunday of the octave, or the "Quasimodo," "Cluse de Pasche"

Pascha Competentium | Palm | Florum, Floridum | Sunday | medium | The Wednesday in the octave of Faster

petitum Palm Sunday
primum The 22nd of March,
so called because Easter may
happen on that day, and cannot
occur earlier

Rosarum Pentecost, at which time roses are in flower Pastor bonus The second Sunday

after Easter, the Gospel for which day begins, "Lgo sum Pastor bonus"

Pausatio S Mariæ The Assumption of Our Lady, the 15th of August

La Pécheresse pénitente Th Thursday of Passion week

Pentecoste This term sometimes, and chiefly in the Greek church, signifies all the Paschal season, from Easter until Pentecost

church, the Wednesday in the week of Pentecost

Penthesis One of the names formerly given by the Greeks to the feast of Purification

S. Petrus in Guia Augusti, also called S Pierre Angoul-Aout, and Angel-Août The 1st of August In this country, this day is called Lammas day

Populus Sion. The introit and

name of the second Sunday of Advent

Præsentatio D N J C The Presentation of our Lord at the Iemple the 2nd of February Vide Hypap inti

Privic irnium Sacerdotum Septua gesima Sunday Vide Cirniprivium

Prosphonesime The name given by the Greeks to Septuagesima week

Protector noster The introit and name of the fourteenth Sunday after Pentecost

Puerpirium The feast of the Childbed of the Blessed Virgin, the 26th of December among the Greeks and Muscovites

Purificatio B Marie The feast of the Purification the 2nd of February Fide Hypapanti

Q

Quadragesma I ent Thusterm, taken literally, signifies the forty fast days which precede laster, sometimes termed "Quadragesma major," the great Lent but formerly several I ents were annually observed, viz in the Latin church, first, the Lent of I aster, for lorty days before Easter day, secondly the Lent of Pentecost, for forty days after the day of Pentecost, and, thirdly, the Lent of Christmas, for forty days before the Nativity of our Lord Tothe elections for forty days before the Nativity of our Lord Tothe elections the Greeks added those of the Apostless St Peter and St Paul, and of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin The Jacobites, also, observed a sixth Lent, which they termed that of the Ninevites

Quadragesina intrans, Quaresmentrant The commencement of Lent it also means the first Sunday in Lent

Quadragesima pura Vide Clean

Quadraginta, or Dominica, "Quadraginta, Quinquagesima Sunday, also called, from the first response in the Mitins, "Quadraginta dies et noctes," &c

Quadringesima, used for Quadragesima

Quasimodo The introit and name of the first Sunday after Easter, which is that of the octave

Quatuor Temporum Vide Jeju-

Quindana, Quindena, Quinquenna Quindena Paschæ The Quin Quindena Paschæ The Quin zaine of Easter In England the fourteenth day after Easter, but elsewhere the eight days preced-ing, and the eight days following

Easter day *

Pentecostes. The Quinzaine of Pentecost, which begin at Pentecost. Thus, "Dominica in Quindena Pentecostes," is the second Sunday after Pentecost The terms 'Quindena Nativita-tis," "Quindena Purificationis,' "Quindena sancti Joannis Baptistæ," " Quindena sancti Michaelis, &c., also occur, all of which quinzaines commence on the feast day itself Vide p 100 antea, and "Tres Septimana"

Quinquagesima Commonly Quinquagesima Sunday, and some times the Easter season, which is fifty days, from Faster to Pente-cost, and sometimes the day of Pentecost itself, which is the hitieth

Quinque Vide p 103

Quintana, the Quintaine The first Sunday of Lent, and not Quin quagesima Sunday, as stated by Ducange

Quintilis mensis. The name given to the month of July, before Mark Antony conferred upon it that of Juhus Casar

amispalma Palm Sunday ccapitulatio Dionisii The Christian era, so called because it was first used by Dionisius Exiguus, or Denis le Petit Vide p 3 antea

Reddite quæ sunt Cæsaris Cæsari The 22nd Sunday after Pentecost, so called by historians who were contemporary with the battle of Weissemberg, near Prague, fought on the 8th of November, 1610, "the Sunday," say they, " on which the church sings Reddite," &c

Relatio pucri Jesu de Ægypto. The 7th of January Reminiscere The introit and name

of the second Sunday of Lent Resaille-mois The mon 18 of June

and July Respice, Domine The introit and

name of the thirteenth Sunday

after Pentecost.
Revelation of St Michael (the day of) I he 8th of May

Le Roi des Dimanches Trinity Sunday

Rorate Cœli orate Cœli Now the introit and name of the fourth Sunday of Advent, this introit was formerly "Memento mei"

Rosæ Dominica The fourth Sunday of Lent; and the Sunday in the octave of the Ascension Vide Dominica Rosse

S

Sabbatum Usually Saturday, or sometimes the whole week hence "una," or "prima Sabbati," for the first day of the week, that is, Sunday, "secunda Sabbati," for Monday, &c

Acathisti A name given by the Greeks to the Saturday of the fifth week of Lent

- in Albis The Saturday before the first Sunday after Easter

duodecim lectionum The four Saturdays of Ember weeks

Holy Saturday, - Alleluia - Luminum ı. e the Magnum Saturday - Sanctum before Lasterday

quatuor temporum Vide Jejunium. The Saturday - vacans

before Palm Sunday Salus Populi The introit and name of the nineteenth Sunday after Pentecost

La Samaritaine The Friday of Mid Lent, or of the third week of Lent

Samedi Saint Easter Eve

Scrutinii dies Vide Dies Septimana. The week Vide Heb-

The week - communis which commences on the Sunday after the feast of St Michael, in September

– media jejuniorum Paschalium, The third week of Lent. This week must not be confounded with "Hebdomada mediana Quadragesimæ," which is the fourth week of Lent

Septimana poinosa. Passion week, the Holy week

Septuagesima, is the ninth Sunday, and not the seventieth day before Easter, as it has been commonly considered because the sixth Sunday before this great festival, which is the first of Lent, was named quadragesima, the three Sundays preceding were styled Quinquagesima, Sexagesima, and Septuagesima.

Seval July The name applied Sextilis mensis to the month of August, before Augustus conferred upon it his

Si iniquitates The introit and name of the 22nd Sunday after Pentecost

Sicut oculi servorum The introit of the Monday after the first Sunday of Lent

Solemnitas Solemnitatum. Easter Day

Somertas, or Sonmartras times used for June Surveille The day before the eve

of a testival Suscepimus, Deus The introit and

name of the eighth Sunday after Pentecost. Susceptio sanctæ Crucis

usceptio sanctæ Crucis The sus-ception of the Holy Cross at Paris, the first Sunday of August.

т

Tessaracoste The name given by the Greeks to Lent Tetrada The fourth day of the

week, Wednesday

Theophania. The feasts of Christ mas and of the Epiphany, which were confounded during the earher ages, in the East, and were celebrated together on the 6th of January Vide Epiphany
Thor-moneth, or Moon of Thor

A term applied by the Swedes to the month of January, and by the Danes to March, from the name of a feast which they celebrated during the time of Paganism

Des Traditions The Wednesday of the third week of Lant, because the Gospel of that day speaks o

the false traditions from the Jews. which the disciples of our Lord did not observe

Transfigurationis Dominica second Sunday of Lent, because the Gospel of the Transfiguration of our Lord is recited on that day

- Festum The I ransfiguration of our Lord, the

6th of August
Translatio Episcoporum Dunelm
I he 3rd of June

Tres Septimanæ Paschales three weeks commencing on three weeks community tres Laster day *, the terms, "tres Septimanse Pentecostes," "tres Nativitatis," "tres Septimana S Joannis Baptist," have a similar signification. The cause of these terms is, that in many places the great festivals had three consecutive octaves, whilst in others they had only two, which were described by the word "quindena' I his explains why, in ancient charters and Chronicles, octavæ occurs more commonly than octava Termotor The name given by the

Greeks to the Sunday before Septuagesima, because they began that day with the grand hymn called Igradier, which

lasted until Easter

Vendredi, Saint Good Friday Verdi aore, for Vendredi adore Good Friday, so called formerly by the multitude, on account of the worship of the cross

La Veuve de Naim The Thursday

of the fourth week of Lent Vigilia Horemii The eve of St

Laurence, or the 9th of August es Vignerons The Friday of the Les Vignerons

second week of Lent. Virginis partus of the Virgin The parturition "Anno à Vir-

gineo partu, 1576." † Vocem jucunditatis The introit and name of the fifth Sunday after Easter

w

Witave, and Witive Octave

Vide p. 103

⁺ Date of " A Panoplie of Eputles, or a Looking Glasse for the Unlearned." 4to 1576.

ALPHABETICAL CALENDAR

OF

SAINTS',

AND OF OTHER FESTIVALS, ETC,

SHOWING THE DAYS ON WHICH THEY OCCUR

41	
AARON, abbot Aaron and Julius Abban, abbot in Ireland Abbenus, hermit Abbon, abbot, mar- tyred Abdas, bishop Abdesus, or Hebed jesus, bishop Abdon and Sennes, marityrs	May 13 Nov 13 May 16 May 16. July 30
Abraames	Feb 14
Abraamius, bishop of	,
Abraham, hermit -	March 15
-, abbot -	June 15
and St. Simeon	
Abrosimus and St Sina	Nov 10
Acarius, bishop, died -	Nov 27
Acca, bishop and con fessor	Feb 19
Acepsimus, bishop -	March 14.
Achart or Asonud on I	Sept. 15
Achates Acacius, call-	•
	March 31
Achileus, and others, martyrs	May 12.
Acius and Acheolus, in French Ach and Acheul, martyrs	May 1
Adalbert	June 25
Adalbert, bishop, apo-7	unic 23
stle in Prussia, mar-	Aprıl 23.

Adam, the creation of Adaman, confessor - March 16 confissor and Sept 2 Adamman, abbot Adauctus and St Felix Adela - Sept 23 Aug 30 Sept 8
burga, or Edeburga Adelarde, the happy, empress and queen of italy, died —, or Alice Adelard, or Alard, ab bot, died Adelbert, abbot, died June 20
Adhelm Vide Aldhelm Adian, bishop of Mayo Adjutor, or Ajutro, monk, died Ado bishop, died Adi san, abbot Adrian, martyr June 25 April 30 Dec 16. Sept 8 L
Adg 26 G , and Fubulus - March 5 , bushop of St Andrew's, and martyr ADVENT SUNDAY, the nearest Sunday to the feast of St Andrew, whether before or after Vide the
Table of Moveable Feasts, page 79 Aed, inshop of Kildare, died Adeasus Adams, king and martyr Act 10 April 8, Adams, king and martyr

Elf heahi, archbishop, passon of Bired, abbot S. Castus Engus, bishop in Ire-land abbot S. Engus, bishop in Ire-land abbot S. Engus, bishop in Ire-land abbot S. Engus, bishop in Ire-land abbot S. Engus, bishop in Ire-land abbot Afra, martyred, with his mother and three Servants Afrique, or Efrique, called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called also St Frie Feb 8 and Bante-Frique Jan 15 called Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan 21 chief Jan		•
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cus, and Aguricus, Dec 1 bishop, deposition of 5 May 20		Aldhalm on Adhalm 3
tus, and inguitous, Piet I transp, deposition of J		hebon denosition of May 25
transaction of march 51		manup, acposition of 3
	- J	, trunsition dy March 31

a "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," but Butler states that the feast of St Agapa and her asters is on the third of April 4 "Writyn on I wysday after Seynt Agues the First" Paston Letters, iv 422 § Cotton M9 Claudius, D vi, and Bib Reg 14 C 7 § Bib Reg 14 C 7

Aldegondes, virgin, Jan 30	Alric, confessor and Aug 2
Aldric, or Audri, abbot June 6 + Oct 10 +	Altho, abbot - Sept 5 Alured, or Alred, abbot Jan 12
Aldric, bishop, died - Jan 7	and confessor . Jan 12
Aleaume, Llesme, or Jan 30 Adelm, monk, died	Amable or Amabilis Nov 1
	nicomagensis, died -)
Alexander, died - Jan 15 Alexander, confessor - Aug 16	Amalberge, widow - July 10.
- May 3	Amand, bishop and)
Alexandria of Feb 26	confessor, translation Oct. 26 §
Alexander hishon of	Amandus, bishop of June 18.
Comana 5 Aug 11	1 200101602
Yourselves, bishop of Mar 18 L	Amandus and Vedas- Feb 6
Jerus ilem S Dec 22 G and St Lpi- April 22	tus, bishops - Nov 4
podius - April 22.	Amarand, or Ama- Nov 7
obus % St. Epima Dec 12	Ameter or Ametro 3
Alexander, St Sisinnius May 29	Amator, or Amatre, May 1
and be manerinas	Amatus, bishop, and Sent. 13
Alexandria, martyrs to Feb 28	7 marus, abbot
Clube 17 T	Ambrosius bishop of April 4 Milan, and contessor Dec 7 R
Mar 17 G	Ambrosius, bishop of Oct 16
Alfred, king, deposition Oct 28	Canors
Alfrida, or Etheldritha Aug 2	abbot, died July 18.
Alfstan highon and)	Amé, or Amatus, abbot April 28.
confessor 5 2 pm o.	Ammon, hermit, died Oct. 4
Alfwold, bp and conf March 26	Ammon, hermit, died Oct. 4 Amour - Oct 8
martyr Sept 25	Amphibalus, bishop June 25.
Alice - Aug 24	
Alice, or Adelaide, em Dec 16	C.July 13
, virgin and abbess Feb 5	Allacicius, pope -) Anr 06 D
Alipius - Aug 15	Anastasia, a Persian Jan 22
Alirius, or Illidius, June 5	,'three, name
ALL HAILOWS OF ALL Nov. 1	ly, the Smarte, I the (April 01
DAINIS DAY -)	patriaren, and the
ALL Souls' Day - Nov 2 Almachus Jan 1	younger)
Almedha, virgin and) Aug 1	Anastata, marryr - Dec 22 G
Martyr - SAUS 1 Alnoth, hermit and Feb 27 or	silissa, and St Ba- April 15
martyr - Nov 25 ‡	Anastatius, pope April 27
Aloysius, or Lewis 7 Tune 01	Andeolus, martyr - May 1
Gonzaga Sune 21	Andochius, martyr - Sept 24
Alphæus Zachæus,&c Nov 18.	Andomar, bishop - Sept. 9 ANDREW THE APOSILE NOV SO
Alphege, archbishop	translation May 0
ana martyr 1 1	<i>w</i>
Alphege, translation of June 8 ordination of Nov 16	Andrew, deacon - Aug 22. St Peter, and May 15
Alphonaus Vide St	
Ildephonso	Avellino Nov 10 Corsini Feb 4.
archbishop of Lima March 23	of Crete Oct. 17

^{*} By the church of Sens
1 Vide Butler's Lives of the Saints.

[†] Elsewhere † Cotton MS. Vespasian, A IX

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Angadrema, or Anga- Oct 14	Apian April 2
	Anglemana herhom and)
translation { March 27	martyr - Sury 25
01)	, martyr Oct 5
Angels, the Holy Guar- Oct 2 L	Apollmans the apolo
dian Nov 8 G	gist, bishop of Hiera Jan 8
Angelus - May 5 Angilbert, or Engel-)	Sidonus)
bert, or Englevert, Feb 18	bishop Aug 23
abbot, died	Apolio - Jan 25
Angulus, or Augulus, Feb 7	Apollonia of Apolynet, Feb 9
bishop and martyr - 5 100	virgin and martyr 5 100 5
Anian Vide Agnan	Apollonius, Philemon, March 8
Anianus, bishop of April 25	ac, martyrs
Alexanuria -)	Apostles the separa July 15
Anicetus, bishop - April 17 Annania Azaria, Misa-7 Dog 16	Appia and St. Phile-
hel, martyrs Dec 16	mon - Nov 20
ANNE MOTHER OF THE July 26 *	Anollonus Anril 18
HOLY VIRGIN - July 25 G	Apuleius and St Mar- Oct 7
Anno archbishop, died Dec 4	ر ا
ANNUNCIATION OF THE March 25	Aquilon, bishop Oct 19
DLESSLD VIRGIN -)	Aquinas, I'homas - March 7
Ansbert, archbishop, Feb 9	Arbogastus, bishop - July 21 Arcadius Jan 12
Anscharius, monk and Fob 2	Arcadius - Jan 12 Archelaus, bishop - Dec 26
archbishop, died . Feb 3	Am hihald abbot and I
Anselm, bishop, died - March 18	confessor - March 27
Anselm, archbishop of	Aredius Vide St Yriez
Canterbury and con- } April 21	Areg, Aregius, or Ari Aug 16
fissor)	aide organopor wevers 3
, archhishop and } July 3	Ariald, martyr, mar- June 28
Anterus, pope Jan 3	Ariga, Areg, Arigius,
Anthelm, bishop, died June 26	or Aredius, bishop of May 1
Anthimos hishon and)	Gap, died -
martyr - April 27	Avetchalas hebon and 1
Anthony, St John, and Apral 14	martyr March 15
St Lustachius - 5 11 plan 14	Arkenwald Vide Er-
, monk, died - Dec 28	kenwald
Cauleas Feb 12	Armagil, confessor - Aug 16
Anthony, abbot and Jan 17	Armogastes, St. Archi- mmus and St Satutus March 29
- , martyr - May 11	Arnold, bishop - April 17
-, of the order \ June 13	Armold bushon of Clan)
of Friars Minors - Mar 28 P	died - Sept. 19
Antiochus and Eleuthe- April 18	Arnoul, bishop of Sols- Aug 15
7,000	Bons, alea -
Antipas - April 11	Arnulph, bishop and July 18
Antonina, virgin and Jan 15	marry
martyr - 5 am 10 Antoninus, martyr - Sept 2	, bishop - Aug 16
or Anthony May 2 R.	hermit confessor and Aug 22
the I ess - May 10 P	Arsenius, abbot - July 19
Anysia - Dec 30	Artemus Oct 90
Aper, bishop Sept 15	Arwald, king, brothers Aug 21.
Aphraates April 7	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
4phrodosius, bishop and March 22	Asaph, bishop and con- May 1
martyr 5 March 22	fessor 5 may 1

^{*} As another feast occurred on that day, the feast of St Anne was celebrated at Paris, Beauvais, and in other places, on the 28th of July † "On Saint Apolyne day, the ix day of February, McCCCHIEN XVIII &C Arundel MS No 26,

Ascension Day, or	Aurelius, bishop of July 20
HOLY THURSDAY, 18	
the Thursday in Ro	Austell (of Cornwall), Trinity
gation week Vide	nermit) Sunday
the Table of Move-	Ausonius, bishop May 22. &
able I easts, page 79	Came II
Ascolius, bishop - Dec 30	Austerius and Mau- March 3
Ash Wednesday is the	, /mas
first day in Lent Vide	Austin Vide Augustine Austreberta, virgin and abbess, died } Feb 10
the Moveable Feasts,	Austreberta, virgin and Feb 10
page 79	1 Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted A
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BLESSED VIRGIN . Aug 15.	lius, Outrille, bishop May 23.
Asterius, bishop - Oct 30	Austremonius, Stremo-
Astirius - March 3	nius, or Strimonius, Nov 1.
Athanasius, bishop and May 2	apostle and bishop
patriarch of Alex- Jan 18 G	, translation of Feb 1.
andria lunc 0 G	Austrudius or Austru-)
Attalus and St Blan- June 2.	dis, virgin and abbess } Oct 17
dina, &c of Lyons) Feb 14 G
, translation of - M 1y 2	Auxentius, hermit - Feb 15 R
Attracta, of Ireland - 1 cb 9) April 17 P.
Aubert, Audebertus Dec 13	Aventin, bishop - Feb 4
or Autpertus, bishop 3	Avertin - May 5 Avitus, Avit, or Avi, Alcimus Ecdicius Feb 5
Aubierga, abbess Vide	Avitus, Avit, or Avi,
Edilburge	Alcimus Eddicius Feb 5
Aubin, or Albinus, bi- March 1	Avitus, alea -3
anop, area	, or Avi abbot - June 17
Audactus and Felix, Aug 30	Avoice or Hedwiges, Oct. 17
Martyrs Nov 18	Aubort priest died April 7
Audex, virgin - Nov 18 Audifax - Jan 19	Aydo, abbot and con- Feb 28.
Andreas on Organ by	fessor - { Feb 28.
shop and confessor - Aug 24	Avou or Aygulfus, ab- Sept 3.
Audomar, bishop Sept 9	bot and martyr - Sept 3.
Andrew or St Tthel 3	Azades, Arba, and
dreda - June 23.	others, martyrs in April 22.
Augentius Feb 14	Persia)
Augulus, Augustus, or Feb 7	Azaria, Annania, and Dog 16
Aute, dishop	Azaria, Annania, and Misahel, martyrs - Dec 16.
Augustin, bishop of Aug 28	
rappo neglus, ulcu	
Augus'ın, bishop - 1 eb 27	B.
duston, bishop and Aug 28	
AUGUSTINE THE APOS	Babile - June 14+
men on backsatts	Babile - June 14† Babilius, or Babylas, Jan 24
ARCHBISHOP OF CAN May 26	bishop Sept. 4 G
TERBURY)	Babolein, or Babolenus, June 26
, conversion of May 5	abbot June 26
(Sept 6 or	Bademus, abbot - April 10
, translation of \{ \begin{array}{ll} Sept & 6 \\ 13 & \text{*} \end{array} \]	Rain behan of To 3
Assessment Out 7	rouenne _ { June 20
Aunarius, or Anacha- rius, bishop, died - Sept 25	Baldred, priest and Manch 00
rius, bishop, died - 5 rept 25	confessor - March 29.
	Baldrede, bishop of
Aurehan, archbishop, June 16	(rlasgow, and con- March 6.
died 5 dine 10	fessor)

^{*} Arundel MS 1.5 in Brit Mus † Cottonian MS Domitian, A xvii, a Psalter which belonged to King Richard II

Banceust - Jan 90 * Barachsuus - March 29 Baradat, hermit - I eb 22 Barba - Dec 16 * Barba Para, virgin and martyr - Sec 1 Jan 14 Barba Para, virgin and martyr - Nov 19 Barbandam - Nov 19 Barbandam - Nov 19 Barbandam - Nov 19 Barbandam - Nov 19 Barbandam - Nov 19 Barbandam - Nov 19 Barnard, Bernhart, or Barra, archbishop, Jan 22 died - Barr, or Finbarr, billogard, and solution of Barsaninghus - Feb 6 Barsaninghus - Feb 6 Barsaninghus - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 14 Barratuc confessor - Sept 27 Barsaninghus - Feb 6 Barsingeus - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 14 Barratuc confessor - Sept 27 Barsaninghus - Feb 6 Barsingeus - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 30 others - Jan 4 Becath - May 8 † Beath - May 8 † Beath - May 8 † Beath - May 8 † Beath - May 8 † Beath - July 99 Becatr, abbot and 3 April 5 Becat, nabot and 4 April 5 Becat, beath - May 25 Becan, abbot and 4 Federita, abbot and 4 April 6 Becan, abbot of Abr 1 Becan, abbot and 5 Becan, abbot and 4 Federita, abbot of Ann 4 Beag, or Beacle, argan decided - May 25 Beag, virgin - May 27 Benedecid - May 27 Benedecid - May 27 Benedecid - May 27 Benedecid - May 27 Benedecid - May 27 Benedecid - May 27 Benedecid - May 21 II, pope - Jul 7 Enemetic, abbot of Ann 1 12 III, pope - Jul 7 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 III, pope - Jul 7 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Benedecid - May 21 Ben		
Barachisius — March 29 Barbardat, hermit — I eb 22 Barba — Dic 16 * Beath — May 8 † Beath — July 29 Barbarda, virgin and martyr — Barbaseeminus, &c martyr — Barbaseeminus, &c lain 14 martyrs — Barbaseeminus, &c lain 14 martyrs — Barbaseus, or Barbas } feb 19 bishop — Nov 19 Barbard, Bernhart, or Barnard, Bernhart, or Barnard, Bernhart, or Barrard, Bernhart, or Barrar, archbishop, Jan 22 flered — May 10 Barrard, Bernhart, or Barrard, Bernhart, or Barrard, archbishop, Jan 22 flered — May 10 Barr, or Finbarr, billowed — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Begatus, confessor — May 10 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept 6 Bega, or Bees — Sept	Banceust Jan 30 * 1	Bean, bishop and conf Dec 16
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dechilda, Bautour, Jan 30 or Baudour, queen ——————————————————————————————————		Dereinun, aooot ana May 15
or Baudour, queen of Feb 27 Baudille, or Baudele, May 20 martyr Bavo, or Bat, monk, Oc. 1 died confissor - March 9 Bernard, abbot - Aug 20 died		
Baudille, or Baudele, May 20 martyr Bavo, or Baf, monk, Oc. 1 Grand Feb 27 Bernach, confessor - March 9 Bernach, abbot - Aug 20 died - April 14		Dernacus, accor ana April 7
Baudille, or Baudele, May 20 martyr Bavo, or Baf, monk, Ocean died Bernard, abbot of Jiron, April 14	or Baudour, queen	Long(Stor
Bavo, or Baf, monk, Oct 1 died April 14	translation of Feb 27	
Bavo, or Baf, monk, Oct 1 died April 14	Baudille, or Baudele, May 90	Bernard, abbot - Aug 20
Bavo, or Bar, monk, Oct. 1 died translation of April 23		abbot of Jiron, (April 14
and others - 50001 , translation of April 23		died
		translation of April 23

^{*} Arundel MS 155 † Cotton MS Vespasiun, Aix.

Bernard de Menthon,7	Bossil, prior of Melross Feb 23
archdeacon and apos. } June 15	Borsil, abbot Dec 11
tle of the Alps 3	Borsaus, abbot and con } Jan 25
abbot of	Jessor 3
Clairvaux Aug 20	Bolcan - July 4
, bishop Vide	Bon, Bonet, Bonitus,
St Barnard	Bonus, Bonifacius or Jan 15
Bernard, monk - May 20	Eusebius, bishop, (and 15
, translation of May 17	died)
founder of the Olive- Aug 21	Bona, or Beuve, abbess April 24
founder of the Olive- \ Aug 21	Bonaventura, bishop - July 14
tans)	Boniface April 4 *
Bernardin of Sienna, May 20	B, bishop of Feb 19
alea	Lausanne died -)
Bernon, abbot, died - Jan 13	Poss, bishop of March 14
Bernward bishop - Nov 20	11065)
Berta, abbess, died - July 4.	(May14 R
Bertilla, virgin and Nov 5	, martyr -{ or May 8 *
appess, died)	(M ty 26 P
Bertin, abbot, died - Sept 5	, I, pope - Oct 25
translation of - July 16	pope - Dec 25
Bertine - Dec 23 *	Bonsface, a Scotsman, apostle in Germany, June 5
Boston on Bostule ob 3	histor and most time
Berton, or Bertulf, ab- Feb 5	bishop and mastyr -) Bonitus Jan 15
bot, died 5 Per Bertrand, bishop of 2 Oct 15	Ronorus and Maximi.
	han - Aug 21
Comminges - 5 to 15	Bontoul March 9 *
Mans, Dishop of July 3	Down Labor and see 3
Bettelin Sept 9	fessor - March 9
Reuna or Reunar)	Datalah alihat and san)
abbot of Clynnog - April 21	fessor - June 17
Rouse or Roya sh.)	December abbot and
bess - April 24	confessor in Scotland May 16
_ Jan 9 and	, translation of June 14
Deuvon, or Booon, or May 22 in	
Bovus - Lombardy	rigossa { March 26.
Dava sussess on Coat 5	Breaca, or Breague - June 4
land - Nov 1	Regogne beeken and
Bibiana, virgin and Dog o	confessor Aug 26
martyr { Dec 2	Bran, king and martyr March 12.
Binno April 21	Brice, or Bricius, bishop \ Nov 13
Birinus, first bishop of Dec 3	and confessor - 5 110 10
Dorchester 5 Dec 3	(Originally
, translation of - Sept 4.	Bridget - Octob 7.
Berstan, bishop and April 22	and now
conjessor	COct 8
Blaan, or Blane, bishop Aug 10	Bridget Feb 1
Blaimacus, martyr - Nov 28	Brieu, Briocus, Brio- April 29
Blasse, bishop of Se- Peb 3 L baste, and martyr - Peb 11 G	macide, of Vilonias 7 and 30
	cius
Blaithmaie - Jan 19	, translation of - May 1
Blanchar, Branchet, or 2 May 12 or	Brinstan, bishop of Nov 4.
# 1011011C0) OF # 01101000, []] #	windlester)
martyrJ	Brise - Aug 8 Brise - Nov 13.
Blandina - June 2	Resthandld heckon and]
Blane, or Blaan, bishop and confessor in Scot- Aug 10	Brithwald, bishop and Jan 9
land SAug 10	Restauold history and
Beecius, Anicius Man-)	Brithwold, bishop and Jan 22
hus I orquatus Seve Cct. 23	Bron john or Brononno 3
rinus Boetius, died -	abbess April 2
Document and -2	

Brothen Oct 15	Candlemas Day - Feb 2
Brothers, the Seven - July 10	Canicius, abbot and Cost 11
	confessor - Oct 11
Bruno founder of the Carthusian monks - Oct 6	Canoch, confessor and) Manab 10
Bruno, B, archbishop Oct 11	hermit - March 13.
of Cologne, died - Just 11	Canterbury, dedication May 4 *
highon of)	of the church of - \ May 4 "
Segm - July 18.	Cantius and Cantianus,
or Brun,	brothers, and Can- May 31
bishop and apostle in Oct 15	tianilla their sister
Prussia	Canute, king and mar- Jan 19
Brynach April 7	tyr } Jan 19
July 7	Canute, the younger - Jan 7
Buan - Aug 4	Caprais, abbot June 1
Burian - June 4	martyr - Oct 20
Bursana, virgin - June 19	Caradoc April 13
COct 14,	Carantoc, confessor - May 17
but for	Caraunus, also (aranus)
	and Caro (in French, May 28
Durkard, or Durchard, Germany.	Cheron)
bishop on Thurs-	Carda July 15
day after	Carle, or Carl Sunday,
St. Denia	the Fifth Sunday in
(24 = 244	Lent Vide the Tible
	of Moveable Feasts
C	Carloman, B, son of)
•	Carloman, B, son of Churles Martel duke Aug 17
Cadmarch Oct. 8	of the French, died
Cadoc, bishop and mar- 3 Jan 25	Carniprivium or Lent,
tyr Jan 25	Isde the Glossary,
Cadroc - March 6.	antea, page 117
Cadscus, or Cattwg - Jan 24.	Caron March 4
Cadvarch - Oct 24.	
Cadwallader Oct 9	Carpus, bishop, Papylus April 14
Caedwal - April 20	and Agathodorus - April 14
Cæsarius - Feb 25	Carthagh, or Mochadu, / Mar 14
highon of)	Carthagh, or Mochadu, May 14
Arles - Aug 27	Casimir, son of Casimir III, king of Po- March 4
martyr - Nov 1	mir III, king of Po- 5 March 4
Caian Sept 25	land, died
Cagnou, Chagnoaldus,	Cassian Aug 13.
Chainoildus, Cha-	, bishop - Aug 5 July 23 F
nuiphus, Agnoaldus, Sept 6	July 23 F
nulphus, Agnoaldus, Sept 6 and Hagnoaldus,) Fi b 29 (7
bushop, died - l	Cassuis, or Cassis, and
Cairlan, archbishop of March 24	6266 otner martyrs, > May 15
	ın Auvergne -)
Caius, or Gaius, pope, April 22	Castor, abbot Sept 20
died April 22	Castor, martyr - March 26.
Cajetan Aug 7	Castus and Æmilius - May 22
Calais, Calès, Carilefus,	Cataldus, bishop of May 10
or Karelefus, abbot, July 1	
died	Cathan - May 17
Calixius, pope and Oct. 14.	Catherine Vide Ka-
	therine
Caltry, Calcericus, and)	Ceadwald, king - April 20.
Chalactericus, bi Cct 8	Cecilius - June 3.
shop, died -)	Cecilia, virgin and Nov 22
Camillus de Lilus - July 14	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cammin, abbot - March 25	Cedde, St, bishop and Jan. 7
Candidus, martyr - Oct. 3	confessor 5
-, · ·	

Cedde, or Chad, bishop	Christian bishop and March 18.
of Lendesfarme and	confessor S Maich 16.
of Indusfarne and Lichfield, in Fng. March 2	Charaten a minera and i
Lichjein, in Fig. Match 2	
land, and of the	manyr
Merse, in Scotland -	abbase, vergen and Nov 24.
Cedmon, confessor - Feb 11	abbess Nov 24.
	Christina Oct 5
Celigna, Cœlinia, or Oct. 21	Christopher and Cucu- July 25
Cilinia virgin -5	phatus, martyrs - 3 May 9 G
Calass, healing and con-	Chrodegand Vide Crodegand
	Chromace, bishop - Dec 2.
fessor N 00	
Celynan - Nov 20	Chroniacus, St, con- Jan 4
Cenred and Offa, kings Oct. 20	fessor Juni 2
(- 16) - C - 16 on)	Chrysanta and St)
Confrae, Ceogray, or Sept 25	Daria, virgins and Oct 25
Ceufrei 3	
Ceonwulf, king and Jan 15	martyrs)
confessor 3	Chrysogonus, priest Nov 24
	and martyr 5 NOV 22
	Chrysenil martyr - keh 7
bishop 3 Oct 10 P	Cianan, or Kenan, bi- Nov 24.
Cerboney, or Cerbo Oct 10 R.	Cianan, or Kenan, Di- (Nov 94
nius, bishop - 5 Oct. 17 P	shop \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Ceslas July 20	Circumcision of our Llan 1
Chad or Cedde March 2.	Lord { Jan 1
Chadoin or Hardouin,	Ciricus and Julitta, June 16
or Chadoenus, or Ca-	martyrs }
duindus or Clodos-1.	Clair, or Clars, of Aqui-
nus, or Hardumus, Aug 20	tain, bishop and June 1
mus, or maruumus,	
or Hadurnius, bi-	martyr 3
shop, died J	, or Clarus, abbot)
Chaffre, or Theofron	of Vienne in Dau- Jan 1.
or Theofredus, or Oct 19	phiny
Or 1 Collection, Or > Oct 19	pinny
Thetfredus, abbot,	, priest and martyr Nov 4
martyred J	m vexen
Chamant, or Amant, Nov 4	, priest in Touraine Nov 8
or Amanting higher (NOV 4	Clara, virgin Aug 12
Chang and been I been	
Chare or Shear I hurs-	Clare of Monte I alcon Aug 18
day, the I hursday in	Claudius bishop - June 6
Passion Weck Vide	Asterius, Ne
Nares Glossary	on, Domnina, and Aug 23.
	I heomila)
Charlemagne, emperor Jan 29	
of translation Aug 28	Claudrian Dec 9*
of \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\)	Cledoe Nov 3
Charles the Good count)	Clement of Alexandria,
Charles the Good, count March 2	or Titus Flavius Dec 4
Observe Description - 3	
Charles Boromee, arch- (Nov 3	Clemens)
Charles Boromée, arch- bishop of Milan, died Nov 3	of Ancyra - Jan 23
Charles, king, marty rdom Jan 30	Clement, pope and Nov 17 &
Chaumond or Ane-1	martyr 23.
Chaumond, or Ane- mundus, or Fnne-	
munaus, or rine-	Clera Aug 10
mundus, or Chane- Cont og	Cletus, bishop and con- April 26
mundus, or Chane- mundus, or Dalphi-	fessor SAPIRZO
nus, or Dalvinus,	Clintaneus king and
	Clintancus, king and Aug 19
bishop	, ,,,,,,,
Chef, or Cherf, or Theu- derius, or Theoda- Oct 29	Clotild i, Chlotildis, or
derius, or Theoda- Cot 29	Chlodechildis, queen June 3
rius, abbot, died -)	of France
Charan or Carannua 3 May 00 am	
Cheron, or Carannus, May 28 or	Clou, Clodulphus, Flon
martyr 5 27 *	dulphus, and Illodul- > June 8
Childermas, or Inno- Dec 28	phus, bishop, died -)
cents' Day 1 Dec 28	Cloud, or Cloust . or
Chillen, or Killian - Nov 13	Cloud, or Cloust*, or Sept 7 Chlodvaldus, priest -
Onmen or wingin . Mov 19	Curodyandus, briest -)

Clydwen - Nov 1	Congall July 27
Clytane, king and mar- Nov 3	Congellus, abbot and Dec 6
tyr -} Nov 3	CONTESSO
Coomeon or Kolvin - June 3	Congulia, abbess - Nov 9
Cogan, abbot and con-)	Conlæth, Conlaid, or)
Cogan, abbot and con-	Conhan, bishop of May 3
Colotto Polotto of)	Kuldara duad -
Corbil, cied - March 6	Connaid his son, of May 29
Collen May 20	Iconia in Asia - 3 may 29
Collop Monday, the	Consed by how of Con)
Monday before	stance* - Nov 26
	Conven broken of Oule
Colm, bishop and con- fessor in Scotland - June 6	ney - Feb 14
fessor in Scotland - June 6	Constant, of Logherne Nov 13
	Constantian, hermit - Dec 1
confessor June 18	
Colman - Sept 26	Constantine, king of March 11.
abbot Dec 12	II king)
, bishop and con- Oct 15	of Scotland April 2
fessor Oct 15	Contextus, bishop, died Jan 19
higher of Dro 3	CONVERSION OF ST) -
more Oct. 27	PAUL - Jan 25
bushon of Kul 1	Convoyon, abbot - Dec 28
macduach - { Feb 3	Const. I am halamann of)
conform in 5	Glasgow May 18
Scotland - Feb 18	Convillan abbot and
, martyr Oct. 13	confessor Oct 13
Nov 20	Conwan, confessor - Feb 14
	Corbinian hishon - Sent 8
Colme, or Columba, or Columkille abbot and June 9	Co. dulu, virgin and Oct 22
confessor in Scotland	martyr Oct 22
Colomba Sept. 17	(May 1
merin mar)	Corentin, bishop - Sept 5
tyred, virgin, mai Dec 31	
translation of Dec 17	Cormac, archbishop of)
Columba warm and	Cormac, archbishop of Reb 17
martyr - { March 16	husbon of
Colomban, abbot, died Nov 29	Cashel - Sept 14
trane_)	- Dec 12
lation of - Aug 31	Cornelius, bishop and Feb 2 R
Columban, abhot - Nov 21	martyr Scpt 23 G
Comus and Damian,	Cornelius, pope, and Sept 14
brothers, physicians Sont 97 T.	Cyprianus, martyrs I now 16 *
and marture called \ 'C' " - "	Cornwallin, abbot and Oct 5
by the Greeks Anar- July 1 G	confessor 5 oct 5
gyrı	Coronna Aug 11 †
Comgall, an Irish bishop May 10	Coronna and Victor - Sept 18
Commus, abbot - Oct 6.	Corpus (hrists, or Body
Commemoratio Anima- 7 Nov. 0	of Christ, celebrated
rum \ NOV Z	on the I hursday after
Comogel, abbot and Dec on	Trinity Sunday This
Comogel, abbot and Dec 20	festivalwas instituted
Conali, abbot May 22,	1004
Conan - Jan 26	Cosmus and Damian,
CONCERTION OF THE	Cosmus and Damian, Sept 27
BLESSED VIRGIN - Dec 8.	Coteris Feb 10
Concord Jan 2	Cradoc, confessor - April 14
Congal, abbot of Haly-)	Credyw - Nov 11
wood in Scotland, May 12.	Cluna 97 R
and confessor	Crescens, bishop - Dec 29 F
-	(200

^{*} L'Art de vérifier les Dates † Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii

Crescentius, Vitus, and June 15	Cyprian, Tascius Cae Originally
Moucestus, murtyre -)	cilianus Cyprianus, Sept 14.,
Crisanthus and Daria Dec 1	bishop of Carthage, afterwards
Crispin and Crispinian, Oct 25	and martyr Sept 16.
martyrs	the Magician,
Crispina - Dec 5	and St Justina, mar. Sept 26
Cristiclus - Nov 3	tyrs)
Crodegrand, or Gode-	, bishop - Oct 3
grand, Chrodogan- March 6	Cyr, or Cyrique infant, June 16 L.
dus, bishop, died -) Cross Week, Rogation	and Juliet, his mo July 15 G
Cross Week, Rogation	ther, martyrs
Week	Cyra <i>Vide</i> Syra. Cyra, sister to St Fiacre June 8
CROSS, THE HOLY, In- May 3.	(www for tiren or 6)
vention of -	girannus, abbot, died Dec 4
Sept. 14	Communes and others)
altation of	martyrs Aug 8
Crouchmas day,* Holy Cross day Sept 14	Cyril May 29
Crown of Thorns - May 4	and Methodius - Dec 22
Communad the fourthern	Corel bushon - July 9
thers and martyrs - Nov 8	Cyrillus, patriarch of Jan 28 L.
Cryanthus and Daria - Oct 25	Cyrillus, patriarch of Jan 18 and
Current advantage Change	Alexandria June 9 G
topher, marty s - July 25	, bishop of Jeru- March 18
Cumin, bishop - Aug 19	salem March 16
Cunegonda, widow of)	monk, and St 7 Mar 9 L.
the emperor St March 3	Methodius, his bro- Feb 14 G
Henry)	ther, dishop J
Cumbert, Humbert, or Nov 12	Cyrin, &c, martyrs - June 12
Ciumbert, Dishop -)	Cyrus and John - Jan 31
Curianus Oct 12 †	Cyrus and John - Jan 31
Curianus Oct 15 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31	Cyrus and John - Jan 31
Curianus Oct 12 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of)	.,
Curianus Oct 12 † Cuthberga, urgen - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and con- March 20	Cyrus and John - Jan 31
Cutanus Oct 17 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and con- fessor, deposition of	D
Cutanuct, manop - Oct 12 † Cutanuc, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and con- fessor, deposition of Sept. 4	D Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14.
Curianus - Oct 12 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindusfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Feb 8	D Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2
Cutanus - Cut 10 † Cuthberga, virgins - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindusfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Cu	D Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2
Cutainter, observed Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Ftb 8 Cuthman Ftb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and Sept 22	D Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2
Curianus - Oct 12 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - translation of Sept. 4 Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and virgin - Dec 5	D Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasius, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and her- May 24
Cutainter, obsolop of Cuthbert, bishop of Lindusfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Ftb 8 Cuthman Ftb 8 Cuthman Ftb 8 Cuthman Ftb 8 Curraya, abbess and yrigin Dec 5 Cybar, Eparchius, her } July 1	Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and her- mits - May 24
Cutamoer, observed by the Cutamoer, observed by Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarm, and confessor, deposition of Sept. 4 Cuthman franslation of Sept. 4 Cuthman Fcb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and virgin Cwrda Dec 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermut, died	Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and hir- mits - June 13
Cutainter, since produced to the control of the cuthbert, bishop of Lindusfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Cuthman Ftb 8 Curdau - Sept. 4 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died - July 1 Cybtacus, priest July 1 June 30	D Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and her- mits Damhanade - June 13 Damianus and Cos Sept 97
Curianus - Oct 12 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthber, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuthman - Fcb 8 Curanburga, abbess and Sept 42 virgin - Dec 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, dient evi June 30 Cymbert, bishop and Feb 91	Dare, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2. Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and har- mits - June 13 Damianus and Cos Sept 27 mus - Sept 27
Cutaintert, sincip - Oct 12 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthbert, bishop of Lindusfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Ftb 8 Cuthman - Ftb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and virgin - Dec 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died - July 1 Cybtacus, prievt - June 30 Cymbert, bishop and Feb 21 Confessor - Ftb 12	Dare, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatan and others, confessors and hur- mits - June 13 Damianus and Cos Sept 27 Dantel bishop - Nov 23 2
Curiamoer, obsolop Curiamos Curiamos Curiamos Cuthberga, virgin Cuthberd Lishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Cuthman Cuthman Fcb 8 Sept 4 Fcb 8 Sept 22 virgin Cwrda Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, dient Cyblucus, priest Cymbert, bishop and Combert, bishop and Comfessor March 19	D Darce, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and hir- mits - June 13 Damianus and Cos Sept 27 Daniel, bishop - Son 27 Damel, bishop - Son 27 The son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the
Cutanter, sheep of Lindbert, bishop of Lindbert, bishop of Lindbert, cuthbert, bishop of Lindbert, bishop of Cuthman Cwenburga, abbess and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Sept. 4 Cwenburga, abbess and virgin Oev 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died Oybiacus, priest Oybiacus, priest Oybiacus, priest Oymbrid Sept. 4 Cymbert, bishop and Cymbert, bishop and Cymbrid Oyhofyrin - March 19 Cyndyrin - July 25	D Darce, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and hir- mits - June 13 Damianus and Cos Sept 27 Daniel, bishop - Son 27 Damel, bishop - Son 27 The son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the son of the
Curianus - Oct 12 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthber, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuthman - Fcb 8 Curanus - Dec 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died - July 1 Cybfucus, priest - June 30 Cymbert, bishop and Fcb 21 Cymbrid - March 19 Cymbrid - July 25 Cymbrid - July 25 Cymbrid - July 25 Cymbrid - July 25 Cymbrid - July 25 Cymbrid - July 25	Dace, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope Dec 11 Damatua and others, confessors and her- mus - June 13 Damanus and mus - Sept 27 Dantel, bishop - Nov 23 or 27
Cutanter, sheep of Lindbert, bishop of Lindbert, bishop of Lindbert, cuthbert, bishop of Lindbert, bishop of Cuthman Cwenburga, abbess and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Sept. 4 Cwenburga, abbess and virgin Oev 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died Oybiacus, priest Oybiacus, priest Oybiacus, priest Oymbrid Sept. 4 Cymbert, bishop and Cymbert, bishop and Cymbrid Oyhofyrin - March 19 Cyndyrin - July 25	Dace, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope Dec 11 Damatua and others, confessors and her- mus - June 13 Damnanus and Cos Sept 27 Dantel, bishop - {Nov 23 7 - and Verda - Sept 27 Dantel, bishop and con } Sept 27
Cutantier, observed to the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control o	Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and hir- mits - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damil, bishop - Nov 23 Topics - Sor 27 Teb 21 Daniel, bishop and con- fessor - Feb 21 Dauphin Fide St Chaumond
Cutaintert, shearp - Oct 12 † Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Sept. 4 Cuthman - Ftb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and surgin - Dec. 5 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died - July 1 Cyndrat - July 1 Cyndrat, bishop and Feb 21 Cymbrid - March 19 Cyndrin - March 19 Cyndrin - July 25 Cyncburga and Cynes- voitha, virgins and march 6 martyrs - Oct 5 Cyngar - March 7	Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and her- mits - June 13 Damianus and Cos mus - June 13 Damianus and Cos Daniel, bishop - Sept 27 — and Verda - Juc 10 Dauphin Fide St Chaumond David, king - Dec 29 5
Cutaintert, shearp - Oct 12 † Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cucaburga, abbess and origin - Feb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and origin - Feb 8 Cwenburga, abbess and origin - Feb 8 Cynta - Dec 5 Cynta - July 1 Line 30 Cymbert, bishop and origin - July 25 Cymbert, bishop and origin - July 25 Cymbert, origins and martyrs Cymburd - July 25 Cymburd - Oct 5 Cyneburga and Cymes- cynthyol - Oct 5 Cyngar - March 7 Cyneburga - Jule 6	Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, confessors and hir- mits - June 13 Damianas and Cos mus - June 13 Damal, bishop - Sept 27 - and Verda - Feb 21 Daniel, bishop and con- fessor - Vide St Chaumond David, king - Dec 29 § David, king - Dec 29 § David, bishop of Caer-
Cutaintert, observed of Cuthbert, bushop of Lindusfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Cuthman Sept. 4 Fob 8 Sept. 22 Cuthman Dec. 5 Cyndra Dec. 5 Cyndra July 1 Cyndraus, priest July 1 Cyndraus, priest July 25 Cymbert, bishop and confessor Syndryin Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina Surina	Dace, Datius, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasius, pope - Dec 11 Damatatian and others, mits - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - Sept 27 mus - Nov 23 to 27 — and Verda - Feb 21 Daniel, bishop and confessor - June 13 Dauphin Vide St Chaumond David, king - Dec 29 § David, king - Dec 29 § David, king - Dec 29 § David, king - Or St David's, March 1.
Curianus - Oct 10 † Cuthberga, virgin - Oct 10 † Cuthberga, virgin - Of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuchaburga, abbess and - Oct 10 † Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuchaburga, abbess and - Oct 10 † Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuchaburga, abbess and - Oct 10 † Cyntra - Oct 10 † Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyneria - Oct 10 † Cyne	Dace, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatua and others, confessors and hers mus - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damanus and Cos Sept 27 - Nov 23 tor 27 - and Verda - Feb 21 Dannet, bishop and con- Davib, bishop and con- David, king David, king David, king David, bishop of Caerleon, or St David's, lin Wales - Sept 29 Daylin, bishop of Caerleon, or St David's, lin Wales - Sept 27 March 1, 14.
Cutaintert, shearp - Oct 12 † Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - July 1 Cyrda - Dec 5 Cyrda - June 30 Cymbert, bishop and confessor - Cymbert, bishop and Cynestor Syndynia - Cynthynia confessor - Cynthynol - Oct 5 Cyngar - March 19 Cyngar - March 7 Cynoe - June 6 Cyngar - March 7 Cynoe - June 6 Cyngar - Nov 7 Cynyar - Nov 7 Cynyar - April 30	Dace, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, ounfessors and hir- mits - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damis and Cos mus - Sept 27
Curianus - Oct 10 † Cuthberga, virgin - Aug 31 Cuthberga, virgin - Of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cuthman - Fcb 8 Cybar, Eparchius, hermit, died - Oglitzcus, priest - Oglitzcus, priest - Oglitzcus, priest - Ognobert, bishop and Comfessor - Ognobert, on or of Cymburd - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan - Ognobergan -	Dace, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope Dec 11 Damatuan and others, confessors and hers mus - June 13 Damanus and Cos Sept 27 Dantel, bishop - Nov 23 † Or 27 Dauphin Vide St Chaumond David, king - Dec 29 § David, bishop - July 24 Decumanus, herms and Dauge 18.
Cutaintert, shearp - Oct 12 † Cuthbert, bishop of Lindisfarn, and confessor, deposition of Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - Feb 8 Cuthman - July 1 Cyrda - Dec 5 Cyrda - June 30 Cymbert, bishop and confessor - Cymbert, bishop and Cynestor Syndynia - Cynthynia confessor - Cynthynol - Oct 5 Cyngar - March 19 Cyngar - March 7 Cynoe - June 6 Cyngar - March 7 Cynoe - June 6 Cyngar - Nov 7 Cynyar - Nov 7 Cynyar - April 30	Dace, Datus, bishop - Jan 14. Dagobert - Sept 2 Damasus, pope - Dec 11 Damatian and others, ounfessors and hir- mits - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damhanade - June 13 Damis and Cos mus - Sept 27

^{*} Paston Letters, iv 192 † Butler

[†] L'Art de vérifier les Dates § Cotton MS Vespasian, A IX.

Dedication of the	Didacus, or Diego - Nov 13.
church of St John Nov 9	Didier, or Desiderius, May 23 at
de Lateran	bishop of Vienne in Lyons
of St Mary Aug 5	Dauphiny Aug 10 elsewhere.
ad Nives	or Gerif, bishop Nov 15
chael's church - Sept 29	of Cahors, died - Nov 15
of the	Die, Deodatus, Theo-)
churches of St Peter Nov 18.	datus, Theudatus, June 19.
and Paul at Rome	abbot, died
The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	Dielf Deile, Dieu or
Agyptum Jan 9	Déel, Deicola or Dei- Jan 18.
Degfer, confessor - March 7	colus, abbot, died -)
Descola - Jan 18	Digarn - Nov 21
Deiniol - Sept 11	Diman, confessor - July 19
Delphin or Delphinus, Dec 23	Dingat - Nov 1
Disnop, aica)	Dinoth Sept 7
Deman, confessor - July 19	Dionisia, Dativa Æmi
Demetrius, martyr - Oct 8 L	hanus, Boniface Dec 6
(000 20 0	Leontia, i ertius, and
- Sept 10 *	Majoricus, martyrs - J
Denis, the Carthusian March 12	Dionysius Vide Dems Dionysius, Rusticrus, and Eleutherius, Oct 9 martyrs
uica	Dionysius, Rusticus,
bishop of Corinth - April 8	and Eleutherius, Oct 9
bishop of Milan May 25	Deceasing marter May 19
the Areopagite,	Dished or Dist De 3
bishop of Athens, Oct 3	sibodus hishon and (Sept 8 or
and martyr	Dissorus, martyr - May 18 Dissbod or Disch Desibodus, bishop and July 8 abbot, dud
anoblyahou of) -	Distaff, "St. Distaff's day," or "Rock day" a name jocu-
Paris Oct. 9	day," or "Rock
April 22 *	day" a name jocu- Jan. 7 †
, archbishop of Nov 17	larly given to the day
Alexandria)	after Twelfth Day
pope, died - Dec 26	Divodag - June 25
le Pctit, or	Dochelm, confessor July 8
Dionisius Exiguus	Docho - Nov 25
Vide, p 3 antea	Dochow, prior and con- fessor - Feb 15
Deogratias, bishop of March 22	Dode abbase)
Carthage Jacob 22 Dersel Gadam - April 5	Dode, abbess - April 24 Dogmael - Oct 31
Desiderius, martyr - May 23	Dogmael, hermit - June 14
Desir - Feb 11	Dogvan - July 13
Desiré, bishop, died - May 8	Dominick, founder of
Deusdedit Aug 10	the order of Domini- Aug 4
	cane
confessor June 30	hermit died filthy Oct 14.
Devil Vide Diabolus	hermit, died - Joet 14.
Devinike, bishop and Nov 13	- July 5 ‡
confessor in Scotland 5 1100 13	Domitius, confessor - Aug 3
, pope - Nov 8	Domnin, martyr - Oct 9
Dewi March 1	Domnole, or Dame, Dec 1
Deufer, confessor - March 7	Disnop, died -)
Diabolus recessit a Feb 15.	Donan, abbot and con- April 17
Domino 5 res 13.	fessor in Scotland - 5

^{*} Cotton MS Domitian, A xvis

† "Partly work partly play,
Ye must on S Dutaff's day '

[&]quot;Give S Distaff all the right,
Then bid Christmas sport good night"

Vide Herrick's Hesperides, Nare's Glossary, and Hone's Every dav

Book, p 61

Cotton MS. Domitian, A xvii

Donatus Aug 7	Eadburge, virgin and Dec 12.1
Donatian, bishop $-\begin{cases} May & 24 \\ Aug & 30 \end{cases}$	abbiss 5 or 13 Fadburga Vide Edburga
& Oct. 14	Ladburga, virgin - July 18
Donatus and others - Aug 6	Ladzuha, quecn - July 15
martyr - Aug 7	Ladvinus, bishop and Oct 27
Donatus, bishop of Oct 22	confessor - Nov 28
Donne Feb 17 *	Eadwardus, the shield (April 19
Dorotheus, abhot - June 5 Dorothy, virgin and 7 hob 6	Fundeda ou en and
martyr 5 Teb 0	abbess 5 Dec 5
Dositheus - 1 cb 23	Eanswitha, vn gin and Sept. 12
Drausin, or Drausius,	EASIER DAY 15 the se-
Drauscio, or Drantio June 2	venth Sunday after Shrove Tucsday and
Dunganii on Durin Do 3	is always the first
siderius, bishop of May 23	Sunday after the first full Moon which
tyr)	happens on, or next
Droctove, or Drotte, or Droctovæus, ab- March 10	after, March 21 Faster Monday (The Monday and
bot J	Easter Monday Laster Tuesday Laster Tuesday Laster Day
Drostan - July 11 confessor in Scotland Dec 14.	Laster wyn, abbot and March 7
Druon or Dreux, Dro-	Fata histon and an 1
on hermit died - (April 10	fessor - Oct 26
Dubritius, archbishop May 29 or	Ebba, wrgm and ab- boss, deposition of - Aug 25
(Nov 14	,abbess and mar- l April 0
Duffus St, king and Jan 11	Ebbes, or Ebbon, bish Aug 27
Dumhade, abbot - May 25	, trans- } Fob 15
Dunstan, archbishop of Canterbury, ordina- Oct 21 1	Themstern which and
tion of3	Beauvais July 0
, di position of May 19 translation of Sept 7	Edan, bishop of Ferns, Jan 31
Durham, translation Line 3	Edana or Edaene, vir- July 5
Of the bishops of -)	Edbert, bishop and con-
Ross March 8	fessor Smay 0.
Duvianus, confessor - April 8 Dwynwen Jan 25	Ldburge, virgin - Dec 21 \(\text{Tdburga}, virgin \) - Dec 14.
Dyfnog - Feb 13 Dympna, virgin and May 15 martyr - May 15	Edclburga, or Ethel-
	burga 5 July 1
Dywnan April 22 Dywyd, or Dygwy - Jan 14	Edelwald Warch 23. Edern Nov 23.
25,474, 01 25,845	Dec 2
	Edeyrn Jan 6 Edgar, king, deposi-
E	tion of Suly 8
	Edilhun, confessor - Sept 21. Edith, virgin and abbess May 14
Eadbert, bishop of Lin-	
disfarn - 5 May 0	Edith, translation of - June 9

^{*} Cotton M9 Donnitian, A xvii ‡ Arundel MS 155

^{† 11}de pp 108 114. antea § Butler

Eleutherius, bishop of Canterbury	Edmand makkakan of Nov. 16#	Clautharus bushon of 3
EDMIND king and marty of Edward king and confessor and for archibology and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor and confessor a	Edmund, as chbishop of Nov 16 *	Aux rre died Aug 16
The standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard	EDMIND keen and)	
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Flena - 1 cb 6 § Eler us, abbot and con- Junt 13 Fessor - Oct 27 Electhan - Oct 27 Elether us, bishop of 1 cb 20 Tourna; pope - May 26 Fleuther us and shuto } April 18 Liphegus Calmu, bi- shop and confessor - Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 1 Eleuther us, bishop and con fessor - 1 Eleuther us, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, count of Arian, one fessor - 2 Elevan, count of Arian, one fessor - 2 Elevan, count of Arian, one fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop and con fessor - 2 Elevan, bishop an	I mgan, or Fneon - April 21	martyr, translation Dec 28
Eler sus, abbot and con- fessor Elesbaan - Oct 27 Elesbaan - Nov 10 Eleutherius, bishop of 1 eb 20 Tournay - pope - May 26 - levulnerius and Antio 1 April 18 Shop and confessor - Sept. 1 Skop and confessor - Sept. 1 Story - Sept. 26 Elevan, bishop and con 2 Flevul, bishop and con 3 Feb 27 Elecar, count of Arian, 3 died St. Delphina, his 1 Nov 96		
Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 27 Sept. 28 Sept. 28 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29		Liphegius Calvus, b. \ Sont 1
Elesbaan - Oct 27 Eleth - Nov 10 Eleutherius, bishop of Tournay - May 26 — nope - May 26 — and others Oct 9 Eleutherius and Antio } April 18 Elesbaan - Oct 27 flosson I livin and Medrim Jan 1 Eleutherius and con flossor - Sept 27 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 26 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 27 Elecar, count of Arian, Sept 27 Sept 27 Sept 27		mop and confesion - 3
Eleth Nov 10 Eletherrus, bishop of 1 leb 20 Tournay, pope May 26 ———————————————————————————————————	Jesio1 J	
Tournay pope May 26 Tournay and others Oct 9 Fleutherma and Anito April 18 Electric bishop and con fee of the same and Anito April 18 Electric bishop and con fee of the same and Anito April 18 Electric bishop and con fee of the same and anito April 18		, ,,,,,,,
Tournay - \$100 20 Tournay - \$100 20 May 26 Elecar, count of Arian, \$100 27 Elecar, count of Arian, \$100 27 Country and Anito \$100 20 April 18 Tournay - \$100 20 It was a second of Arian, \$100 20 St Delphina, his \$100 26		
pope May 26 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 27 ched between and shift Samuel 18 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 28 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 28 Elevar, count of Arian, Sept 28 Elevar, count of Aria		
Fleuthersus and Antro April 18 St Delphina, his Nov 96		
Fleuthersus and Antro April 18 St Delphina, his Nov 96		thed Sept 27
chus {April 18 wife, died Nov 26	Flouth was and date ?	St Delphina his)
, i many med		wife died Nov 26
	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

^{*} Cotton, MS Claudius, D vi , and Bib Reg 14 C 7 There called his Deposition

his Deposition

A Arundi MS 165

In the Chronological Calendar, p 109 which is followed in the text, the translation of St Edmund, king and marter, is assigned to June 9 but in "L'Art de verifier les Dates," the translation of St Edmund the Archbishop is said to be on that day, and the translation of St Edmund the King is there stated to be on April 29

§ Cotton MS Donntian, A XVII

FMBER DAYS are the Wednesdays	Li asmus, confessor - June 3 1
Fridays, and Saturdays after the	Frasmus or Limo - Nov 25
first Sunday in Lent, after the	bridged or Herme-
from af Donat and attent Holy	Libland, or Herme- March 26.
feast of Penticost, after Holy	Llormolandus abbot
Rood day or the feast of the	Hermelandus, abbot)
Exaltation of the Holy Cross, viz	translation of Oct. 18 P
September 14 and after St Lu-	Lichard, bishop and Aug 24
cia's day viz December 1, but	confessor in Scotland 5 22 22
if the 14th 5 ptember and loth	Li conwald, bishop and
December full on a Wednesday,	confessor, deposition April 30
the Ember days commence on	of
	ti anelateon
the Wednesday following	of translation Nov 14
EMBER WEEKS are those weeks in	
which the I mber days full	Frembert bishop - May 14
Emerentiana, virgin Jan 23 *	Lrh ard or Fibeth ardus, 1 eb 9
	L MONTH III MODOL - J
Emeterius, or Madir, March 3.	Fric, king of Sweden - May 18
and Chelidomus - I march of	Erlulph, a Scotsman, Feb 10
Emmeram, or 1 mme	bishop and murtyr - (Feb 10
wimming on Hilling	Frme, or Ermin, Er-)
rammus, bishop, mar Sept 22	m no, and Frmmus, April 26.
	he has and abbat
Emery, or Emericus, son of Ltienne, king Nov 4	Erme, or Lymet, of Aug 28
Emery, or Emerkus,	Lime, of Limet, of Aug 28
son of Lifetine, King Nov 4	Cornwall, confessor & Aug 20
of Hungary 3	Limenburga, queen Jun 21
Engelbert, archbishop of Cologne, and mar \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	una noncia j
of Cologne, and mar \ \ \ ov 7	Frmenburga, abbess - Nov 19
tyr -)	Irmine, or Imme,
Englate, bishop and / None	dughter of Dago-
Englate, bishop and Nov 9	hert II, abbess of Dec 24
Englemond, martyr - June 21	(((n)
	Froulph - Mar 28 +
Enna, or Ludeus, ab March al	
Ennodius bishop - July 17 P	- July 18 + July 5
Enulle - May 22 +	Luchillo 1 de St Nicose
	L. Lown hormst and
- Dec 20+	Libran hermit and Feb 11
Eormenhilda, wrgm 160 1	
Ephrem, dcan - \ \frac{1 \chi 1 \chi R}{1 \chi 0 \chi 6}	Lskill, bishop - June 12
(3411 20 0	Fiernanus, confessor - Dec 31
of Edessa - July 9	Pthbin, or Fgbin, abbot Oct 19
Epimacus and Gor- May 10	Lif byn, abbot and con- Oct 18.
diana, martyrs -5 "11"	Jrasm
and and Alex Dec 12	Fthelbert, king and Feb 24
ander 5 rec 12	confessor 5 or 25 (
Epiphanius, bishop of Jan 21	was fur king and May 20
	marlyr - May 20
Epiphanius, bishop of	and Tthelred, Oct. 17
Salamis, or Con- May 12	martyrs CCL 1/
stance in Cinrus	Libelburga and Ma 5
EPIPHANS of Twelfth Jan 6	Linelburga and Ma July 7
Day - Jan 6	Ethelburga, queen and July 9
Epipode and Alex Apr 12 R	abbess - July 9
ander, martyrs - Apr 6 P	
Fourtus abbot - Aug 11	, queen - Sept 8
Equitius, abbot - Aug 11	- Oct 11
Equitius, abbot - Aug 11 Erard, bishop of Ar- dagh - Jan 8	Ftheldred and Ethel-
usku)	pert 3

[•] January 22 in "L Art de vérifier les Dates"

† Cotton MS Domitiin, A x vii

‡ In "L'Art de verifier les Dates' St Frasmus or St Elmo, bishop and martyr, he said, on the authority of some ancient charters, to be commemorated on the third of June, but Butler says his feast was on the second of that month § Arundel MS 155

	·
Etheldred king and April 23	Eupherria, virgin - April 7
martyr April 23	CScut 16 L
Etheldreda, vergin - June 23	martin, virgin and Sept 16 L
tamma)	martyr Scot 16 G
lation of - Oct 17	Euphrasia, virgin - Pcb 11
Etheldritha, or Alfrida Aug 2	CM 17 13 R
Ethelman umam and 1	Euphrasia, virgin - July 25 G
Ethelgiva, Jirgin and Dec 9	Fuphrasius bishop - May 15
Tabele d leng and one 5	Euphromus I utroy,
Ethelred, king and con May 4	or lutroin, bishop, Aug 4
fessor July 20	died -
Ethelswytha queen - July 20	Euphrosina, martyr - May 7
Ethe wald, bishop and Feb 12	
Tab almost a section and	Luphus Aug 12. Eupsychius, martyred April 9
Ethelward, confessor Mar 23	
and hermit }	1,7)
Ethelwin, bishop and July 29	and Perpetuus, March 5
congessor	mariyi 3
Ethelwold, bishop and Aug 1	mounts, bishop of Sa- June 21
conjessor	mosata j
trans- Sept 10	Before the
tation of	middle of
Ethelwulf, king, deposi- A ril 14	bishop of Ver- the fourth
uon uj ;	coul Century,
Ethernan, bishop and Dec 22	August 1,
confessor in Scott and)	now Dec
EUCHARISI, Laster Day	_L15
Lucherius, bishop of Dec 8	, priest and)
110700 - "]	confessor, and an Aug 14
June, bishop of Nov 16	other at Luscoius,
Lyons	murtyr J
II, bishop July 16.	Zeno, and Nestor, Sept 8
OI LIYOUS - ")	Zeno, and Nestor, Sept 8
bishop of reb 20	martyrs
Orieans 5	, popc, died - Sept 26
Lufenua wigin - April 13	Lustius, abl ot - \ Nov 27 &
Lugendus, in 1 rench Jan 1	(April 20,
Oyunu, abbot -)	Tuspicius, abbot - Dec 15
Eugenia, virgin and Dec 25	Lustace abhot and Dec 21
martyr 1	confessor 5
Eugenius, bishop of July 13	and his com- Nov 2
Carmage 5	punion
Included bishop in Aug 23	Eustace, abbot - March 29.
neiana -)	Fustace Sept 20
martyr - Nov 1)*	tuch, bishop of An- } Fcb 20 G
1 ugentus, pope - Sept 6.	
Fulatia of Barcelona,	Anticch patriarch of July 16
ilso called Aulaire, Olacie Occille Olaille, Teb 12	
Charle Occine Chaine,	Lustochium, virgin, Sept 28.
and Olazic, martyred	Furthern by hon all
Fulalia, virgin (mar)	Eustochius, bishop of Sept 19
tyred at Merida, in	1 1000
Spain) and another of Dec 10	Euthymius, abbot - Jan 20
the same name, also	Eutropa, or Lutropia, Sept 15
virgin and martyr -	- ".uo"
Eulogius, patriarch of Sept. 13	Lutropius and others, Jan 12
, priest of Cor- March 11	Orange, bishop of May 27
Funen bushen of Re 3	1
Eunan, bishop of Ra- Sept 7	Sainter martin of April of
phoe 5 sept 1	Saintes, martyr - 5 April 500

^{*} Butler In "L'Art de vérifier les Dates," he is called hishop of Toledo, and his festival is said to be on the 13th November

Eutropius, disciple of	Fastingong t, (query, Fasting go-
Eutropius, disciple of Dec 7	ing) Lent
Saintes	Faust Nov 15 †
	Faustinus and Felix - July 29
Eutychien, pope, did Dec 7 or 8 Euvercius, Evertius, Evertius, and For-	Faustinue and St. Jo >
Evertius, and For- Sept 7	vita, brothers and Feb 15
trus bishop died -	marture
Evaristus, pope - Oct 26	Fa istus, Januarius, and Oct 13
Eventius, Theod - May o	Martial - Oct 13
Everilda, virgin - July 9	(Jar 16 &
Evodius, bishop - Oct 6	, bishop - { Jar 16 & Sept 28
Evre, Aper, bishop - Sept 15	rechin, abbot - Jan 20
Ferenmend Lycomuse 1	I clan Vide Fillan
dus - June 10	
Donald Divilence at 1	Felician and St. Prime, June 9
bot, died - Dec 29	L'Arramue Donatar 1
Trueld buothous and 3	and Iganitus - Aug 6
martyrs - Oct S	Felicitus, marty Nov 23
EXALIATION OF THE	helicitae martin Inly 10
Exactation of THE Sept 14	Felicity and her seven July 10
Expectation Week The week	sons martyrs - July 10
after Ascension day	Felix and Januarius - Jan 7
Exuperius, bishop - Sept 28	- prust Jan 14
Zacaperran, omnop och ze	- husban and son b
	fessor - March 8
F	none and marter May 90
=	and Faustinus, July 29
habian, pope, and Se Jan 20	
bastian, martyrs - Jan 20	- and Audactus.
Fabian - Jan 20	martyrs Audactus, Aug 30
Fabiolus - Dec 27	and Nabor - July 12
Fachnan bushon of)	February III or VIII)
Ross - Aug 14	pope, died - Feb 25
Fagan - Leb 10	of Cantalicio, - May 21
Faganus, confessor - Aug 8	higher of lacage 3
Fath, virgin and mar- Oct 6	interred March 26.
tyr - Oct 6	- bishop of Nantes July 7
Faith, Hope, and Cha	-, St Fortunatus,
rity, sisters and mar- Aug 1	and St Achilles, April 23.
	martyred Sapin 20
Fale or Phal, Fidolus, May 16	- Sept 10
abbot May 16	- Oct 24
Fanchea, or Faine, vir- 1 -	- of Valois - Nov 20
gin in Ireland - Jan 1	May 18 *
Fara, Burgondofara, 7) // ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fara, Burgondofara, Dec 7	Ferdinand III, king May 30
Fargeau, or lerjeu,	of Castile May 30
Formolis prost and i	
Fargeon, dearon, Tune 10	1 ergus bishop of March 30
Fargeon, dearon, June 16	
rutio,martyrs of Be	fessor in Scotland - Nov 17
sançon -	Ferreol, Forgel, or Far-)
Faro, bishop, died - Oct 28	geu I erreolus, mar- Sept. 18
Fascianus, Victoricus,	tyred at Vicnna
and Gentianus, mar- { Dec 11 *	, bishop of User Sept 18.
tyrs	or I argeau, and)
Fastian - Dec. 11 +	Ferrutius June 16
Fastren's Eve, or Fasting's Lve.	Fethno confessor - March 12
Shrove Tuesday	Fischna - April 29

^{*} Cotton MS Domitian A xvii † Cotton MS Vespasian A 1x ‡ Paston Letters, il 207

Fracte, Tefrus, or Fra 7	Plorent, disciple of St Sept 22.
crius abbot and con	Martin, abbot Sept 22.
fessor, son of luge->Aug 30	- June 20 *
reside, ton of fuge- artig 50	Etunant mana () ot 07
mus IV, king of	Florent, pope - Oct 27
Scotland	lorentin and St Hil Sept 27
Fidele, soldier and Oct 28	
	Flour, Florus, bishop Nov 3
Fidelis of Sigmaringin April 94	- June 15 *
Fidharicus, abbot in Oct 1	
Ireland Oct 1	locian Itde I c'in lognan Follanus, and Fullanus, assas out 13
	and hullanne way (Oat .
Filibert, I ilibertus, ab Aug 20	and Fullanus, assas Oct 18
oot, area - 3	sin ited -
l ig Sunday Palm Sunday Fill in,1 clan orFcolan, abbot in Scotland - Jan 9	Toillan, bishop and Oct 31
Fill m.1 clan or Foolan, 1 Ton O	martyr -
abbot in Scotland . Jan 9	Lolcum, Folgum, Fol)
Finan, bishop of Nor-)	cumus hishop of 1c- Dec 14
thumber land and Lib 17	rouenne f, died
thumberland, and \1 cb 17	
confessor)	Fortunatus - May 5 *
Finan, of Keann- April 7	Lorty soldiers, mar- March 9
Ethich 1 "Pill"	1 (4) 4 - 301 10 1
Dic 14	Trambourd, or Fram)
Finbar, of Crimlen - July 4	baud, Frambaldus, Aug 16
	hermit -
Finguar, marlyr - March 28 Finian, surnamed the March 10 Leper	I rances, widow found-)
rinian, surnamed the March 10	
Leper }	er of the Collatines & March 9
Finbar, bishop of Dec 12	_ c'sed
Finbar, bishop of Dec 12	Francis Solano of Spain July 24
Meath in Ireland -	of Assis, founder)
Finian, bishop - Sept 10	of the I mars Minors, July 16.
William bishop and I	c moniscd -
Finnan, bishop and March 18 confessor in Scotland	le Bienheu
comessor in Scottand)	
Fintan, or Munnu, ab Oct 21	reux, bishop of Nov 1
DOL	hhodes died)
prior in Scot-} reb 17	Borgit - Oct 10
land (Teb 17	ot Prula,)
Fintana and Findocha, 7 a	founder of the Mi-S April 2
Fintana and Findocha, Oct 13	trance died
	- of Sun hishon)
	of Geneva - Jan 20
Firmin, bishop of Jan 14	Various and the h
Menae3	o the Indies died Dec 3 §
in Language deed Oct 11	in the similer, and
in Languedoc died - 5	Irancis, confessor Oct 4
in Languedoc died - Oct 11 the Confessor - Sept 1	translation of May 21
Firmin, bishop and Cout of	Frederick, bishop of 7 total 10
Firmin, bishop and Sept. 25	Frederick, bishop of July 18 Utrecht, martyred - July 18
Flamen - Dec 18*	Fride wida, virgin Oct 19
Flar . Dec 2*	and queen Oct 19
	Englisher and farmers
Flavia Domitilla - May 12.	Fredoline confessor in March 6
Flavian, patriarch of 1 eb 21	Scottand
	I remund, martyr and { M sy 11
, patriarch of Feb 17 or	1 / 61 / 100
Constantinople - 18	, martyr - March 28
Disable of Charles sade 3	Friar minors, five, mar- J in 16
	tyrs - Jin 16
DESPE J	eow(n mer-)
Wilsonson on Flines at 3	seven, mar- Oct 13
Florence, or Flann, ab- 1Dec. 15	tyre - J
bot 5 xxee 20	Friard, hermit - Aug I

[•] Cotton MS Domitian, Axvii

† Arundel M5 155

In "L'Art de vérifier les Dates" his festival is not mentioned, but
he is said to have died on the second of December

I ridian, Erigdian, or)	Galla, widow Oct 5.
Frigdian, bishop of March 18	Gallanus, monk - Dec 7
Lucca)	Galle, abbot in Scotland Oct 16.
Fridolin March 6.	, bishop - July 1
Frithstanus, bishop and April 9	(vallgo - Nov 27
confessor \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Gamaliel Aug 3
Frobert, or Flobert,	(ran Oct 25
Flodobertus, abbot, Dec 31	Gang days, Rogation days *
died)	Gang week, Rogation week †
	Ganging day, Old Michaelmas day
	(11th October), on which a siu-
Frodoald, bishop and Sept 12	gular septennial custom as ob-
many	served at Bishop's Stortford, in
Froiland hishop - Oct 5	Hertfordshire +
Front I ronto, bishop Oct 25	Garmier, Galmier, Gau
Fructuosus or San	mier, Geaumier, or Feb 27
I rutor, bishop mar-	Cermier, Daigomer,
tyred with Augurius > Jan 21	or Waldimer, died -)
and Luloge, deacons	Garnon or Harmon July 21
and martyrs -	Gatian, or Catian, bi- Dec 18
Fructuosus, archbishop April 16	shop S Dec 10
COct 27 L.	fratto - Nov 30.
Enumeration and Nov 30 G	Gaubert, or Valhert,
Frumentius, apostle of Dec 18	Waldeburtus, abbot, May 2.
Eth opia, bishop - Abyssin-	died 3
(ians	Gaucher, a canon re- 7 April 0
Fugatius and Damia	gular April 9
nus, inshops and con- May 24.	Gaud, Valdas, bishop Jan 31
fessors)	Gudence, bishop - Oct 25
I ulbert, bishop, died - April 10	Carranani on Come 3
Fulcran, bishop died - Feb 13.	bishop Gerz, Aug 11
Fulgence, Fabrus Clau	Gelasinus, a comedian, 7 Aug. 06
dius Gordianus Ful (In 1	martyr - Aug 26
gentius, bishop of (Jan 1	Gclasius, pope Nov 21
gentius, bishop of Can I Ruspe, in Africa, died	
[Jan 16	cian, martyrs - Sept 16
Feb 6 9	Genebaud, bishop - Sept 5
Furce, Fursi, or Foursi, and 15	Genebrard, or Gene-) Man 15
Fursæus, abbot and March 4	bern - May 15
confessor - and Sept	Genes, Genesius, bi June 3
[17 and 28	shop June 3
- abbot - Feb 25.	Genesius, martyr - Aug 25
Fuscian, St Victoric)	by church at Arles Dec 16.
Fuscian, St Victoric and St Gentian, his Dec 11	his church at Arles - 5 Dec 10.
companions, martyrs)	Geneve, bishop of Dol July 29.
•	Geneveive - Dec 26,
	Génévuve, Genevefa, Jan 3
G	
March 26	Gengoul, Gengoux, and) Formerly
Gabriel the Archangel and July	Gengon, in the Low (May 9,
(13. G	Countries, or Gen- (now May
Gaetan of Thienne, August 7	gulmhare 111 D
Cajetanus, died - 5 " agust"	Genou, Genulfus, bi- Feb 8
Gafrelog - March 1	
(ralactoire, Galacto-)	Geoffrey, abbot - Feb 25 ‡
rius, or Galacterius, July 27	GFORGE, MARTYR . April 23
ascarnensis, bishop	George - Aug 27 t
and martyr - J	Georgia, or George, Feb 15
Galdın, archbishop - April 18.	virgin - 3 Feb 15

^{*} Coke's 2 Inst 264. "On Monday before Gang Monday, 1546." Blom-ticld's Martyrs, 1 125 + Brand's Popular Antiquities + Query, of St. Alban's Vide Cotton MS Claudius, D VI. • The Tutelar Saints of England

Gerald, bishop - March 13	Gilbert, bishop of Casth- \ Annel 1
, abbot, died - April 5	ness - April 1
Gerard, or Geraud, 3 Oct 3	conference, bishop and Aug 11
Gerard, or Geraud, Oct 3	Congessor
abbot of Brogne - 5	- , confessor - I eb 4
Gerara, Disnop of Cho-)	ham containe Oct 13
	, main, conjersor
martyred)	Gildard, bishop - June 8
died, bishop of Toul, April 23	(stdge contains and)
	hermit - Jan 29
of Clairvaux, brother June 13	C I.m 90 o
	Gildas 30
Gereon and his com- panions, martyrs - Oct 10	Giles, Ægidius, abbot - Sept 1
pansons, marturs - Oct 10	
Geri, Gaugericus, or)	Gisla and Rictruda, April 9
Gauricus, bishop, Aug 11	vergens Sapring
died3	Clatian of I ife - Jan 28
Gerif, bishop Vide	Glossinde, or Glossinne, Chlode studies, abbess July 25 Goar hermit and July 6
St Didier	(hlode sinds, abbess) day 25
German - April 28 *	Goar hermit and July 6
Constantiuople May 12 G	priest died
Constantinopic -	Gobran, priest and June 20
German, abbot - Feb 21	
German, bishop and May 28	Godini or Gothard
conjessor	Gode har dus bishop May 4
	of Hildesheim, diea) Codebeite virgin - April 11
Germanus, bishop - July 26	Godegrand Vide Cro-
(degrand
confessor July 31	Sept 3
Germanus, Vedast &c Oct 1	Godelieva, or Gode 3
Germany, called Saint-) Oct 12 in	har a martyred by April 18
Golff, and in Latin (Flanders	order of her husband)
Gangultus Gengu- (and Bra-	Codeschale, prince of)
ius, and Wolgangus Jbant	the Western Vandals, June 7
Germer, abbot, died - Sept 24	and his companions -)
Germer, Geremarus, and Germerius, bi- May 16.	Godfrey, or Geotroi, Nov 8
and Germerius, bi- May 16.	
shop, died -)	Godon, Gon, or Gan, May 26
Gertrude, virgin, ab- March 17	and the same
bess of Nivelle, died 5 "daten 17	Godric, hermit - May 21 Godric, bishop and June 25 confessor June 25
Gertrude, abbess of Nov 15 Rodersdorf - Nov 15	confessor - June 25
Gervad, bishop and	Golbeit April 21
confessor in Scot Nov 8	Goning - Dec. 31
land -	Gontrin, or Gunta
Gereats or Gevart, and	Chramne, king of March 28
St Protais, martyrs > June 19	Burgundy -
at Milan	Good Friday, the Friday next be-
Gervase, confessor - May 13	fore I aster D iy
bishop and confessor Aug 11	Gordian and Lpima- May 10
bishop and confessor J Aug 11	chus, martyrs - Mar 22 P
Gctulius and his com- June 10	Gordius - Jin 3
pamons 5 dife to	Gorgoma, sister of St 7
Gewyd - July 2	(regory of Nazianze { Dec 9
Guzelin, or Scozelin,	died3
Getzchnus, Josee (Aug 6	Gorgonius, martyr - Sept 9
	Crothard - May 5
Scotzelinus, hermit	Goudon or Gondulfe,
Gibrian, a Scotsman, May 8	Gondultus, bishop, July 26
confessor 5 may 8	dic d -)

Gower - July 11	Guer, priest and her- { April 4
Gracian O(t 20 *	
Gracian bishop - Dec 18	Guinoch, bishop and April 13
Granes - Nov 13 Granes - Mur 16 or	contessor in Scotland)
Granog - Mir 16 or	Gumolus, Guignolus,
- (1411/10	Vennolus, Winwa- March 3
Grass week Ropation week †	
Grat, Gratus, bishop Oct 18	lœus, abbot
uicu j	Guislain, Gislenus, ab- Oct 9
Great week, Passion week, the	, uot
week before Easter day	Gule of August - Aug 1
Gregory II, pope - Jan 13	Gummar, or Gomar - Oct 11
strator of the bishop Aug 25	Gundle us, king and March 29
strator of the bishop Aug 25	m://mit3
ric of Utrecht, died -	Guntens - March 2,
ator, the illumin Sept 30 G	Gunthiern, abbot in July 3
	Dittany
the father, bishop of Jan 1	Gurvai bishop - June 6.
Memorae dud	Gurvai bishop - June 6. Gut tide Shrovetide
Nazianze, died -)	
the son, bishop of ind 30 G Constantinople - M by 9 I	King of Scotland Colors
Constantingal	confessor under Dio July 3
Constantinopic - Jim ty 9 1	cletin -
- Jan 1	Guthlac confessor and April 11.
Thaumatar	hermit - April 11.
gius, bishop of Neo Nov 17	ti ani latan of Aug 10
casarea	(suy or (sudon of)
bishop of)	Guy or Guidon, of Sept 12
Nysse, brother of St Mar 9 I	Gwendolma Oct 15
Nysse, brother of St Jan 10 G	(zwenog - Jan 3
Granery Gaorgins I lo. 3	Gwenvarn - Nov 5
rentius Gregorius), Nov 17	Gwick - June 29
bishop of Rheims, Nov 17	Gwinning Jan 31
died)	Gwithog - Jan 7
T D	C March 2
dian anadim d his hon (June 10	Gwynnio - or May 4
of Spoleto - Dec 24 ———————————————————————————————————	Gwynnog - Oct 26
III . pope. 7 Nov 10 or	(wythelan Aug 22.
	Gwyven - June 2
- VII, pope - May 25	(Tybrian, or Gobrian - May 8
X tion k(h 16	Gynvel - Nov 2
Gregory the Great, March 12	
pope5 march 12	
the Great, or Sept 3	H
	**
Grimhald abbot, depo July 8	Hadelin, abbot - Feb 3
	Hallowmas or Hallows,
Grimonia, or Germana Scpt 7	or All Hallows, or
or Frgoulc, Gudila, Jan 8	Hallowmas, Hallon Nov 1
or i rgouic, Gualla, Jan 8	tide, or All Saints'
virgin	Day - J
Gudwal, bish p and June 6	Harold VI, king of Nov 1
Congrasion =	Demiark - 3
Guenau, Gumailus	Heahmund, bishop - March 22
Wenialus, Guennai	Hedda, bishop and con- July 7
Wenialus, Guennai lus, abbot, died in	
Fingland -) Gui, mirtyr Vide St Vit	Hedwige, or Havoye, Oct 15 or duchess of Silesia 17
Guibert, monk, and - May 23	Hegesippe - April

^{*} Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii † Brand s Popular Antiquities

Heigna, virgin - May 30	Hilda, virgin and ab- Dec 15.
Helen, queen - May 21	
Helen, wife of the Sout 3	Hildebert or Hilde vert, Hildebertus, Il-
Helen, wife of the Sept 3	devertus, and Datle May 27
Holen of Smoden July 31	vertus hishen died
Hemelin, confessor, a March 10	Hildegarde, abbess, Sept 17
Scotsman - J_	died 5 sept 17
Hemma - June 29	Hildelitha, virgin and Dec 22.
Henricus Blesensis, bi Aug 6	100001 - 3
shop and confessor - Aug 6	Hildeman, bishop - Dec 8
Henry - Jan 19 (July 14 R	Hiltrude, virgin, died Sept 27 Himelin, hermit - March 10.
- emperor Mar o p	Hippolitus, martyr - Aug 13
of Treviso - June 10	bishop and
Henry ! I of England,)	martyr and St 7:
king and martyr, May 22	mothy, and St Sym Aug 22.
	phorien -
hermit of Jin 16	Hock I de, an annual festival,
hermit 10	which commenced on the fif-
Her ird, or Eberhard Feb 9	teenth day after Easter day Hock Day is the second Tuesday
Herculan - Nov 7	after Easter *
Herebert, hermit - Murch 20	Houl - Oct 91
Herebert archbishop March 16	Holy Cross, Invention May 3.
of Cologne, died	
Hereswitha, queen Scpt 20	of the Exaltation Sept 14.
Herlum, abbot of Bec, Au 26	
alea) '	Holymas Day Vide Nov 1.
Herman, Joseph - April 7 Hermas May 9	Holy Rood Day, or the
Llown norldo martar)	d iy of the Lx iltation Sept 14
in Spain - \ \ \frac{1}{2} \lambda pril 13	of the Holy Cross .
Hermes, martyr - Aug 28	Holy or Great Monday Tuesday,
Hidulfe, or Hidow, Linky 11	and Wednesday Those days in
	Passion Week.
Hieronymus, prust Sept 30	Holy Ihursday, Ascension Day
Hilarion, abbot	Vide Ascension , but abroad, Holy I hursday is Maunday I hursday
Hilarion, abbot - Mar 28 (7	Vide p 126
Hilary and Tacoan March 16	Holy or Great Friday, Good Fri-
Hilary, bishop _ Jan 13	day Holy or Great Saturday,
(Jin 13,	Saturday in Passion Week, or
latterly in	Easter Eve
irmce	Holy Weck, the week before Easter
Jan 14 In	Day
Hilary, bishop of Poi dancient charters,	Homobon - Nov 13 R.
tiers Oct 1 ind	July 12 at
in those of	L'oulouse
the sixth	At the ab-
century,	Honust Honostus bey of
June 26	prices of Toulouse Interes
, bishop of Arles May 5	end marture _) I to Iti.,
larsus, Hilarus, bi- Oct. 25	and Sun-
shop of Mentz	day in the octaves of
translation of Nov 1	St. Denis
pope, died Feb 21	
Hilda, abbess - Nov 18	Honorat, bishop of Jan 20 & Arles May 15
Hulda, vergen - Aug 25	Honoratus Jan 16

^{*}Vide Archæologia, vol vii pp 244—266, and Blount's and Nares' Glossarj

	- I. Tarala 7
May 16	Ignicius de I ojola, July 31.
Honorine, virgin and Feb 28	dica
mortur - or 27 *	patriarch of Oct 23
Honorius, archbishop Scpt 30	Constantinople
Honorius, arthonor Scot 30	Ignatius bishop and Jan 31
and confessor - Aug 8	martyr 3
	bishop and Dec 17 t
Mis)1	marttr
	Ildephonso, or Al phonso, bishop of Jan. 23
Hospice, or Sospis, M ty 25	phonso, bishop of Jan. 23
Hospitius hermit	Toledo • • •
Hou Vide St Lindru Jan 6	Theg - Aug 8
	Illidius, bishop - June 5
	illited July 10
are ministrop of April 9	lityd - March 6
Rouen, died - April 1	Illutus - Nov 6.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ina - Feb 1
, bishop of Gre- April 11	Ina, king and con Feb 6.
noble 3	tessor, deposition of J
, bishop of Lin- Aug 27	In in confessor in Scot- Aug 18
coln - 3	land)
of St. Victor, 1 eb 11	INCARNATION OF OUR March 25.
Hubert bishon died - Nov 5	Taren)
	Indicactus, martur - 160 5
Hugh, bishop and con- Aug 5	Innocent, pope - July 28
fessor -	1 DAV. OF)
, trans- Oct 7 †	feast of the Holy Dec 28
lation of)	INNOCINIS
, bishop and con Nov 17	Invinition of the HoLy May 3
fessor }	CROSS May
, of Lincoln, boy June 29	Irch ard, or Erthad, bi Aug 24
and martyr - 3	shop - J
Humbert, bishop and \ Nov 20	Ircna us, bishop of Sir- March 24
martyr 3	
Humbert, pricet, died March 25	bullon of Lilling 25 La
Hunegunda, nun - Aug 27	I yons, and murtyr - Aug 23 G
Hyacinthe Aug 16	Irencus and his com- July 5+
Hyacinthus and Pro Sept 11	panions Sury S
thus)	I told setor of St.)
Hycham - Aug 8	I wine toundress of Aug 31
Hyghald, abbot and Sopt 22	the monastery of Sept 12 P
confessor 3	Longchamp -J
Hyginus Jan 11	Teaus and Sabbas - Jan 146
Hypolitus martyr, and Aug 13	Labornon - Dec 22
	Isidora Jan 15
Hytete - Sept 24 +	
	ville, died - April 4
	Isidore, confessor - April 16
I.	11000015
_	The second of Manager of
Ibar, or Ivor, bishop in April 23	
Ireland	drid of Pelusium, or
Ida, countess of Bou- April 13	of Damietta, pricet Teb 4 G
logne died	of Damietta, prices (200
widow - Sept. 4	and hermit
Idaburga, or Edburge June 20	Ismail, bishop June 16
Idlas - Sept 6	Jan 25
Idus, bishop of Lein- July 14	
eter)	Ithaniar, bishop and June 10
Tangeress surnamed 7 Feb 1 L	confessor and
Theophore, bishop Feb 21 G	Ithwara, virgin and Dec 23
and martyr 3 Feb 21 G	martyr3
Corre areas of a	

October 6 in the Arundal MS 155
 Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii
 Cotton MS Vespasian, A ix.

of Pepm of Landen, March 17	(Drc 27 I
of Pepm of Landen, March 17	JOHN THE EVANCELIST MAY 8
mayor of the palace) Ives - May 19*	July 10, & Scpt 26 G
Ivia, or Ivo bishop - April 25.	6 arms Donman
Ivo, bishop, invention of April 24.	I ATINAM May 6.
	John of Beverley - May 7
-, bishop and con- Aug 4.	fature of,trans- } Oct 25
fessor 5 mg	i minim of3
Iwynnoydl Jan 1	-, bishop of Ely - May 6.
T	- of Bridlington - Miy 11 -, of Bridlington, 7 Oct 10
· ·	confessor Oct 10
JAMES THE GREATER, July 25 L.	- confessor - Feb 5
apostic and martyr - Apr 30 G	-, and P tul, martyrs June 26
to any latera et Dec 30	-, pract and conf June 27
transation of -3	John, abbot of (vorze,) Feb. 97
JAMES and PHILIP, May 1 L	in Lorianie, died -3
apostles SOct 23 (x July 15 L	, abbot of Rheims Jan 28
() of 21 (Sinal - March 30
, urship or talst I fan 12 he	C Nov 11 (c
bis, in Persia the Maro-	
nites	April 9 P
, hermit Nov 19	, bishop in Armenia May 13 G
, l Intercis, slain Nov 27	trans- Sept 18 P
marture in Numerica April 30	lation of - Jan 30 & Nov 15 G
martyrs in Numidia 5 April 60	(alvoite - Jan 15 G
Illyricum - April 20	- (apistran, of the)
Inne I range do (han.)	order of St Francis, Oct 23
til 5 3 ug 2 1	died)
Januarus and Iclix Jan 7	- (hrysostom, bi-)
But wants and by Sept 19 L.	shop of Constanti- Jan 27 R
companions martyrs Apr 21 G	— Chmacus, abbot - March 30
Jarlath first hishop of 1 Dec 26 or	- of the Cross - Nov 24
Tuam - Feb 11	died Dec 14
- translation of June o	(May 6 R.
Jerome, or Hierome, Sept 30	— of Damascus - May 8 P
priest and accour - 3	C Nov 29 G
JESUS, FEAST OF THE Aug 7	of the order of Charity March 8.
	of the order of Charity
Josephum, father of the Mar 20 R	founder of Vallam- July 12.
Holy Virgin Sept 9	founder of Vallam- July 12.
	, hermit - June 12
Joan of France, first 7 Feb. 4	de Matha founder
	of the order of the Feb. 8
Joannicius, abbot - Nov 4	Trinity3
Joans or Jovin, of March 2	of the abbey of Ro- Sept 25-
Tour mur Angemen Ann 3	of the abbey of Ro- Sept 25-
EVANGELIST EVANGELIST 27	denario, died -)
THE BAPTIST, 7	monk of the order Sept 29
NATIVITY OF June 24	of Citeaux, died -
,) some or	- of Nepomuk, in)
Conception of Sept. 24.	Bohemia, canon of May 19
Sanctification of ' July 2.	Prague -
sancuncation of	- I, pope, martyred May 18.
DECOLLATION OF Aug 29	, pope May 27
	— de Prado - May 24.

John of Reomay — May 1, Jonas, Barachisius &c March 29 —, or Ionius Vide Yon Joseph, husband of the March 20 Joseph and Athithath — Huly 27 Joseph and Athithath — March 14 — Barsabrs, the disciple — Aug. 27 — of Cupertino — Sept 18 — of Leonissa — Feb 4 — called Count Joseph Jovin c Jovas, of I con Mirch 2 Joueta and Faustinus — Feb 15 June and St Simon, (6) 24 L June 19 G Red Ya L June 19 G Red Ya L June 19 G Red Ya L June 19 G	Junian, hermit and abbot Just, martyred in Paris (probably the same as 't Just of Beau. Vals) Instance and Cypneaness, Justin to Padua, virgin and martyrs Justini to Padua, virgin and martyr Justinian, monik and martyr Justinian, monik and martyr Justinian, priest Justinian, priest Justinian, proper August 4 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest Oct 18 justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justinian, priest October 7 Justi
Judoc, confessor Judocus, or Jose, con- Julia, virgin, martyred yirgin and mar tyrin Syria Julian, anchorite	The philoso- April 3 L June 1 G doctor Shaper and martyr, April 3 L June 1 G doctor Shaper and Pastor August 6 June 18 Juvenal, bishop of August 7 Narm Juventinus and Maxi- June 18 Juventinus and Maxi- Juventinus and Maxi- K
June 16 R Julius, nother of St. Cyr, martyre and June 19 Julius, mother of St. Cyr, martyred with the son July 30 Julius, pope Julius, pope Julius, pope Julius, mother of St. Cyr, martyred with the son July 30 Julius, mother of St. Cyr, martyred with the son July 30 Julius, pope July 30 Julius, pope July 30 July 30 Julius and Aaron July 1 June 10 R June 16 R June 16 R June 16 R June 17 June 19 July 30 May 27 July 30 May 27 July 30 May 27 July 30 May 27 July 30 May 27 July 30 May 27 July 30 May 27 July 1 June 10 July 10 July 10 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1	Katharine of Bologna. of Genoa - Feb 13 virgin, died of Steinar, virgin, died of Steinar, virgin and martyr Kebuse, bishop and con fessor Kenain or Canan, bishop in Ireland Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and martyr Keneim, king and and and and and and and and and and

^{*} Cotton MS Vespasian, A ix † Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii

02 0121120	
Kiarar, or Kenerin, March 5	Lanto, prior of St April 1
macnon dicd Sept 9	Laserian, or Molaisre, April 18
Kigwe, virgin - Sept 9 Feb 8	Laud, bishop of Cou Sept 21.
Kilian, abbot - July 12	Law of Moses given - May 18
shop and confessor Nov 13	Lawrence, archbishop of Canterbury, and Feb 2 confessor
In I ranconia Killeen, or Kvitan, or Kilan, or Kuln, Kil-	Lawrence, archbishop Nov 14
lanus, Killeni, an Irish bishop, mar- July 8	marty, deacon and Aug 10
tyred with his two	Lawrence, Justinian, Jeans 5
and Lotn m	bishop of Venice - Stept a I azarus, bishop - Dec 1"
Kined, confessor and August 2.	Lea, widow - March 22 Leander, bishop of Se- Feb 27
11 000 virgins mar- Oct 22	_ vilic
tyred at Cologne -)	Lebwin, or Libwin, also Called Leboin and Nov 12
Kirstinus Vide Kyrinus Kymlog – July 17	I ifoin Lebwinus, I ifoin Lebwinus, Lipwinus
Kyneburge, Kyneswid March 6	Ledger - Mar 27 *
Ayrinus, bishop of March 17	Led er, or I codgarius, Oct. 2
Ross 3 Milen 17	I we wide Moveable I easts, pp 79
	I etrona, abbess and Sept 23.
L	Leo Nov 12 * (Apr 11 R
Y . J . J	the Great, pope - \ Nov 10 P
Indistas I, king of June 27	IV, pope, died - July 17
I adre - Dec 17 * Lai y Our I ide Mary	and Paregorius - Feb 18
I am thisse - March 3	I to II, popt and con- fessor June 28
I unbert, or I indepert, April 14	I cobard, or I ibard, Jan 18
hishon of May 26 in	inclinit - J
Vence - Provence June 26,	I eoba abbess Sept. 28.
	Leocadia, virgin - Dec. 9
I amber t, Landebertus,] L inthertus, Lamber-	
Lintbertus, Limber- tus bishop of Macs- tricht, and mar	Leot dia, virgin — Dec. 9 I codi garius, bishop and martyr — Oct 2 Leofgar, bishop and Sept 7
Lintbortus, Limber- tus bishop of Mats- tricht, and mar	Leod dia, virgin Dec. 9 I condigarius, bishop Oct 2 and martyr Oct 2 Leofgar, bishop and Sept 7 cony vsor bishop and June 16.
Luttbertus, Lumber- tus bishop of Macs- tricht, and mar tyr - Lammas Day Aug 1 Landoald - Murch 19 Landald - Murch 19 Landald - Wurch 19	Leot dia, virgin - Dec. 9 I code garius, bishop oct 2 and martyr
Luttbertus, Lumber- tus hishop of Macs- tricht, and mar tyr Lammas Day Lammas Day I andoald I andoald June 15 Landrade, virgin and June 25	Leot dia, virgin — Dec. 9 I codi garius, bishop oct 2 and martyr — 5 Leofgar, bishop and Sept 7 cont sor — 5 maityr — 6 Leofin, bishop and June 16. Leofin, bishop and April 26. I colum, bishop and June 97
Lintbertus, Limber- tus bishop of Macs- tricht, and mar tyr Lammas Day - Aug 1 1 andoald - Mirch 19 1 andelin, abbot, did June 15 Landrade, virgin and abbess Lindri - July 14*	Leon that, virgin — Dec. 9 I cond gamins bishop of 20t 2 and martyr — 1 Leofgar, bishop and Sept 7 cont sor — 2 mailyr — 26 Leofine, bishop and April 26. I colvin, bishop and Confissor — 2 confissor — 1 Loon — June 27 Loon — June 13.*
Lintbertus, Limbertus,	Leon that, virgin Dec. 9 I cond gas uss, bishop Oct 2 and martyr Dec. 9 and martyr Dec. 9 Leofgar, bishop and Sept 7 —martyr Dec. 9 Leofur, bishop and April 26. Leofur, bishop and June 27 Leon Leonard, or Lienard, I now 6
Lintbertus, Lumbertus, bishop of Mats- trubt, and mar tyr Lammas Day - Aug 1 landoald - March 19 landelin, abbot, dtd Landrade, virgin and abbess Lundri Landerius, July 14* Landry, Landerius, June 10 Lanfranc, archbishop of May 24 or Canterbury dtd May 24 or	Leon that, virgin — Dec. 9 Leofigar, bishop and Sept 7 Leofigar, bishop and Sept 7 Leofigar, bishop and June 16. Leofin, bishop and April 26. Leofins, bishop and June 27 Leon — June 13. Leonard, or Lienart, June 30 Nobles
Lintbertus, Limbertus,	Leon that, virgin — Dec. 9 I cond gas ins bishop of 2 and martyr — Dec. 9 and martyr — Dec. 9 Leofgar, bishop and Sept 7 — Martyr — Dec. 9 Leofin, bishop and Confissor — Dune 13. Long Lonard, or Lienard, I now 6

Leonce, bishop of Fre- Dec 1	St. Lindru,
Jus, died Apr 17 *	Lindru, I utrudis, I in- Hou, Apri
martyr April 99	trudis, St Hou, Hoyl- 130 St. Pu-
Leonorus, or Lunaire, Luly 1	dis, Othildis St Pu-Jainna, Jan
Y	billing and se intene ze, une
Leopold, marquis of Nov 15	hout, sisters and vir- April 23 gins - St Mene
Lethard, bishop - 1 cb 24	hout, Oct
Letus - Nov ,	Linux none
Leu, or Loup, Lupus, Sept 1	Linus, pope and mar- Nov 26
lation of - trans- April 23	Lioba, virgin and ab- Sept 28
Leubasse, or Lebesse, July 18 in	bess 5 sept 23
Leubatius, or Leoba- lisewhere	I itama Major - April 25 I ivin an Irish bishop Nov 12
tius, abbot July 28	Llawdog Jan 15
Leufred, bishop and { June 21	I lechad Dec 1
Lewin Dic 19 *	I lewellyn Dec 12 I lwych i yarn - Jin 11
bishop and Nov 12	I lwydian - Nov 19
	Lo, Lindus and I unus, Sept 21
Lewinc, virgin and July 24	pishop of Container 3 -
Tanin Tian ina hishan S	Whitern in Scotland (Sept 22
of Angers 5 Pet 13	Lom in, or Luman, Feb 17
Libanus, confessor - Dec 2 Liberatus, abbot - Aug 17	Lomer Launomariu)
Libera Marcullinus)	abbot, died Jan 19
rein Liberius, pope, Car 94	Longinus - March 15
uicu	Longis or I ongison, Jan 13
July 23 at Mins in	questing or Leoneraling Cuite
Liboire, Liborius, bi- Hainault	abbot Japan 2
shop June 9	Louis, bishop Aug 19 - Aug 25.
M v 12 13 and 28	Louis of Blois sur-
Lizer, or Lizier, Gly- cerius, or Licerius, Aug 7	named Blosius, abbot Jan 7
cerius, or Licerius, Aug 7	of Lussies in Hai
01800p J	nal of St Auge died Sept 16.
Licinius, bishop - 1 eb 13 Lidoire Lidorius, I i-)	
torius, and Lictor, Sept 13	I oup bishop of Baveux May 28
bishop of Lours -)	Lupus, bishop of Sept 25
Lidwina or I ydwid - April 14 Lic, Lattus, hermit of \(\) Nov. 5	I yous Scept 20
Berry 5 Troy	Froves, bishop of July 29
Liefart - June 3*	I ouvent, Lupentius, Cor on
Lietbert, bishop of Sept 08 or	
Cambray and Arras June 20	Low Sunday, the Sunday next after Laster Day vide the Moveable
uieu	heusta name 70
Litard, Liphardus, or June 3 Lietphardus, abbot	Luanus, abbot and con- July 12
[Now Sept	Luanus, or Lugid, ab- bot of Ireland
23, tor-	
Lan, pope mcrivOct 7 and Nov	I ubin - Mar 12 *
26,	shop of Chartres - Mar 4 P
Ç	

	,
Lucan Oct 30*	Mac cartin, Aid, or
Luce, Lucius, pope, March 4	Acd, bishop of Aug 15
	Clogher3
Lucian, apostle of Jin 8	Macculindus, bishop - Sept 6
Dedutais	Macdryn - June 9
, transl thon of - May 1	Muccdonius Jan 24
Formerly Jan 8 G	Miglistian, bishop in Jan 50
priest now Oct	The Machabees or the
(15 G	Seven Brothers, Aug 1
Jan 7	martyrs)
- Feb 13 *	Machan, bishop and Scpt 28
Maxian martirs Oct 17 †	contessor in Scotland
	Machai, bishop of Nov 12
- and Marcian - Oct 26	Moray 3
, priest _ Jan 8 and Germinian, Sept 16	Machatus, bishop and Nov 15
martyrs - Sept 16	
Jucius, king - Dec 3	Soft and - March 19
Lucius, pope - March 4	Mackraeth Jan 1
Lucy, virgin and mar- Dec 13	Miclow Nov 14 *
	Macmisius, bishop of Sept 3
Lucy - Sept 19	Connor
Ludger, bishep of March 26	Maci i, virgin and Miy 30
Munster, died - July 07	Maci, virgin and May 30 marter and chief-
COct IS T.	ly June 1
LUKE THE EVANGELIST Oct 18 I. Apr 22 (*	Micrimi, sister of St July 19
Lulle, Lullus bishop of Oct 16 ‡	Bisil Suly 19
	Micuil, Macullius, of April 25
I unethus Sept 25	Mughold 5 Mpm 25
Lupicin, abbot of Lau Mirch 21	Macheric abbess - Sept 7
Lupus, or Leu, arch-	Mulen, or Mutern - May 17 Muloc - Dec 31
bushup	Miclos Dec 31 Miclrhys Jin 1
- July 21	Micthic - Dec 26.
, confessor - July 50	Mandalin disciple - July 9)
Lutemist - Oct 10*	Wagtorus, bishop at d Oct 24
Lutgarde, nun - Junc 1 P	Contrasor)
	Magnus martyr - April 16
Lybian - Feb 28	- Au, 10
Lythog Sept 1	Miguil, Madelaisilus May ()
	Mahanes, Abraham, Nov 50
	Maharsapor, martyr - Nov 27
M	Mudoc, Maodhog,
	Aidar, or Mosue, Jan 31
Macure - April 7*	bishop of Terns -)
- Oct 11 *	Maieul, Maiolus or
of Alexan- lin 2 I	Mayolus abbot of May 11
dria, abbot Jan 19 (x	Main - Jan 15.
Armenia, died - April 10	Mainbour Mainbour or 2
of Levet, ab-) Inn 19 (Mainbouf, Mainbou, or 3 Oct 16 Magnobodus, bishop Oct 16
bot Jan 15 L	M exent, Messant or
Manue me alphot Dec 10	Maxentius, abbot June 20
Macuv. Macarius.	
in months commissed	Makuvlock, bishop in Jan 29 Scotl ind
Maccai, abbot - April 11.	Scotlind J

^{*} Cotton MS Domitan, Axvii † Cotton MS Vespasian, Axx. ‡ October 18 Butler

Malachrus, bishop and Nov b	Marcellus, pope and Jan. 16.
confessor 5	martyr - { Jan. 16.
Malachy, archbishop of Nov 3	and Mar- June 18
	cellian, martyrs - Soule la
Malcolm III , king and June 2	Marcia or St Rusticle, Mircia Rusticula, Aug 11
Confessor 5 une 2	Mircia Rusticuia, Aug II
Malcus, bishop and Aug 10	abless June 30
Mala Marlan as M. 3	Mircin, priest - Jin 10.
hout Nov 15	, anchoret - Nov 2
	Marciana virgin and
Malrubius, hermit and Aug 27	Mirciani, virgin and Jan 9
land	Marcoul, abbot - May 1
Malrubrus April 21 * Mamert, bishop, died May 11	Marcoul, abbot - May 1 Marcus Marcian &c Oct 4
Mamert, bishop, died May 11	Manguet of Cortona - Peb 22
Mammes, or Mammas, Aug 17 I	ot Fugland - Feb
Sint provide the Carte of Carte	of Finland - Feb J of Hungary, virgin, daughter of King Beli IV died
	virgin, drughter of Jan 28
Mandate, or Munday Thursday,	King Bell IV died
the Ihursday before Good Fri-	Margaret, wigin and July 20 t
diy	marin
Mancre, bishop and Confessor in Scot Dec 18	nimer s And 1
Mangiulle, Mandelgi- May 30	martyr - Sept 2
silus, hermit - } May 30	July 8 be-
Mans, bishop and mar- April 16	, queen of (torc 169),
tyr - 5 April 19	Scotland - June 10
Mansu, Mansu, or Sept 3	Jamee 1640
Mansuetus, bishop - 5 Sept 3	translation of June 19
Manvieu, Manveus, May 28	M m, Maire, or Marius, } Jan 27
bishop J	
Mapolice April 19 †	Marianus, hermit - Sept 19
Marcel, or Marceau, Nov 3	
Distribution of Latin	M crim i virgin June 18 tr inslation of, July 17
, martyr - Sept 4	kept it Venice July 17
- April 12 +	24
Marcella - Scut 6	burga, migins _ July 7
widow - Jan ol	Mirinus and Asterius March 3
	Mirrus abbot Jan 27
Embrun \(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 1	Marrus and Martha - Jan 19
pope - April 26	MARKAHELANCILIST April 25
Marcellin, or Marche-7	7.
lin, pricst and con July 14	trinslation of, kept Jin 31
fissor and Peter) Toma o	at Venice - 3
martyrs - June 2	March 29
Marcelling wirem and)	Tuna 9 ±
Marcellina, virgin and July 17	tyl . Suchop and mar- Oct 22
Margollus In 17	tvi Oct 22
Acametes	or Marcellus) -
	and Marcellus June 18
turion, the cen Oct 30	Oct 7
turion Soct 30	Mark, Marcellus, and Oct 7
bishop of)	11pm(100)3
1 41 10	Marnin, bishop in March 2
pope Jan 16	Scotland 5 march 2
Marcellus and Apulcius Oct 7 and Valerian Sept 4.	Marnok, bishop and Oct. 25
and Valerian Sept 4.	confessor - ,- 5 CCL 25

^{*} April 22 Butler † Cotton MS Domitian, Axvii † This is the feast of St Margaret, which is generally mentioned in records

Teb 14.G	Martyrs, seven sleepers July 27 of Utica - Aug 24
Maron, archimandrite Γcb 9 by in Syria - the Ma-	twelve brothers Sept 1
ronites	
Martha, Maris, Audi- Jan 19	, four, crowned Nov 8
fax, and Abachum - San 19	, four, crowned Nov 8, seven, of Sa-
Marifa, virgin - July 27 *	, ten, of Crete Dec 28
	Maruthas, bishop - Dcc 4
Martial, bishop of Li- June 30	MARY, the Virgin, Jin 1 "Natale" of -
	conception of - Dec 8 , nativity of - Sept 8
Martin, bishop of Tours,	, nativity of - Sept 8
Martian - April 5 Martin, bishop of Tours, ordination of † (Mar- Nov 11	, presentation of Nov 21
tinmas) J	Mar 25 —
, subvention of - May 12 ‡	annunciation of and it
, translation of - July 4	Milan
relics from Auxerre Dec 13	Dec 18
to Tours	, visitation of - July 2
nope and con- Nov 12 5	purification of Feb 2
Jesaur	a sumption or
Martin, abbot of Suntes Dec 7	death of, called also the 'Deposition, Aug. 17
tou, died - Ver Oct 24	"Sommel Re Aug 17
Braga, dicd March 20	pos,' and 'Passage
Braga, dicd - 5 march 20	of -
Morting piope and martyr Apr 14 G	Mary Murch 15
Martina, virgin and Jim 30	Myr 18 6
Martinian hornut - Tch 17	of Bethany - Mir 19 m
, and Pro- links	Burgundy
	Pazzi Magdalen of May 25
Martinian, bishop - Sept 12	of Owner w 3
Marts, Mars, or Mar April 13	cluse - June 23
Martyrs, I housand,	(April 2 or
for the Holy Scrip > Jan 2	Mary of Egypt, pentent
tures)	1 Apr 27 F
of Japan - Feb 5 - of Pontus - Feb 5	ad Nives - Aug 5
of Alexanders I als 00	Magdalen - July 22
under the March 2	Salome Oct 2
	Masentia Nov 20
baste, forty, of Se March 10	Masse Blanche, the
	three hundred mar
of Hadial a April 6	tyrs who were cast Aug 19
of Alexandria March 17 of Haddal - April 6 Missyltan - April 9 tives - April 9	into a cauldron of
, Roman cap- (April 9	live coals, at Utica
tives April 3	Materne, bishop of Sept 14 or
of Rome, un- June 8.	Ircves 19 or 25
der Nero - June 8.	translations / July 18 &
of Gorcum - July 9	of, at Freves Oct 23
, seven brothers July 10	Mathelin Sept 16 9

[§] Nov 10 in the York Breviary ¶ Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii

MATHIAS THE APOSILE Fib 24*	Maximus, bishop of Dec 27
[Nov 9	Alexandria 5 Dec 27
Mathurin, priest and Nov 1 in	
	bishop of Riez
confessor Nov 9	hubon of
Lanciently	lurin Sudie 25
Matilda or Mahault ?	martyr - April 30.
queen of trermany, March 14	or Mauxe,
died J	nnd Venerand, mar May 25
(Sept 21 L	tyrs)
MATTHEW, THE APOS Sept 21 L	priest - Nov 19
TLF AND FVANGELIST) and Rus	- Maydulph, hermat - April 18
Luinna	Mechtild virgin - April 12 \$
Maud, queen, depost April 30	Medard, bishop and
	Medard, bishop and June 8
Maudut - Nov 17 +	10713
Mauger, Madelgure	Medwyn Jan 1
or Madelg irius, now (1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	Meilingle - May 27
or Madelg irius, now July 14	Meilig Nov 14
Sorgnies, died -)	Mein, Mchen, Meven-)
Maund it, or Shere I harsday, the	Mein, Mchen, Meven- nius, Menevenius, June 21
day before Good 1 rid iy	ind Mamus, ibbot -)
Maur, disciple of St Jan 15	Meirian - Feb
	Melanic of Melanius, Jin 6
Maura and Bridgit, in)	Mclanic or Melanius, Jin 6 bishop, died Oct 10
Lournne and Beru Huly 13	Melm Oct 10
vaisis)	Melania, the elder Jan 7
, virgin, died - Sept 21	marcyr - 3
Maurice - Nov 9	died, the younger Dec 1
Maurice - Sept 21	Melancie - Jan 31
Maurice martyr, and Sept 22	Chormala
Maurille Maurili, or)	Melchiad or Miltiad, Jin 10,
Maurilius, bishop of Sept 13	pope now Dec
Angers	10
Maurille, archbishop of \ \u_1 0 \	Meletins, bishop of land
Rouen 5cpt 13	Mcletius, bishop of 1 cb 19
Maurinus and Austerius March 3	Meliorus martyr - Oct 1
M mront, abbot, died - M my 5	Mehto bishoo April 1
Maw, confes or - May 17	Mell bishopot Aidagh) E. b. core
Maxinta or Messentia Nov 20 #	Mell bishopof Aidagh Feb por b
vir _k m 3 Nov 20 r	Mellanus - Oct 28
Maxentrus, abbot - June 26.	Mellitus, archbishop of April 24
Miximim Malchus, July 27	(anterbury)
	"lello archbishop - June 6
Maximilan, martyr - March 12	Mello bishop of Rouen Oct 22
Waxmin bishop May 2)	Multig Nov 1
	Memer May 10
Maximum bishop Sept 12 Maximus, about - Aug 13	Memmius, bishop - Aug
m iximus, anon . Aug 13	Menchout Mencenta- dis, or Magenhalds
confessor Aug 13	I ide St I indru
	j rint of rinkitu

^{*} It would appear that before the alteration of the Style, the teast of St Mathias was kept in bis-extile, or leap years, on the 25th of February Hopton's Concordance (p. 65) printed in 165, states that Julius Ce at added a day to Lebruary in every lour years "because it is the shorte t anded a divide for the property four years occasive it is the sound of month and, also, according to our Church's account, the last month, and this dig they put at the 27th of I chairs so that the letter I is twice repeated, Saint Mathias day being observed upon the latter, according to the verse, -

⁶ April 10 Butler

Meneve, Mauvis, Manevicus, Meneleus, abot, died Mengan Menge, Memme, or Mem. Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, Miles, M	02 0-21113	
nevicu, Meneleus, or Meneleus, died Mengan Mengan Menge, Memme, or Meneleus bishop Menge, Memme, or Meneleus bishop Menan martyr Mernando, bishop Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Mille Molochly bishop, ble Mille Molochly bishop, died Molochly bishop, died Molochly bi	Moneyo Manus Ma-1	f April99 R
or Menelaus, abbot, died Mengan Mengan Memnius bishop Mennander, bishop Merre, Mitry, Mitrus, Nov 13 Merre or Merdericus, Nov 13 Merri or Merdericus, Aug 29 Aug 31 P Aug 31 P Aug 31 P Aug 31 P Aug 31 P Aug 31 P Aug 31 P Mervana, wrgin and abbess Mesmus, Maximinus, contessor Mesmin Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Maximinus - Mesmus, Michael Tiff Archi - Sept 29 Michael Tiff Archi - Sept 29 Michael of the mount of history of the Grand of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the the mount of the mount of the mount of the the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount of the mount	noviou Monolous	Miles, Mil. or Nil. Nov 10 (c
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Mengan Menge, Memme, - Sept 26 Menge, Memme, - Aug 5 Menma martyr Mernado, bishop - Mor 11 Mernadoc, bishop - Mor 11 Mernadoc, bishop - Mor 11 Mernadoc, bishop - Mor 12 Merre, Mitry, Mitrus, or Mitrus mand confessor in Scot land - Nov 1 Mitrus - Nov 1 Mitrus - Nov 1 Mitrus - Nov 1 Mochoemec or Pul- Mochetus, abobot - Mochetus, abobot - Mochetus, abobot - Mochetus, abobot - Mochetus, crescentus, and Vitus - Modan, abbot in Scot land - Modan, abobot in Scot land - Modan, abot in Scot land - Modan, abot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot in Scot land - Modal, abbot		
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Midd, tha wrgm - Feb 26 Mothering Sunday Mid Lent Sunday wife m and 1 leb 20 Midd cate, wr, m, depo- July 13 Middle at wr, m, depo- July 13 Middlent, bishop of Jan 1		Morot Contessor in Nov 8
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Mulmolin, bishop Oct 16 Situm of Mulmolin, bishop of Jan 1	ahh [160 20	
	Mildreda mrem deno.	
	Sition of July 13	Manufacture bullian of)

^{* (}otton MS Domitian A xvii

+ Robert of Gloucester speaking of the coronation of William the Conqueror, which took place on Christmas Day 1066, sys, he was crowned "anydeonyter day, p. 367 Fle month of December was called by the Saxons" winter monat, 'and "midwinter monat'

Munde, abbot in Argyle April 15	Nicodemus Aug 3
Mungo hishon of Glas.	Nicomedes, martyr - June 1
Mungo, bishop of Glas- Jan 13	
Musedach bakes of	
Muredach, bishop of Aug 12	Myra Dec 6
**************************************	Myra
Mwrog - Jan 15	translation of May 9
Mwthwyl March 2	1, pope, died Nov 13
Myllin June 17	of Iolentino, Sept 10
,	hermit died - Sept 10
	Nicon called the Me Nov 26 G
N	tanoite and L
•	Nigaise, Nicasius, or]
57-7 2 77 7 m	Migaise, Micasius, or
Nabor and Felix - July 12	Nigasius priest, St Cerin or Quirinus,
Narcissus, apostle of Aug 5	
rug noutg	St Fscobille, Ego- Oct 11
Narenssus, bishop - Oct 29	bile Scubiculus Scu-
Narses, bishop, called by the Greeks Nirsa	viculus, or 's ubilius, [
by the Greeks Nirsa	and St Pienter, mar
and by the Latins Nov 20 G	13 to
Narsa, and Joseph	Nil the clder, hermit Nov 12 G
his disciple, martyrs	and priest - Nov 12 G
Nathalan Jan 8	Cita pricio v J
	- the younger, abbot Sept 26
Nathy, or David - Aug 9	Nil unmon, hermit - Jan 6
Nazarius, &c , martyrs June 12 R	Nillo 1 eb 16
Cot 14 G	of St. Donevald, in July 15
and Celsus, July 28	of St. Donevald, In \July 15
martyrs \sum 3 artyrs	
Acctanus, confessor Feb 14	Niman, bishop and sept 16.
Name con and his com-	contessor - Sept 16.
pamons - Sept 10	Nisur hishon of Larone 3
	Nisicr, bishop of Lyons, April 2
Nomus or Nennid- 1 to 17	
	Nissen, abbot - July 25
hius, abbot 5 dan 17	Blums ded Sept 1
Nennus, or Nehemias, June 14	Rhams, died -5 Pept 1
abbot Jane 17	Noth's entry into the March 17
Nenooe, or Nennoca, June 4	
	exit from the April 29
Neot, anchoret - Oct 28	3rk 5 11 pm 25
Mant munit and son)	Nonne, the wife of St 7
fessor - July 31	(regoryof Nazianze } Aug 5
	the father3
Pancras, martyrs - May 12	Norbert founder of
Nestor - Feb 27	the order of Premon- June 6
Marketon Licham and 3	strants, died -
nethaten, bishop and Jan 8	Norm March 2.
Conicson 1	
Nicander and Marcian June 17	Numila and Alodia - Oct 22
Nuasius, bishop and Oct 11	Nympha - Nov 10
mortyr	
Vicasius, archbishop of	
Rhenns, and his com- } Dec 14	0
panions3	U
Feb 9 R	
Micephorus, martyr - M 15 D	O Sapientia Dec 16
of Constantinople - { March 1}	()da, virgin - Nov 27
of Constantinople - \ March 13	Odille, virgin and abbess Dec 13
or constantinopic -)	
	Clan a and
Nicetas - Sept 15	Odds abbet of Clum Jin 2 and
Nicctas - Sept 15 - April 3	Odilo, abbot of Clum - June 21
Nicetas - Sept 15 April 3 Nicetius, archbishop of April 0	Odilo, abbot of Clum - June 21 Odo, archbishop - June 2*
Nicctas - Sept 15 Nicctius, abbot - April 3 Nicctius, archbishop of Lyons - April 2	Odilo, abbot of Clum - June 21 Odo, archbishop - June 2* Odo, archbishop of July 4
Nicctas, abbot - Sept 15 Nicctius, archbishop of April 2 Lyons Nicetius, bishop of Doc 5	Odilo, abbot of Clum: June 21 Odo, archbishop Odo, archbishop Canterbury July 4
Nicctas - Sept 15 Nicctius, abbot - April 3 Nicctius, archbishop of Lyons - April 2	Odilo, abbot of Clum - June 21 Odo, archbishop - June 2* Odo, archbishop of July 4

Odoceus, bishop and I I.I. o	Owin, confessor - March 4
confessor - July 2	Oyend, Ovant Lugen 2
Odrian, bishop - May 8	dus, or Ogendus, ab- { J in 1
Odulph July 18	bot - 3
Oduvald, abbot - May 26	·
Odwald, abbot and Dec 7	P
Offram - Mar 18 *	Pacian bishop - March o
Olaus, king of Sweden July 29	Pacomius, founder of May 15 (
of Norway July 29	the Cenobites - 5 May 14 I
UL HUI WAY	Padern March lo
Oldegaire, bishop, died March 6	- Nov 12
Olympiade, widow - { Dec 17 L.	Palemon, anchoret San 11 R
Coury 20 G	
Omer, Audomarus, bi Sept 9	Pall ide Palais, or Pal- Oct 7
shop of Terouane - 5 top 5	Palladius or Padie, 7 Tule C
Onusimus Fcb 16	Palladius or Padie, July 6
	Bulladus buken and
Onuphrius, hermit - June 12 Opportuna, abbess - April 22	confessor - Jan 27
Optatus, bishop - June 4	Palm Sunday, the Sixth Sunday in
Oran Oct 15 *	Lent is the Sixth Sunday after
Orens Orient, or Oren- May 1	Shrove Tuesday Vide Moveable
tius, bishop - May 1	Feasts, p 79
Orsisc, superior general)	Pumbo of Nitria - Sept 6
of the congregation June 15	Pimmichius - Aug 30
of Tabenna	June 1 R
Ositha, queen and mar- 1 Oct 7	Pamphilus, priest and June 1 R mirtyr
tyr 5000 /	• (110 10 1
Osmanna, virgin - Sept 9	Paneras and others, M is 12
Osmund, bishop and Dec 4	
	April 3 *
Osmund, translation of July 16	- July 21
Osonans - Aug 1*	Pondu ina, virgin Aug 26
Oswald, archbishop - April 15	Pancake Iuesday Shrove
, bishop and con 1 Feb 28	Tucsday Pantænus July 7
fessor 5 or 29	Pantænus - July 7 I antaleo - July 28 t
, king and mar Aug 5 †	Dintalin Sont 15 #
Oswin, confessor - April 18	Puntene, the apostle of July 7
Ling and man.)	the Indies - July 7
tyr, and that Mar Aug 20	Panthalin June 4 *
, translation of - March 11	Paphnutius Sept 11
Oswy king Feb 15	Panas hishon . Ich 99
Other descen and con)	Papoul, or Papulus, Nov 3
fessor Sept 10	priest and martyr
Otilia - Dec 14	Dondon bunday Fustor Day
Otho, bishop of Bam July 2	Pardou, Pardulfus Wa- Oct 6.
berg \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	recections, abbots, area j
Otmar, Omar, Otma-7	Parre Vide Patrocle
rus, or Odomarus, Nov 16	Pascase Radbert, ab- April 26
abbot3	por, area - y -
translation of Oct 25	Paschal Sabbath, Easter Day
Oudoceus, bishop - July 2.	Babylon - May 17
Ours, Ursus, abbot - July 18	Passion of the Seven April 10
(01 20	
Owen - Aug 15	Passion Sunday, the Fifth Sunday in Lent. Vide Moveable Feasts,
Owen, bishop and con- fessor Aug 24	p 79
Jesso/	h 12

Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii
 The Martis in festo Sancti Oswaldi Regis anno regni regis Edwardi
 Nono Rot Patent, 33 Ldw III in 26
 July 27 Butler

Passion Week, the week ensuing P thin builday, being the last week in 1 cnt, and the next before Laster Day cilled also the Great Week, and Holy Week Pude Moveable Feasts, p 79 Paternus, bishop and April 15 confessor April 15	Pelagua, a comeduan, Oct 8 R. afterwards penitent J Mar 8 P — June 9 — Peleus, Patermuthes, and companions, Sept 19 martyrs Pellegrini, or Peregrinus Aug 1 P. naun — Nov 1
Paterius, monk and Nov 12 Paterius bishop Sept 11 Patricius, bishop and April 98	Pentecost or Whitsunday, the fif- ticth day and seventh Sunday after Easter Day Vide the Move- able Leasts, p. 79 antea Pepin, of Landen mi-
Patrick, bishop - March 17 translation of June 9 Patroclus, mirtyr - Jan 21 priest and Nov. 10	nistr of the kings of 17 nice in Austrasia, died Pergrin, bishop and May 16 martyr
Patronius, bishop - March 30 Patronius, bishop - March 30 PAUL AND PEIER, June 29 APOSTILS COM June 30	Perpetua and Pelicutas, Visians and martyrs Perpetua Perpetua Perpetua Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perpetus Perp
VFRSION OF CON July 6	Tours, ded Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short Short S
Paul, hishop of Constantinople Leon March 12	octaves of - '- S July 6. PLIIR IN CATHEDRA at Sept. 22 ANTIOCH - S July 18.
and his com- panions, martyrs — and John, martyrs June 26 —, the simple, an- chorite — March 7	at Ronc - 3 Aug 1 Peter, abbot - Jan 6 —, of Milan - Ap 11 29 Peter the venerable, abbot of Clum, died
Paul, bishop of Nar Dec 20 bonne Mar 22 or Dec 12 Dec 12	monk of the Order of Oct 19, St Francis, died, archbishop of May 8
fessor and con- April 29 Dan 26 R.	1 arentum - 1 May 15 their companions - 3 May 15
Paula, widow June 22 P Paulin, bishop of Treves Aug 31 , translation of May 13 , bishop of Nola June 22 R	Balsam - Jan 8. , bishop of Alex- andria, martyred - Nov 25
patriarch - Shormerly Jan 11,	castro baste castro Jan 9
Paulinus, hermit - { Jan 10 R Jan 15 G } Confessor - { Oct 10	Celestin, pope, May 19 died Chryslogus, bi- shop of Ravenna Dec. 2 +
Pavin, Paduinus, abbot Nov 15 Paxent, martyr Sept. 23 P	dinal, bishop of Os-
Pega, vir gin - Jan 8 - June 3	martyr Exorcist, June 2.

^{*} Cotton MS. Domitian, A xvii

Peter Gonçales, Do- minican, died April 15	Plough Monday, the
minian died April 15	first Monday after
or Luxemoourg, (Inly 5	I welfth day -
bishop of Metz, died July 5.	Plutarch and others, 7 tone on
Nolasco - Jan 31	Plutarch and others, June 28
	Pomen,or Pastor,abbot Aug 27
Nolasque found-	
er of the Order of Dec 24	Pa men, abbot - Aug 27
Mercy, died -)	Potanus, her mit - March 5
Paschal - Dec 6	C.Ian St. R
	Policarp, bishop and Jan 16 R. April 27 P
and Paul dedica-	
tion of their churches \ Nov 18	(1 th 25 (7
at Rome	Polichronius bishop [1 eb 17
of Pisa June 1	and merty; - 1 eb 17
	ina marigi
Regalati - May 18	Pollio and his com- April 29
Petherwick, or Petroc June 4	panions, martyrs -3
(of (ornwall) }	Teb 13 L
Datmon althot and com	Polyeuctus, martyr - { J in 9 (r
Jessor	Pons, or Ponce, martyr May 14
, confessor - May 21	Junc 6 *
Petronilla, or Pernella, May 31	Pontian, or Pontianus, Nov 19
2 117 OM 13 1 2 0 7 10 10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	nov 19
- 100 gride	
Petronilla, abbess of Oct 30	Popon, or Poppo, abbot Jan 25
Aubeterre 5	died
Petronius, bishop - Oct 4	Porcarius, abbot and)
Phæbadius, bishop - April 25	
The batters but I 10	
Philastrius, bishop - July 18	tyrs)
Phileas, bishop, and Feb 4	Porphyrius, bishop, I ch 26
Philoromus, martyrs J reb 4	died 1100 20
Philemon and Appla - Nov 22	Porti inus, abbot - Nov 4
	Possidius bishop - May 17
Philip Beniti Aug 23	Potamiana virgin, and
PHILIP Berruyer, arch-7	Marcella her mother, June 28.
bishop of Bourges, Jan 9	marty rs 3
died beib	Potamon, bishop - May 18
rocles and others Oct. 22	Potentian March 8 *
raclea, and others - Oct. 22	Potentiana May 19
the deacon - June 6	
de Neri, found-)	Powder or Gunpowder Nov 5
er of the Congrega- May 21 P	1 lot
tion of the Oratory (May 21 1	Praxedes, errgin - July 21
in Italy	Precor April 9 *
Darrin Ann Laure)	Presine Sept 28 *
Arveilles)	Projectus, martyr - Jan 25
Philogonius, bishop - Dec 20 G	Protextatus, bishop, Feb 24
Phoca and others, mar- } March 5	martyred
tyrs March 5	Prey Vide Prix
Phocas, martyr - July 3	Primus Aug 21 *
Piast July 17 *	March 2 *
Dunk on Dunking amon 2	
Plat, or Platus, apos- tle of Tournay, and and 90	- April 15 *
the of Tournay, and and on	Primus and Felician (June 0
martyr - and 29	Primus and Felician June 9
Pionius, priest and Mar 11 G	Principius, bishop - Sept 25.
martyr Feb 1 L	Prior, hermit - June 17
Piranus March 5.	Prisca, virgin - Jan 18
Pius 1, pope July 11	Priscus Sept 1
Pius I, pope - July 11 V, pope - May 5	Priscus, Malchus, and March 28
Placidus, disciple of)	Alexander, martyrs 3 March 20
St Bennet, and his Oct 5	, martyr - Jan 12
companions, martyrs)	Cottus martyrs - { May 26
Plato, abbot at Con- stantinople - April 4 G	Cottan, marty to
stantinople)	, martyr Oct 16 †
Plechelm, bishop - July 15	Privatus, bishop - Aug 21
	,

^{*} Cotton MS. Domitian, A xvii + Cotton MS Vespasian, A 1x

Prix, Prict, or Prey,	day in Lent , called also the first
Prajectus, or Pro- Jan 25	Sunday in Clean Lent
jectus, bishop and (Jan 25	Quadratus, bishop - May 26
martyr -)	O can a Day the an-1
Processus Juno 7 *	miversary of the ac-
Processus and Mar.).	cession of Queen Nov 1/ +
Processus and Mar- timian, martyrs - July 2	Fligghoth
Procession week Ro-	Queran abbot in Scot- Sept 9
Lation week	land Sept 9
Product urchhichon of)	Quimbert May 18
Proclus, archbishop of Constantinople - Oct 24	Ourne Ounding or 3
Procopius July 8	Quiniz, Quinidius, or Quindius, bishop, Feb 15
Procopius July 8 Profert April 9 *	died
Froitit - April 9"	
Decel April 19	Quinquagesima Sunday, also called
Prosdicimus, bishop of Nov 7	Shrove Sunday, the Sunday next
Tanua	before Ash Wednesday Vide
Prosper, of Aquitum	the Moveable Feasts, p 79 Quintian, bishop of June 14 at
doctor and father of June 25	Quintian, bishop of June 14 at
the church	Rhodes Rhodes Quintin martyr - June 17
hans, bishop of Or- July 29	Quintin martyr - June 17
	Oct 31
Proterius, patriarch of 1 eb 28	Quiriacus May 4
Alexandria -)	Quiriacus March20 *
and Sympho Aug 22	Quiricus and Julitta, June 16
rianus)	111 11 Cy 12
Prothais and Gervaise June 19	Quirinus, bishop - June 4
Prothus and Hyacynth, Sept 11	and Basilides, June 12
Prudence, or Prudent / Aprel C	Quirinus and Candidus March 11
bishop of I royes, died April 6 Psalmoid or Saumay - March 8	martyr - March o0
Psalmod or Saumny - March 8	• •
Daulmandona hannus Tona 14	
Ptolemy, Lucius, and Oct 19	
another Just 19	**
Publius bishop - Jan 21	R
, abbot - Jan 25	1
Pudentiana, virgin - May 19	Raban Maur, Rabanus 7
Pulcheria, or Ælia Pul 3 Sept 10 R	Maurus, Magnentius Feb 4
cheria 5 Sept 13 G	archbishop, died -
Pulcherius, abbot - March 13	Radbod, bishop, dicd - Nov 29
Purification of the	Radegonde, queen of
Purification of the Hely Virgin - Feb 2	I rance, and found
Purgata, virgin - Dec 21	ress of the Abbey of Jan 30 P
Pyrmin, abbot, and re-)	the Holy Cross in
former of monastic Nov 3	Poictiers
discipline	queen - Aug 13.‡
anorthing = -)	Raingarda, widow and June 24
O	l nun = = - (or 96)
×	Ralub archbishop of)
Quadragesima Sunday, or first Sun-	Ralph, archbishop of June 21
Zumaragemna Bunuay, or mist bull-	Douiges 3

* Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii

^{*} Cotton MS Domitian, A xvii

+ "The anniversary of the accession of Queen Elizabeth was first publicly celebrated about the year 1570, and the day is thus alluded to in a
letter dated 14th May, 1591, from Dr Whitaker to Lord Burghley — "A
rumor is spread in the Court, and hath come to the eares of some of the
most honourable Counsell, how that I on the Queene's day last past did
forbidd in our college an oration to bee made in praise of her Majesties
government, "Re The 17th of November is still kept as a holiday at the
Fxchequer, and at Westminister and Merchant Tailors schools" — Ellis's
Original Letters, illustrative of English History, second series, vol. in.

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p 100 ‡ L Art de vérifier les Dates § Butler

	,
Raymond dePegnaiort, Jan 23, third general of the Jormerly Dominicans Jan 27	Rheims, or Remigius, May 12.
Nonnatus - Aug 31	Germanus, Vedastus, Oct 1
Refreshment Sunday, a name for	and Bavo, hermits - J
- CApril 93	Rhetice, bishop 305 19 01
Regle, Reul, or Regu- lus, bishop and apos- tle of Senis	Rhianus March 8
lus, bishop and apos- { Internation	
tle of Senlis July 15,	Rhiwydry - Nov 1 Rhochwyn June 10
Regulus, abbot and Aug 28	Richard, bishop - Aug 21
March 17	West Savons of the Feb 7
Reine or Regina, vir- \(\) March 17 and 22,	
gin and martyr - and Scpt	drea, bishop of An June 9
(7	drea Suite s
Relics, feast of the - Jan 27 *	Richard, bishop of Chi-
Relick Sunday is the third Sunday	chester, and confi ssor April 3
after Midsummer Day The	, translation of June 16
Table in page 53 shows on what	contissor and)
dry of the week Midsummer	hermit Jan 20
Day fell in any year and when	Riconir, hermit, died - Jan 17
it occurred on	(Mry 5 P
	Rictruda, abbess - May 12
Mond by - 11	Celsewhere
Tuesday - Relick 15	Rictruda and Gisla - April 9
Wednesday } Sunday ₹ 12	Rigobert, or Robert, Jan 4
Thursday - fell on 11	on the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or the or
Friday 10	Rigomer, priest died - Aug 24
Relicks of the Church Oct 19	Rioc, martyr - Feb 12
Relicks of the Church Oct. 19	Riquier, or Richarius, April 2 abbot of Centale, in and Octo-
of York5	abbot of Centale, in and Octo-
Kemacie, bishop - Sept 5	Ponthicu ber 9
, translation of June 25	Robert, abbot of Chaise Apr 24 R
Rembert archbishop of { \Gamma\text{Feb 4}	Dicu J Apr 3 P
Bremen 5 1 co 7	of Molesme
Remigius VideRheims	of Molesme S 11 pm 23
Rine, patron of Angers Nov 2	or Arbrissel, Feb 24
Renell, Renula, or Reinildis, abbess, Fcb 6	priest - Sred 24
Reinildia, abbess, Fcb 6	Robert, abbot - June 7
Q16(1 -)	fishop and con- May 24
Renobert, Rambert,	fessor May 24
Ragnobertus or Reg > May 16	Grosse-Teste
Ragnobertus or Reg May 16 nobertus, bishop, died Mar 23 25	bishop and confessor, Oct 9
Mar 23 25	acrosition of - 1
and 28.	Roche, confessor, died Aug 16
Apr 23,	Roche, confessor, died Aug 16 Rock Day, or St Distaff's day,
May 16,	the day after I welith day, te
Renobert, translations June 18.	Jan 7
	Rogation and Dona
	tian, brothers and May 25
Oct. 14,	
and 24,	martyrs)
and Dec	Rogation Sunday is the fifth Sun-
28	day after Laster day Vide Ia-
RESURRECTION OF OUR March 27	ble L p. 79.
	Rogation days are the Monday,
Revnold - Oct 12+	Tuesday, and Wednesday fol- lowing Rogation Sunday, and
Rheims, or Remigius - Jan 13.	lowing Rogation Sunday, and
, archbishop of Oct 98	next before Ascension day, or
Rheims, or Remigius - Jan 13,	Holy Thursday

^{*} Calendar, prefixed to a MS copy of Matthew Paris. Bib Reg 14 C 7 + Cotton MS Domitian, A XVII.

Roger, abbot - Feb 13 - confessor - March 5 bushop of Cannes Dec. 30 Roger, bishop and con- fessor - Sept 29 Roman, founder of the jura,died - Feb 28 or jura,died - Roman Feb 29 - and David, pa- trons of Muscovy, and martyrs - and Lucipin, Feb 28	Rustic, hishop of Nar bonne, dued Rusticus and others Oct. 9 Rusticis I de Martia Rusticula. Rusticula. Rusticula. Rotri, bishop of Cler. Rotri, bishop of Cler. Sept 24. Rustics, monk and con. J Dec 24
Romanus, archinshop - Oct 23	s.
- martyr - Aug 9	
Romaric, Remire, or Dec 8 Rombert, abbot died Dec 8 Romald tounder of heb 7 or	Sabas martyr - April 12 Sabba abbot - Dec 5
Romuald, founder of Fcb 7 or the Camaldules - June 19	Sabin, bishop and mar. Dec 30
the Camaldules - June 19	
Romuld, archbishop July 1	Sabina, widow and Aug 29
Ronan, bishop and Line 1	Sabruus and Juliana - 1 eb 19
Rood, Iloly, day - Sept 14	Sabrius and Juliana - 1 cb 19 Sabrius, or Savinien bishop, and Poten- to B
Rosana - Sept 4	i tiai . martvis - 119 F
Rosary feast of the - Oct 1 Rose of Lima, virgin - Aug 30	p mions, martyrs - June 7
of Viterbo - Mirch 8	p mons, martyrs -3
Sunday, Midlent Sunday Vide	Sabine, or Sivine, his Jan 29
Moveable I easts, p 79 Roum, Rodingus,	Sadoth I tde Sciahduste
Chrandingus, and	Sacus, Sanse, or Sido- 7 Non 14
Chrodingus, abbot of Sept 17 Beautieu in Argonne,	nius, abbot, died - 5 Nov 14. Saintin, bishop - Sept. 22.
dicd	Saints day All - Nov 1
Roun an - Nov 18 *	Salaberga, abbess, died Sept 22.
Royal Oak day - May 59 Ruadhan, bishop - April 15	Salgich Salvi Sauge, or Salvius, Sept. 10 bishop
Rufinus and Justinus July 19	bishop Sept. 10
Rufin and Valerius, June 24	Salvius, bishop - Jan 11 Samson, bishop - July 28
montains ' } June 24	Samthana, abbess - Dec 19
Rufin and Secunda, July 10	Sanfrayd Feb 1 Sannan March 8
Rufus, martyr Aug 27	Sannen - June 13
- Nov 28	Sapor and Isaac, bi- shops and martyrs - Nov 30
Rufus, bishop of Avig- Nov 14	Saturnin, priest and
- Nov 21 †	martyr, and his com Fcb 11
Glendalock of April 22	panions March 5 *
- and Zozimus - Dec 18	Saturnin and Sisinnius Nov 29
Rule, abbot - Oct 17	Satyr - Jan 18.*
Rumold, bishop of Formerly June 24,	Satyre, brother of St June 21
now Julyi	Sauva higher died Ont UR
Rumonus, oushop and Jan 4	Saviour, feast of the May 24.
Rumwold, confessor - Nov 2.	Saviour Jan 12.
Rupert, Rudbert, Ro-) March 97	Scandulus, monk - May 5
(headahast higher (and A)	
of Saltzbourg	The Scillitaints, the July 17 first martyrs of Africa July 17

477-1 ON Y	Commune by hor
Sciahduste, or Sadoth, Feb 20 I	Severus, bishop Oct. 15
bishop and his com Feb 92 by	Sewall bishop and con May 18.
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
the copus	Sexagesima Sundry is the second
Sebastian, surnamed	Sunday before Ash Wednesday,
the Defender of the Jan 20	so called from its being about the
Church of Rome	sixtieth day before Laster lide
martyr	Move ible Feasts, p 79
Sehbi, king and con- Aug 29	Sexburga, queen and July 6
Secundin, or Seachnal, bishop of Dunsagh Nov 27	
Secundin, or Seachnal,	Sexulph, bishop and Jan 28
bishop of Dunsagh \ Nov 27	confessor -
in in meani - J	Shere Thursday, or Shrive Thursday, or Maunday Phursday, the
Sem d - Feb 11	day, or Maunday Thursday, the
Scinol - 1 cb 1	Thursday before Good I'riday
Seine, Sequanus, Se 7	Vide Inble L. p. 79
gonus, or Sigo, abbot Sept 19	Shrove Sundiy is the Sundiy next
died)	before Shrove Luesday It is also
Semblin, Sembin, Si milien Similinus, or June 16	called Quinquige ima Sunday
milien Similinus, or June 16	Shrove Monday*, or Collop Mon-
Sim hanus, bishop -)	day, the day after Shrove Sun-
Course by how Manch 0	dav
Senan, confessor and April 29	Shrove Tuesday, the Iuesday
	next after Quinquagesima or
Sendou Sandoux, or loct 90	Shrove Sunday Vide Lable L.
Sendou Sandoux, or Sindulfus priest, died Senges and Abdon - July 30	p 79
Sennes and Abdon - July 30	Shrove Thursday, the Thursday
Senoch, abbot - Dec 24	next after Shrove I ucaday
Septuagesima Sunday, so called from	Sidome Apollmaire, Aug 21
its being about the seventieth	Caru Solhus Apolli Aug 21
day before Easter, is the thir !	_ naris Sidonius bishop 🕽
Sunday before Ash Wednesday	Sdronius, martyr - Sept 8
Serapion the Sindonite March 21	Sigebert, kingoff rance, Feb 1
, abbot - March 21	meu -)
bishop March 01	Sigebert, king and mar Sept 27
Serdot, or Sacerdos, bi- Sept 12	ter - (Sept 2)
shop died - Sept 12	Sigenus, abbot and con- April 7
Serena, virgin - Jan 29	J:3807 J
Serenus, martyr - 1 eb 23	Sig frid, bishop Feb 15
Serf, bishop of Orkney July 1	Sigismund, king of Bur May 1
, bishop April 20	gundy 5 May 1
	Signus - Sept 1) +
martyrs - Oct. 7	Signuleine, or Sego July 24 it
Servan, bishop - April 20	long philory Albi and
Servatus, bishop - May 13	elsewhere
Servulus, confessor - Dec 28	Silva, or Silvain, the July lo L
Sethred, St., wrgen - Jan 10	apostle - 5 July 30 G
Sethrid, St., wrgin - Jan 10 Sevard, or Siviard, ab- March 1	Silave, or Silan, bishop May 17
bot, died March 1	Silin - Sept. 1
Cause Anathone man 3	Silvan May 7 +
tyrs July 10.	Silvere, or Silverius, June 20.
Seven Sleepers July 27	pope, died - 5 June 200
Severian, bishop - Feb 21	Silvester, pope and con Dec 31 L.
Courses higher of Co. 3	Silvester, pope and con Dec 31 L.
logne Oct 23.	Silvester, bishop of Non on
, confessor - Aug 26.	Silvester, bishop of Nov 20 Châlons-sur Saône -
Severin encette of Re.)	Gozzolini, 2
varia and Austria - Jan 8	abbot and founder of Nov 26
abbot, died - Feb. 11	the Silvestrins, died
hermit - Nov 24	Silvin, bishop - Feb 17
- Jan. 8.	Silvius, bishop - Sept 10
1	

^{* 1568-3 &}quot;The xxij day of Feybruary was Shreyff Monday" Cot ton MS Vitellius, F v f 157 b Cotton MS Domitian A xvii

Simeon Barsaboe, bi- April 17	Souls' day, All, called also, "Soulemas Nov 2
shop, martyred - 3 April 17	also "Soulemas Nov 9
the Just - feb 3 G	Day"1
	1 0
- Metaphrastus - Nov 27 G	Speratus and his com July 17
- Salus July 1	pamons
Jan 5 L	Country bishen Dec 14 L
the younger - Sept 1 G	Spiridion, bishop Dec 12. G
Simeon, bishop, martyr April 21	Champalana bashan and 5
bine on, bishop, martyr 15hill 21	
, or Simon, mar- Feb 18	inactyr J
<i>tyr</i> 5 Apr 27 G	Kostka - Nov 13
Same States Stan 5	STEPHEN THE PROTO- 7 Dec 26
Simeon Stylites - May 24 G	MARTYR Dec 27 G
Quant and Tune And T	Iv 5
SIMON AND JUDE, APO Oct 28 L	
STLFS	VENTION OF -
Simon Stok, died - Aug 15	Jan 2
, mirtyr - March 24	taves of 5 cm 2
mostle	Stephen, third abbot of \ April 17
apostle Oct 28	At and Capin II
apostic j	Stephen, bishop of I on- don, and confessor - Aug 12
Simphorianius and Aug 22	Surphen, bishop of 1 on- Aug 12
Proterius -	don, and confessor - 5 Aug 12
Simplician, bishop of Tune 24	Stanban I mana and I
Autun - June 24	martyr - {Aug 2
higher of)	and Connetes 3
, bishop of Aug 16	
Milan -) "	marryrs - 3
Simplicius, popc - March 2	Stephen, abbot - Feb 13
Semmleresco - III v 99	foundcrofthe
Sindulah or Sendou)	Order of Grammont, Feb 8
Sindulph, or Sendou, Oct 20	died3
huest3	
Siran, or Sigirran, ab Dec 4	Anciently
DOT)	, king of Hun (Aug 20,
Strice, pope, died - Nov 25	gary (now Sept.
	12
and Alexander - May 29	, the younger Nov 28
	Stire - Sept 12 *
Sisoes, or Sisov, an- July 4	Stire - Sept 12*
cnoret -	Sturme abbot - Dec 17
Sist July 12 *	Suarlich, bishop of March 27
Sixtus I, pope and April 6	
martyr - April 6	Clan 90 in
	Sulpicius Severus, Jan 29 in
Sixtus, pope and mar- Aug 6	priest -) the diocese
iyr)	
III, pope - March 28	Bourges, Pishop of Jan 29
and Simons 1	Bourges - Jan 29
bishops - Scpt 1	Sulpicius the Debon-
	naire, or Pius, bishop Jan 17
Surty nine martyrs - Feb 21	
Socrates and Stephen, Sept 17	of Bourges, died -)
	Suran, abbot - Jan 24
Sola, hermit - Dec 3	Susanna, virgin and Ang 11
Solomon Feb 7*	martyr Aug 11
Colomon king and)	- Feb 19*
martyr)	Swidbert, or Suebert, March 1
Somael - June 24	
Sophronius, patriarch Mar 11 G	died)
	Swithen, bishop, depo- Tilly o
Sophia, Faith, Hope, Sept 17 G	sition of - July 2
and Charity - Sept 90 R	
	, translation of July 15
, - April 0	Syagre, Syagrius, bi- Aug 27
Soter, pope - March 22	
Sotheris - Feb 10+	Symmachus, pope, died July 19
Sotheris, virgin - April 22	
Sotor and Carus, popes April 22	terrus - Aug 22.
Souleine, Soleinnis, So-	Symphorosa and her July 18 R.
lemnius, or Solennis, } Sept. 24	seven sons, martyrs July 8 P
	_ 50.01. 50115, 1111115,125,021,021
bishop -	Syncletia - Jan 5

^{*} Cotton M., Domitian, A xvii † Paston Letters, iii, 170 , iv 238,

⁺ Cotton MS. Vespasian, A IX.

Syra, virgin June 8 Syra, virgin Oct 23	Theodardus, bishop Scpt 10
Syrun, or Cynin . Jan. 7	Theodora - Heb 11 Theodora - March 13 - March 13 - April 1
T	Theodore, archbishop Sept 19
- 1	, martyr - Nov 9
Tacao - March 16	, priest _ March 23
Fanco, or Tatta, of Fcb 16	Theodore - Nov 22
Taracus, Probus, and Oct 11 L Andronicus, martyrs Oct 12 G	benna Dec 25 Dec 25 April 22
Largeitte hatriarch Feb 25	bushon of)
Larkin bishop and con Oct 30.	Marsailles Jan 2
	Grapt - Dec 27
Tarnan, archbishop of June 12	of Herrelea 1 cb 7
	the Studite - Nov 12
Tatwyn, archbishop July 30	Theoloret, martyr - Oct 2x. Theodoric, St., king 7 ton 2
Taurin, bishop - Aug 11	and martyr - { Jan 3
Tavanauc, confessor - Nov 25	Theodosia virgin - April 2
leccwyn - Sept 14	I heodo ius Jin 11
Tecla, or Theckla, vir 7 Sept 23	Theodota martyr - Sept 29
Tecla, or Theckla, vir \ Sept 23 gin and martyr - Sept 24 G	Theodotus, martyr - May 18 R
Tecla - June 1	or Theo Apr 22 G
Mar 24.*	dore, pisnop
, abbess - O(t 1)	Theodulus and Julian Feb 17
Icican, bishop and con 1 eb 9	Theores, irchbishop of Aug. 23
Justor)	Antinuna -j
I elesphorus, pope Jan 5	Theoph mes, abbot - March 1,
Tern in, bishop of the June 12	The ophilus, bishop of Dec 6
Picts - J	A MIOCH J
Tetta, virgin and abbess Dec 17	Theorgith ingin Jan 25
1 cuderi, confessor - Oct 29	There i virgin - Oct Lo Thieri or Theodoric)
Thats, penitent - Oct 8 G	abbot of Mountal On Tule 1
I halasius and I imneus 1 eb 22	abbot of Mountd Or, July 1
Thalileu, recluse - Feb 27	
Tharba and her com Apr 22 R.	of Oricins, died Jan 27
martyr. April G	Ibillo, reclu c Jan 7
Thatheus, confessorand Dec 26	I bear on the about
hermut - 1 Dec 26	bot died { May 1
Thea, Valentina, and July 25	Thirty martyrs Dec 22
	I hod irt, Audard or
Theanus beshop and Nov 20	Theodard, bishop, May 1 died
Theau, Tillon, Ihillo,	THOMAS THE ALOBITE Dic 21 L
Tillonius, or Till Jan. 7	70000
mennus, disciple of	transla { July >
St Floi - J Theliau, bishop - I cb 9	1 11011 21
	Thomas Aquinas - Mar 7 R
Honnan abbot and)	July 18 P
confessor Sept 25	bishop of Canterbury, Dec 29
I hoohald prest and 1	and martyr -5
hermit { July 1	the mantum)
abbat acci	translation of July 7
Vaux - July 8 or 9	- confessor Aug 17
Dhan tratus anahiman 3	Thomas of Hereford,
drite, died - Sept 3	bishop and confes Oct. 2
Theocus, confessor - May 28	sor -
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Thomas, monk and Aug 5	fudno June 5.
	Tudwen - Oct. 12.
Thomas of Villanova,	Tugal, or Tugwal, called
Thomas of Villanova, archbishop of Vi. Sept 18	La de Dantona 66
lencia)	Pabu, in Latin, Tug- Nov 30
Thousand moutane at)	waldus, or Pabutug-
Lichfield Jan 2	waldus, bishop, died
The	
Thyrsus, Lucius, and Jan 28	Tulan, abbot - Feb 1. Furiaf, Thurian, Thu-
Callinicus - Jan 28	riavus or Thurian July 13
Tibba, virgin - March 6.	nus, bishop of Dol -
Tibursus - Nov 10 *	Turibius, bishop - April 16
Tiburcius, martyr - April 22 +	Turmnus, confessor - July 17
Tiburtius 1 dicrian,	Twydr - Mirch 13
and Maximus, mar- April 14	lybic Jan 30
tyrs -	Lychicus, bishop - Apr 29 L.
martyr - Aug 11	Lydawg - May 9
Trolon L. h O	I vdcchno - Dec 17
Tigernoth, bishop and April 5	Lydelnd - May 30
confessor April 5	I dvill Aug 23
Turothy Acarma and)	Tydyr - Oct 14
Thecla - Aug 19	I we was sould I submission I
- April 6*	murtyrs - Jan 12
AT 1	Tytridoc Jan 1
naris, martin	Lyfrydog - Miy 1
naris, martin	Lyranno, bishop - Fcb 20
hubon and)	lyssel lan 31
	Ivischiac - Nov 8
Thoula martyrs - Aug 19	Lytham May 2
Thecla martyrs - Aug 19	I vv u lor I cb 25
Paul Jan 4	Tyraclog March &
Paul 5 Jan 4	
Paul June 20	• U
Paul June 20	• 0
Paul - 5 June 2 Livrog - June 2 Tlewyn - Dec 21 Tochumra of Tochum June 11	UUbald, hishop, died - May 26
Paul - 5 June 2 Livrog - June 2 Tlewyn - Dec 21 Tochumra of Tochum June 11	UUbald, hishop, died - May 16 Ultil and Rufin - July 24
Paul - 5 June 2 Livrog - June 2 Tlewyn - Dec 21 Tochumra of Tochum June 11	UUbald, bishop, died - May 2b Ultet and Ruffn - July 24 Ultrid, bishop - Jul 18
Paul June 21 Invrog June 21 Tewyn Dec 41 Tochumra of Tochum June 11 Takhs HOURATION OF Aug 6	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ultel und Ruffa - July 24 Ultrid, bishop - Jun 18 Ulmar, or Wukmar Jude 90
Paul June 2. Thewyn Dec. 41 Tochumra of Tochum June 11 Tannahaduration of Out Lond Out Lond Tresain Trea	Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ultri and Ruffii - July 24 Ultrid, bishop - Jan 18 Ulmur, or Wulmar ibbot -
Paul June 2. Thewyn Duc 61 Tochumra of Tochum rach in Ireland Tanssticutation of Out Louin Tretain Triduana, virgin Ott 8	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ult if and Ruffin - July 24 Ultrid, bishop - Jun 18 Ulmar, or Wulmar ulbot - July 20 Ulpian, mar'ty - April J
Paul	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 26 Ulral and Ruffu - July 24 Ulrad, hishop - Jan 18 Ulmar, or Wukm r July 20 Ulmar, mar'ar - April 3 Ulra or Ud drac, bi- Libe 4
Paul June 24 Thewyn Duc 61 Tochumra of Tochum a rach in Ircland June 11 Tanksticultation of Out Lond Tretuana, virgin Ott 8 Frillo June 10 Trenty sunday, or the Lest of the	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ult i and Rufin - July 24 Ultrid, bishop - July 29 Ulmar, or Wulam I July 20 Ulpian, mar'ar - April 3 Ultra or Ud thric, bi- shop - July 4
Paul June 24 Tiewyn Dec (1 Tochumra of Tochum June 11 Tanns Houlman of Tochum June 11 Tanns Houlman of Aug 6 OUR LOND Thesam Fib 7 Treduana, virgin June 16 Frintry Sundry, or the Less of the Holy Trintry, is the next Sunday	Ubald, hishop, died - May 2b Ultal and Ruffu - July 24 Ultrid, hishop - Jun 18 Ulmar, or Wukm r July 20 Ulpidin, mar'ar - April 3 Ulrid or Udulric, bi- shop
Paul June 2 Tiewyn Dec 1 Tochumra of Tochumr a rach in Irland June 11 TARNSHOURATION OF AUG 6 TERSHIP CHORD TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ult if and Ruffin - July 24 Ultrid, bishop - July 29 Ulmar, or Wulmar Ulptan, mar'er - April 3 Ulric or Ud'uric, bi- shop - Ulrick rectuse - Ieb 20 Ulter, dubot - May I
Paul June 2 Tiewyn Dec 1 Tochumra of Tochumr a rach in Irland June 11 TARNSHOURATION OF AUG 6 TERSHIP CHORD TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM TOCHUM	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 2b Ulrit and Rufin - July 24 Ulrind, bishop - Jin 18 Ulmir, or Wular I July 20 Ulric or Udaric, bishop - April July 4 Shop Ulric action - April 2 Ulric died - May 1 - April 3 Special Company (1988) - 1 cb 20 Ulric, dibot - May 1 - April 3 Special Company (1988) - May 1 - May 1 - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Company (1988) - April 3 Special Compan
Paul June 2. Thewyn Duc 61 Thewyn Dec 61 Tochumra of Tochum a rach in Ircland June 11 Tanksticularion of Aug 6 OUR LOBD Tretain, virgin Oct 8 Trillo June 10 Trinty sunday, or the Lost of the Holy Irinity, is the next Sunday after Whitsunday 1 fid. the	U Ubaid, hishop, died - May 16 Ult if and Ruffin - July 24 Ultrid, hishop - July 29 Ultrid, or Wulmar - July 20 Ulptan, mar'er - April 3 Ulptan, mar'er - April 3 Ultrid or Ud'ultrid, bi- shop - July 4 Ultrid, wichist - I eb 20 Ultrid, wichist bishop - Sept 4 Underum Maile Virg - Oct 21
Paul June 2. Thewyn Duc 61 Tochumra of Tochum Trach in Ireland Transsticutation of Our Loan Treduana, virgin Ott 8 Trillo Trinty Sunday, or the Lest of the Holy Irinity, is the next Sunday atter Whitsund y Ind. Moterble Feast, p 79 Triver or Triverious Jan 16.	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ult i and Rufin - July 24 Ultrid, hishop - Jin 18 Ulmar, or Wulkur I Juli 20 Ulmar, or Wulkur - April Juli 20 Ulric or Ud ulric, bishop - July 4 Shop - July 4 Ulric kitchied - Ieb 20 Ultrid, bibot - May 1, an Irish Dishop - Sept 4 Undern Male Virg - Oct 21 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12
Paul June 2. Thewyn Dec if Tochumra of Tochum a rach in Ircland June 11 TRANS-GUIRENTON OF Aug 6 Treaum Treaum, virgin Oct 8 Pullo Trimity Sundry, or the Lest of the Holy Irinity, is the next Sunday atter Whitsundry Fide the Moverble Feast, p 79 Trivier or Triverus Jan 16. Troien, or Irojan, bi. Nov 80	U Ubald, hishop, died - May 16 Ult i and Rufin - July 24 Ultrid, hishop - Jin 18 Ulmar, or Wulkur I Juli 20 Ulmar, or Wulkur - April Juli 20 Ulric or Ud ulric, bishop - July 4 Shop - July 4 Ulric kitchied - Ieb 20 Ultrid, bibot - May 1, an Irish Dishop - Sept 4 Undern Male Virg - Oct 21 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12 Unity, so - 12
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^{*} Corton MS Domitian, A xvii + Bib Reg 14 (7

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v	Victor, bishop - April 20
Valacimon Valbirt, or Guabert, albot valburge, Avg air, or Vulburgis abbess Valentine, bivlop and martyr Victri, Walaricus or Cualaricus, abbot, Dec 12 dicd	Victoria, virgin and Amarty; Victorian and his companions martyrs Victoria Fuscian, and Cachtan Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians Victorians
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Vauge hermt - June 15 Vedastus and Amand, Leb 11	Vir il, bishop of Arles March 5 it Larins
Vedastus, Remgius, Oct 1 and others Venant, martyr Venant, martyr Venecialus, duke Bohema nurtyr Sept 19* Venecialus, duke Bohema nurtyr Sept 20	bursh 1 rd. MARY Virgins eleven thou sind Vir d Agricola Viri and Agricola mittyr
Ventrand, bishop, died Dec 24 Ventra - 1 (1 25 * Verantia, veranus, or Ve-) Sept 9 or r i mus, bishop - 1 10 Victor - 1 (eb 21 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 1 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb 26 * - 2 eb	I states of active April 28 I state, Modesta, and June 12 Crescentists, markyrs Vitus, bishop and confessor Vivant, priest and hermat Mit Viventiol, bishop July 12 Vodhyd - Aug 17 I odinus archbishop and martyr July 23
, martyr - May 8	, and martyr - J

^{* (}otton S Domitian, A xvii † Vide Rot Parl vol. in p 037

[†] Cetton MS Vespasian, A 1x

•	
Voel Voue Vodoslus >	Wiborade, or Guibo-
Voel, Voue, Vodoalus, Vodalus, or Vodoal- Leb 4 or	Wiborade, or Guibo- rade, virgin and May 2
dus, surnamed the (5	martyr
Riccord	Wighert, priest and Aug 13
Vultan, bishop, patron Mar 29 P	confessor Aug 13
of Abbeville - Mar 29 P	Wilfrid, archbishop of Oct 12
Vulgan confessor - Nov 2	York and confessor - } Oct 12
Vulgan contessor - Nov 2 Vulmer, Vilmer, Vil- laumer, or Goumer, July 20	, translation of April 24.
laumer, or Goumer, July 20	Walne alked and son 7
abbot	fisior - Jan 31
Vulsin, bishop - Jan 8	Willebrod, archbishop - Nov 7
Vulstan, translation of June 7	Willehad, bishop - Nov 8
- and the translation of same t	William, bishop - Jan 10
i	
i	abbot of Es-)
1	abbot of Es- April 6
w	bishop of I tule on
Walburga, abbess - Teb 25	child Sept. 2
Walburga, vingin - April 27	child Sept. 2
	, of Maleval - Feb 10
Walfroie, Ouffu, or Vulfiliacus, deacon Oct 21	of Monte Ver- June 25
and hermit -	ginc 3 Julie 23
Walstin confecent May 90	William, archbishop of June 8
Walter, abbot of May 11	York - Souther
L Esterp, dicd - May 11	trenslation of
- abbot - June 4	Sunday next after
, abbot of St \ April 8	the 1 piph my
Martin of Pontoise - April 8	, martyr - May 23
transla May 4	of Norwich, \ May 95 +
tion of -	of Norwich, May 23
Walthcof, abbot and Aug 3	
Contestor -3	Wincb ild, abbot and Dec 18
Walther, abbot and May 3	בי ישרו אייט
Congr. nor	lation of trans- Sept 21
Waltrude, widow - April 9	
Wandregerd July 22	Winified, virgin and Nov 3
Wasnon, or Wasnult,?	mariyi
an Irish monk, apo- Oct 1	Winoc, abbot - Nov 6
stic of Hunault -3	Winoc, abbot, trans-{ Sept 18
Weeda, virgin and Dec 2	Winnow, or Guenau - Nov 2
unna -	Winnow, of Guenau - Nov 2
Wick, the Great or Holy, or	Wiro, confessor - May 8
Passion week, the week before	
Faster day	Wistan, king and June 1
Wenceslas, duke and Sept 28	Withburga virgin - July 8
Wendelinus, abbot - Oct 20	Wives Feast Day, a name in the
Wenefrid, - Nov 3	North of England for February 2
Wereburga, virgin - 1 cb 3	the Feast of the Purification
Werentried, confessor - Aug 14	Wolfgang, bishop, died Oct of
Werentrid, confessor - Nov 7	Wright - Nov 6
Whit Sunday I ide Pentecost, and	Wulfhad and Ruffin - July 24
the Movemble Laute nove 70	
Whit Monday and Lucsday tol Whit Tucsday lowing Whit	Wulfhilda, virgin and May 31
Whit Monday and I uesday fol	Wulthilde abbess - Dec 9
Whit Tuesday lowing Whit	Wulfian, archbishop March 20
Sunday	of Sens March 20
Whitsuntide is the three days	Wulfran, bishop - Feb 13
above-mentioned	- Oct 15
400.4 5	

^{*} Query, of St Albans? Cotton MS Claudius, D vi † According to Butler, March 24

Wulfsm, bishop and Jan 8. confessor Wulfi-m, bishop and Jan 19 confessor translation of June 19 Wulric, confessor and himit Wunchaud, or Guene- baud, bishop X	Ardus, or Ardus, Ardus, or Ardus, abbot - Yoo, or Eusebia, ab- bess, dicd Yved, or Lvodius, bi shop Yves of Chartres, bi- shop, died curate in Bre- tigni, called the ad- votate of the poor bishop of Chartres May 19 P
Xvste Fude Sixte Xysts, or Sixtus, bi shop of Rheums and Senice Y	Z Zachary, pope - March 15 Zeno - July 9 *, bishop - April 12 Zenobius, bishop - Oct 20
Ylchyd - Jan 6. Yon, Jonus, Ionas, or Jon, priest and mar- tyr April 5 *	Zephyrmus, pope - Aug. 26 Zit s, virgin - April 27 Zotic is bishop - July 21 Zosin us, pope, died - Dec. 26, bishop - March 30

^{*} cotton. MS D mitist, A svil

THE CALENDAR OF THE JEWS

It has been already observed*, that, until the fifteenth century, the Jews usually computed their time by the Era of Slaid uciders, namely, 311 years and 4 months before Christ, but that, since the end of that century, they have dited from the Creation, which they consider to have occurred 3700 years and 3 months before the commencement of the Christian era

The Judaic year is luni-solar, and thus consists either of twelve or thirteen months, and every month has twenty-nine or thirty days. The Civil year commences in the month Tisri, on, or immediately after, the new moon following the autumnal equinox. The months, with the number of days in each, are,—

1	Isri 30 Diys	(Veadar - 29 Days)
	(Marchesvan,)	7 Nisan, or Abib 30
2	Chesvan, or 29 or 30	6 Jyar, or Zius - 29
	Bul	9 Sivan 30
3	Chisleu - 29 or 30	10 Thammuz - 29
4	Thebet - 29	11 Ab 30
5	Seb 1t 30	12 Elul 729
6	Adar 29	in intercalary years 30

The month Veadar is omitted in years of twelve months. The average length of the year of twelve months is 354 days, but by varying the length of the months Marchesvan and Chisleu, it may consist of 353 or 355 days. In the same mainer, the year of thirteen months may contain 383, 384, or 385 days. In a period of nineteen years, twelve years have twelve months each, and seven have thirteen months. The following Table of nineteen years exhibits the number of months in each year, as well as the first day of the Judaic year, reduced to the New Style the first day will not always be quite accurate, as in some years certain lucky and unlucky days require the postponement of a day. The year must be divided

by 19, and the remainder will show the year of the cycle. If there be no remainder, it is the nineteenth year

Year of the Cy	cle						Mo	onths,
The 1st bes	gins abo	out th	e 2nd	of	October,	and consi	sts of	12
2nd	-	_	22nd	of	Septembe	.r -	_	12
3rd	-	-	10th	-		-	-	13
4th	-	-	29th	_		-	_	12
5th	-	-	19th				_	12
6th	_	-	8th	_			_	13
7th	_	-	27th	-	-	_	-	12
8th	-	_	16th	-			_	13
9th	_	-	5th	of (October,	_	-	12
10th	-	_	25th	of	Septembe	r,	-	12
11th	-	_	14th	-	-	-	_	13
12th	-	-	2nd	of (October	-	_	12
13th	-	_	21st	of S	September	· -	-	12
14th	-	-	10th		-		-	13
15th	-	_	29th			_	_	1.2
16th	-	_	18th	_			_	12
17th	_	-	7th		_	-	-	13
18th	-	_	25th	_			_	12
19th	-	-	14th		-	~	_	13

To reduce the Jewish time to our own, subtract 3761 from the Judaic year, and the remainder will be the year of our Lord. The beginning of the year may be ascertained by the above Table, and the months must be counted from that time.

Example - Required the 1st of Chisleu, 5588.

5588 3761	19) 5588(294 38
- To 1007	
A D 1827	₄78 171
	1/1
	78 76
	76
	2
	-

The remainder (2) shows that the year 5588 is the second of the cycle, and, consequently, that it begins on the 22nd of September The 1st of Chisleu will, therefore, be about the 20th of November, 1827

The Ecclesiastical year of the Jews begins six months

earlier, with the month of Nisan, to commemorate their return to Egypt, which took place in that month By the Ecclesiastical year their fasts, feasts, and every thing relating to religion is regulated, consequently, when the given year is Ecclesiastical, a year must be deducted in the date from Nisan to Elul, inclusive

The Jews frequently, in their dates, leave out the thousands, which they mark by placing letters, which indicate that it is "according to the lesser computation"

Though various other epochs, from the Creation, have been adopted by the Jews, it is unnecessary, for practical purposes, to allude particularly to them, as it is only the above-mentioned which were in general use.*

CALENDAR OF THE QUAKERS

BIIORL the statute 24 Geo II, for altering the Calendar in Great Britain, the QUAKERS began their year on the 25th of March, which they called the First Month, but at the Yearly Meeting for Sufferings, held in London, in October, 1751, a Committee was appointed to consider what advice should be given to the Friends in relation to the statute in question opinion of the Committee was, "That in all the records and writings of Friends, from and after the last day of the tenth month, called December, next, the computation of time established by the said act should be observed, and that, accordingly, the first day of the eleventh month, commonly called January, next, should be reckoned and deemed by Friends, the first day of the First Month of the year 1752, and that the following should be the order of the months -

^{*} Companion to the Almanac for 1830, and "L'Art de vérifier les Dates" in which work an elaborate account of the Judaic calendar, fasts, and testivals, will be found, vol : p 82-95

Before January, 1752			Since January, 1752
11th Month	-	JANUARY	- 1st Month
12th Month	-	FEBRUARY	- 2nd Month
1st Month	-	March -	- 3rd Month
2nd Month	-	APRIL -	- 4th Month
3rd Month	-	May -	- 5th Month
4th Month	-	June -	- 6th Month.
5th Month	-	Juir -	- 7th Month
6th Month	-	August	- 8th Month
7th Month	-	SEITH MBFR	- 9th Month
8th Month	-	OCTOBER	- 10th Month
9th Month	_	NOVEMBER	- 11th Month
10th Month	-	DECEMBER	- 12th Month

The recommendation of the Committee (approved by the Yearly Meeting), on the proposed omission of eleven days in the Calendar, was, that the Society of Friends should observe the directions of the act of parliament, and omit the said eleven nominal day, accordingly. This Report was communicated to the Quarterly and Monthly Meetings of Friends in Great Britain, Ireland, and America, and was universally adopted by the body of Quakers. *

The Quakers do not use the name of the Weck-day, but call each day, like the months, by its proper number, in the following order —

-	-	-	Sunday
-	-	-	Monday
-			Fucsday
-		-	Wednesday
-		-	Thursday
-	~	_	Friday
-	-	-	Saturday
	-		

FRENCH REVOLUTIONARY CALENDAR

In September, 1793, the French nation resolved that the Republic should form a new era, and that a Calendar should be adopted, on, what were termed, philosophical principles The Convention, therefore, decreed, on the 24th of November, 1793, that the common era should be abolished in all civil affairs, that the new French

^{*} Gentleman's Magazine for October, 1751, vol xxi p 475

era should commence from the foundation of the Republic, namely, on the 22nd of September, 1792, on the day of the true autumnal equinox, when the sun entered Libra at 9h 18' 30" in the morning, according to the meridian of Paris, that each year should begin at the midnight of the day on which the true autumnal equinox falls, and that the first year of the French Republic had begun on the midnight of the 22nd of September, and terminated at midnight between the 21st and 22nd of September, 1793 To produce a correspondence between the seasons and the civil year, it was decreed, that the fourth year of the Republic should be the first sextile or lcap-year, that a sixth complementary day should be added to it, and that it should terminate the first Franciade, that the sexule or leapyear, which they called an Olympic year, should take place every four years, and should mark the close of each Franciade, that the first, second, and third centurial years, viz 100, 200, and 300, of the Republic should be common, and that the fourth centurial year, viz 400, should be sextile, and that this should be the case every fourth century until the 40th, which should terminate with a common year

The year was divided into twelve months of thirty days each, with five additional days at the end, which were celebiated as festivals, and which obtained the absurd name of "Sansculottides"

The months and festivals were as follow -

To complete the 365 days of the common year, five Jours complementations, which were considered as festivals, were added, viz —

PRIMIDI -	 dedicated to Virtue 	- September 17
Duon -	- Genius	September 18
TRIDI -	I abour -	 September 19
QUARTIDI	- Opinion -	 September 20
QUINTIDI -	Rewards	 September 91

In OLYMPIC or SEXTILE years, a sixth complementary day occurred, called —

SEXTIDI, or "Jour de la Révolution," on which the National cath, to "to live free or die," was to be renewed

Instead of the Months being divided into weeks, they consisted of three parts, called Decaders, of ten days each, and the nine days between them, were called the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, &c before or after Decade, thus—

Primidi,	Quartidi,	Septidi,
Duodi,	Quintidi,	Octodi,
Tridi,	Sextidi,	Nonidi

The division of each Month was as follows -

Day of the Month		Day of the Month	
1 2 3 4 5 6. 7 8 9 10 11 12 14 15 16. 19.	Primidi Duodi Iridi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Octodi Nonidi Duodi Tridi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Quartidi Qu	20 21 22 21 24 24 25 26 27 28 29	Pecavi II. Primidi Duodi 1 ridi Quartidi. Quartidi. Quartidi. Sextidi Septidi. Nonidi Pecavi III.

^{*} The "Jours Complementaires" were usually called the first, second, third, &c complementaire thus, "Dated on the third complementaire year vii, "&c "the fourth complementaire year vii, "&c

It is, however, to be observed, that the French Republicans rarely adopted the Decades in dating their letters, or in conversation, but used the number of the day of each month of their Calendar For example 1, 2, 6, 11, 15, 16, 17, 20, 25, 28, or 30 Nivose, the 9th Fructidor, the 12th Germinal, the 16th Frimaire, the 23rd Prairial, &c

The Republican Calendar was first used on the 26th of November, 1793, and was discontinued on the 31st of December, 1805, when the Gregorian was resumed The annexed Tables show the years of the French Republic as they corresponded with the common year, and the day of the common months corresponding with those of the Republican Calendar

	Years of the Republic	1	Years of the Republic
From 22 Sept	1792, 1793 1	From 22 Sept	1799,
To 21 Sept		To 21 Sept	1800 } 8
From 22 Sept	1793, } 2	From 22 Sept	1800,
To 21 Sept	1794 }	To 21 Sept.	1801 } 9
From 22 Sept	1794,	From 22 Sept.	$1801, \\ 1802$ 10
To 21 Sept	1795 } 3	To 21 Sept	
From 22 Sept	1795,	I rom 22 Sept	1802,
To 21 Sept	1796 } 4	To 21 Sept	1803 }11
From 22 Sept	1796, 1797 5	From 22 Sept	1809,
To 21 Sept		To 21 Sept	1804 } 12.
From 22 Sept		From 22 Sept	1804,
To 21 Sept		To 21 Sept	1805 } 13
From 22 Sept	1798,	From 22 Sept	1805,
To 21 Sept	1799 } 7	To 31 Dec.	1805, } 4

		THE	MONTH		1		THE	MONTH		
1	VINDEMIAIRL					BRUMAIRE				
	THE YEARS OF THE FRINCH		1							
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1 1	vi i	797	XI 1807	1007			1796 1797	XI 180.2	1803	
'	VII 1	798	XIII 1804 XIV 1805	-			798	XIII 1804 XIV 1805		
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	22	13	14	15		22	12	13	11	
	23	14	15	16		23	13	14	15	
	24	15	16	17		24	14	15	16	
	25	16	17	18		25	15	16	17	
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	26	16.	17	18		26	15	16	17	
1	27	17.	18.	19		27	16	17	18	
1	28.	18	19	20		28	17.	18	19	
1	29	19	20	21		29	18	19	20	
	30	20	21.	22		(30	19	20	21	

THE MONTH						THE MONTH				
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THE TIMES AT WHICH DIFFERENT NATIONS HAVE BLGUN, OR BI GIN, THE CIVIL DAY

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islands of the Ar-		Russians -	
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Turks		Araucamans	
Bohemians -		Modern Chinese	
Silesians		Machine Chimise	

A LUSTRUM.

A LUSTRUM, which was used by the Romans, is a period of five years, or more properly, the completion of fifty months, at the end of which term a census was taken of the population

A GENERATION.

A Generation is the interval of time elapsed between the birth of a father and the birth of his son, and was generally used in computing considerable periods of time, both in sacred and profane history. The interval of a generation is consequently of uncertain length, and depends on the standard of human life, and whether the generations are reckoned by eldest, middle, or youngest sons. Thirty-three years have usually been allowed as the mean length of a generation, or three generations for every hundred years.

In compiling pedigrees, great attention is necessary to the number of generations in any given period, as they form a guide to the probability of persons having sprung from any particular individual

REIGNS

The number of monarchs or supreme governors who succeed each other in any given number of years, must of course, depend upon the mode of choosing them in different nations. Where the government is elective, and the Sovereign is occasionally removed by assassination or deposition, no certain rule can be formed for the average length of any number of reigns but it was considered by Newton, that, allowing for all contingencies, Kings reign, one with another, about eighteen or twenty years each, and that the proportion of mean reigns to mean gene-

^{*} Hales's New Analysis of Chronology and Geography, vol 1 p 80

rations is as 19 to 33;, or as 4 to 7, thus reckoning generations nearly double the length of reigns. Dr Hales however, has shown that the average standard of reigns is 22; years to a reign, in a series of 454 kings in 10,105 years, which will give the proportions of generations to reigns, as 33; to 22; or as nearly 3 to 2 *

In forming this calculation, Dr. Hales includes, 1 the Egyptian, and 2 the Athenian kings, 3 the kings of Argos, Lydia, &c., 4 the eighteen kings of Judah, 5 the kings of England from the Conquest to 1760, 6 the kings of Scotland from Malcoln I, A D 938, to the death of James I of England, 7 the kings of France from 987 to 1793, 8 the kings of Spain from 1027 to 1788, 9 the emperors of Germany from Charlemagne, in 800, to 1792, and, 10 the reigns of 142 sovereigns in Hindostan but it may be useful to separate the European monarchs from the others, and taking the reigns of five European sovereigns, to calculate the average duration of each

ENGLAND From the accession of William I, 1066, to the death of William IV, 1837, a period of 771 years, there have been 34 kings, who reigned, on the average, a little more than 23½ years each

Scotland From the accession of Malcolm I in 938 to the death of James VI (or 1 of England) in 1625, a period of 687 years, there were 33 kings, who reigned, on the average, nearly 21 years each

France. From Hugh ('apet, 987, to the death of Louis XVI in 1793, a period of 806 years, there were 32 kings, who reigned 20 years each

SPAIN From Ferdinand the Great, 1027, to the abdication of Charles IV in 1808, a period of 781 years, there were 33 kings, who reigned, on the average, nearly 24 years each

GERMANY From Charlemagne, 800, to the death of Leopold I in 1792, a period of 992 years, there were 55 emperors, who reigned, on the average, 18 years each

[♣] Hales's New Analysis of Chronology and Geography, vol. 1 pp 80—82.

If the years 1006 to 1830 be fixed upon as the epochs from which to reckon the number of sovereigns of England, Scotland, France, Spain, and Germany, it will appear that, in a period of 764 years, there were 172 sovereigns, being, on the average, 34 in each of those countries, who reigned about 221 years each

The most rapid succession of sovereign princes whose reigns usually terminate with their deaths is, as might be expected from the advanced age at which they usually attain their dignity, that of the Roman pontiffs From the year 1000 to the accession of the present pope, a period of 829 years, there have been 111 pontiffs, exclusive of the anti-popes. This gives to each pope a reign of about 7½ years, but if the time during which the Holy See was vacant, in the above period, be reckoned, and which cannot be computed altogether at less than twelve years (without including the few days that necessarily elapsed between the death of one pope and the election of his successor), their reigns will scarcely average 7½ years

CANONICAL HOURS

The Catholic church divided the twenty-four hours into seven parts, termed Matins or Lauds, Prime, Tilrge, Sext, Nones, Vespers, and Completorium or Complin, to each of which, proper services were assigned. These divisions, together with others called Watches, were generally used by ecclesiastics, instead of the usual hours of the Day, and, as they often occur in Chronicles and Chartularies, an explanation of them is desirable.

MATINS, OF MATUTINA, OF LAUDS, from Midnight until Prime The morning service commenced about 3 A. M, and was called Matins, or Lauds.

^{*} In this calculation, all the Kings of England, since James I of England (or VI of Scotland), are included among the kings of Scotland, and the kings of France have been reckoned as if the House of Bourbon had always been, de facto, kings since 1793.

PRIME, or PRIMA, from about 6 A. M until Tierce
This service immediately succeeded Matins "If
the office of Lauds be finished by daybreak, as is
fit, let them begin Prime, if not, let them wait for
day'light."*

Tierce, or Tertia, from about 9 A M, to Sext Sext, or Sexta, from about 12, or Noon, to Nones Nones, or Nona, from about 2 or 3 P M, to Vespers.

VESPERS, or VESPFRA, from about 4 o'clock to Com-PLIN, or second Vespers

COMPLETORIUM, or COMPLINE. Second Vespers, about 7 o'clock.

Though not a Canonical hour, it may be useful to add, to these divisions of time, an explanation of Undern, a word often used, in the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries, for the third hour of the day, or QAM

The Night was also divided by ecclesiastics into Watches, in the following order —-

First Watch, which began at 6 P M
Second Watch - - - 9 P M.
Third Watch - - 12 P M.
Fourth Watch - - 3 A. M.

ERA OF THE REFORMATION +

England (Wickliffe)	1360	PROTESTANTS first so called.
Bohemia (Huss) -	1405	Sweden (Petri) - 1530
Germany (Luther) -	1517	Ireland (Brown) - 1535
Switzerland (Zuin-		England completed
glius)	1519	(Cranmer, Bucer,
Denmark		Fagius, &c) - 1547
France (Calvin) -	1529	Scotland (Knox) - 1560
•		Netherlands 1566

[•] Erud Theol de Offic Eccles, quoted in) sbroke's British Mona-chism.

⁺ Hales's Analysis of Chronology, vol. i, p 102

196 NUMERAL CHARACTERS

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The Romans sometimes expressed Thousands by drawing a line over any numeral which was less than a thousand , thus \overline{V} denotes 5000 , \overline{LX} , 60,000 , \overline{V} , 1,000,000 , \overline{MM} , 2,000,000

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF POPES, FROM THE YEAR 999 TO THE PRESENT TIME

In consequence of the influence which the Pontiffs exercised over the affairs of Europe, and the constant occurrence of their bulls, letters, and rescripts, in the history and archives of this and other countries, a correct Chronological and Alphabetical List of the Popes is indispensable for the purpose of fixing the dates of an important class of documents, as well as of ascertaining the exact time of many historical events Their bulls usually bore the date of the year of their pontificate hence, the principle that regulated those dates (which, until a comparatively recent period, varied with nearly every Pontiff) must be known, to enable historians to assign the instruments to the right year of our Lord * The following lists are translated and abridged from the laboured article in "L'Art de verifier les Dates" It was not thought necessary, however, to commence the chronological list with any Pope before the eleventh century, but the alphabetical list contains the name of every Pontiff from the time of St Peter to the present day, with the years of their respective pontificates Anti-popes are distinguished by being printed in The reason of the Popes changing their names on their advancement to the Holy See, was, that they desire to imitate St Peter, who received the name of Cephas (afterwards changed to Peter) from our Lord, instead of that of Simon, which he had before borne The first Pontiff who altered his name was Sergius II in 844 he was before called Peter, but it is said, that, thinking it presumptuous to bear the same name as the Prince of Apostles, he abandoned it for that of Sergius Roman Catholics assume a new name at baptism, and sometimes at confirmation, and also when they enter a

religious state, partly to express their obligation of becoming new men, and partly to place themselves under the special patronage of certain saints, whose lives they propose for example and imitation.*

- 999 SILVESTER, SAINT, 11 (before called Gerbert) Enthroned as pontiff, 2nd of April, 999. Died 11th of May, 1003.
- 1003 JOHN AVII (before called Sicco, or Secco) Elected pope 9th of June, and crowned 13th of June, 1003 Died 31st of October in the same year.
- 1003. JOHN XVIII. (a Roman, called Phasian, or Fanass, cardinal of St Peter) Ordained pope 26th of December, 1003 Abdicated about the end of May, 1009, and died 18th of July following
- 1009 SERGIUS IV bishop of Albany (before called Petrus of Porce, or Bocca di Porco) Elected pope between 17th of June and 24th of August, 1009 Died before 6th of July, 1012
- 1012. BENEDIC Γ VIII (John, Bishop of Porto) Succeeded on or before 6th of July, 1012 Died in July, 1024
- 1024 JOHN XIX (called Romano, a consul, duke, and senator of Rome) Elected August, 1024 Died May, 1033

1033 BENEDICT IX (Terfilacto, son of Alberico, count of loscason of Alberico, count of Lowca-nella, and nephew of pope Bene-dict VIII, and of pope John XIX) Became pope in 1033. He was driven from the Holy see by his subjects in 1038, but was restored in the same year by the emperor Conrad Again banished in 1044, and John, bishop of Sabina, was appointed his successor, un-der the title of SILVESTER III, but he did not retain the see more than about three months, when Benedict again obtained posses-sion Finding himself still odious to his subjects, he ceded the pontificate soon afterwards to the archpriest John Graziano few years, however, he became wearied of a private life, and obtained means to possess himself of the tiara for the third time, on the 8th of November, 1047, which he retained until 17th of July, 1048, when he finally resigned the dignity

1044 GREGORY VI (John Gramano, mentioned in the notice of Benedict IX) Obtained the Holy See on the cession of Benedict IX, in May, 1044, or, according to other authorities, in August, 1045 Deposed about Christmas, 1046

1046 CLEMENT II (Sudger, bishop of Bamberg) Elected and enthroned 25th of December, 1046. Died 9th of October, 1047

BENEDICT IX was the last pope who used the regnal year of the reigning emperor in his bulls

1048 DAMASUS II (Poppo, bishop of Brixen) Enthroned 17th of July, 1048 Died 8th of August following

1048 LEO IX SARW (Brunc, bishop of Toul, son of Hugh count of Egsheim) Flected about the end of 1048. Enthroned 12th of February, 1049. Imprisoned by the Romans from 23rd of June, 1053, until 12th of March, 1054 Died 19th of April, 1054.

Leo IX commenced the Indiction, sometimes on the 1st of Sep.

[#] Butler & Live of the Saints, vol VI. D 578

tember, sometimes on the 1st of January * He is not the first pope, as has been supposed, who dated from the years of the incarnation in his bulls, he sometimes used both the years of his bishopine of Toul and of his pontificate. The years of his pontificate were reckoned from the day of his inthronisation, and not from that of his proclamation, that is to say, from 12th of February, and not from 2nd of February, 1049

THE HOLY SEE REMAINFD VACANT ONE YEAR.

- 1055 VICTOR II (Gebhard, bishop of Eichstat) Liceted March, 1055 Enthroned 13th of April following Died 28th of July, 10.7
- 1057 STEPHEN IX (Frederick, cardinal of St Chrysogone, son of Gothel, duke of Lower Lorraine) Elected 2nd of August, 1057, and crowned the next day Died 29th of March, 1058
 - 1058 Benedict X., antipope (John, bishop of Velletri) Placed in the Holy See by a faction, 30th of March, 1058, and retained it until 8th of January, 1059
- 1058 NICOLAS II. (Gerard, bishop of Florence) Elected 28th of December, 1058 Crowned 18th of January, 1059 Died 21st of July or 22nd, 1061
- 1061 ALEXANDFR II (Anselm da Baggio, of Milan, bishop of Lucca), Crowned 30th of September 1061 Died 21st of April, 1073
- 1073 GREGORY, SAINT, VII (called Hildebrand, a Tuscan) Elected 22d of April, 1073 Died 25th of May, 1085

The bulls of GREGORY VII are not regularly dated, excepting with the place, day, month, and Induction. He generally began the year on the 25th of March. It appears, however, that he occasionally followed the Pisan calculation; the which precedes ours by nine months, wanting seven days, and he sometimes reckoned the days of the mouth as at present, in direct, instead of retrograde order the content of the content of the mouth as at present, and the content of the mouth as at present, in direct, instead of retrograde order the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the

THE HOLY SEE CONTINUED VACANT ONE YEAR

1086. Clement III, antipope

- 1086 VICLOR III (Desiderro, of the family of the dukes of Capua, a cadunal, and abbot of Monte Casino) Elected 24th of May, 1086 Consecrated 9th of May, 1087 Died 16th of Septembes, 1087
- 1088 URBAN II (Otho, a Frenchman, bishop of Ostia) Elected 12th of March, 1088 Died 29th of July, 1099

URAN II, in his bulls, sometimes used the Florentins, sometimes the Pisan, and sometimes the present mode of computation He also varied the Indiction Some of his bulls are dated one year less than the proper number of years of his pontificate For example, in the third instead of the fourth year, &c

1099 PASCAL II (Rainer, abbot of "S Lorenzo fuori le mura," and a cardinal. Flected 13th of August, 1099 Died 18th or 21st of January. 1118

PASCAL II often used no other date in his bulls than of the day He sometimes adopted the Pisan calculation +, and sometimes he anticipated ours by an entire year On other occasions he used the Florentine comp it ition ‡

1118 GELASIUS II (John Gaetano, a cardinal) Elected 25th of January, 1118 Died 29th of January, 1119

GELASIUS II followed the Pisan calculation, but began the year at Easter I his explains why one of his bulls is dated 20th

^{*} Vide page 6 antea

t Vide page 34 antea, note

⁺ Vide page 47 antea.

of December, 1119, though he died on 29th of January in that year. He commenced the Indiction in the month of September

- 1119 CALIXTU II (Guy, archbishop of Vicine in Dauphiny) Elected
 1st of February, 1119 Died 12th or 13th of December, 1124
 CALIXTIS 11 also followed the Pisan calculation
- 1124 HONORIUS II (I ambert bishop of Ostia), Enthroned 21st of December, 1124. Died 14th of February, 1130
- 1130 INNOCENT II (Gr.gory of the house de Pap, a cardinal) Flected 15th of 1 ebruary, 1130 by sixteen cardinals, but the remunder elected Peter Loon, whom they styled Anach tus Both were inthroned on the same day Died 24th of September, 1143
- 1130 Anacletus (Peter I eoni, a cardinal) Dieted by the majority of cardinals, and enthroned, but is considered an antipope Died 21st of January, 1138, when the schismatics elected
- 1138 Futer IV, who, however, soon relinquished the tiara, when the schisin ceased

In the bulls of Invocrnt II the years are sometimes reckoned from the 1st of January, and sometimes from the 25th of March, but rurely a cording to the Pisan calculation. He dated the commencement of his pointheate, not from the day of his consecration, but from that of his election.

- 1143 CFLLSTINE II (Guy de Custro, a Fuscan, cardinal of St Mark) Flected 26th of September, 1143, and enthroned on the sa ne d y Dud 9th of March, 1144
- 1144 LUCIUS II (Gerard Caccianimics cardinal of Santa Crocc in Jerusalem) Flected and crowned 12th of March, 1144 Died 25th of 1 chrustry, 1145

The public instruments of Lucius II are dated according to the Florentine calculation

1145 EUGENIUS III (Bern rd, abbot of St Anastasius at Rome) Fleeted 27th of February, 1145 Ordained 4th of March following Died in the hight of the 7th or 3th of July, 1179

EUCENIUS III sometimes commenced the year on 1st of January, and sometimes on 25th of March

- 1153 ANASTASIUS IV (Conrad, cardinal bishop of Sabino) Elected 9th of July, 1158 Died 2nd of December, 1...4
- 1154 ADRIAN IV (N colas Breakspeare, an Inglishman, a cardinal)
 Elected 3rd of December, 1154 Died 30th of August, 1159 *

Few of Adrian's bull are dited in the year of his pontificate. In some of them, he indicated the rink which he held among popes of his own name by styling himself Adrian the Fourth, which custom had then fallen into desuctude. He sometimes commenced the year on the 1st of January, sometimes on the 25th of March, and sometimes followed the Privan calculation.

- of the house of Landmells cardinal of 5t Mark). I leated 7th or September 1159, and crowned the 20th of that month. Died 30th of August, 1181
 - ALLYANDER III adopted the Florentine calculation in his bulls, by commencing the year on 25th of March
- 1159 Victor IV, antipope Died 20th or 22nd of April, 1164
- 1164 Paschat III, antipope Elected by the schismatus, 22nd of April, 1164 Died 20th of September, 1168
- 1168 Calistus III, antipope, who renounced his schism 29th of August, 1178 1178 Innocent III, antipope was
- 1178 Innocent III, antipope was made prisoner by Alexander III in 1180, and died soon afterwards
- 1181 LUCIUS III (Ubaldo Allocingoli, cardinal of St Praxede, and

bishop of Ostia) Liected 1st of September, 1181, and crowned 6th of that month Died 24th of November, 1185

Lucius III followed the I lorentine calculation, and varied the Induction

1.85 URBAN III (Hubert Crivelli, archbishop of Milan, and cardinal of 5t Laurence) Elected 25th of November, 1185, and crowned 1st if December following Died 11th of October, 1187

URBAN III commenced the year and the Indiction, like the Florentines, on 25th of March He dated his pontificate from the day of his cle tiou

- 1187 GREGORY VIII (Albert di Morra, a cardinal) Elected 20th of October, 1187, and died 17th of December following
- 1187 CLFMENT III (Paul Scoliro, cardinal bishop of Palestrina) Elected 19th of December, 1187, and crowned the next day Died 27th of March, 1191

CLEMENT III added the year of his pontificate to the dates of the place and day in his common bulls, which practice was adopted by nearly all his successors. The treaty which he mide with the Romans, whereby he agreed to the destruction of the walls of I suculum, is dited in the 44th year of the senate.

1191 CELESFINI 111 (Hymanth Bubon), cardinal of 5t. Mary) Fleeted 30th of March, 1191 Consecrated on Fister-day, 14th of April, in the same year Died 7th or 5th of January, 1198

CILISTINE usually began the year, and often the Indiction, at Easter. It appears that he was the first pointiff who granted the absolution "ad cautel im See the 13th of his Letters written in 1195 to the bishop of I unoin

1198 INNOCI NI III (Lothaire de Conti di Segni cardinal) Elected 8th or 9th of January, 1198, and consecrated 22nd of February following Died 16th or 17th of July, 1216

During the year 1207, the tenth of Innocent's pontificate, the ninth Indiction is erroneously written for the tenth

- 1216 HONORIUS III (Centro Savelli, a cardinal priest) Flected 18th, and crowned 24th of July, 1216 Died 18th of March, 1227
- 1227 GREGORY IX (Ugolino de' Conti di Segni, bishop of Ostia, and a cardinal) I lected and enthroned 19th of March, 1227 Dicd 21st of August, 1241
- 1241 CELESTINE IV (Geoffrey de Castighone, cardinal bishop of Sabina) Flected towards the end of Otober, 1241, and died 17th or 18th of November in the same year, before he was consecrated.

 THE HOLY SPF CONTINUED NAVANT UNTIL THE END OF JUNE, 1248
- 1243 INNOCFNT IV (Sinabaldo di Fresco, cardinal of St Laurent)
 Llected 24th or 25th of June, 1243, and consecrated the 28th or
 29th of the same mouth | Died 7th of December, 1274

Lake his predecessors, INNOCENT IV did not always adopt the same date for the commencement of the year and Indiction in his bulls. He introduced into his bulls the celebrated clause, "Non obstantibus"

- 1254. ALEXANDFR IV (Reinaldo de' Conti di Segni, a cardinal, and bishop of Ostia) Elected 12th of December, 1254 Died 25th of May, 1261
- 1261 URBAN IV (James Panteleon, patriarch of Jerusalem) Elected 29th of August, 1261, and crowned 4th of September following Duel 2nd of October. 1264
- 1265 CLEMENT IV (Guy Foulquois, archbishop of Narbonne, and car.

- dinal bishop of Sabina) Elected 5th of February, 1265, and crowned 22nd or 26th of the same month Died 20th of November, 1268
- THE HOLY SEE APPEARS TO HAVE BEIN VACANT ABOUT TWO YEARS AND NINE MONTHS.
- 1271. GREGORY X. (Thibaud Visdomini, archdeacon of Liege) Elected 1st of September, 1271 Crowned 27th of January, 1272 Died 10th of January, 1276.
 - The bulls of GREGORY X are dated from the day of his coronation
- 1976. INNOCENTY (Peter de Farentaise, cardinal bishop of Ostia) Elected 21st of February, 1276, and crowned 23rd of that month Died 23rd of June following
- 1276 ADRIAN V (Ottobone di Fresco, cardinal of St Adrian Elected 11th of July, 1276 Died 16th of August following, without having been consecrated pope or ordained a priest.
- 1276. John XX or XXI (João Pedro, a Portuguese, cardinal bishop of Frescati) Elected 13th of September, 1276, and crowned on the 20th of the same month Died 16th or 17th of May, 1277
- 1277 NICOLAS III (John Gaetan Orsini, cardinal of St Nicolas) Elected 25th of November, 1277 Crowned 26th of December following Died 22nd of August, 1280
- 1281 MARTIN IV (Sumon de Brie, cardinal of St. Cecilia) Flected 22nd of February, 1281 Consecrated and crowned 23rd of March in the same year Died 28th of March, 1285
- 1285 HONORIUS IV (Giacomo Savelli, a cardinal) Elected 2nd of April, 1285, and crowned the 4th or 6th of May following Died 3rd of April, 1287
- 1288 NICOLAS IV (Jeronimo, a cardinal, and bishop of Palestrina)
 Elected 15th of February, 1288 Crowned 22nd or 23rd of the
 same month Died 4th of April, 1292
 - Under the pontificate of Nicolas IV, the commencement of the year at Rome was fixed at Easter
 - THE HOLY SEE REMAINED VACANT I WO YEARS AND THREE MONTHS
- 1292 CELESTINE V (Peter de Moronc) Lected 5th of July, 1294, and consecrated 29th of August following Abdicated 13th of December, 1294, and died 19th of May, 1296
- 1294 BONIFACE VIII (Benedict Gaetano, cardinal of St Silvester)
 Elected \$\frac{2}{2}\$th of December, 1294 Consecrated 2nd of January, 1295,
 and crowned some days afterwards Died 11th of October, 1203
 BONIFACE VIII commenced the year at Christmas, which custom was followed by nearly all his successors in the 14th century
 He sometimes dated his bulls in the year of his pontificate only,
 without the month or day
- 1303 BENEDICT X or XI (Nicolas Bocasi, of Trevisa, cardinal bishop of Ostia) Elected 22nd of October, 1303, and crowned on Sunday, the 27th of the same month Died 6th or 7th of July, 1304
 - THE HOLY SEE CONTINUED VACANT FOR NEARLY ELFVEN MONTHS.
- 1305 CLEMENT V (Bertrand de Goth, archbishop of Bordeaux) Elected 15th of June, 1305 Crowned 14th of November following Died 20th of April, 1314
 - CLEMENT V, like many other popes, dated his pontificate from the day of his coronation. The bulls issued before that ceremony were dated " à die suscepti à nobis Apostolatûs Officii."

THE HOLY SEE REMAINED VACANT FOR TWO YEARS AND NEARLY FOUR

- 1316. JOHN XXI or XXII (James d'Euse, cardinal bishop of Porto), Elected 7th of August, 1316. Crowned 5th of September follow ing Died 4th of December, 1334
- 1334 BENEDICT XI. or XII (James Fournier, assumed the name of his uncle, cardinal Novelli, and became a cardinal by the name of cardinal Blanc, because he retained the habit of his order) Elected pope 20th of December, 1334 Crowned 8th of January, 1335 Died 25th of April, 1342
- 1342 CLEMENT VI (Peter Roger, archbishop of Rouen, and a cardinal) Elected 7th of May, 1342, and crowned the 19th of the same month Died 6th of December, 13.2
- 13.92 INNOCENI VI (Stephen Aubert, cardinal bishop of Ostia) Elected 18th of December, 1352, and crowned the 30th of the same month Died 12th of September, 1362
- 1362. URBAN V (William de Grimoard de Beauvoir, lord of Grisac in Gévaudan, abbot of St. Victor at Marseilles) Electid September 1362 Consecrated and crowned 6th of November following Died 19th of December, 1370
- 1370 GRFGORY XI (Peter Roger, a cardinal, son of William, lord of Beaufort in Anjou, and nephew of pope Clement VI) Elected 30th of December, 1370 Consecrated and crowned 5th of January, 1371 Died 27th of March, 1378

GREGORY XI dated his instruments in the year of his pontificate only

- 1378 URBAN VI (Bartholomew Prgnano, archivathop of Barr) Elected 4th of April 1378, and crowned the 18th of the same month Urban was acknowledged as the legitimate pope by the greater part of the empire, in Bohemia, Hungary, and Frigland. Died 18th of October, 1389
- 1389 BONIFACE IX (Peter Tomacell, cardinal of Naples) Elected 2nd of November, 1389, by the cardinals of the party of Urban VI, and crowned the 9th of that month Dued 1st of October, 1404

Papebrok is mistaken in saying that BONIFACE IX dated the commencement of his pontificate from the day of his election, and not from that of his coronation

- 1378 CLEMENT VII (Robert de Genève, bishop of Cambray, ind a cardinali Elected 21st of September, 1378, by fifteen of the cardinals who had previously elected URBAN VI Crowned 31st of October following He was acknowledged as the legitimate pontiff in France, Spain, Scotland, Sicily, and Cyprus, Died 16th of September, 1994 1394 BENEIDICT XIII (Peter de
- 1394 BENEDICT XIII '(Peter de Luna, a cardinal Llected 28th of September, 1394, by the cardinals of the partyof Clement VII Crowned 11th of October following Sentence of deposition was pronounced against him and Angelo Corrario (Gregory XII), 5th of June, 1409, both of whom were denounced as schismatics, and on 26th of July, 1417, Benedict XIII was deposed, and deprived of his dignity by the general council but he refused to submit to its authority, and died 29th of November, 1424
- 1404 INNOCENT VII (Cosmo de' Migliori, or Meliorati, cardinal of Santa Croce) Elected 17th of October, 1404, by the cardinals in the obedience of Boniface IX, and crowned 2nd or 11th of November in the same year Died 6th of November, 1406.
- 1406, GREGORY XIL (Angelo Corrario, cardinal of St. Mark Unani-

- mously elected 30th of November, 1406 Deposed by a general council, 5th of June, 1409, but he did not himself abdicate until 4th of July, 1415, and died 18th of October, 1417
- 1409 ALEXANDFR V (Peter, surnamed Philargi, archbishop of Milan and a cardinal) Flected 15th or 26th of June, 1409, by the cardinals of both parties Crowned 17th of June or 7th of July following Dicd 3rd of May, 1410
- 1410 JOHN XXII (Bilthasar Cossa, cardinal of St. Eustachius) Flected 17th of May, 1410 Conscerated and crowned the 25th of the same month Deposed 29th of May, 1415 Died 22nd of November, 1119
- 1417 MARIIN V (Otho Colonna, a cardinal) Elected 11th of Novem ber, 1417, and enthroned on the same day Crowned 21st of November following Died 20th or 21st of 1 ebruary, 1431*
- 1431 LUGENIUS IV (Gabriel Condulmier, cardi ial bishop of Sienna) Elected 3rd or 4th or 6th of March, 1431, and crowned the 11th of the same month Died 23rd of February, 1447

Lighting IV commenced the year in his bulls sometimes on the 1st of January, sometimes on 25th of March, and sometimes at Laster By a bull dated in 1440, he commanded that the Ecc lesiastical year should theneeforward be an on Christmas day, but neither he nor his successors implicitly obeyed this order, which was adopted in several countries. Fugenius IV also directed, in 1445, that the year of the linearin tion should be inserted in all bulls and rescripts but he did not extend the rule to keters and briefs which were scaled with his private scal. The Indiction is not noticed in his bulls.

- 1439 Felix V, antipope (Amedee VIII, duke of Savoy) Elected 17th of November, 14 9, at the council of Basle, but abdâ cated 7th of April, 1449 Died 1451
- 1447 NICOLAS V (Thomas de Sarzana, cardinal bishop of Bologna) Elected 6th of March, 1447, and crowned the 18th of the same month Died 24th of March, 1455

Pope Nicolas V commenced the year on 25th of March, which explains why some of his bulls are dated in 1446

1447 CALIXIUS III (Alphonso Borgia, cardinal, archbishop of Valentia) Elected 8th of April, 1425, and crowned the 20th of the same month Died 8th of August, 1458

CALIXIUS III also commenced the year on the 25th of March

1458 P1Us 11 (Æneas slivi Piccolomini, cardinal bishop of Sienna) Elected 19th or 27th of August, 1458, and crowned 3rd of September following Died 15th or 16th of August, 1464

> Pius II sometimes commenced the year at Christmas, sometimes on 1st of January, and sometimes on 25th of March

1464 PAUL II (Peter Barbo, cardinal of St Mark) Llected 31st of August, 1464 Crowned 16th of September following Died 28th of July, 1471

PAUL II commenced the year sometimes on 25th of March, and sometimes on 1st of January

1471 SIXTUS IV (Francis d'Albescola della Rovere, a cardinal) Elected

^{*} Giles de Mugnos, or Muñion, canon of Barcelona, was elected pope by e title of CLEMENT VIII in 14.4, to succeed Benedict XIII, but on July 1429, he renounced the ponincate, when the schism, which had existed our fifty-one years, became entirely extinguished.

9th of August, 1471, and crowned the 25th of that month Died of a Quest. 1484

SIXTUS IV commenced the year like his predecessor He is supposed to be the first pontiff who placed his effigy on the coms struck in his states. He established the yearly tribute from Na, les to the Papal see, of a white horse and trappings

1484 INNOCENT VIII (John Baptist Cibo, a cardinal) Liected 29th of August, 1484, and crowned 12th of September following Died 25th of July, 1492.

INVOCENT VIII introduced into his bulls the clauses "motus propril" and "motu proprio" He sometimes commanced the year in his bulls on let of January, and at others on 25th of March One of his bulls is, however, thus dated —"Datum Romes Anno Incarnationis D MCCCC LXXXVIII Id Jan "and lower down, "Lecta Rome in Cancel Apost die Subbitt, Jun 19 1487, "that is the pope commenced the year at Christmas, and the apostolic chamber on the 25th of March

1492 ALFAANDER VI. (Roderic Borgia, nephew of pope Calixtus III, archbishop of Valencia, and a cardinal) Elected the 11th, and crowned 26th of August, 1492 Died 18th of August, 1002-3

ALEXANDER VI commenced the year on the 25th of March in his great bulls

- 1503 PIUS III (Francis Piccolomini, cardinal of Sienna, nephew of Pius II) Elected 22nd of Siptember, 150, and crowned 8th of October following Died 18th of October, 1533
- 1503 JULIUS II (Julian della Revere cardinal of 5t Peter) Fleeted 1st of November, 1503, enthroned on the same day, and crowned the 19th of that month Duel 20th or 21st of February, 1513
- 1513 LEO X (John de Medici, a cardinal) Elected 11th of March,
 1513 Died 1st of December, 1521

LEO X, in his letters, dated the commencement of his pontificate before his coronation. He sometimes adopted the Florentine calculation, and sometimes reckoned the days, as at present, in direct order.

- 1522 ADRIAN VI (Adrian I lorent, cardinal bishop of Tortosa) Elected 2nd of January, 1522 Crowned 1st of September following Died 24th of September, 1523
- 1523 CI EMENT VII (Julius de Medici, natural and posthumous son of Julian de Medici, and cousin of Leo X, archbishop of Florence, and a cardinal) Elected 19th of November, 1523, and crowned the 2.th of the same month Died 26th of September, 1531

CLEMENT VII is said to have varied the commencement of the year and the manner of reckoning the days of the month in his public instruments in which the date of the Indiction does not occur, but, in 1524, it was determined that in Apostolic letters, in the form of writs, the year should theneforward commence on the 25th of December, and in Bulls on the 25th of March.*

- 1534 PAUL III (Alexander Farnese, bishop of Ostia) Elected 13th of October, and crowned 7th of November, 1534 Died 10th of November, 1540
- 1550 JULIUS III (John Maria del Monte, archbishop of Siponto) Elected 8th of February, 1550, and crowned the 22nd of that month Cardinal Pole was a candidate for the popedom at this election, and, on the first scrutiny, wanted only two votes to be legally elected Died 5th of March. 1555

[♥] Vide p 47 antea, and Fœdera, xiv 294 355

- 1555 MARCELLUS II (Marcello Cervini, cardinal of Santa Croce) Elected 9th of April, 1555, and crowned the 11th of the same month Died 30th of April, 1555
- 1555 PAUL IV (Grampietro Caraffa, art hbishop of Chieti, and a cardinal) Elected 23d of May, and crowned 26th of May, 1555 Died 18th of August, 1559
 - PAUL IV usually followed the Florentine calculation
- 1559 PIUS IV, SAINT (John Angelo de' Med ci, a cardinal) Elected 25th or 26th of December, 1559, and crowned 6th of January, 1560 Died 8th or 9th of December, 1567
 - Pius IV, in dating his bulls, generally commenced the year on 25th of March This explains why his bull confirming the council of Trent is dated in the year 1563
- 1566 PIUS V (Michael Ghisheri, a cardinal), Elected 7th, and crowned 17th of January, 1566 Died 1st of May, 1572
- 1572 GREGORY XIII (Hugh Buoncompagno, bishop of Vesti, and a cardinal) Elected 18th, and crowned 25th of May, 1572 Died 10th of April, 1585
 GREGORY XIII generally adopted the Florentine calculation
 - GREGON XIII generally adopted the Florentine calculation in his bulls He is memorable for having, in February, 1582, reformed the Roman Calendar Vide p 4 antea
- 1585 SIXTUS V (Felix Peretti, cardinal of Montalto) Elected 24th of April, and crowned lst of May, 1585 Died 27th of August, 1590 Sixtus V did not follow any general rule respecting the commencement of the year in his bulls
- 1590 URBAN VII. (John Bapust Castagna, archbishop of Rossano, and a cardinal) Liected 15th of September, 1590 Died the 27th of the same month
- 1590 GREGORY XIV (Nucolas Sfondrati, bishop of Cremona, and a cardinal) Elected 5th, and crowned 8th of December, 1590 Died 15th of October, 1591

 GREGORY XIV appears to have always followed the Floren-

tine calculation in his bulls

- 1591 INNOCENT IX (John Anthony Fatchinetti, bishop of Nicastro, and a cardinal) Elected 29th of October, 1591 Crowned 3rd of November, and died 30th of December in the same year
- 1592 CLEMEN Γ VIII (Hippolito Aldobrandim, a cardinal) Elected 30th of January, and clowned 7th of February, 1992 Founder of the Scotch College at Rome Died 3rd or 5th of March, 1605 Sometimes the days of the month in the bulls of pope Clement VIII are reckoned, as at present, in direct order
- 1805 LEO XI (Alexander Ottaviano de' Medici, styled cardinal of Florence Elected 1st of April, 1605, and died the 27th of the same
- 1605 PAUL V 'Camillo Borghese, cardinal of St Chrysosognoe) Elected 16th, and inthroned 29th of May, 1605 Died 29th of January, 1621
- 1621 GREGORY XV (Alexander Ludo 1810, archbishop of Bologna, and a cardinal) Elected 2nd of February, 1691 Died 8th of July, 1623

 In all the briefs of Gregora XV the year is commenced on the 1st of January, and in all his bulls on the 25th of March He 1st and to have established this practice in the Roman Chancery, but it continued only until Innocent XII, under whose pontificate the custom of commencing the year on 1st of January, in bulls, was resumed.
- 1623 URBAN VIII (Maffeo Barberini, archbishop of Nazareth, and

- cardinal) Elected 6th of August, 1623, and crowned 29th of Sep tumber following Died 29th of July, 1644
- Pope URBAN VIII commanded that henceforward, in the apostolic letters, the day of the month should be expressed at length, and not by figures
- 1644 INNOCENT X (John Baptist Pannfllo, a cardinal) Elected 15th and crowned 22nd of September, 1644 Died 6th or 7th of January, 1655
- 1053 ALEXANDER VII (Fabio Chigi, a cardinal) Elected 7th of April, 1655 Died 22nd of May, 1667
- 1667 CLEMENI IX (Julius Rospigliosi, a cardinal) Elected 20th of June, 1667 Died 9th of December, 1669
- 1670 CLEMENT X (John Baptist Limitus Altieri, a cardinal) Elected 29th of April, 1670 Died 22nd of July, 1676
- 1676 INNOCLNT XI (Benedict Odescalchi, bishop of Novara, a cardinal) Elected 21st of September, 1676 Died 12th of August, 1629
- 1689 ALFXANDER VIII (Peter Ottoboni, bishop of Bresia, and a cardinal) Elected 6th of October, 1689 Died 1st of February, 1691
- 1691 INNOCENT XII (Antonio Pignatelli, cardinal, archbishop of Naples) Flected 12th, and crowned 15th of July, 1691 Died 27th of September, 1700
 - Pope INNOCENT XII resumed the custom of calculating the commencement of the year from the 1st of January, in which he was imitated by the five succeeding pointiffs
- 1700 CLEMENT XI (John Francis Albano, cardinal of St Silvester). Elected 23rd, and consecrated 30th of November, 1700 Died 19th of March, 1721
- 1721 INNOCENT XIII (Michael Angelo Conti, bishop of Viterbo, and a cardinal) Elected 8th, and crowned 18th of May, 1721 Died 7th of March, 1724
- 1794 BENEDICT XIII (Peter Francis Oruni, son of Ferdinand duke of Gravina, archbishop of Benevento, and a cardinal) Elected 29th of May, and crowned 4th of June, 1794 Died 21st of February, 1730
- 1730 CLEMENT XII (Lorenzo Corsun, a cardinal, and bishop of Frescati) Elected 12th and crowned 16th of July, 1730 Died 6th of February, 1740
- 1740 BENT'DICT XIV (Proper Lambertini, a cardinal, and archbishop of Bologna) Elected 17th of August, 1740 Died 3rd of May, 1758
- 1758 CLEMFNT XIII (Cardinal Charles Rezzonico, bishop of Padua) Elected 6th, and crowned 16th of July, 1758 Died 2nd of Fe bruary, 1769
- 1769 CLFMENT XIV (Cardinal John Vincent Anthony Ganganelli, Elected 19th, and consecrated 28th of May, 1769 Crowned 4th or June following Died 22nd of September, 1774
- 1775 PIUS VI (Cardinal John Angelo Braschi) Elected 15th, and crowned 22nd of February, 1775 Driven from Rome by the French in 1798, and died a captive in France, 29th of August, 1799
- 1800 PIUS VII (Cardinal Gregory Barnabas Chiaramonte) Elected 13th of March, 1800 By a decree dated 17th of May, 1809, Napoleon

united the Roman states to the French empire Pus VII was taken prisoner by the French, and conveyed to Savona on the 5th or 6th of July following he was restored to his dominions in the beginning of 1814 Died 20th of August, 1823

- 1823 LEO XII (Hannibil della Genga archbishop of Tyre) Elected 28th of September, 1823 Died 10th of February, 1829
- 1829 PIUS VIII (Cardinal Francis Xavier Castiglioni bishop of Cesena)

 Elected 31st of March 1829 Died 30th of November, 1830
- 1831 GREGORY XVI (Cardmal Maurus Capellari, born 18th of September, 1765, at Bellun , a monk of the order of Camaldoli) Elected 2nd of February, 1831 Died 1st of June, 1846
- 1846 PIUS IX (Cardinal John Maria-Mastai-Ferretti, Bishop of Imola, born 13th of May, 1792, at Shinkaglia Flected 16th of June, 1846 The REIGNING PONTUP

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POPES,

FROM ST PLTER A D 65 TO THE PRESENT TIME

A D	A D
ADFODATUS - 672- 676	Benedict I - 573- 577.
Adrian I 772- 795	II - 684 685
- II - 867— 872	1II - 855 858
III - 884— 885	IV - 900— 903.
IV - 11541159	V † - 964— 965.
V 1276-1276	VI - 972_ 974.
- VI - 1522-1523	VII - 975 983.
Agapetus 535 536	VIII 1012—1024.
II - 946— 956	— — IX - 1033—1044
Agatho 679 682	XI - 1303-1904.
Alexander I, St 109-119	——— XII - 1394—1342
Alexander II - 1061—1073	XIII 1394—1403.
III - 1159—1181	λIII 1724—1730
IV - 12541261	XIV 1740—1758.
- V - 1409—1410	Benedict X 1058
VI - 1492—1503	Boniface I, St - 418-422.
VII - 16551667	II - 530— 531.
VIII 16891691	III - 606 606.
Anacletus, St - 100 109	IV - 607— 614.
Anacletus II * - 1130	V - 617 625.
Anastasius I, St 399-402	VI - 896— 896.
Anastasius II - 496 497	VIII 1294—1303.
Anastasius III, St 911 — 914	IX - 1389—1404.
Anastasius IV - 11531154	Bonsface VII - 973
Anastasrus 855	
Anicetus, St - 157-168	Carus, St 288- 296
Anterus, St - 235- 236	Calixtus I, St - 218- 223

The names in Italics are of those who are styled antipopes, or of these
whose right to the popedom has been questioned
+ Elected by a council, whilst Leo VIII was elected by the Romans.

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Calixins II
              - 1119-1124
                              Eugemus III
                                            - 1145-1153
Calixtus III
              - 1447-1458
                                 ____ IV

 1431—1447

Calistus III
              - 1168
                              Eulahus, St
                                               418-418
                              Eusebrus, St
Celestine, St
                 422-432
                                               310-310
____ 11
                              Eutychian, St
              - 1143--1144
                                               275- 28%
                              Evaristus, St
---- [1]

 1191—1198

                                               100--- 109
____ IV
               - 1241-1241
                              Fabian, St
                                               236- 250
  ___ v
                 1292-1299
                              Felix I, St
                                               269-275
  Peter)
                              Fehr II
                                               355
                 903--- 904
Chastopher
                              Felix II or III,
Clement I , St
                  91-- 100
                                St
                                               483-492
 _____ 11
                1046-1047
                              Felix III or IV
                                               526- 529
 ____ III
               - 1187-1191
                              Felix V
                                              1439-1449
 ____ IV
               - 1265-1268
                              Formosus -
                                               891-896
    __ v
              - 1305-1314
    __ vi
              - 1342-1352
    -- VII
              - 1523-1534
                              Gelasius I , St -
                                               492-496
    - VIII
              - 1592-1605
                                 -- 11
                                            - 1118-1119
     - IX
              - 1667-1669
                              Gregory I, St, ?
    --- X
              - 1670-1676
                                               590-604
                                the Great
     - XI
              - 1700--1721
                                 --- 11
                                              715-- 731
     ~ X1I
              - 1790-1740
                                --- III
                                              731- 741
     ~ XIII
              - 1758-1769
                               ---- IV
                                              828-841
     - XIV
              - 1769-1774
                                 --- v
                                               996- 999
    --- VII

 1378—1394.

                                   – VI
                                            - 1045--1046
Clement III
              - 1080
                                   - VII
                                            - 1073-1085
Clement VII
              - 1378
                                   - VIII
                                            - 1187---1187
 --- VIII
              - 1417
                                   - IX
                                            - 1227-1241
Cletus, St.
                  78-
                        91
                               ---- X
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Conon
                 686- 687
                               - -- XI
                                            - 1370-1378
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Constantine
                 767
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                                             1572-1585
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                               ---- XIV
                                            - 1590---1591.
                                 ---- XV

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                              Gregory
                                            - 1012
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                 259- 269
                                   - VIII
                                            - 1118-1118
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                 614-617
Dionysius, St
                 259- 269
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                             Hılary, St
                                               461-468
Domnus
                 676-679
                             Honorius I
                                              626- 638
____ II
                 974-975
                                 ---- II
                                            - 1124-1190.
Eleutherus, St.
                 177-192
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Eugenius I -
                 655--- 658
                                 ---- IV.
                                            - 1285-1287
____ II.
                 824- 827.
                             Honorius II

    1061.
```

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Hyginus, St - 139— 142 Innocent I - 402— 417	Leo II - 682—683
II - 1130_1143	
III - 1198-1216	
- IV - 1243—1254.	- V - 903-905
V - 1276—1276	
VI - 1352—1362	VII - 936—939
- VII - 1404—1406	VIII,* - 963-965
VIII 11841492	IX, St - 1048—1054
IX - 1591-1591	- \ 1513-1521
X - 1644-1655	
- XI - 1676-1689	
——XII - 1691—1700	Liberius, St - 352- 366
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—— III - 559— 572	Marcellinus - 296- 304
IV 640 642	Murcellus I, St 308- 310
V 685 686	11 - 1555—1555
VI 701 705	Marin or Martin 882- 884
	Mark, St 336- 336
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-X - 914-928	1V - 12811285
-XI - 931-936	V - 1417—1431
-XII - 956- 964	Miltiades, St or 311- 314
XIII - 965 972	Melchiades - 311— 314
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——XV - 986— 996	Nicolas I - 858- 867
	II - 10581061
XVIII - 1004-1009	III - 1277-1280
-XIX - 1024-1033	IV - 1288—1292
-XX or XXI 1276-1277	V - 1447—1455
—— XXII - 1316—1394	
-XXIII - 1410-1415	Paschal I - 817- 824
John XVI - 997	—— II - 1099—1118
Julius I, St - 337— 352	Paschal - 687
II - 1503—1513	
III - 1550—1555	Paul I 757— 767
- 1330-1373	— II 1464—1471
Lando - 913- 914	— III - 1534—1549.

^{*} Flected by the Romans, whilst Benedict V was elected by a council.

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A D
                   A D
Paul IV -
                            Stephen III
                                             752-- 757
             - 1555-1559
                            ____ IV
____ v -
                                             768 - 772

    1605—1621

                               ___ v
                                             816- 517.
Pelagius I
                555 - 559
                             ____ vi
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                                             885--- 891
Pelagus II
                578-- 590
                                             896-897
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                 42- 66
                            _____ VIII
Pius I. St
                142-157
                                             929- 931
---- II -
                                             939- 943
             - 1458-1464
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    1503—1503

                                          - 1057--1078
             - 1559---1565
                            Sylvester I. St
                                             914--- 335
---- V, St
             - 1566-1572
                               ---- II
                                             999-1003
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                             Sulvester 111
              - 1775—1799
                                             1044
___ VII
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                            Symmachus
                                             498-- 514
  - VIII
              - 1829---1830
___ IX ,
                             Filesphorus, St
          the ]
                                             128-139
  reigning pon- } 1846
                             Theodorus
                                             642-649
  tiff, in
                             ____ II
                                             898-- 900
Pontianus, St
                 230-235
                             Theophilactus
                                             767
                            Urban I, St
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Romanus -
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                                          - 1088-1099
                            --- III
                                          - 1195-1187
                             ---- IV
Sabınıan -
                 604-- 605
                                          - 1261-1264
                             --- V
Sergius I
                687-- 701
                                          - 1362-1370
                            ____ vi
____ II
                 844-- 847
                                          - 1378-1389
____ III
                             ---- VII
                905-- 911

    1590—1590

____iv
                                - VIII
              - 1009-1012
                                          - 1623-1644
Sergius
                891
Sericius, St
                385- 398
                            Valentine -
                                             827- 827
                             Victor I, St
Severinus
                640--- 640
                                             192- 202
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Silverius -
                536-- 538
                                          - 1055-1057
                              ____ III
Simplicius, St
                468-483
                                          1086—1087
Siricus, St
                384-- 398
                            Victor
                                           - 1138
Sisinnius -
                708--- 708
                                           - 1159-1159
Sixtus I, St
                             Vigilius
                                              538-- 555
                 119 - 128
____ II
                257- 258
                             Vitalian
                                             658-672
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                            Zachary
                                             741- 752
             - 1585—1590
                            Zephirinus, St.
                                             202-218
Soter, St
                168-176
                            Zızımus -
                                             824
Stephen I, St. -
                253- 257
                            Zozimus, St
                                             417-418
 ____ II
                752- 752
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CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF COUNCILS.

Councils form the most remarkable epochs in Ecclesiastical history, and the dates of their occurrence are consequently of great importance in fixing the exact period of many affairs and events. The following list is abridged from the elaborate article on the subject in "L'Art de verifier les Dates," and for the reason there given, namely, that the names of the places whereat the Councils were held are always expressed in instruments in Latin, the Latin as well as the English names are stated A very useful addition to the Chronological List of Councils will be found in the Alphabetical List of the Councils, the utility of which must be obvious, for if the date of the Council held at Berkhampstead, in 697, for example, be wanted, it would require some time and trouble to search for it through so extensive a catalogue In the alphabetical List the year is mentioned, which serves as a guide to that particular Council in the chronological arrangement, where more information respecting it will be found

^{152.} Pergamenum, the council of Pergamus in Asia, in which the Colorbasians were condemned

¹⁷³ Herapohtanum, of Hicrapolis in Phrygia, against the Montanista.
195 Ephesinum, of Ephesus in Asia.
197 Romanum, of Kome, by Victor, relative to the celebration of Eas-

¹⁹⁷ Lugdunense, of Lyons in France, concerning Easter 200 Carthaginense, or Africanum, of Carthage in Africa, relative to the baptism of heretics

²¹⁷ -, on discipline.

²⁰¹ Alexandrinum, of Alexandria in Egypt, under Demetrius, against

^{2.1} Iconiense and Synnadense, of Iconium and Synnada in Asia, against the baptism of heretics

²³⁵ Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, respecting bishop Ammonius
240 Lambesitanum, of Lambesa in Africa, against the heretic Privatus

²⁴² Philadelphiense, of Philadelphia, or Bosra in Arabia, against Berillus, bishop of Bosia

- 245 Ephesmum, of Ephesus in Asia, igainst Noetus, who denied the distinction of persons in the Trinity
 247 or 248 Arabicum, of Arabia, against those who held that the soul
- dies
- 250 Achaicum, of Achaia in Greece, against the Valesians or Funuchs 251 Carthaginanse, of Carthage, wherein the election of pope Cornelius was confirmed, canons were made for the re admission of apostates
- to the communion, and Felicissimus was condemned. 251 Romanum, of Reme, under Cornelius, against Novatian, for his
- 252, Antiochenum, of Antioch, by Fabius, against Novatian
- 252. Carthagmense, of Carthage, by (yprian, against Privatus, Novatian, &c
- 953 , of Carthage, by Cyprian, on the baptism of infants and heretics
- 254. of Carthage, by Cyprian, relative to the deposition of two Spanish bishops of Carthage, by Cyprian, on the baptism of here-
- 255
- 256 -, confirming the preceding council
- Romanum, of Rome, by Stephen, against the two last councils 250 Carthaginense, of Carthage, on the 1st of September, by Cyprian, also 256 on the baptism of heretics
- 258 Romanum, of Rome, by Sixtus, against the heresy of Noetus
- of Rome, by pope Dennis, wherein Dennis of Alexandria 200 justified himself
- ntiochenum, of Antioch, against Paul, bishop of Samosata, who de-264 nied the divinity of Christ
- 269 _____, wherein Paul was deposed and Domnus elected 277 Mesopotamia, the disputation of Archelaus, bishop of Caschar, with
- the arch-heretic Manes
- Eliberitanum, or Ilbberitanum, of Elvira in Grenada, on discipline 301 Alexandrium, of Alexandria where in Miletus, bishop of Lycopolis, was convicted of idoluty and disposed
- 305 Cirtense, of Cirtes in Numidia, wherein the bishops who during the persecution had read the Scriptures to the Pagans were absolved
- 312 Carthagnense, of Carthage, wherein the Donatists deposed Cacilian 313 Romanum, of Rome, by Mckhiade, against the Donatists.

 314 Arelatense, of Arles, by Const intine, against the Donatists. 311 Ancyranum, of Ancyrus in Galatia, respecting apostates during the
- persecution 314 or 315 Neocæsareense, of Neocæsarea in Pontus, by Vital, on dis-
- cupline
- Alexandrinum I and II, of Alexandria, against Arius 321 Bithymense and Palestinum, of Bithyma and Palestine, in favour of Arıus.
- 324 Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, against the Arians and Colluthian. 325 Nicanum, of Nice in Bithynia, from June 19th to August 25th, the first General Council, by Const intine, on the consubstantiality of the Son of God, against Arius, and on discipline

 330 Alexandrium, of Alexandrina, 77th of December, wherein Athanasius was ordained in the place of Alexander, who died in April
- 330 Carthaginense, of Carthage, in tayour of those who had read the
- gospel during the persecution
 331 Antiochenum, of Antioch, by the Arians, wherein Eustace, bishop of Antioch, was deposed
- 334 Cæsareense, of Casarea in Palestine, by the Arians against Athanasius
- \$35 Tyriense, of Tyre, by the Eusebians, against Athanasius.
- \$35 Icrosolymitanum, of Jerusalem, by the Eusebians,
- in favour of Arius \$36 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, by the Fusebians,
- 339 Antiochenum, of Antioch, by the Arians, wherein J'istus was ordained in lieu of Athanasius

339 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, by the Arians, who deposed Paul the bishop

340 Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, in favour of Athanasius

341 Antiochenum, of Antioch, in August, for the dedication of the church, on the consubstantiality of Christ, and on discipline
342 Romanum, of Rome, in Junc, wherein Athanasius was vindicated against the accusations of the Arians

3.5 Antiochenum, of Antioch, wherein the Arians made a new pro-fession of faith

346 Mediolanense, of Milan, by the Catholics, who refused to subscribe to the new profession of faith, and declared in favour of that of Nice

347 Sardicense, of Sardica in Illyria, in Miy, wherein Athanasius was vin-

dicated, and the Arians were condemned

Medicianense, of Milan, against Photin, bishop of Sirmich, who
denied the Frinty

denied the Frinity

S48, or 349 Crithagueonse, of Carthage, on discipline

349 Ierosolymitanum, of Jerusalem, in favour of Athanasius

349 Romanum, of Roine, at innst Photin, and in favour of Athanasius.

349 Cordubense, of Cordovi, confirming the council of Sardica.

351 Sirmense, of Sirmich, which in the Artius deposed Photin

352 Ægyptacum, of Lgypt, by the Catholics, and favour of Athanasius

353 Arelatense, of Arles, igainst Athanasius, Photin of Sirmich, and Marcellus of Ancyrus

Antiochenum, of Antioch, by the Arins, against Athanasius 357 Mediolanense, of Milan, by the Arians, 355 Gallicanum, of Poiturs, or of Thoulouse, wherein certain Catholic bishops severed themselves from the communion of Saturnin, bishop of Arles, and others

356. Biterrense, of Besiers, wherein Hilary was deposed by the Ariana. 357 Sirmiense, of Sirmich in Hungary, wherein the Arians composed a new formulary

558 or 358 Casareense, of Casarea, by Acasius, wherein Cyril, bishop of Jerusalem, was deposed

358 Antiochenum, of Antioch, by the Arians, wherein they condemned the terms "consubstantial" and "like in substance" 357 Melitinense, of Mulitena in Armenia, wherein Eustace, bishop of

Sebaste, was deposed

358 Ncoccesareense, of Neocesarea Eustace again deposed as Romanum, of Rome, against the emperor Constance and other heretics

358 Am yranum, of Ancyra, by the Semi Arians, against the second formula of Sirm (h

358 Sirmiense, of Sirmich, wherein was composed a new formula. and Athanasius was condemned

5,9 Ariminense, of Rimini in Italy, against Arius and other heretics 5.9 Sciencicise, of Sciencia, 27th of September, by the Semi Arians.

ng unst the Octions 60 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, by the Arians, against the

Semi Arians

360 Parisense, of Paris, under Julian, against the formula of Rimini 361 Antiochenum, of Antioch Miletus, bishop of Antioch, elected.

formula the term " like in substance" 3G1

362 Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, wherein the Athanasians made a confession of their futh

362 Theve-tanum, of Theveste in Numidia, wherein Primatius, bishop of Lemella, complained of the violence of the Donatists.

363 Alexandrinum, by Athanasus, concerning a contession of faith
360 Antiochenum, in October, by Miletus, wherein the Arian bishops
adopted the Nicene creed

364 Lampsacenum, of I ampsacus in Mysia, by the Macedonians, wherein they regulated Schucius's confession of faith

364 Romanum, deputies received from the council of Lambsacus.

- A D 365 Nicomediense, of Nicomedia, wherein Eleusius embraced the communion of the Arians.
- Romanum of Rome, the Macedonians embrace the faith of the council of Nice
- 366 I aodicenum, of Laodicea, on discipline
 366 Janense, of Tyana in Cappado in, for the purpose of appointing a
 council to confirm the futh of Nice
- \$67 Romanum, of Rome, on an accusation of adultery preferred against pope Damasius
- Antochenum, of Antioch, wherein several Asiatic bishops professed the faith of the dedication of the chuich of Antioch
 Romanum, of Rom, by Dumasius Ursace and Valens condemned
 Alexandrium, of Alexandria, wherein Athanasius thanked Damasius for the condemnation of Ursace and Valens

- 372 In Cappadocia, about June, to decide a dispute between the two metropolitan bishops of that country
- 372 Romanum, Auxentius, bishop of Milan, excommunicated
- 372. Antiochenum, of Antioch, by Miletius the synodal letter of pope Damasius received
- 572. Nicopolitanum, of Nicopolis, by Theodosius, on the state of the churches in Armenia, against Eustachius, &c
- 374 Valentinum, of Valence in Dauphine, 12th of July canons made
- 374 Romanum, of Rome, by Damasius against Appolinarius &c 375 Illyricum, of Illyria the consubstantiality of the Ir nity asserted
- 875 Ancyranum, of Ancyra in Galitia Hypsius, bishop of l'arnassus, deposed.

- 375 Nyssenum, of Nyssa Gregory of Nyssa condemned 375 Romanum, of Rome I ucus, bishop of Alcandra, condemned 375 Puzznze, of Puza, or Pepuza, in Phryga, concerning the celebration of Laster
- \$76 Gallicanum, appeal permitted from the judgment of the ordinary, to the council of the province
- 576 Cyzicenum, of Cyzica, in favour of the Semi Arians, Macedonians, and Lunomians
- Romanum, of Rome, against the Appolinarists and Marcellianists
- -, in favour of Damasius, and against Arius and 578 Iconiense, of Iconia, wherein Amphilocus explained the proceedings
- of the council of Nice 379 Romanum, of Rome, against divers heretics and the partisans of
- Ursicin
- 379 Antiochenum, of Antioch, in October, wherein the preceding council was confirmed
- 380 Mediolanense, of Milan the innocence of the virgin Indicia ac knowledged
- Africanum, of Africa, against Tichonius
- 380 Antiochenum, of Antioch, in December, wherein the Arians, condemned to code the churches of Antioch to the Catholics, requested to be admitted to the communion of Funomius
- 381 CONSTANTINOPOLIFANUM, of Constantinople, the second General Coun cil, from May to 30th of July, by Theodosius and Damasius, against the herctics many canons made
- Aquileiense of Aquilæa, in September, some Arian bishops deposed
- 381 Casaraugustanum, of Siragossa, against the Priscillianists
- 381 Italicum, of Italy, against the Appolinarists
 382 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, to appease the divisions
 in different churches, especially of Antioch
- 382 Romanum, of Rome, wherein pope Damasius and the Western bishops addressed synodal letters to Paulin, bishop of Antioch
- 383 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, for the reunion of schismatics, without effect
- 384 Burdigalense, of Bordeaux, against the Priscillianists
- 385 Trevirense, of Ireves the bishop of Ith ica re admitted to the communion.

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386 Romanum, of Rome, 6th of January, on discipline
          Carthaginense, of Carthage the synodal letter of pope Siricus con
               firmed.
386
          Leptense, of Leptes in Africa canons made
          Nemausense, of Nismes
389
389 Antiochenum, of Antioch wherein the children of Marcellus, bishop
of Antiochemum, of Antioch wherein the entire to marcents, of Apamea, were torbidden to revenge his death

Romanum, of Rome, against Jovinian and his followers

390 Mediolanense, of Milan, against Jovinian and his followers

390 Carthagmense I and II, of Carthage, on discipline,

391 Antiochemum, of Antioch, against the Messalians

Sidense, of Sida in Pamphylia, because the solutions of the solutions of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the sol
         Capuanum, of Capua, in December, concerning the schism in the church of Antioch
 391
 393. Sangarense, of Sangara in Bythynia, by the Novatians, concerning
               the celebration of Laster
 393. Hipponense, of Hippo in Africa, on councils, discipline, &c
 393 Cabarsussianum, of Cabarsussi in Africa, against Primian, bisho 394 Caverness, of the caverns near Carthage, of Carthage
394 Bagaicuse, of Bagais or Vagais in Numidia, in favour of Primien
394 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinopic, 29th of September, con-
cerning a dispute relative to the bishopric of Bostra in Arabia
 395 Hipponense, of Hippo, wherein Augustin was appointed a bishop
 397 Byzacenum, of Byzatium, wherein the canons of the council of Hippo in 393 were confirmed
 397 and 398 Carthaginense, of Carthage, 28th of August and 8th of No-
               vember, on discipline
          Alexandrinum, of Alexandria,
399 Hierosolymitanum, of Jerusalem, against the Origenists
199 Cyprium, of Cyprus, 200 Toletanum, of Toledo, 7th of September many canons made on
               discipline, and numerous Priscillianists re-admitted to the com-
               munion.
 400 Romanum, of Rome, against the Donatists
 401 Lphesinum, of Lphesus, for the election of a bishop of Ephesus
 401 Carthaginense, of Carthage, 18th of June, concerning the admission of converted children of the Donatists, to the clergy
401 Taurinense, of Turin, 22nd of September, on the dispute between the bishops of Vienne and Arles concerning the primacy
 402 Milevitanum, of Milevia in Africa, for the reunion of the Donatists
          Ad Quercum, of Chene near Chalcedon, in June, against St. John-
 403
               Chrysostom
 403 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in favour of St John-
               Chrysostom.
 403 Carthaginense, of Carthage, 25th of August, concerning the Do-
               natists
 404 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein St. John Chry
               sostom was deposed
          Carthagnense, of Carthage, 23d of August
Itaheum, of Italy, by Innocent I, in favour of John-Chrysostom
Carthagnense, of Carthage, 15th of July, wherein canons were made
               relative to appeals, the voyages of hishops abroad, the Donatists, and the erection of new bishopricks
 408. -
                                                                -, 16th of June, and 13th of October, against
                the Pagans and heretics
 409
                                                               -, 15th of June
 410
                                                                ., 14th of June, against the Donatists
 410 Seleuciense, of Seleucia in Porsia, 25th of December, on discipline
          Ptolemaidense, of Ptolemaid Andronicus excommunicated
Carthaginense, of Carthage, 1st, 3rd, and 8th of June conferences
between the Catholics and the Donatists
 411
                                                                -, against Celestius, a disciple of Palagius.
 412. Cirtense, of Cirtes in Numidia, against the Donatists.
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Africanum, of Africa, by the Donatists, in favour of such of their sect as had communicated with the Catholics
415 Ierosolymitanum, of Jurusalem, 1st of August, against Pelagius
415 Illymianum, of Illyma, wherein Peregrine was appointed bishop of
         Patras
415 Diospolitanum, of Diospolis, 20th of December, against the Pela-
410 Carthaginense, of Carthage, in June,
                                                                    gians
416. Milevitanum, of Milevium in Numidia,
417. Lisdrense, of Lisdra in Africa, on discipline
     Carthagmense, of Carthage, in November, against Pelagius and
417
         Celestius.
     Suffictulense, of Suffetula in Africa,
119
     Macrianum, of Macri ina in Africa,
418
     Septimunicum, of Septimunita in Africa, on discipline
418 Thenesium, of I hence in Africa,
418 (arthagmense, of Carthage, 1st of May, against the Pelagians
419 Ravennatense, of Ravenna, in February, for the decision of the dispute between Boniface and Eulahus respecting the popedom
419 Carthaginense, of (arthage, 25th of May, and 1st of June, respect-
130 the excommunication of Apiarius, a priest of Mauritains, 420 Ctesiphontis, of Ctesiphon in Persia, wherein the canons of the council of Seleucia in 410 were confirmed
422 Hipponense, of Hippo, wherein the bishop of Fussala was deposed 423 Ciliciense, of Cilicia,
Antiochenum, of Antioch, sagainst the Pelagians
425 Carthaginense, of Carthage, wherein Apiarius was restored, and the
         permission granted to the Africans to appeal to the pope, was re-
         voked
426 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 28th of February, for the
         ordination of Sisinnius
426 Hipponense, of Hippo, wherein St Augustin declared Herachus his
        successor
429 Trecense, of Troyes, against the Pelagians
     Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, in February, June,
4.30
and 3rd of November,
430 Romanum, of Rome, 11th of August,
                                                                      against Nestor
                             -, in May, respecting the convocation of the fol-
1د4
         lowing council
     EPHESINUM, of Ephesus, the third General Council from 22nd of June
     to list of July, against Nestor and Pelagus
Tarsense, of Tarsus in Cilicia, in November, against certain fol-
431
1د4
        lowers of St Cyril
431
     Antiochenum, of Antioch, on the same subject
                                    -, respecting a peace between St. Cyril and
432.
         John of Antioch
433 Zeugmatense, of Zeugma in Syria, in favour of St Cyril
433 Romanum, of Rome, 31st of July, for the anniversary of the or-
        dination of pope Sixtus
     Anazarbicum, of Anazarba, in Cilicia wherein the bishops of that province adopted the peace made between John of Antioch
        and St. Cyril
435 Tarsense, of Tarsus, on the same subject
435 Antiochenum, of Antioch, wherein a work written by Proclus of Constantinople, against Theodore of Mopsuesta, was read and
        approved
439 Regiense, of Riez in Provence, 29th of November, to remedy the
         disorders of the church of Embrun
440 Antiochenum, of Antioch, against Theodore of Mopsuesta and his
441 Arausicanum, of Orange, 8th of November,
442 Vasense, of Vasen, 13th of November,
                                                           on discipline.
442 Arelatense, of Arles,
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- Gallicanum, perhaps of Besançon, wherein Celidonius, a bishop, was deposed.
- 414 Romanum, of Rome, against the Manichæans
- wherein Celidonius was re established 445
- Antiochenum, of Antioch, wherein the bishop of Perrha was deposed 445 447 Toletanum, or Hispanicum, of I oledo, or of Spain gainst the Pris-
- cillianists 417 Romanum, of Rome, 29th of September, wherein the bishops of Sicily were forbidden to alien ite the runds of their churches without the assent of their colleagues
- Antiochenum, of Antioch, in tayour of Ibas, bishop of Edessa, Gallæciæ, of Galicia, against the I riscillianists
- 448 Constantinopolitanum, A Cons antinopic, from 8th to 22nd of No-
- vember, wherem Eatychus was condemned
- 449 Tyrium and Bervitinet, of Tyre, 25th of Jebrurry, and of Beryta, shortly before Laster, wherein Ib is, bishop of Ldessa, was absolved from the supply on of Neytorianism
- 449 Constantinopolitanum, of Const intinopic, 13th of April, wherein the condemnation of Lutychus was confirmed
- 442. Liphesinum, of Liphesus, 8th of August, wherein Tutychus was absolved and I lavian was condemned. From the disorder which reigns ed during this council, it his been termed "the brigandage of Lphesus (Latrocinium Fphermum)
- 449 Romanum, of Rome, in October, wherein the proceedings of the preceding council were condemned
- 449 , 22nd of I chruary, wherein St I eo besought the emperor Valentian to intercede with Theodosius for the amendment of such things as had been done contrary to order in the council of Ephesus.
- 450 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in August, against Nestor and Lutychus
- 451 Gallicanum, or Arelitense, of wherein the letter of St Leo to
- France, or of Arles,

 51 Chalcenonense, of Chalcedon the fourth General Council, transferred to Nice Herein Flavian was justified, and Dioscorus anathematised, pardon was granted to the bishops who, at the council of Ephesus, had vielded to violence, Futychianism and Nest riamism were proscribed, various comons were made on disci-pline, and Athanasius, bishop of Pertha, was restored 451 Romanum, of Rome, relative to the biptism of children and of
- hcretics
- 452 Arelatense, of Arles,
- Archaelas, of Aries,
 433 Anderson and of Angers, 4th of October of Miscipline
 433 Archaelas, of Aries, respecting a dispute between the abbot of Lerins
- and the bishop of Fr(jus 457 Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, against the patriarch Proterius and the council of Chalcedon
- 458 Romanum, of Rome, for repairing the ravages of the Huns
- Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against the Simoniacs 459
- 402 Romanum, of Rome, in favour of Hermes, who had been ejected from the church of Narbonne
- 463 Arclatense, of Arles, respecting the ordination of a hishop of Die, improperly made
- 464 Tarraconense, of larragona, respecting the ordination of bishop by the bishop of Calahora.
- 465 Venetense, of Vannes, 7th of November, on discipline
 457 Romanun, of Rome, 1th of November, on discipline
 470 Cabilonense, of Chalon sur-baone, for the election of the bishops of Châlon
- 471 Antiochenum, of Antioch, wherein Peter the Fuller was deposed 473 Bituricense, of Bourges, whercin Simplicius was proclaimed bishop of Bourges

475 Arctalense and Lugdunense, of Arles and Lyons, wherem Lucidus retracted his opinions on predestination

Ephesinum, of Ephesus, against the bishops who opposed the letters of Basilisk against the council of Chalcedon

- Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, against the council of Chilcedon 478 Constantinopolit inum, of Constantinople, wherein Peter the Fuller and others were deposed
- Laodicenum, of Laodicca, in favour of Stephen, bishop of Antioch, accused of heresy
- 481 Carthagnense of Carthage a conference appointed between the Catholics and the Arians, but not held
- 484 Romanum, of Rome, 28th of July, wherein two bishops were deposed for heresy
 485 Seleuciense, of Seleucia, in Persia, wherein marriage was permitted
- to priests and monks 485 , wherein the decision of the pre-
- ceding council was condemned 485 Romanum, of Rome, 5th of October, wherein the condemnation
- of Acasius of Constantinople was confirmed 499 , 19th of March, wherein was read the pope's
- letter against those who had abandoned the faith during the per-492 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the council of
- Chalcedon was confirmed 495 Romanum of Rome, wherein Misenas, who had been deposed in
- 484, was absolved 495 Lapetense, Seleuciense, and Adriense, in favour of the marriage of
- priests and monks
 495 or 496 Constantinopolitinum, of Constantinople, wherein the pa-
- triarch Luphemius was deposed and excommunicated 496 Romanum, of Rome, wherein a catalogue of the canonical books
- was approved of one of the books of Maccabees being excluded
- 449 Persitum, of Persit, in fatour of the marriage of priests and monks
 449 Romanum of Rome, 1st of March, whercin were made various
 decrees for the prevention of abuses in the election of the pope
 500 Lugdunense, of Iyons a contrence between the Catholics and
 the Arians on the 2d of September
- 501 Romanum, of Rome, for determining the dispute between Symmacus and I aurence for the populom
- , called Palmare, 6th of November, wherein Symmacus was 502 . declared innocent of the charges preferred against him
- -, respecting a writing of the schismatics against the pre-503 ceding council.
- 504 , against the usurpers of the goods of the church 506 Agathense, of Agda, in France, 11th of September, on discipline
- 509 Antochenum, of Antoch, wherein Flavien of Antoch declared m favour of the councils of Nice, Constantinople, and Ephesus
 511 Aurelanense, of Orleans, 10th of July, on discipline
 511 Sidonense, of Sidon in Palestine, a
- 512. Antiochenum, of Antioch, wherein Severus was appointed patriarch
- of Antioch 516 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against the council of
- Chalcedon
- 516. Illyriense, of Illyria, where several bishops renewed their communion with pope Hormisdas
- 51b Tarraconense, of Tarragona, 6th of November, on discipline It was in this council ordained that the observance of the Sabbath should commence on Saturday
- 517 Gerundense, of Gironne, 8th of June, on discipline
 517 Epanense, of Albon, in the diocese of Vienne, from 6th to 15th of
 December, on discipline
- 517 Lugdunense, of I yons, wherein the 30th canon of the preceding council, on incest, was altered
- 518 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 20th of July, in favour of

- A D those who had been banished on account of the patriarchs Euphemius and Macedonius
- 518 Ierosolymitanum, of Jerusalem, 6th of August, wherein the pro ceedings of the preceding council were confirmed
- 518 Tyriense, of Tyre, also confirmatory of the council of Constantinople 519 A general assembly at Constantinople, 28th of March, wherein John
- of Constantinople was reconciled to the pope, after having reconnised the four councils.
- 519 Britannicum, of Britain, held in Wales, wherein St. David was elected archbishop of that country
- 520 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 25th of February, wherein Epiphanius was appointed patriarch of C P
- 521 In Sardinia, on the proposition of the Scythian monks, "One of the Trinity hath suffered," and on the writings of laust, bishop of Riez
- 523. Agaunense, of Agaune, or St Maurice, in Valais, 14th of Miv, wherein the psalmody established in that monastery by king Sigismond was confirmed
- 523 Juncense, of Junca in Africa,
- 524 Suffetanum, of Suffeta in Africa, on discipline
 524 Arclatense, of Arles, 6th of June,
 525 Carthaginense, of Carthage, 5th of February, on the privileges of monasteries, &c.
- 527 Carpentoractense, of Carpentras, 6th of November, wherein Agricius,
- 527 Toletanum, of Toledo, 17th of May on discipline 529 Arauscanum, of Orange, 3rd of July, wherein twenty-five articles, touching grace and free will, were assented to
- Vasense, of Vaisen, 5th of November, on discipline
- 530 Valentinum, of Valenti i, in July or August, against the Pelagians 530 and 531 Romana duo, of Rome, in the first of which Boniface II was empowered to appoint his successor, which power was revoked by
- the second 531 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein Stephen, metro-
- politan bishop of Lurissa in Thessaly, was suspended
 531 Romanum, of Rome, 7th of December, respecting the appeal of the
 said stephen to the pope
- 532 A conference at Constantinople, between the Catholics and the Severians
- 533 Aurelianense, of Orleans, 23rd of June, on discipline 534 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the proposition, "Unus e Trinitate passus est e carne," was approved
- 535 Carthaginense, of Carthage, wherein restitution was demanded of the emperor Justinian of the rights and possessions of the African churches usurped by the Vandals
- 535 Arvernense, of Clermont in Auvergne, 8th of November, on dis cipline
- 536. Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein certain heretic
- bishops were condemned.

 536. Ierosolymitanum, 'of Jerusalem, 19th of September, wherein the proceedings of the proceeding council were confirmed
- 536 Thevinense, of Theves in Armenia, against the council of Chalcedon
- 538 Aurelianense, of Orleans, 7th of May,
- 540 Barcinonense, of Barcelona, on discipline
- 541 Aurelianense, of Orleans, 541 Gazense; of Gaza in Palistine, wherein Paul, patriarch of Alexandria, was deposed
 - 541 Bysacenum, of Bysacena in Africa, on disciplina
- 542. Antiochenum, of Antioch against Origen 543 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against Origen
- 544 Persicum, of Persia, 546 Ilerdense, of Lerida, 6th of August, 546 Valentinum, of Valencia in Spain, 4th of December, on discipline.
- 549. Aurelianense, of Orleans, 28th of October,

540 Arvernum, of Clermont, wherein the canons of the fifth council of Orleans were adopted

550 Fullense, of Loul, 1st of June, concerning S Nicetus

- Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein I heodore of Can-551 sarca was deposed
- Parisiense, of Paris, wherein Saffarac, bishop of Paris, was deposed 5,2 Libenense, of Tiben in Armenia, against the council of Chalcedon

553 Persicum, of Persia, on discipline

- 500 (ONSIANTINOPOLITANUM, of Constantinople, the fifth General council. which began 4th of May and ended 2nd of June, against the errors of Origen and the three chapters
- 553 Ierosolymitanum, of Jerusalem, wherein the proceedings of the pre-ceding council were confirmed

554 Arclatense, of Arles, 29th of June, on discipline

- Aquileiense, of Aquila, against the last council of Constantinople
- 557 Parisiense, of Paris, against usurpers of the possessions of the church
- 560 Landavensia tria, of I landaff, in which sentences of excommuni cation were pronounced against Mauric, king of Glamorgan, for having slain king Cynetu, against king Morcant, who had killig I rioc, his uncle, and against king Guidnert, for the murder of his brother, who disputed the crown
- 562 Santonense, of Saintes, wherein Emerius, bishop of Saintes, was deposed
- 563 Bracarense, of Braga, in Portugal, 1st of May, against the Arians and Priscillianists
- 565 An assembly of bishops at Constantinople, who condemned the pa triarch Lutychius

566

I ugdunense, of Lyons, Iuronense of Iours, 17th of November, on discipline 567

Lucense, of Iugo in Spain, 1st of January, wherein Lugo was 569 appointed a metropolitan church

Bracurense, of Braga, 1st of June, on discipline Lucense, of I ugo, concurning the division of the dioceses of Spain Parisiense, of Paris, 11th of September, assembled by king Gontral, 573 to decide the dispute between his two brothers

Seleuciense, of Seleucia in Persia, on discipline

- 577 Parisiense, of Paris, wherein Prætextatus, bishop of Rouen, was de posed for having favoured the revolt of Meroveus, son of king Chilperic
- 578 Experiment, of Egypt, perhaps of Alexandria, wherein Paul Beth-Ucham, the Jacobite, patriarth of Antioch, was deposed 579 Cabilonense, of Châlon on Seine, wherein the bishops of Embrun
- and Gap were deposed
- Gradense, of the Isle of Grado, wherein it was decided that the patriarchal seat of Aquila should be transferred to Grado
- 580. Brennacense, of Braine, wherein Gregory of Tours was justified

581 A exandrinum, of Alexandria, on discipline 581 of 582 Toletanum, of I oledo, respecting the re baptism of Catholics who had become Arians

- 588 Maticonnese, of Mascon, let of November, on discipline.
 583 Valentinum, of Valence, 23rd of May, wherein the donations made to the churches by king Gontran, his wife, and their daughters, were confirmed
- 535 Maticonense, of Mascon, 23rd of October, concerning the cessation of unnecessary work on the Sabbath, baptism, tythes, &c.
- 586
- Altusiodorense, of Auxerre, in favour of the preceding council Arvernense, of Clermont, on a difference between the bishops of Rhodes and Cahors
- 283 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein Gregory of Au-tioch was acquitted of the crimes imputed to him
- 589 Toletanum , of Toledo, wherein king Recared and the Goths absured Arianism

589 Narbonense, of Narbonne, 1st of November, on discipline Alexandrinum, of Alexandrin, on a dispute between the Jews and the Samarif ins respecting the 15th verse of the 18th chapter of Deuteronomy 590 Pictaviense, of Poictiers, wherein Chrodielda, the daughter of king Cherebert, and Busina, nuns of Poictiers, were excommunicated 590 Saurciacum, of Saurci, wherein the bishop of Soissons was permitted to re-entry his episcopal town, whence he had been expelled four years previously 590 Metense, of Metz, in Octol (r, wherein the archbishop of Rheim, was deposed, and (hrodicide and B usina were absolved 590 Gabalitanum, of Gevaudin, wherein the wife of the earl of Au vergne was condemned for adultery 590 Maranense, of Marano in Istria, wherein the patriarch of Grado disavowed his signature of the three chapters 590 Hispalense, of Seville 4th or 5th of November, on discipline 590 Romanum, of Rome in December, wherein the patriaich of Grado was summoned to account for his conduct 591 Istrium, of Istria, by the schismatics, in favour of the patriarch Severus 591 Romanum, of Rome in February, in favour of the four general councils 592 Cæsaraugustanum, of Saragossa, 1st of November, respecting con verted Arians 594 Cabilonense, of Chálon on Seine, on the regulation of psalmody in the Monastery of St Marcel Romanum, of Rome, 5th of July 595 597 Tolctanum, of Tolcdo, 17th of May, Ocense, of Huesca in Tarragona, on discipline 598 599 Barcinonense, of Barcelona, 1st of November, 600 Romanum, of Rome, wherein a Greek impostor was condemned -, 5th of April, in favour of monks 601 601 Senonense, of Sens, concerning the reformation of manners, simony, and the ordination of Neophytes 603 Cabilonense, of Châlon on Seine, wherein the bishop of Vienna was deposed 604 Britannicum, of Worcester, on the celebration of Easter, on baptism, and the preaching of the Gospel Cantuariense, of Canterbury, to confirm the foundation of the Abbey of St Peter and Paul, the first built in Figland Londinense, of London, by Augustin, respecting marriages 606 Romanum, of Rome, against speaking of the successor of a hving pope or bishop 610 Toletanum, of Toledo, 23rd of October, which in fivour of monks
510 Toletanum, of Toledo, 23rd of October, which is his possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possible possi 615 Egarense, of Egara, now Terassa, in (atalom 1, 13th of January, wherein the decisions of the council of Huesca in 598, touching celibacy, were confirmed 615 Parisiense, of Paris, 18th of October, 619 Hispalense, of Seville, 13th of November on discipline 622. Charnense, or Theodosiopolitanum, of Charne, or Theodosiopolis, in Armenia, against the council of Thevis, and in favour of that of

Chalcedon. 624. Maticonense, of Mascon, against a monk who had calumniated the rule of St Columban

625 Remense, of Rhams, on discipline

626. Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in favour of the Monothelites

627 Clippiaconse, of Clichy, near Pans, 26th of May, convoked by Clothan e to make ordinances on the tranquillity of the state and utility of the church

630. Leniense, of Lenia in Ireland, concerning Easter

- 603 Alexandrinum, of Alexandria, in favour of the Monothelites 633 Ioletanum, of Ioledo, 9th of December, on matters of faith and
- discipline
- 636 Chopiacum of Clichy, 1st of May, wherein St. Agile was appointed abbot of Reb us
- 636. Toletanum, of Toledo, 9th of January, wherein nine canons were made in favour of king Cinthilla
- 638
- Aurelynense, of Orleans, against a heretic Tolctanum, of loledo, 9th of January, wherein it was ordained that none but a Catholic should ascend the throne of king Cin-638 thilla
- 638 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the edict of the emperor Heraclius in tayour of the Monothelites was confirmed
- 640 Romanum, of Rome, against the said edict.
- 641 ______, in January, against the Monothclites 645 or 644 Cabilonense, of Chalon on Seine, 25th of October, on dis-
- 645 In Africa, a conference between Pyrrhus the Monothelite, and Maximus, abbot of Chrysopolis, wherein the former retracted his errors
- 640 Africana Various councils were held this year against the Mono thelites
- 646 Tolet mum, of I oledo, on discipline
- Romanum, of Rome,
- 649 Lateranense, of Latran, from 5th to 31st of wherein several Mo nothelites were con-
- 649 or 650 Thessalonicensia duo, of Thessalonia, demned
- 650 Romanum, of Rome,
- Chippiacense, of Chichy, 22nd of June, wherein the privileges of the Abbey of St Denis were subscribed
- 653 Toletanum, of Ioledo, in December and January, in favour of the four general councils
- , of Toledo, 2nd of November, chiefly concerning the ad-655 ministration of coolesi istical property

 of Toledo, I t of December canons on discipline, the
- 656 bishop of Prague imprisoned for incontinence
- 659 Mansolacense, of Malay k Roi near Sens, on discipline
- nansonaccines, or many it not near sens, on discipline
 660 Nannetense, of Nantes, on discipline
 664 Pharense, of Pharen in Lugiund, concerning Easter, and on other
 points of discipline
- Fractitense, of Merida in Spain, 6th of November, on discipline
- 667 Cretense, of the Isle of Crete, by Paul, archbishop of Crete, against the bishop of I appa
- 667 Romanum, of Rome, 19th of December, in favour of the bishop of Lappa,
- 670 Burgigalense, of Bordeaux, for the establishment of peace in that country, and the reformation of discipline
- 673. Herfordiense, of Hertford, 24th of September, concerning the ce lebration of Easter, &c
- 675 Toletanum, of Ioledo, 7th of November, on discipline 675 Bracarense, of Braga nine canons made, some of them containing complaints against the bishops
- Christiacum, of Cressi in Ponthieu, on discipline
- 677 Marlacense, of Marlay in the diocese of Toul, or of Marli near Paris, wherein the bishop of Imbrun was deposed
- 678 Gallicanum, of I rance, Cherein the bishop of Autun was degraded, being supposed to be guilty of the death of king Childeric II
- 679 Mediolanense, of Milan, wherein a synodal letter was addressed to the emperor, explanatory of the two wills and two operations of Christ
- C79 Gallicanum, of France, against the Monothelites
- 679 Romanum, of Rome, in October, wherein Wilfrid, archbishop of York, who had been deposed by king Egfrid and Pheodore arch bishop of Canterbury, was re established.

- 680 Romanum, of Rome, 27th of March, concerning a general council to be held at Constantinople, and on matters of faith
- Anglicanum, or Anglo Saxonicum, of Hapfeld, 17th of September by Theodore, archbishop of Canterbury, against the Monothe-
- 680 and 681 CONSTANTINOPOLITANUM, of Constantinople the sixth General council from 7th of November, 680, to 16th of September, 681, mainst the Monothelites
- 681 Toletanum, of Ioledo, from 9th to 25th of January, wherein king Wamba's renunciation of the throne was confirmed
- 68 > -, of Ioledo, 4th of November, wherein thirteen canons were made, thiefly concerning temporal affairs
- 684 , of lokedo, from 14th to 20th of November, for the recep-
- tion of the proceedings of the sixth general council
 687 Manaschiertense, of Manaschiert in Armenia, in favour of the Acephales
- 688 Toletanum, of Toledo, 11th of May, wherein the two oaths taken by king Egica were explained
- 689 Rotom igense, of Rouen
- 691 Cusarau, ustanum, of Saragossa, 1st of November, on discipline 691 Constantinopolitanum, of Contantinople, called "in Trullo," from the name of the plate wherein it was held, and "Quinisexum,"
- because considered as supplementary to the fifth and sixth general councils on discipline
- 692 Britannicum, of Britain, assembled by king Ina for the union of the Britons with the Saxons
- 693 Toletanum, of I oledo, 2nd of May, wherein ten canons were made on discipline, and the book of the Gothic law, or the code of Alaric, was confirmed
- -, of Toledo, 9th of November, on discipline
- 694 Bacanceldense, of Beaconstield in Figland, wherein Vitred, king of Kent, promised to preserve the liberties and immunities of the churches and monasteries
- 697 Berg imstedense of Berkh impsted, where twenty eight canons were made, which have been regarded by some writers as laws, because both the king and the clergy were present, and temporal as well as spiritual punishments were awarded
- Aquileicuse, of Aquila, wherein certain bishops renounced the schism by which they had been severed from the church of Rome
- 701 Toletanum, of Ioledo
- 703 Nesterfieldense, of Nesterfield in England, against Wilfrid, arch bishop of York
- 704 Romanum, of Rome, wherein Wilfrid was absolved, and letters in his favour were addressed to the kings of Mercia and Northumberland
- 705 Niddanum, near the river Nidda in Northiumberland in Fingland, where the Linglish bishops occame reconciled to 5t. Wilfrid 712 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, by the Monotcheltes,
- against the sixth general council.
- , in August, when the metropolitan bishop of Cyzica was transferred to C
- 715 , against the Monothelites, in favour of the sixth council
- 721 Romanum, of Rome, wherein seventeen canons were made, chiefly relative to unlawful marriages
- 730 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 7th of January, wherein St. German of C P was deposed.
- 731 Romanum, of Rome, against a legate who neglected to deliver a letter from the pope to the emperors Leo and Constantine, requesting them to cease from making war against the holy images
- 732 -, touching the veneration of holy images, and against those who protaned or spoke contemptuously of churches
- 742. Germanicum, probably of Ratisbon, 21st of April, on discipline.

A D This is the first council in France or Germany dated from the year of the Incarnation

743. Romanum, of Rome, 22nd of March, wherein fifteen canons were made, chiefly relative to clerical life and unlawful marriages This is the first Roman council dated in the reigns of the Lombard kings

748 Liptinense, of Liptines, now Estines, in Hainault, wherein the pro-ceedings of the preceding council held in Germany were confirmed, and the monks received the rule of St Benedict for the re esta-

blishment of regular discipline
744 Suessionense, of Soissons, 2nd of March, wherein ten canons were m ide

745 Germ inicum, of Germany, 745 Romanum, of Rome, 25th of October, against heretics

747 Germanicum, of Germany, in January, wherein the four general councils were received

747 Cloveshoviense, of Cliff, or Cloveshou, also called of Abingdon, in September wherein thirty canons were made, containing general advice to the bishops to fulfil their duties

752 or 753 Moguntinum, of Mayence, wherein Lullus was appointed bishop of Mayence, and other bishops were confirmed in their dig nities

753 Vermeriense, of Verberia, wherein twenty one canons were made,

thicky concerning mirriage.

753 Metense of Metz, a mixed assembly, wherein it was ordained that from thence forth the pound should not contain more than twenty two shillings, whereof the comer should act un one, and return the others to tho c who turnshed the bullion

754 Constantinopolitanum of Constitutiople, from 10th of February to 8th of August, quanst the worship of images

755 Vernense, of Ver or Vern, between Purs and Compengue, on discipline

756. Anklicum, of England, by Cuthbert, irchbishop of Cinterbury, whirein it was ordinated that the feast of \$1 onitage urchibishop of Wayence, should be celebrated throughout Ingland on the 5th of June

756 Compendiense, of Compaigne, 22nd of June, chiefly concerning mar riages

756 Attimacense, of Attigni, wherein an agreement was made relative to the funeral obseques of the persons present

766 or 767 Hierosolymit inum, of Terusalem, in i wour of holy images 767 Centiliacins of Gentilia, near Paris, concerning mages 768 or 769 Ratisbonence, of Ratisbon, wherein the episcopal functions were forbidden to "Chorbishops"

769 Romanum, or Rome, 12th of April, wherein the false pope Constan tine was condemned to pen mee, the acts of the council confirming his election were burnt a decree was made touching the election of the pope, an ordinance was made that images should be honoured according to incient tridition, and the council of Greece nn 7 4, against them, was mathe natised 772 Dingolvingense, of Dilgelfind in Bavaria, 14th of October, on civil

and ecclesiastical affairs

774 Rom mum, of Rome, wherein popt Adrian I granted to Charle magne the right of electing the Roman pontiff, and of investing all bishops

777 Paderbornense, of Paderborn, wherein a great number of Saxous were baptized

779 Duriense, of Duren in Germany, on discipline, tithes, &c

780 Paderbornense, vel Luppiense, of Paderborn, or Lipstadt, where Charlemagne founded the bishopricks of Minden, Halberstad,

Ferden, Paterborn, and Munster
782 Coloniense, of Colone a mixed assembly, wherein Charlemagne received the submissions of the Saxons excepting Withking

782 and 785 Paderbornense, of Paderborn. Two mixed assemblies,

- A D. wherein Charlemagne regulated the civil and ecclesiastical government of the Saxon republic
- 786. Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 1st of August, dissolved in consequence of the violence of the Iconoclasts and the soldiers
 787 Nicknum, of Nice, from 24th of September to 23rd of October,
- wherein the leonoclasts were anathematised, and the worship of holy images was re established
- 787 Calchutense, of Celchyth in Northumberland, in favour of the Nicene creed and the six general councils, the seventh being then unknown
- 788 Ingelheimense, of Ingelheim, near Mayence, wherein Tassillon, duke of Bavari i, was condemned to enter a cloister
- Narbonense, of Narbonne, 27th of June, against Felix of Urgel
- 792 Ratisbonense, of Ratisbon, about August, wherein Felix of Urgel was condemned, for maintaining the opinion that Christ was the Son of God by adoption only
 793 Verolamense, of Verulam, in August, when the Abbey of St Albans
- was founded
- 793 Hispanum, perhaps of Toledo, in favour of Elipand
- 794 I rancofordiense, of Frankio t on the Main, wherein Flipand of Io ledo and I chx of Urgel were condemned, also concerning the worship of images
- 796 Gallicanum, probably of Tours, wherein Joseph, bishop of Mans, was deposed
- 796 Forojuliense, of Cividad di Fruli, before the 15th of April, on the Trinitarian controversy
- 799 at the latest Altinense, of Altino, concerning the violence of Char lemagne towards the clergy This council has been generally attributed to the vear 802
- 799 Ratisbonense, of Risbach in the diocese of Ratisbon, 20th of January, on discipline
- 799 Becanteldense, of Beaconsfield in England, in the presence of king Quenulf, ig unst usurpers of the possessions of the church
- 799, or thereabouts Finchalense, of Linklei in England, on discipline, chiefly concerning the observence of Easter
- 799 Romanum of Rome, wherein Felix of Urgel was excommunicated
- 799 Urgellense, of Urgel, wherein Felix was persuaded to appear before the king, with permission to read in his presence those passages from the fathers which he deemed favourable to his opinion
- 799 Aquisgranense, of Aix la-Chapelle, wherein Felix renounced his error
- 800 Cloveshovense, of Cliff in England, whercin the faith as received from St Gregory was recognised
- 800 Romanum, of Rome, in December, for the examination of the accusations preferred against pope Leo III
- 803 Aquisgranense, of Aix la Chipelle, in October, whereir regulations
- were made concerning the bishops and the Benefitchin monks of the Cloveshovense, of Clint, 12th of October, by Adherall arthishop of Canterbury, against the erection of an arthical copal see at Lachfield
- 806 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople wherein regulations were made for the consecration of an archimandrite
- 807 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, 26th of January, wherein it was de cided that tithes ought to be divided into four portions,—the first for the bi hop, the second for the priests, the third for the poor, and the fourth for the repair of the church
- 809 Constantinopolitanum, if Constantinople, in January, wherein the marriage of the emperor Constantine was declared to be valid
- 809 Aquisgranense, of Aix la Chapelle, in November, on the procession of the Holy Ghost
- 812 Constantinopolitimum, of Constantinople, 1st of November, concerning overtures of peace made by the Bulgarians to the emperor Michael
- 813 Arclatense, of Arles, 10th of May Remense, of Rheims, in mid-

- A D May Moguntiacum, of Mavence, 9th of June Cabilonense, of Chilon sur Scine and Turonense, of Tours — five councils holden by order of Charlemagne, on ecclesiastical discipline
- 813 Aquisgranense, of Aix la-Chapelle, in September, for the publica tion of the canons of the preceding council
- 814 Noviomense, of Noyon, for regulating the limits of the dioceses of Moyon and Soissons.
- 814 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, about Christmas, by the patriarch Nicephorus, against the Iconoclasts, and on the worship of images.
- , by the Iconoclasts, in Fe-815 . bruary, wherein Nicephorus was deposed
- , in April, against the Ca-815 -
- tholics and decorations of churches 816 Celichytense, of Chelsea, 27th of July, wherein eleven canons were mide, in one of which it was ordained that all bishops should date
- then acts from the year of the Incarnation 816 Aquistrancise, of Aix la-Chapelle, in October, for the regulation of canons and canonesses
- Romanum, of Rome, concerning the election of the pope Aquisgranense, of Aix la Chapelle, wherein constitutions were made concerning the rule of St Benedict.
- 821 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the Catholics de cided that they would not confer with the Iconoclasts
- Apud Theodonis Villim, of I hionville, on discipling 892
- 8.20 Cloveshovense, of Cliff, concerning an usurpation of the lands of
- Atturnesse, of Attgri, wherein Jours le Debonnaire became reconciled to his three younger brothers
- Romanum, of Rome, wherein pope Paschal purged himself by oath of certain crimes preferred against him
- Compendiense, of Compenent, concerning the ill usage of holy things Clove shovense, of Cliff, in August, wherein a dispute between the history of Worcester and the monks of Berkeley, concerning the 821
- Mon stery of Westbury, was determined

 825 Persiense, of Paris, in November, against the breikers of images, the twelith council of Nice, and the council of the Iconoclasts
- m 754 925 Aquisgranense, of Aix la Chapelle, 6th of December, being a con tunation of the preceding council
- 826 Ingelhenheimense, of Ingelheim on the Saltz, 1st of June, wherein many ambassadors were received from the pope, announcing the conversion of Harold, prince of Denmark Romanum, of Rome, 15th of November, on discipline
- 826
- Mantuanum, of Mantua, relative to the jurisdiction of the patriarch of Aquila
- 829 Pirisiense, of Paris, 6th of June, on the relative duties and powers of king and bishops, in temporal and ecclesiastical affairs
- 829 Moguntinum, of Mayonce in June, wherein a monk of Fuida claimed to be released from monastic life, on the ground that he had entered it in his infancy without his own consent
- 829 Vormationse, of Worms, on divorce, trials for crimes, &c
- Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against images 829
- I ugdunense, of Lyons, against the Jews
- 850 Noviomagense, of Nimeguen, wherein the bishop of Amiens was deposed
- Aquisgranense, of Aix la Chapelle, wherein the empress Judith was 831 declared innocent of the crimes imputed to her
- 832 San Dionysianum, of St Denis, 1st of February, for the reformation of that monastery
- 833 Compendiense, of Compeigne, 1st of October, wherein the emperor Louis was enjoined to do public penance, and was deposed
- 834 San Lionysianum, of St Denis, 1st of March, wherein the emperor

- A D Louis was reconciled to the church, and his sword, but not his crown, was restored to him
- 835 Apud Theodons Villam, of Thionville, in February, wherein the previous proceedings against Louis were declared to be null, and 835 Stramacense, of Cremieu in Dauphiny, or of Tramoye in Brescia, wherein I cous claimed the right of presentation to the sees of
- I yons and Vienne
- 836 Aquisgranense, of Aix la-Chapelle, 6th of February, concerning the restitution of ecclesiastical property
- , 30th of April, on a dispute be tween the bishop of Mans and the Abbey of Anisole, or St Cales,
- which claimed to be exempt from his jurisdiction 838 Carisiacum, of Quiercy on Oise, 6th of September, wherein the Li turgical works of Amalarius were condemned
- 939 Cabilonense, of Châlon on Seine, in October, wherein Louis le Debonnaire explained why he had given the realm of Aquita ne to his son Charles in preference to the children of Pepin 840 Ingilhenheimense, of Ingelhenheim, 25th of August, wherein Ebbo,
- bishop of Rheims, was re established.
- 841 Tauriai ense, of Iauriai, wherein the success of the battle of Fontenai was declared to be a judgment of Heaven
- 841 Turonense, of Tours, wherein it was ordained that the feast of the subvention of St Martin should be annually celebrated through
- out that province on the 12th of May, a rule still observed
 842 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 19th of February, in favour of the second council of Nice, and against the Iconoclists.
- Aquisgranense, of Aix la Chanelle, assembled by kings Louis and Charles the Bald, to consider whether they should divide the pur tion of their brother Lothaire in I rance, which he had abandoned 843 In Villa Colonia, of Coulene, near Mans, or of Coulaine in Louraine,
 - on discipline
- 843 Apud Lauriacum, of Loire, near Angers, in October, on the revolt of I ambert, earl of Nantes
- 843 Germaniciense, of Germigm, on the reformation of the monastic
- 844 Apud Theodonis Villim, at Thionville, in October, wherein Lo thaire, Louis and (harles were reconciled
- 844 Vernense, of Vern, in December, on discipline the king was enjoined to observe peace towards his brothers
- 845 Bellovacense, of Beauvais, in April, wherein Hinemar, a monk of St Denis, was elected archbishop of Rheims
- 845 Meldense, of Maux, 17th of Junt, on discipline
 846 Parisense, of Paris, 14th of February relative to the re-appoint
 ment of Libb to the bishopne of Rhems the privileges of Corbic were confirmed
- 846 Senonense, of Sens, wherein Audradus Modicus was appointed a " Chorbishop
- \$47 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the bishop of Syracuse was deposed
- 847 Moguntinum, of Mayence, in September or October, against usurpers of ecclesiastical property, and on discipline
- 848 , in October, wherein the erroneous dor trines of Gotheschale were condemned
- 84º Lemovicense, of Limoges, where the cinons of St Martial obtained permission to embrace the monastic life 818 at the latest
- Britannicum, of Britagne, against the reception of money by bishops for the appointment of priests
 848 at the latest Romanum, of Rome, on the same subject
 948 at the latest Rotonense, of Redon in Bretagne, when
- Rotonense, of Redon in Bretagne, wherein four bishops of that province were deposed, and the sees of Dol, Brieux, and Treguier were founded
- 848 Lugdunense, of Lyons, wherein Usuard was appointed an abbot and archdeacon
- 849 Carisiacense, of Quiercy on Oise, in April or May, where Gothes chale was condemned.

A D

849 Carnotense, of Chartres, where Charles, a younger brother of I epin, king of Aquitaine, assumed the cowl

Parisiense, of Paris, about autumn, wherein a reproachful letter was written to the pretended king of Bretagne, and all the "Chor bishops" of I rance were deposed

850 Tumense, or Papiense, of Pavia, on discipline 850 Apud Murittum, of Moret, in the diorese of Sens

- 811 Benningdonense, of Benningdon in Mercia, 27th of March, in pre-cinc of hing Bertuli, who, after treating of the affairs of the sense of hing Bertuli, who, after treating of the affairs of the property of Croyland
- 852 Cordubense, of Cordova, against voluntary martyrs, and the worship of them

- 852 Moguntinum, of Mayence, in May, on discipline 855 Sucssionense, of Soissons, 26th of April, wherein the appointment of Him mar, bishop of Rheims, was declared lawful
- 95. Francolurtansa, of Frankfort on the Main, respecting the rights of the bishop of Osnaburg
- 85. Carisiacense, of Quiercy on Oise, against the doctrine of Gotheschalc

Parisiense, of Paris, for the ordin ition of Ene is

Vermeniense, of Verberia, in August, wherein the proceedings of the council of Soissons were approved

- 853 Romanum, of Rome, 8th of December, on discipline 855 Valentinum, of Valentia in Dauphiny, 8th of January, for the trial of the bishop of that town
- 855 Ticinense, or Papiense, of Pavia, in February, on discipline, tithes, &c
- 855 Apud Villam Ponoilum, or Bonogisilum of Bonœuil, 25th of August concerning a dispute between the bishop of Mans and the Abbey of Anisole or St Cales
- 855 Wintoniens, of Winchester, in November, in the presence of three kings of different provinces of lingland, wherein it was decided that a tenth part of the kingdom of Wessex should be granted to the church as a compensation for the ravages of the Normans
- 857 Carisiacense, of Quierci, 25th of Lebruary, to remedy the evils of church and state
- 857 Moguntinum, of Mayence, about October, concerning matters of
- ecclesiastical right

 858 Wormatiense, of Worms, in I ent, wherein the churches of Hamburgh and Bremen were united
- 858 Carisiacense, of Quicrcy on Oise, in March, wherein a letter was written to king I outs, accusing him of causing discontent against the government of king Charles
- 858 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in favour of Ignatius, pritriarch of C P, who had been deposed, and against Photius, his succe sor
- 859 Lingonense, of the Abbey of St James, near Langres, 19th of April, on predestination, &c
- 859 Melense, of Metz, 28th of May, to procure a peace between Charles the Bald, and Lothaure his nephew, and Louis the German Son Tullense, of Toul or apud Saponarias, of Savonices, 14th of June,
- on matters of faith and doctrine
- 860 Aquisgranense, of Aix-la-Chapelle, 9th of January, against queen I hietburga, the wife of Lothaire
- 860 Confluentinum, of Coblentz, 5th of June, wherein the five kings, Louis and Charles, and their three nephews, Louis, Lothaire, and Charles, made a promise of mutual aid 860. Moguntinum, of Mayence, wherein the marriage of Abbo was de-
- clared null
- 860 Romanum, of Rome, wherein pope Nicolas appointed legates to inquire the cause of the deposition of the patri irch Ignatius
- 860 Tullense, or Tuciacense, of Tusey, in the diocese of Toul, from 22nd of October to 7th of November, against robbery, perjury, and other crimes, and on discipline
- 861 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 25th of May, wherein

- A. D Ignatius was again deposed, a decree was made in favour of images, and seventeen emons, chiefly relative to monks and monasteries Romanum, of Rome, wherein pope Nicolas declared in favour of 861 Ignatius -, against John, bishop of Ravenna. 861 Sucssionense of Soissons, wherein Rothade, bishop of Soissons, was excommunic ited
- Pistichise, of Pitres on the Some, wherein the capitulary of Charles the Bald against robbers was published, and Rothade appealed to the pope
- 862 Sucssionense, of Soissons, wherein a bishop was appointed in the place of Rothade
- 852 Aquisgramme, of Aix la-Chapelle, wherein Lothaire was permitted to contract a fresh marriage
- 862 Romanum, of Rome, against the Theopa chists
- -, in favour of Ignatius, patriarch of Constanti-863
- noble 903 , before June, relative to the proceedings of the list council of Soissons
- 863 Metense, of Metz, about mid-June, in favour of the marriage of king I othere **a**53 Vermeriense, of Verberia, 25th of October, wherein judgment was
- given against the bishop of Mans in his dispute with the Abbey of St Cales 863 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the proceedings of the council of
- Metz were quashed, and the bishops by whom it had been held were deposed
- 501 Schirvanum, of Schirvan in Armenia, against the errors of Nestorius and Futyches 864 Pistrense, of Pitres, 25th of June, concerning the affairs of church
- and state 864 Lateranense, of Latran, 1st of November, wherein the bishop of
- Porto was excommunicated
- 865 Attimacense, of Attigm, wherein king Lothaire was compelled to relinquish Valdrade, and to take back Thietburga, his first wife 866 Ticinense, of Pavia, in Sexagesima week, in favour of the bishops
- of Ircves and Cologne, who had been deposed
- 866 Suessionense, of Soissons, 18th of August, wherein the clerks deposed by the council of Soissons, in 853, were re established Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, about January, wherein 867
- pope Nicolas was deposed and excommunicated 867 Tricassinum, of Troyes, 25th of October, wherein the pope was requested not to interfere with the regulations made by his prede-
- COSSOTS 867 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 23rd of November, wherein
- Photius patriarch of C P, was deposed

 Romanium, of Rome, before August, wherein Phocius was condemned, and his writings burnt
- 868, or thereabouts Gallicanum, of France and Burgundy, concerning
- the ordination of bishops named by the emperor

 868 Romanum, of Rome, 4th of October, wherein the cardinal Anastasius was condemned
- 869 Vermeriense, of Verberia, 24th of April, against Hinemar, bishop of Laon 869 Pistense, of Pitres, in August, concerning the affairs of church and
- state 869 Metense, of Metz 9th of September, wherein Charles the Bald was crowned king of Lorraine, after the death of his nephew Lothaire.
- 869 CONSTANTINOPOLITANUM, of Constantinople, the eighth General council, from 5th of October to 28th of February, wherein Phocius was deposed, and Ignatius reinstated, the heretics, particularly the Monothelites and the Lonoclasts, were anathematised, and the seven general councils were approved.

- 870 Viennesse, of Vienne in Dauphiny, in April, on monastic privileges Attiniacum, of Attigni, in May, wherein king (harles condemned
 - his son Carloman to prison
- 870. Colonicuse, of Cologne, 26th of September, on discipline
- 870, or thereabouts Spalatense, of Spalatro, wherein the use of the Sclavonic language in divine service was forbidden
- By Duriacense, of Douz Ics Pres, 5th of August, wherein Hincmar, bishop of I son, was deposed
 Compendense, of Compengue, wherein the abettors of Carlomin, who had rebelled against Charles the Bald, his father, were excommunic ated
- 872 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the emperor I ours was absolved from an oath which he had made not to take vengeance of the duke of Benevento for his imprisonment
- 873 Silvaneeting, of Senlis, wherein Carlomin was deprived of his ecclesistical dignity, and condemned to death
- 873. Coloniense, of Cologne, 20th of September, wherein the statutes of Gonthier, archbishop of Cologne, in favour of the canons of that church, were confirmed
- 874 Duziacense, of Douzi les Pres, 13th of June, igainst incestuous mar-riages, and the usurpation of the goods of the church
- 874 Ravennatense, of Ravenna, wherein a dispute between the doge of Venice and the patriarch Grado was terminated
- 874 Remense, of Rheims, in July, on discipline
- 875 Romanum, of Rome, wherein it was decided to elect Charles the Bald emperor
- 876 Ticinense, of Pavia, in 1 ebruary, wherein Charles the Bald was recognised is emperor
- 876 Romanum, of Rome, about mid April, wherein a day was appointed for the bishop of Porto to appear before the pope
- 976 Pontigonense, of Lontion, in the diocese of Chalon on Marne, 21st of June, wherein the election of the emperor was confirmed
- Overtanum, of Ovicdo, about the end of March, on discipline
- Compendiense of Compeigne, 1st of May, when the church of Sts Cornclius and Cyprian was dedicated
- 877 Rominum, of Rome, in July the election of the emperor Charles confirmed 877 Ravennatense, of Ravenna, from 22nd of July to September, on dis-
- (ipline 877 Compendiense, of Compendie, 8th of December, wherein Louis le Begue was crowned king of I rance
- In Neustria, against Hugh, the bastard of king Lothaire
- 878 Romanum, of Rome, wherein Lambert, duke of Spoleto, was excom munic ited
- 878 Tricassinum, of Troyes, 11th of August, wherein it was ordained that the corpses of excommunic ited persons should be exposed to beasts of picy, and not be buried, canons were made on discipline, &c ,
- and king Louis le B. guc was crowned

 879 Romanum, of Rome, 1st of May, wherein it was proposed to elect
 an emperor Carloman, king of Bavaria, not being cligible

 879 , m August, wherein Photius was recognised
- as patriarch of Constantinople
- 679 Hierosolymitanum, Antiochenum, Alexandrinum, of Jerusalem, Antioch, and Alexandria, in favour of the appointment of Photius to the see of Constantinople
- 879 Romanum, of Rome, 15th of October, wherein Anspert, archbishop of Milan, was deposed
- 879 Mantalense, of Mantalle 15th of October, wherein the title of king was accorded to the duke of Boson
- 979 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, from November to 13th of March, concerning Photius, the Nicene creed, and the six general councils
- 881 Apud Sanctum Macram, of Firmes, in the diocese of Rheims, 2nd of April, on discipline.

- 850. Cabilonense, of Chalon on Seine, 18th of May, to regulate the affairs of the church
- Coloniense, of Cologne, 1st of April, against robbers of churches.
- 887 De Portu, of Port, near Nismes, 17th of November, wherein two bishops were deposed
- 887 Urgellense, of Urgel, wherein the acts of the preceding council were confirmed
- Turoncuse, of Tours, about the middle of December, wherein it was decided, that the teast of the return of the relies of St. Murtin should be celebrated on the 13th of December
- Moguntiacum, of Mayence, on discipline Agaunense, of Agaunc, or St Maurice, in Velais, wherein Rodolph was crowned king of Burgundy
- 888 Metense, of Mctz, on discipline
- 889 Licinense, of Pivia, wherein the election of Guy, king of Italy, was confirmed.
- In civitate Vangionum, seu Wormatiense, of Worms
- 890 Valentinum, of Valentia in Dauphiny, wherein Louis, son of Boson, was cleeted king
- 890 Forcheimense, of I orcheim, in May, wherein the foundation of the Monastery of Herisiem was confirmed, and king Arnulph recognised his two bastards, Zwentibolde and Ratolde, as his successors, in default of lawful issue
- 891 Magdunense, of Meun on Loire, wherein the archbishop of Sens was forbidden to appoint the abbot of St. Peter le Vif
- 592 Vienneuse, of Vienne, a sinst usurpers of the goods of the church 893 Remense, of Rheims, 28th of Junuary, wherein Charles, son of Louis L. Bègue, w. pioclaimed, hing of I rance, and Baldwin, count of I landers, was threatened with excommunication for having beaten
- a priest 694 Cabilonense, of Chalon on Scine, 1st of May, wherein a monk was acquitted of having poisoned Adalgaire bishop of Autun
- 895 Triburiense, of Iribur, or leuver, near Mayence, early in August at the litest, against criminal offences 896, or the beginning of 897 Romanum, of Rome, when pope Stephen VI
- caused the body of pope I ormosus to be disinterred and mutilated. and deposed all those who had been ordained by him.
- 898 Rom mum, of Rome, wherein pope Theodore reinstated those who had been deposed by the preceding council , wherein the proceedings of the council under 898
- Stephen VI, in 896, were annulled
- 898 Rivennense, of Ravenni, in favour of the preceding council 900 Remense, of Rheims, oth of July, wherein the murderers of archbishop Foulques were excommunicated
- 900 Laterancuse, of Litran, in August, wherein the bishop of Langres was restored to his sec
- 902 Attilianum, of Asille, or Asillan, in the diocese of Narbonne, wherein
- a decree was made relative to the church of St Mary de Vic 903 Forchemense, of Forchem, against Adabert, count of Bamberg, who had pillaged the lands of the church of Wurtzburg.
- 206 Constantinopolit inum, of Constantinople, in January, by the patrurch Nicolas, against the marriage of the emperor Leo the Wise
- colas
- 906 Barcinonense, of Barcelona, on discipline
- Apud & Tiberium, of Liberi in Languedoc, wherein the church of
- Ausonne was declared independent of that of Narbonne 909 De Juncherns, of Jonquieres, 3rd of May, wherein count Sumarius was absolved
- 909 Trosleianum, of Troli, near Soissons, 26th of June, concerning the state of the church
- Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in May, wherein the patriarch Nicolas was restored 911
- 916. Altheimense, of Altheim wherein Erchanger, duke of Suabia, and

- A. D his brother Berthold, were condemned to death for rebelling against king Conrad
- 920 Const intinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in July, wherein a schism in that church was reconciled
- 921 Frosleianum, of Troli, near Soissons, wherein a nobleman, who died whilst excommunicated, was absolved
- 922 Confluentinum, of Cobleriz, on di cipline
 9-33 Remense, of Rh.ms, wherein it was oritained that those who were
 at the battle of Soissons should do penance for three Lents fol lowing
- 927 Trevirense, of Treves, for the reformation of the clergy
- 927 Tros'cianum, of Iroli, near Soissons wherein the count of Ponthieu,
- who had been excommunicated, obtained absolution
 928 Grateleanum, of Gratley in Fingland, wherein king Athelstan pub lished many civil and coclesiastical laws
- 931, or thereabouts Althemense, of Althem, on discipline
- 931 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 2nd of September, wherein the patriarch I ryphon signed his abdication
- 932 Ratisbonense, of Ratisbon, 14th of January, wherein the people were instructed in their duties
- 932 Frpfordiense, of Erford, in Germany, 1st of June, on discipline
- 932 Dingolvinence, of Dingelfind, in the diocese of Ratisbon, for the re-formation of the clergy
- 935 Apud sanctam Macram, of I mes, against the usurpers of ecclesi astical property
- 941 Suessionense, of Soissons, wherein Artaud, archbishop of Rheims was deposed
- 943 I and ivense, of I landaff, wherein king Nougui restored to bishop Patrick that which he had taken from his church of Llandaff

- 946 Asturense, of Astorga 1st of September, on discipline
 947 Narbonense, of Narbonne, 27th of March of Ondscipline
 948 Mosomense, of Wouson, Joth of January, bishop of Rheims
 948 Ingelhemmense, of lingchemm, it had been for of the luly, wherein king I ours complained of Hugh, count of Piris, who was excommuli-
- 948 Laudunense, of Laon, wherein count Hugh was cited to account for the injuries done by him to king Louis and to the bishop
- 945 Trevirense, of Ireves, 6th of September, wherein count Hugh was excommunic ated
- 948 Londinense, of I ondon, 9th of September, wherein Turketil was appointed abbot of Croyland
- 949 Romanum of Rome, wherein the pope confirmed the sentences
- pronounced against archbishop Hugh, and Hugh, count of Paris 952. Augustanum, of Augsburg, 7th of August, on discipline, marriage, &c
- 955 Landavense, of Llandaff, wherein the goods of certain persons who had slain a priest were confiscited
- 958 Ingelenheimense, of Inscheim, wherein a bishop of Saltzburg was appointed
- 963 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the marriage of the emperor Nicephorus Phoe is with Theophanon, widow of the emperor of Rome, was confirmed
- 963. Romanum, of Rome, from 6th to 22nd of November, wherein pope John XII. was deposed, and Leo VIII appointed
- -, 26th of February, wherem Leo VIII was de-964 posed 964
- , wherein Leo VIII deposed Benedict V, who had been elected after the death of John XII and wherein it is conjectured that the title of metropolis of all 967
- Venice was confirmed to the church of Grado 967 Ravennense, of Ravenna, 20th of April, wherein the emperor Otto contribute to the see of Rome the privileges conferred by his pre-decessors, and the deposition of Heroid, architishop of Salizburg,

- A D
- and the foundation of the archbishopric of Magdeburg, were ap-
- 967, 968 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the bishopric of Meissen was founded
- 968 Ravinnense, of Ravenna, wherein an exchange between the churches of Halbi-ritadt and Maideburg was approved
 968 Romanum, of Rome, wherein pope John VIII approved and ratified the foundation of the bi-appric of Minden
- 969 Anglicanum, of all Ingland, by St Dunstan, in the presence of king I dg ur, on discipline
- A conference held at Constantinople between the Catholics and the Juolntes
- 969 Romanum, of Rome wherein the bishopric of Benevento was created an archbishopric
- 971 , 2 and of April, wherein the establishment of monks in heu of canons in the Abbey of Mouson was confirmed
- 971 Compostellanum, of Compostello, 20th of November, wherein the abbot of Montserrat was elected archbishop of Larragona
- 972 Apud Montein Sancte Maria, at Mount St Mary, in Lardenois, in the diocese of Soissons, in May, wherein was read the bull of pope John XIII for the introduction of monks into the Abbey of Mouson
- 972 Ingelheimense of Incohem, igunst Adalberon, nephew of the bishop of Augsburg
- 973 Marzahense, of Marzaille in the diocese of Parma, now of Modena,
- the acts of which are not with certainty known 975 Romanum of Rome, wherein Bonifice Francou, who had usurped
- the Holy See, was excommunicated
 Remense, of Rheims, wherein the usurper of the see of Antioch was excommunicate d
- 978 Calnense, of Calne in Ingland, wherein it was proposed to substitute secular clerks for monks, but St. Dunstan declared in favour of the latter
- 979 Ingelheimense, of Ingelheim, on discipline 987 Remeise, of Rheims, wherein Arnulph, natural son of king Lothaire, was excommunicated
- , 23rd of Jinuary, wherein the said Arnulph 988 was elected archbishop of Rheims
- 988 Landavense, of Llindaff, wherein Arthmail, king of Wales, was condemned to do penance for having slain his brother
- 988 Silvanectense, of Scalis, in July, wherein the scatence of excommunication pronounced by Arnulph at Rheims, igainst those who had opposed hun, was confirmed
- 989 Romanum, of Rome, wherein Adalbert, bishop of Prague, requested permission to abdicate
- 989, or there bouts Carrofense, of the Abbey of Charroux, in Poitou, 1st of June, against the brigands
 990, or thereabouts Nurbonense, of Narbonne, against the usurpers of
- ecclesiastical property
 991 Remense, of Rheims, 17th of June, wherein Arnulph, archbishop
- of Rheims, was deposed
- 992. Aquisgrunenc, of Aix-la Chipelle, wherein marriages were for-bidden during Advent, from Septuagesima until Laster, and for fourteen days before the fact of 5t John
- 993 Lattranense, of Lattan, 31st of lanuary, where Udalric, bishop of Augsburg, was canonised This is the first act of canonisation known
- 993. Remense, of Rheims, against the usurpers of ecclesiastical property
- 994. Ansanum, of Anse, hear Lyons, on discipline, &c. 995 Mosomense, of Mouson, 2nd of June, wherein Gerbert was pro-hibited from exercising his episcopal functions until the meeting of the council of Rhems appointed to be held in July
- 996. San Dionysianum, of St Denis, about May, concerning tithes
- 996. Romanum, of Rome, against the usurpers of the possessions of the church of Cambray
- 997 Ticinense, of Pavia, wherein Crescentius and the antipope John XVL were excommunicated.

- A D
- 998. Romanum, of Rome, 24th of April, against the marriage of king Robert
- 998 Rivennense, of Ravenna, 1st of May, concerning the consecration of bishops, &c
- 999 Greenense, of Greena, in Poland, wherein the emperor Otho III appointed the church of Ci c na the metropolis of three bishopries in Pol and Sclavoura
- 1000, or thereabouts Pictavia ise, of Poitiers, 13th of January, on discipline
- 1000 Magdeburgense, of Magdeburg, on Paster Monday, wherein the archishop of Magdeburg was summoned to surrender the bishopric
- of Merseburg 1001 Romanum, of Rome, 6th of January, wherein the bishop of Hil desheim was confirmed in the possession of the Monastery of Gandershrim
- 1001 Poldense, of Polden, near Brandchurg, 22nd of July, wherein the archbishop of Mayence was suspended from his epistopal functions
- 1001 Francofurtense, of Frankfort, wherein it was decided that neither the archbishop of Mayence nor the bishop of Hildesheim should exercise any right over the Abbey of G indersheim until the octaves of the Pentecost in the following year
- 1002 Rominum, of Rome, and of December, concerning the jurisdiction of the pope over a monistery claimed by the bishop of Perouse 1003 Theodonis Ville, of Thouville, against the marriage of Courid, afterwards duke of Carinthia, with Mind, daughter of Herman II, duke of Suabia
- 1005 Constantionse, of Constance, against certain letters said to have been sent from heaven concerning a famine in Germany
- 1005 Arneborchiense, of Arneberg in Bial deburg, against contracting unlawful murriages, selling Christians to the Gentiles, and vio-
- lating the laws of justice
 1005 Tremomense, of Dortmont in Westphalia, 7th of July, concerning
- marriages contracted within the third degree of consinguinity 1007 Romanum and Francofurtense of Rome and I rank fort 1st of No. vember, wherein the erection of the bishopric of Bamberg was confirmed
- 1009 Ænhamense, of Enham in England, on the day of Pentecost, on reformation of manners, and on discipline I his council was properly a mixed assemblage of lay lords and bishops at the court of king Pthelrud
- 1009 Mediol inense, of Mil in, wherein the archbishop of Milan anathematised Olderic, bishop of Asti, appointed by Henry 11, king of
- 1012 Confluentinum, of Coblentz, against the bishops, who had rebelled against Henry II, king of Germany
- 1014 Ravennene, of Ravenne, whercan Arnulph, brother of the emperor Henry II, was restored to that see
- 1015 Remense, of Rheims, 12th of May, wherein the privileges of the Abby of Mouson were confirmed.
 1016 Ravennense, of Ravenna, 30th of April, wherein the clerks appointed by the usurper Adalbert were suspended.
- 1018 Noviomagense, of Nimeguen, 16th of March, concerning forms to be used during the celebration of mass
- 1018 Goslariense, of Goslar, during Lent, concerning marriages
- 1020. Bambergense, of Bamberg, wherein the privileges of that church were confirmed
- 1020 Legionense, of Leon in Spain, 1st of August a mixed assembly wherein seven articles were made concerning ecclesiastical, and forty one concerning civil government
- 1022 Ticinense, or Papiense, of Pavia, 1st of August, for the reformation of the clergy
- 1022 Salegunstadiense, of Selingstad, 11th of August, on discipline
- 1022. Germanicum, perhaps of Aix-la Chapelle 1022 Aurelianense, of Orleans, wherein thirteen Manichæans were con-demned to be burnt.

- Moguntinum, of Mayence, in Pentecost, a national council of Germany, wherein many disorders were corrected, but Otto, earl of Hamerstein, refused to relinquish his wife Irmengarde
- 1025, or thereabour's Pictavense, of Poitiers, on a dispute between the c'erks of I images and the monks of St Martial, as to the rank to be allotted to that Saint in their Litanies
- 1023 Pampelonense, of Pampeluna, wherein an episcopal see was re established in that city
- 1024 Parisiense, of Paris, wherein the title of apostle was conferred on St Martial of I moges
- 1025 Ansense, of Anse, wherein the bishop of Vienne rendered sitis-faction for having appointed monks at Cluni, contrary to the canons
- 10°7 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, on discipline. 1027 Romanum, of Rome, oth or April, on a dispute between the patri arch of Aquila and of Grado
- Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, concerning donations to monasteries.
- 1027 or 1028 Currotense, of Charroux in Poitou, against the Manichæans 10.8 Geitzletense, of Geislar, near Mayence wherein a man purged him
- self by ordeal of the assassmation of earl Sigefroy 1029 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against the patriarch of
- Antioch 1629 Palithense, of Palith, near Mayence, wherein the archbishop of that church renounced to the bishop of Hildesheim the jurisdic
- tion of the Monistery of Gandersheim 1029 Lemovicense, of Limoges, wherein it was decided that St Martial was an apostle
- 10.1 Bituricense, of Bourges, 1st of November, on discipline 10.1 Lemovicense, of Limoges, 18th of November, wherein the apostolacy of St Martial was confirmed, and canons were made on discipline,
- 10.3 Various councils were held this yerr in Aquitaine, and in the provinces of Arles and Lyons, for the establishment of peace, the increase of religion, and the prevention of crime.
- 1036. Triburiense, of Iribur or Teuver, near Mayence, a few days atter Faster, on discipline
- 1037 Trevirense, of Freves, 20th of October, for the translation of the relics of St Maternus
- 1038 Italicum, perhaps of Rome, whercin Bretislas, duke of Bohemia, was condemned to erect a monastery for having conveyed the relics of St Adalbert from Gnesne to Prague
- 1040 Venetum, of Venice, on discipline 1041 Various councils were held in France this year, in one of which it was ordained that from Wednesday evening until Monday morning no one should take any thing by force, or revenge any injury
- 1042 S Ægidu, of St. Giles in I angudoc, 4th of September, on discipline the "Trève de Dieu" confirmed
 1043 Narionensia duo, of Narbonne, 17th of March, and 8th of August
- the first against usurpers of ecclesiastical property, in the second, the archbishop of Narbonne swore never again to wear military
- attire 1043 Constantiense, of Constance, wherein Henry III of Germany established throughout his kingdom " a public and universal peace.
- 1044 Romanum, of Rome, about the end of the year, wherein pope Benedict 1X revoked the decree whereby the church of Grado was de-
- clared suffragan to that of Aquila.

 1046 Sutrinum, of Sutri, near Rome, about Christmas, wherein Gregory VI renounced the popedom, and the law was renewed which de-clared that the pope should not be elected without the consent of the emperor
- the emperor Romanum, of Rome, in January, against simonv Tulugiense, of Tuluje, in the diocese of Elic, 1st of June, wherein the "I Frey de Dicu" was confirmed
- 1047 Germanicum, of Germany, against simony

A D.

1948 Senonense, of Sens, wherein the foundation of the Priory of St Ayoul of Provence was confirmed Wormatiense, of Worms, in December, wherein Bruno, bishop of

1048 I oul, was elected pope

1049 Romanum of Rome, 11th of April, \ wherein the ordinances of the 1049 I Icinense, of Pavia,during Penteost, \ Simoniacs were declared void, 1049 Remense, of Rheim, ord of October, wherein it was forbidden for any bishops excepting the pope to assume the title of " Apostolic, some simonists were condemined, some bishops who did not attend the council were excommunicated, and some canons were mide

1049 Moguntinum, of Mayence, in November, against simony and the marriage of priests

1049, or thereabouts Rotomagense, of Rouen, against simony 1050 Sipontinum, of Siponto, in Lent, wherein two archbishops guilty of simony wére deposed

1050 Turonense, of Iours, 1639 Romanum, of Rome, 2nd of May, } against the heresy of Berenger

1050 Briotensc, of Brienne in Normandy, whercin Berenger acknow ledged the Catholic faith

10.0 Vercellense, of Verceil, 1st of September, wherein the book of John Scot upon the Lucharist was burnt, and the error of Berenger was again condemned

1050 Parisiense, of Paris, 17th of October, wherein Berenger and his accomplices were usun condemned

1050 Coyacense, of Coyança in Spain, wherein canons were made con-cerning buptism, fasting on I ridays, &c

1051 Augustanum, of Augsbourg, in February, wherein Humphry, arch bishop of Ravenna, was absolved

1051 Rom mum, of Rome, after Laster, wherein the bishop of Verceil was excommunic ited for adultery

1051 Moguntinum, of Mayence, wherein the bishop of Spires was accused of adultery, and a decree was made against the marriage of priests

1052 Bambergense, of Bamberg, wherein the privileges of that church were confirmed

10 3 Mantuanum, of Mantua

10. Romanum, of Rome, after Easter, in favour of the patriarch of Gr ido

10r4 Constantinopolitinum, of Constantinople, in June, wherein the papal legates were anathematised

1054 Narbonense, of Narbonne, wherein the "Treve de Dieu" was confirmed, and nineteen canons were made

10 4 Bureinonense, of Burcelona, 20th of November, against usurpers of the goods of the church

10.) Mogunamum, of Mayence, in March, wherein Gebben ird, bishop of Eischstat, was elected pope under the name of Victor II

105 Florentinum, of Horence, about Pentecost, wherein many abuses were corrected, and the ordinances were renewed against alien ating the property of the church

1055 In Lugduneus Galia, on smony 1055 Iuronense, of Tours, wherein Berenger abjured his opinions in t embrased the Catholic faith

1000 Lexoviense, of Lesieux in Normandy, wherein Mauger, archoishoo of Rouen, was deposed

,055 Rotomagense, of Rouen, on the continence of priests, and observ ance of the canons

105. Narbonense, of Narbonne, 1st of October, wherein the usurpers of the possessions of the church of Ausonne were excommunicated

1055, or thercabouts Andegavense, of Anjou, a, unst Berenger 1056. (ompostellanum, of Compostello, 15th of January, on discipline 1056. Landavense, of Llandaff, wherein the royal tamily were excommu-nicated for an insult offered to the bishop of Llandaff

- A D 1056 Tolosanum, of Toulouse, 13th of September, concerning simony, the celibacy of ecclesiastics, usurpers of church property, &c
- 1057 Coloniense, of Cologne, for reformation of the clerg
- Romanum, of Rome, 18th of April, wherein the bishop of Narbonne 1057 was excommunicated for simony
- 1057 Apud Fontanetum, of Fontaneto in the diocese of Navarre, wherein Arialde and Landolf were excommunicated for incontinence and simony
- 1058 Senense, of Sienna, 28th of December, wherein Gerard, bishop of Florence, was elected pope (Nicholas II)
- 1059 Sutrinum, of Sutri, in January, wherein the antipope, Benedict X. was deposed
- 1059 Romanum, of Rome, 13th of April, concerning the election of the pope, on discipline, &c
- 1059 Melitanum, of Melit, about May, wherein the Normans and pope Nicholas I became reconciled
- 1059 Benevent inum, of Benevento, 1st of August, by pope Nicholas, to whom the Normans rendered great service, by beginning to deliver Rome from the petty lords who had long tyrannised there
- 1059 Arclatense, of Arles, against the archbishop of Narbonne 1059 or 1060 "Spalatense, of Spalitro, wherein the decrees of the last Roman council were published
- 1060 Viennense, of Vienne, list of January, rgainst simony, and the in-1060 Furonense, of Fours, continence of the clergy
- 1060, or thereabout. I olosanum, of Toulouse 1061 Romanum, of Rome, agunst smony the pope confirmed to 1 d-
- ward, king of I ngland, the privileges tranted to his predicessors

 1061 Basileense, of Basile, in October, wherein Cad dous, bishop of Parma, was elected pope
- 1061 Slesvicense of Sleswic, concerning the qualifications of the bishops
- to be appointed to the new sets established in Denmark 1062. Andegavene, of Anjurs, 4th of April against Berenger 1062 Aragonene, of St John de la Pigna, 15th of June, wherein it was decided that the bishops of Arragon should be elected from the monks of that monastery
- 1062 Osboriensc, of the Castle of Osbor, 27th of October, in favour of pope Alexander II, and igning the intipope Cadalous
- 1062 Lucense, of I ucca, 12th of December, wherein Cadalous was anathemitised, and the abbess of Lucca was absolved
- 1063 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the bisl op of Florence was accused of simony, and twelve canons were made
- 1063 Jacetanum, of Jaccam Arragon, wherein the episcopal see was transferred from Huesca to Jacca, and regulations were made on manners and discipline
- 1063 Cabilonense, of Chalon on Seine, wherein many abuses were cor-rected, and the jurisdiction of Clum was confirmed
- 1065 Romanum, of Rome, on the degrees of consanguinity in marriages 1065 Londinguise of London, wherein king I dward granted full immunity to the Abbey of Westminter
- 1066 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against incestuous mar riages
- 1067 -, against such as, being
- affianced to one person, married another affianced to one person, married another Mantianum, of Mantia, wherein pope Alexander was acquitted of simony, and his election was confirmed
- 1068 Leirense, of the Monastery of Leira, wherein the privileges of that house were confirmed
- 1068 Gerundense, of Gironne, wherein the "Treve de Dieu," was confirmed, and fourteen canons were made
- 1068 Barcinonins, of Barcilon i, wherein continence was ordained to the clergy, and it was proposed to substitute the Roman ritual for the Gothic
- 1068. Auscense, of Auch, wherein it was ordained that the churches of that diocese should pay a fourth of their tythes to the cathedral

1068 Tolosanum, of Toulouse, against simony

1069, or thereabouts Spilatense, of Spilatro, wherein the Dalmatians were forbidden to use the Sclavonic language in the celebration of divine service

1069 Moguntinum, of Mayenee, in October, wherein king Henry was forbidden to repudiate Bertha, his wife

1070 Ansanum, of Anse in the diocese of Lyon 1070 Wittoniense, of Winchester, in the octive of Faster, wherein Wilham the Conqueror deposed strand, archbishop of Canterbury, and other bishop, and bbots Ordeirus Vithis contounds this council with that of Windsor holden in Pentecost in the same year, in which, accorning to Hoveden, William filled the sees of those whom he had deposed at Winchester. Two other councils were whom he had deport a vining with me one in Figlind, and one in Normandy in the first, Agelene of Sussex and other abbots were deposed, and in the second, I intrine was compelled to pass over into I ngland, to fill the see of Canterbury

1070 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the foundation of the Monastery of Vissegrad, near Prague, was approved

1071 Moguntinum, of Mayence, concerning Charles de Thuringia, whom the clergy of Constance refused to accept is then bishop

1072 Cabilonense, of Chilon on Scinc, 2nd of March, on a dispute between the bishop of Valence and the canons of Romins
1072 Anglicanum, of England, from I ister to Pentecost, wherein the

primacy was confirmed to I antrane, a chbishop of Canterbury

1072 Rotomagense, of Rouen, wherein twenty four canons were made, concerning haptism, the Fucharist, holy water, marriage, &c

1072 Romanum of Rome, wherein Godfrey of Chastillon was excommunicated

1078. Frpfordiense, of Priord, 10th of March, to divide the tythes of Thuringia between king Henry and the archbishop of Mavence

1073 Rotomagense, of Pouch, in the presence of king William, concerning

a tunult in the church of st Ouen, on the 24th of August ictavierse of Poictices, to compel William, earl of Poictices, to relinquish Hildegarde of Burgundy, his wife 1073. Pictaviense

1073 Cabilonense, of Chalon on Scinc, 19th of October, wherein a bishop of Die was appointed

1073 Erptordiense, of I rford, in October, concerning the tythes of Thuringia

1074 Pictaviense, of Poicticis, 12th of Jimuiry, concerning the Fucharist.
1074 Romanum, of Rome in the first week of I ent, against simony

1074 Rotomayense of Rouen on discipline

1074, or thereabouts Parisiense, of Laris, wherein the abbot of Pontoi e was abused and beaten for defending the decree of Gregory VII, which forbide persons to hear the mass said by incontinent priests

1075 Romanum of Rome, from 24th to the last day of February, against the investitures and incontinence of priests

1075, or thereabouts. Angle mum centrale, a general council of Fingland, wherem it was decided that such nuns is had assumed the veil as a security against the insults of the Normans, might re enter the world

1075 Londinense, of all Lingland, wherein the ancient canons to thur the rank of bushops were renewed, and superstitions, divinations, & were forbidden

1075 Spilitense, of Spilatro, in November, on discipline 1076 Wormati nist, of Worms, 23rd of January, wherein pope Gregory VII was deposed by king Henry IV

1076 Romanun, of Rome, in the first week of I ent, wherein Henry IV, king of Germany, was excommunicated, and his subjects of absolved from their allegiance, the first sentence of the kind ever pronounced

1076 Wintomense, of Winchester, 1st of April, on discipline

1076. Apud Oppenheim, between Mayence and Worms, a mixed assembly

A D for the election of a king of Germany in the place of Henry, but not agreeing, Henry was subsequently absolved
1076 Triburnense, of Iribur or Teuver, near Mayence, 16th of October another mixed "ssembly for the deposition of king Henry"

1076. Salomtanum, of Salona in Dalmatia, in October, wherein Demetrius,

king of Dalmatia, was crowned
1077 Forachemense, of Forchem in Franconia, 13th of March, wherein Rodolph, duke of Swabia, was elected king of Germany, in the place of Henry IV

1077

Divionense, of Dijon, in July, against simony Augustodunense, of Autun, 10th August, wherein the bishop of 1077 Rheims was suspended from exercising his episcopal functions

1077 Bisuldinense, of the (astle of Besalu in Catalonia, wherein the

art hbishop of Narbonne was deposed for simony
1078 Petaviense, of Poietirs, 15th of January, on discipline
1078 Londingua, of London, wherein Bath, I incoln, Excter, Chester,
and Chichester were made episcopal cities, and Wulstan, bishop of Worcester, was deposed for ignorance

1078 Romanum, of Rome, in the first week of Lent, wherein it was resolved that legates should be sent into Germany, to hold a general assembly, and to re establish peace there, and the Normans who had pillaged the lands of St. Peter were excommunicated

1)78 --, in November, wherein Berenger made a profession of faith, the emperor of Constantinople was excommunicated, the deputies of Henry and Rodolph declared that their masters had used no fraud to prevent the conference of the legites in Germany, and regulations were made for the advantage of the church

1079 Armoricanum, against the absolution of public offenders who persevered in their vices

1079 Romanum, of Rome, in Tebruary, wherein Berenger made a pro-fession of faith concerning the Eucharist, and the deputies of king

Rodolph complained of the violence of king Henry in Germany 1079 Tolosanum, of Toulouse wherein the bishop of Albi was deposed for simony

1079 Ultrajections, of Utrecht, wherein the partisans of the emperor Henry 1V excommunicated pope Gregory VII

1079, or the beginning of 10% Lugdunense, of Lyons, wherein the bishop of Kheims was deposed.

1080 Romanum, of Rome, which ended on the 7th of March, wherein Henry was deposed and excommunicated, and Rodolph was declared king, the investiture of laymen was forbidden, and several bishops were excommunicated

1030 Wurtzeburgense, of Wurtzbourg, wherein Henry IV was reconciled to the church, but was not re established on his throne

1080 Burgense, of Burgos in Old Castile, wherein it was ordained that the Roman ritual should be substituted in Spain, for that of the Goths

1080 Meldense, of Merux, wherein the bishop of Soissons was deposed 1080 Juliobonense, of I illebonne in Normandy, during Pentecost, in the presence of William the Conqueror, wherein numerous canons were made

1080 Moguntinum, of Mayence, during Penticost, wherein the partisans of Henry IV condemned pope Gregory VII., and confirmed the election of the antipope Guibert

1080 Avenion use, of Avignon, wherein the usurper of the see of Arles
was deposed, and three bishops were appointed
1080 Brixmense, of Brixen in the Ivrol, 23rd of June, wherein Gregory

VII was deposed, and the bishop of Ravenna was elected pope under the name of (lement 111

1080 Burdigalense, of Bordeaux, wherein Berenger made an exposition ot his faith

thereabouts Carrofonse, of Charroux, in Poiteau, wherein the abbot of St Maixent complained that the earl Gui-Geoffry had 1080, or thereabouts disposed of the goods of that church to the abbot of Moutier Neuf. A D

1081 Santonense, of Saintes, in January, concerning the title of metropolitan assumed by the bishop of Dol 1081 Thomess, of Pavia, in March, wherein the election of the anti-

pope Guibert was confirmed

1081 Romanum, of Rome, 4th of May wherein the emperor Henry and his party were again excommunicated, and the deposition of the archibishops of Arles and N irbonne was confirmed

'archishops of Arles and Nirbonne was confirmed

1081 Exolidunense, of Issoudun, 18th of March, wherein the clerks of

Issoudun, and the canons of st Martin of Pours, were excom-

municated, and Rodolph, archbishop of Lours, were excommunicated, and Rodolph, archbishop of Lours, was deposed 1082. Meldense, of Meaux, wherein Robert, abbot of Rebais, was elected bishop of Meaux

1083 Romanum, of Rome, 20th of November

1094 ______, against the antipope Guibert, the emperor Henry, and their partisans.

1085 ______, in January, wherein the excommunication pronounced by Gregory VII against the emperor was declared null

1085 Gerstungense, of Gerstungen in Thuringia, on the dispute between the emperor and the pope

1086 Quintiliburgense, of Quedelimbourg, in Easter week, wherein the ordinations made by excommunicated persons were declared void, the antipope Couldert and cleven bishops were anathematised, and ordinances were made on discipline

1085 Moguntinum, of Mayence, 20th of April, wherein Guibert was recognised as the lawful pope, and the deposition of Gregory was

confirmed

1085 Compendence, of St. Cornelius of Compegue, wherein the abbot of Corbic was deposed, and the privileges of the church of St. Cornelius were confirmed

1087 Capuanum, of Capui, 21st of March, wherein Didier, abbot of Montacassin, accepted the popedom

1087 Benevenfanum of Bun vanto, in August, wherein Guibert was deposed, and the bishop of Lyons and the abbot of Marseilles were excommunicated

1088 Fuscionse, of Huzillos, near Palentia, in Spain, wherein the bishop of Compostells was accused of high treason and imprisoned

1089 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the pope confirmed the statutes made by his predecessors

1089 Melitanum, of Malic, 10th of September, wherein duke Roger did homage to the pope, and sixten canons were made against simony and the incontinence of clerks

1089 Santonense, of Saintes, 4th of November, wherein the bishop of Oleron was appointed archbishop of Bordeaux

1090 Tolosanum, of Ioulouse, in spring, wherein divers abuses were cor rected, and a legation was sent to Ioledo to re establish religion

1091 Narbonense, of Narbonne, 19th of Mirch, in favour of the Abbey of Grasse, and against simony

1091 Beneventanum, of Benevento, 28th of March, against Guibert and his partisans

1091 Legionense, of Leon, wherein the proceedings of the council of Huzillos in 1088 were annulled, the deposition of the bishop of Compostella was confirmed, and it was ordained that the Liturgy of St. Isidore should be made conformable to that of Rome, and that the Gaulish writing should be substituted for that of the Goths in the books of the church

1091 or 1092. Stampense, of Etampes, on the election of the abbot of St. Quentin to the bishoprick of (hartres

1092, or thereabouts Suessionense, of Soissons, wherein Roscelin abjured his error concerning the Trinity

1092 Szabolchense of Szabolchs in Hungary, wherein a code of laws, ecclesiastical and civil, was compiled

1093. Remense, of Rheims, before Laster, wherein Robert, earl of Flanders, was compelled to resign the appointment of clerks, and pope Urban II promised a bishop to the clergy of Arras.

1093 Trojanum, of Troic, 11th of March, concerning marriages the
"Truce of God' confirmed
1093 Cantuariense, of Canterbury, 4th of November, for the consecration
of Anselm, archibishop of that province On the remonstrance of
Ihomas, archibishop of York, the term "Primatal," instead of
"Metropolitary," was instreted in the diceree of election
1094 Rokinghamie, of Rockingham (astle, 11th and 12th of March, where-

in it was decided that the archbishop of Canterbury should not promise obedience to, or request the pall from pope Urban II

without the king's consent.

1094 Moguntinum, of Mayence, in Midlent

1094 Constantionsc, of Constance, against simony and incontinence regulations were made for the observance of Easter and Pentecost.

10%. Remense, of Rheims 17th of September, on the marriage of king

Philip with Bertride

1094 Augustoduncuse, of Autum 16th of October, wherein the sentence of excommunication was renewed as unst the emperor Henry and the antipope (uibert, and king Henry was excommunicated for having espoused Bertiade during the life of Bertha, his first wife

1095 Placentinum, of Plansinee in I ombardy, from 1st to 7th of March, wherein the empress Prixes complained against her husband, the emperor Henry, Philip, king, of I rance, obtained a postponement of his sentence until Pentecost, the emperor of Constantinople demanded aid against the Infidels, the heresy of Berenger, and the clergy guilty of simony and incontinence were condemned, and other regulations were made

1095 Anglicanum, of Figland, in the third week of Lent, against An selm, archbishop of Centerbury, who had received the pall from

Urban 11 without the king's consent

1095 Claromontanum, of Clermont in Auvergne, from 18th to 28th of No vember, wherein the councils held by pope Urb in at Melfe, Benevento, Troic, and Plaisance, were confirmed, and many new canons WERE made

1096 Rotomagense, of Rouen, in February, wherein the decrees of the council of Clermont were confirmed, and other canons were made, one of which prohibits the wearing of long hair 1096 Turonense, of Tours, in the third week of I cut, wherein the decrees

of the council of (lermont were confirmed, and the pope refused

to absolve king Philip

1096 Nemausense, of Nimes, from 6th to 14th of July, wherein the council
of Clermont was confirmed, and king Philip was absolved, on pro mising to relinquish his wife Beitrade

1097 Hibernicusc, of Ireland, on the raising the church of Waterford into a bishoprick

1097 Sanctonions, of Saintes, 2nd of March, wherein it was decreed that tasts should be observed on the eves of the feasts of the Apostles

1097 Remense, of Rheims, wherein the abbot of St Remi was condemned to render obedience to the abbox of Marmoutiers

1097 Gerundense, of Gironne, 15th of December, for the maintenance of ecclesiastical libertics

1098 Romanum of Rome, 7th of August, by the schismatics, to increase their partisans

1098 Barensc, of Bari, 1st of October, concerning the Holy Ghost

1099 Romanum, of Rome, 2 th of April, on discipline
1099 Audomarense, of 5t Omer, 14th of July, on the observance of
the "Truce of God'

1100 Lambethense, of Lambeth, wherein Maud, daughter of Malcolm, king of Scotland, proved that she had not entered the religious life (the objection opposed to her marriage with king Henry I) by her own choice, or by the vow of her parents

1100 Valentinum, of Vikince, 30th of September, wherein the bishop of Autun was suspended for simony
1100 Melphitanum, of McIk., in October, wherein the town of Benseline and the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support of the support

vento was excommunicated

1100 Pictaviense, of Poitiers, 18th of November, on discipline

- 1100. Ansanum, of Anse, wherein the archbishop of Lyons demanded a subsidy to defray his expenses to Jerusalem, and those who, having assumed the Cross, neglected to fulfil their vow, were excomming the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committ
- 1102. Romanum, of Rome, in March, wherein the sentence of excommunication pronounced against the emperor Henry by popes Gregory VII and Urban II was renewed, and an anathema was uttered against heresy in general
- uttered against heresy in general 1103 Londinense, of all Lingland, in September, against simony, and on discipline
- 1103 Mediolancise, of Milan, wherein a priest accused the archbishop of simoni, and endcavoured to prove his accusation by orded
- 1104 Romanum, of Rome, in Lent, wherein Bruno, archbishop of Freves was reprimanded for receiving investiture from the emperor Henry
- 1104 Trecense, of Troyes, 2nd of April, wherein the bishop of Senlis wis acquitt dof the sile of holy orders, and Godirey, abbot of Nogent, was named bishop of Amiens
- 1104 Balgeneracense, of Beaugener, 30th of July, wherein king Philip and Bertrade promised to hive separate until they had obtained a dispensation from the pope
- dispensation from the pope 1104 Parisiense, of Piris, 2nd of December, wherein the king and Bertrade were aboved
- 1105 Romanum, of Rome, 26th of March, wherein the earl of Mellent and his accomplices were excommunicated for supporting the right of the king of England to invest bishops
- 1105 _____, in May, wherein the archbishop of Milan was
- restored to his see

 Quintiburgense, vel Northusense, of the Abbey of Quedlimbourg, or
 of Northusen in Thuringia, 29th of May, against simony and
 the incontinence of priests the "Truce of God" was confirmed,
 the schismatt bishops were deposed and king Henry V, who had
 rebelled against the emperor his fither, declared that he had
 accepted the sceptre against his own will, and was willing to surrender it.
- 1105 Remense, of Rheims, 2nd of July, wherein Odo, abbot of Tournay, was appointed hishop of Cambray
- 1105 Convenius Moguntinus, the Diet of Mayence, assembled on Christmas day, wherein the anathenia against the emperor, the antipope Guibert, and their adherents, was renewed, the former was
 deposed, and Henry his son crowned by the archbishop of Mayence,
 on the day of the Pipphany
- 11.)5 Florentinum, of Florence, against the bishop of that city, who averred that Antichrist was already born
- 1106 Pictaviense, of Poiticrs, 25th of Junc, wherein the crusade was published, and other ecclesiastical affairs were transacted.
- 1106 Lexoviense, of Lisieux, in October, assembled by Henry I, king of Ingland The regulations of this council were other civil than ecclesiastical, and the lay lords present were more numerous than the bishops
- 1106 Guastallense of Guastalla, on the Po, 22nd of October, wherein it was ordaned that the province of Limila should not continuous unjuct to the metropolitan of Ravenna, favour was shown to the bishops appointed during the schism, and laymen were forbidden to perform investitures
- 1107 Treamse, of Troves, about the feast of the Ascension, wherein Pascal II exhorted the people to the cruside, the violators of the "Truce of God" were excommunicated, and the marriage of Louis le Grow with Livingue of Robbits was declared up shed
- Louis le Gros with Lucienne of Rochfort was declared invalid
 1107 Londinense, of London, 1st of August, wherein the homage of
 bishops wis granted to the king, but investiture by cross and ring
 was forbidden
- 1107 Ierosolvmitanum, of Jerusalem, wherein the patriarch Ebreman was appointed bishop of Cæsalea.

- - Londinense, of London, 24th of May, on discipline
- 1108 Beneventanum, of Benevento, 12th of August, on the investitures and habits of clerks
- 1110 Romanum, of Rome, 7th of March, wherein the decrees against investitures, and the canons forbidding laymen to dispose of the property of the church, were renewed Councils were also held this year at Clermont in Auvergne, during Pentecost, at Toulouse, soon afterwards, and at 'st Bennet on Loire, 1st of October
 1110 Colognese, of Cologne, wherein Guibert, founder of the Monastery
- of Gemblours, was canonised
- 1110 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against the heresy of the Bogomiles The emperor Alexis Comnena also published therein
- 1111 Verulanum, of Veroli, whick in the archeann of St Paternus recognised the jurisdiction of his dio cean hishop
- 1111 Lateranchee, of Tatran, on the 12th of February, wherein Henry V, instead of resigning the right of investiture as he previously agreed to do, took prisoner the pope, and, on the 11th of April following, compelled him to sign a treaty whereby the regalia were left in possession of the clergy, and the king resumed his right.
- , from 18th to 23d of March, wherein Pascal II revoked the privilege of investiture 4112
- 1112 Ansanum, of Anse, wherein the hishops of the province of Sens refused to recognise the jurisdiction of the archbishop of Lyons
- 1112 Viennense, of Vicine, 16th of September, wherein it was declared to be heretical to receive investiture from a layman, and king Henry was anathematiscd
- 1,12 Aquens, of Aix in Provence, wherein it was ordained that the archbishop of Aix should receive the fourth part of all the ecclestastical revenues of his archbishoprick
- 1112, or thereabouts lerosolymitanum, of Jerusalem, wherein the emperor Henry V was excommunicated
- 1114 Strigoniense, of Gran, or Strigonia, about January, on discipline
- 1114 Vindsoriense, of Windsor 26th of April, wherein Ralph, blishop of Rochester, was elected archbishop of Canterbury
 1114 Cyperanum, or Ceptranum, of Ceptranom, 28th of October, wherein
- the archbishop of Benevento was deposed, and the pope gave the investitures of the duchies of Calabia and Pouille to William, son of earl Roger
- 1114 Icgronense, of Leon, 18th of October, on discipline
 1114 Palentinum, of Palentia, 25th of October, wherein the marriage of Allonsus, king of Arr igon, was declared to be invalid
- 1114. Compostellanum, of Compostello, 17th of November, on discipline
 1114 Bellova(ense, of Beauvais, 6th of December, wherein the emperor
 Henry and I homas of Marly were excommunicated, the decrees
 touching the conservation of ecclesiastical property and other
- points of discipline were renewed

 1115 Suessionese, of Soissons, 6th of January, when the brethren of
 the Chartreuse were desired to send before the council the bishop of Amiens, who had retired into their house
 1115 Remense, of Rheims 28th of March, by the legate Conon, wherein
- the emperor Henry was again excommunicated, and the bishop of Amiens was sent back to his see Two other councils were held this year by the same legate, at Cologne, on the 19th of April, and at Chilon on Marne, on the 12th of July, in both of which the emptror was excommunicated, and in the latter several between distinct of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the cont bishops and abbots of Normandy were deposed, but were re-instated on remonstrance made to the pope by king Henry I of England.
- 1115 Trenorchiense, of Tournus, 15th of August, on a dispute between the canons of St John of Besançon and the canons of St Stephen in the same town

- 1115 Trojanum, of Troje in la Pouille, 24th of August, wherein the "truce of God" was re-established for three years
- 1115 Ovetanum, of Oviedo, against robbers and violators of churches 1115 Coloniense, of Cologne, at Christmas, wherein the excommunication against the emperor Henry was renewed
- 1115 Syriacum, of Syria, after Christmas, wherein Arnulph, patriarch of
- Jerusalem, was deposed. 1116 Lateranense, of Latran, 5th of March, wherein Pascal II condemned the privilege of investiture extorted by the emperor, and
- his excommunication was confirmed 116 Salisberiense, of Salisbury, 20th of March, in the presence of king Henry I, wherein an attempt was made to compel I hurstan. archbishop of York, to promise obedience to the archbishop of Canterbury
- 1116. Langonense, between Lux and Til-Châtel, in the diocese of Langres, now of Dijon, 8th of June, against the usurpers of ecclesiastical property
- 1116. Divionense, of Dyon, wherein the canons of St Stephen were or-
- dained to return to that church, which they had abandoned 1117 Mediolanense, of Milan, in Lebruary, for the reformation of
- 1117 Beneventanum, of Benevento, in April, wherein the archbishop of Braga was excommunicated for having crowned the emperor at
- Rome during the pope's retreat to Mont-Cassin

 1118 Tolosanum, of Ioulouse, about 1 chruary, wherein it was decide t to send aid into Spain to Alfonsus, king of Arragon, who had gained a battle against the Moors on the 6th of December
- 1118 Capuanum, of Capua, wherein the emperor Henry and the antipope Bourdin were excommunicated
- 1118 Rotomaguise, of Rouen, 7th of October, or 5th of November, wherein Henry, king of Figl and, treated with the kinds and the archbishop of Canterbury concerning the peace of the realm, whilst Geoffry, bishop of Rouen, treated of the affairs of the church
- 1118 Viennense, of Vienne
- 1119 Beneventanum, of Benevento, 10th of March, against those who ravaged the country and despoiled the churches
- 1119 Coloniense, of Cologne, wherein the excommunication of the em peror Henry V was published
- 1119 Fritizlariense, of Fritzlar in Hessia, 28th of July, wherein the excommunication against the emperor was renewed.
- 1119 Tolosanum, of Toulouse, 8th of July, on discipline
 1119 Remense, of Rheims, from the 19th to the 30th of October, wherein
 Louis le Gros made complaint respecting Normandy, whereof the king of England had deprived his nephew, and decrees were made against simony, investitures, the usurpations and incontinent of ecclesiastics, and concerning baptism, unction, and sepulture 1119 Rotomagense, of Rouen, in November, against the incontinence of

- 1119 Rotomagetime, of Seasons, from the 18th to the 29th of October, wherein St Arnulph of Soissons was canomised
 1120. Neopolitanum, of Naplouse in Palestine, for the reformation of manners, and on discipline
- 1122. Suessionense, of Soissons, wherein Abelard was compelled to burn his book concerning the Trinity
 1122. Vormationse, of Worms, 8th of Soptember, wherein the emperor renounced the right of investiture
- 1123. LATERANENSE, of Latran, the ninth general council, from 18th of March to 5th of April, on discipline
- 1124. Several councils were held in Frince this year by the legate, Peter of
- Leot, namely, at Chartres, Clermont, Beauvais, and Vienne
 1125 Londinense, or Westmonasteriense, of Westminster, 8th or 9th of September, on discipline, and against the incontinence of priests.

- 1127 Wormatiense, of Worms, in April, on the election of Godfrey archbishop of Treves
- 1127 Londinense, or Westmonasteriense, of London, or Westminster, for the reformation of manners
- 1127, or thereabouts Nannetansa, of Nantes, wherein the custom of the lord taking the property of a person dying without issue was abolished, and rules were made on discipline
- 1127 Trojet mum of Troje, in November, wherein the excommunication pronounced igainst Roger, for assuming the title of duke of Pouille and of Calabria, was confirmed.
- 1128 Trecense, of I royes in Champagne, 13th of January, concerning the rule and habit to be given to the Knights Templars
 1128 Ravennense, of Ravenna, wherein the patriarchs of Aquila and of Venice, or of Grado, were deposed
- 1128 Rotomagense, of Rouch, in October, on discipline 1128 Papicise, of Pavia, wherein the archbishop of Milan was excommunicated, for having crowned Conrad, king of Italy, as duke of 1 ranconia
- 1129 Parisicuse, of Paris, on the reformation of monasteries
- 1129 Cat daunense, of Châlons on Murne, 2nd of February, wherein Henry
- of Verdun abdicated that bishoprick
- 1129 Palentinum, of Palentia in Leon, in the first week of Lent, on the
- 1129 Londinense, of I ondon, 1st of August, wherein the bishops who had received money from incontinent pricats, instead of punishing them, were rebuked
- 11.0 Americase, of Puy in Velay, about March or April, on the double election of Innocent II and of Anaelet II to the popedom.
- 1130 Stampense, of Ltampes, in April, on the same subject
- 1130 Herbipolense, of Wurtzbourg, in October, wherein Innocent II was recognised as pope
- 11.0 Claromontanum, of Clermont in Auvergne, wherein the envoys from king Lothaire were received, and thirteen canons were made
- 11°0 Carrionense, in Leon, wherein a judgment was given in favour of the Abbey of Clum, against the monks of St Facond in the diocese of Burgo
- 1131 I codiense, of Liege, 29th of March, wherein Otto, bishop of Halberstat was re established
- 1131 Remense, of Rheims, 19th of October, wherein the election of pope Innocent was confirmed, and seventeen cauons were published, in one of which, canons regular and monks are forbidden to act as pleaders or physicians, and in another tournaments are prohibited
- 1131 Moguntinum, of Mayence, wherein Bruno resigned the see of Strasbourg
- 1132 Placentinum, of Plaisance
- 11.2 Creissanum, of Creixan in the territory of Narbonne, 5th of December, wherein a sanctuary was established at Creixan
- 1133 Jotrense, of the Abbey of Jouarre in the diocese of Mcaux, wherein the murderers of the prior of St Victor were excommunicated.
- 1134 Pisanum, of Pisa, 30th of May, wherein Peter, bishop of Leon, was again excommunicated
- 1136 Londinense, of London, in January, on the necessities of the church and state
- 1136 Northamptoniense, of Northampton, 29th of March, wherein the archdeacon Robert was elected bishop of Exeter
- 1136. Burgense, of Burgos, in October, for the introduction of the Roman ritual in divine service, and to reconcile the kings of Navarre and Castile
- 1137 Melfense, of Melfe, 18th of July, wherein the abbot and monks of Mont-Cassin were reconciled to pope Innocent II
 1138 Londinense, of I ondon, 13th of December, on discipline.
- 11.39 LATERANENSE, of Latran, the tenth general council, 20th of April, for the re-union of the church thirty canons were made, similar to those of the council of Rheims in 1131

- A D
 1139 Vintoniense, of Winchester, 29th of August, by Henry of Blois
 bishop of Winchester, against king Stephen his brother, who had required the bishops of Lly, Lincoln, and Salisbury to surrender their custles
- 1140 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in May, wherein the writings of Constantine Chrysomile were condemned
- 1140 Senonense, of Sens, 2nd of June, against the doctrine of Abelard, who was condemned by the pope, a a heretic, on the 16th of July 1141 Vintoniense, of Winchester 7th of April, wherein the empress
- Maud was recognised as queen of I ngl ind
- 1141 Antiochenum, of Antioch, 30th of November, wherein the patriarch of Antioch was deposed
- 1141 Westmonsteriense, of Westminster, 7th of December, wherein the bishop of Winchester excused himself for having acknowledged queen Maud, and promised his aid to his brother Stephen.
- 1141 Nugarohense, of Nogaro in Armanna, wherein a dispute between the bishop of Aire and the abbot of \$\foatin{c} \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \tin
- 1142 Latiniaccuse of I agny, on a dispute between the monks of Marchienne and the bishop of Arras Raoul, carl of Vermandois, was excommunicited for having married Petronille of Aquitaine during the lifetime of his wife, I leonora of Champagne
- 1142 Londoniense, of London, in Midlent, against the maltreaters of the
- clergy
 1143 lerosolymitanum, of Jerus dem, during 1 aster, on articles of faith
 1143 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinopk, 20th of August, wherein
 the ordinations of two bishops were declared to be void 1143 - 1st of October,
- 22nd of I chruary, ag unst Niphon, a monk 1144 1144 Romanum, of Rome, wherein the church of Tours was declared to
- be the metropolis of all the churches of Bretigne, excepting that of
- 1145 Bituricense, of Bourges, on Christmas day, wherein King I ouis the younger declared his intention to assume the Cross
- 1146 Vizeliacense, of Vezelai, 31st of March, wherein King I ouisassumed the Cross
- 1146 Lugdum Clavati, or Laudunense of I aon, assembled by king Louis, to deliberate upon the preparations for the crusade
- 1146 Carnotonse, of Chartres, 21st of April, wherein it was proposed to appoint St Bernard the chief of the crusade
- 1147 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 20th of February, wherein the patriarch (omas was deposed
- 1147 Parsiense, of Paris, after Faster, on the errors of Gilbert, bishop of Potitirs, respecting the Trinity
 1147 in December, or early in 1148 Ireviense, of Treves, wherein the writings of St. Hildegarde were examined
- 1148 Remense, of Rheims, 21st of Mirch, wherein many canons were made, and doctrinal points were discussed
- 1148 Bambergense, of Bamberg, on points of doctrine 1151 Londinense, of London, in Midlent, on discipline
- 1152 Balgentiacense, of Biugener, 18th of March, wherein the marriage of I ours VII was declared invalid
- 1152. Hibernicum, at the Monastery of Mellifont in Ireland, after September, wherein the archbishopricks of Armagh, Dublin, Cashel,
- and Tuam were appointed

 Wormstinee, of Worms, during Pentecost, wherein the arch
 bishop of Mayence was deposed
- 1153 Constantiense, of Constance, wherein the emperor Frederick was divorced from his wife Adelaide
- 1154 Londinense, of London, during Lent, wherein the ancient customs contained in the chirter of king Ldward, and the privileges of the clergy, were revived
 1154. Apud Moretum, of Moret, wherein William, earl of Nevers, was

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- constrained to arrest the thiefs of those inhabitants of Vezelai. who by his instigation had committed great offences against the Abbey of that town
- 1155 Suessionense, of Soissons, 10th of June, wherein king Louis the younger and the barons swore to observe the peace for ten years
- 1157 Constantinopolitinum, of Constantinople, 26th of January, on the celebration of divine scrvice
- 1157 Remense, of Rheims, 26th of October, against the Pifres, a sect of Albigensis, and on discipline
- 1159 Magunthum, of Mayther, after the 1st of October
 1160 Papiense, of Pavis, 5th of February, in Ivour of Octavian, or
 Victor IV, the antipope, and against Alexander III
- 1160 Anagnmum, of Anagm, wherein the emperor Frederick was excommunicated
- 1160 Oxomense, of Oxford, wherein thirty heretics were condemned
- Nazareth, wherein Alex inder was recognised as pope
- 1161 Laudense, of I ods, from 19th of June to 25th of July, wherein the election of Victor was confirmed
- 1161 Apud novum Mercatum and Bellavense, of Neuf Marche in the diocese of Rouch, and of Beauvais, in July, in both of which Alexander III was recognised as pope
- 1161 Tolos inum, of Ioulouse, wherein pope Alexander was recognised by the kings of I rance and England
- 1162 Monspeliense, of Montpelier, 17th of May, wherein the excommunication against Octavian, or the antipope Victor, wis renewed
 1162 Westmonasteriense, of Westminster, 20th of May, wherein Thomasa-Becket was elected archbishop of Canterbury
 1163 Turonense, of Tours, 19th of May, against the Manichæans or
- Albigenses, and on discipline
- 1164 Clarendonense, an assembly of all the realm at Clarendon, 25th of January, wherein the archbishop of Canterbury and the other bishops promised to observe the royal customs but subsequently declined to subscribe to them, whereupon king Henry II delivered over to the secular power, the priests accused of theft, homicide, and other crimes, —a jurisdiction which was denied by the clergy
- 1164 Remense, of Rheims, in May, concerning aid to be sent to the Holy
- 1164 Northamptoniense, of Northampton, 13th of October, wherein the
- archbishop of Canterbury was condemned as a perjurer and traitor

 1165 Herbipolense, of Wurtzbourg, 2.rd of May, wherein the emperor,
 some bishops, and two envoys from England, swore that they would never recognise pope Alexander
- 1165 Lumbariense, of Lombers near Albi, about June, against the Manichæans.
- 1165 Aquisgranense, of Aix-la Chapelle, 29th of December, for the canonisation of Charlemagne
- 1166 Londinense, of London, wherein the bishops of England appealed to the pope against the legation and the sentences of the arch bishop of Canterbury, then a refugee in France
- 1166 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 11th of April, concerning marriage
- 1166. - on discipline and doctrinal points
- 1167 Lateranense, of I atran, before April, wherein the emperor Frederick was again excommunicated, and his subjects were absolved from their allegiance
- 1170. Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the propositions of the emperor Manuel Commena, for the union of the two churches, were rejected
- 1171 Armachanum, of Armagh in Ireland, wherein all the English who were in bondage in that island were released
- 1171 Cassiliense, of Cashel, in November, where canons were made to remedy the evils existing in that country
- 1172. Abrincatense, of Avranches, 21st of May, wherein king Henry IL.

A. D. was absolved from the murder of Thomas à-Becket, after swearing

to abolish all the unlawful customs established during his reign 1173 Westmonasternese, of Westminster, wherein Richard, prior of Dover, was elected archibishop of Canterbury, the bull for the canonisation of Ihomas à Becket was read, and twenty-seven canons were made on discipline
1175 Londinense, of London, at Westminster, 18th of May, on discipline
1176 Hallense, of Halle, against the inhabitants of Journay

1176 Northamptoniense, of Northampton, 25th of January, wherein the archbishop of York endeavoured to compel the Scotch bishops to acknowledge his jurisdiction

1176 Londinense, at Westminster, 14th of March, wherein the two arch bishops disputing for precedence, a tumult was created, after the appearing of which, the archbishop was condemned to pay a sum of

money to the legate by whom the council was held 1177 Northamptoniense, of Northampton, in January, wherein king Henry II restored to the earl of Leicester his lands which had been forfeited, substituted canons regular for canons secular in the church of Waltham, and concerted with the archbishop of Canterbury, the removal of the nuns of Fontevrault to Ambresbury

1177 Tarsense, of larsus, for the reunion of the Armeni ins and the

Grecks

1177 Venetum, of Venice, 14th of August, wherein the pope pronounced sentence of excommunication against such as should disturb the

1178 Saltzburgense, of Hochenau in the diocese of Saltzburgense, and February, in Tayour of Alexander 111, and against the antipope Calixtus

1179 Last Ranense, of I atran, the eleventh general council, from 5th to 19th of March, on discipline

1180 Tarragonense, of I arragona, from 24th of June to 18th of October, wherein the calculation of the era of Spain was suppressed, and the

era of the Incarn ition established 1181 American and Vasatense, of Puy, 15th of September, and of Bazas, 8th of December

 1182 Lemovicense, of Limoges, on the third Sunday of Lent, on discipline
 1182 Signiense, of Segni in Italy, wherein St Bruno was canonised
 1184 Veronense, of Verona, from 1st of August to 4th of November,
 against heretics, and those who rebelled against the temporal authority of the pope, also on a dispute between the pope and the

emperor respecting the patrimony of the counts s Maud

1185 Parisiense, of Paris, in January, wherein Philip Augustus commanded the prelatis to exhort his subjects to make the voyance to

Jerusalem

1185 Londmense, of London, 18th of March, wherein it was decided that it was more expedient for the king to remain at home to govern his subjects and defend his realm, than to expose his person for the defence of the Last

1185 Spalatense, of Spalatro in Dalmatia, wherein it was decided what churches were suffrag in to that are hinshoprick

1186. Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, on the violation of the canons in the election of certain bishops in the province of Cyzica

1186 Hibernicum, of Ireland, on the reformation of the clergy, and against the incontinence of priests

1186 Karrofunse, of Charroux, on discipline
1186 Colomense, of Cologue, wherein the canonisation of St. Annon was
__published

1187 Mosomense, of Mouson in the diocese of Rheims, on the first Sunday of Lent, wherein numerous persons who retused to acknowledge the authority of the archbishop of Treves were deposed

1187 Colomense, of Cologne, wherein certain donations made to the Abbey of Steinfeld were confirmed, and deliberation was held as to the means of resisting a threatened incursion of the emperor Frederick I

- 1188. Many councils were this year held on the subject of the crusades, namely, between Gisors and Iric, from 1 th to 21st of January, wherein the kings of Lingland and I rince assumed the cross, at Mans, soon afterwards, wherein the king of I ngland ordained that every one should, this year, tive a tenth of his possessions towards the aid of the Holy Land, and at Paris, 27th of March, wherein Philip Augustus made a similar ordinance
- 1190 Rotomagense, of Rouen, 11th of lebruary, on discipline
- 1195 Cantuariense, of Canterbury, 10th of May, wherein Hubert, bishop of Salisbury, was appointed archbishop of Canterbury
- 1198 Compendiense, of Compensue, 4th of November, wherein the marriage of king Philip Augustus with Ingeburga was declared to be mvalid
- 1195 Eboracense, of York, 14th and 15th of June, on discipline
- 1195 Monspeliense, of Montpelier, in December, wherein, amongst other regulations was one made in favour of those who went into Spain against the infidels
- 1196 Parisiense, of Paris, to examine the validity of the marriage of Philip Augustus with Ingeburga of Denmark
- 1198 Senonense, of Sens, against the Poplicins, a sect of Manichæans
- 1199 Dilmaticum, of Dalmatia, for the correction of abuses, and the establishment of the usages of Rome
- 1199 Divionense, of Dijon, from 1st to 1 th of December, on the marriage of Philip Augustus with queen Ingeburga
- 1200 Viennense, of Vienne in Dauphiny, in January, wherein an interdict was laid upon all the territorics subject to the king of France
- 1200 Londinense, of all England, wherein was published a decree adopted from the last council of I atran
- 1200 Romanum, of Rome, wherein Cunegonde, the wife of the emperor Henry II, was canonised
- 1200 Nigellense, of Neelle in Vermandois, 7th of September, wherein the interdict imposed in the preceding January was taken off.
 1201 Suessionense, of Soissons, from the middle of Murch to the end of April, on the marriage of Philip Augustus with Ingeburga
- 1201 Perthanum, of Perth, for the reformation of manners
- 1201 Parisiense, of Paris, wherein I vrard of Nevers was convicted of heresy, and burnt
- 1204 Meldense, of Meaux, on a peace between the kings of France and England
- 1205 Arelatense, of Arles, wherein regulations were made for the govern ment of that church
- 1276 Cantuariense, of Lambeth, on discipline
- 1209 Montis Limarii, or Montilianse, of Montelimar, early in June, wherein the earl of Iouloust was cited to appear before the council of Valence
- 1209 Valentinum, of Valence, about the middle of June, wherein the earl of I oulouse accepted the conditions imposed by the legate for his absolution
- 1209 Sancti Œgidii, of St. Giles in Languedoc, 18th June, wherein the
- earl of loulouse was absolved
- 1209 Avenionense, of Avignon, early in September, on discipline
 1210 S Œgidii, of St Giles, about the end of September, wherein the earl of Toulouse prayed permission to clear himself of the charge of heresy and of the murder of Pcter of Castelnau
- 1210 Parsiense, of Paris, in October, whercin fourteen disciples of Aumari were condemned to be burnt, as were also the metaphysical works of Aristotle, trunslated from the Greek into Latin
- 1210 Romanum, of Rome, in November, wherein the emperor Otto was deposed and excommunicated
- 1211 Narbonense, of Narbonne, curly in January, wherein it was proposed to surrender to the εarl of Toulouse his possessions, provided he would expel the heretics from thence, which he refused to do
- 1211 Arelatense, of Arles, in Icbruary, wherein the earl of Loulouse was excommunicated
- 1211 Northamptoniense, of Northampton, wherein king John was excom-

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municated by the papal legate The annals of Beverley attribute this council to the following year
Parisiense, of Paris, for the reformation of the clergy

1212. Apamiense, of Pamiers, about the end of November, assembled be Simon de Montfort, the chief of the crusade against the Al bigenses, whercin divers regulations were made for the re-establish-ment of religion, peace, and good manners

1213 Vaurense, of Lavaur, about the middle of January, wherein the offers of the king of Arragon, for the reconclustion of the earls of Toulouse, Cominges, Forx and Bearn, were rejected.

1213 Ad S Albanum, at St Albans, in July, wherein king John was reconciled to the prelates and the birons on swearing to observe the laws of Edward the Confessor and of Henry I

I ondinense, of London, 25th of August, wherein the clergy were permitted to read the divine service in public, the pope having

confirmed king John's absolution

- 1214 or 1215 Burdigalense, of Bordeaux, wherein all persons holding Jews were to compel them to remit usury to those who had taken the cross It was provided that widows and others should not be compelled to marry against their inclinations. The Lateran decree against heretics and murderers was removed, and regulations were made respecting tithes *
- 1215 Monspeliense, of Montpelier, 8th of January, wherein the pope was requested by numerous archbishops and bishops, to give them for their lord, Simon earl of Montford, in heu of the earl of Loulouse, and forty six canons were made
- 1215 Parisiense, of Piris in August, wherein Robert de Courcon made a statute for the school of Piris
- 1215 LAIT RANENSP, of I stran, from 11th to 30th of November, wherein the earls of Ioulouse, Forx, and Cominges complained against Simon de Montfort for seizing their estates, and against the legates by whom they had been adjudged to him an exposition of the faith of the church was mide upunst the Alb genses and other heretics, and seventy cinons were made

1216 Genuense, of Genes, 6th of April, wherein the decrees of the council

of Latran were published

- 1216 Meloduense, of Melun Pope Innocent III having excommunicated Philip Augustus for tworing his son I our who had been called to Lingland to reign in the place of king John, the nobles assembled in this council declared that they did not hold him excommunicated on that account
- 1216 Anglicanum, of Bristol, 11th of November, wherein prince Louis and his adherents were excommunicated
- 1222 Oxomense, of Oxford, about the 11th of June wherein were made forty-nine canons, conformable to those of the last council of Latran

1222 Sleswicense, of Sleswic, on the celibacy of priests

- 1222 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, on the differences between the Greek bishops and the Latin bishops of (yprus
- 1223 Rotomagense, of Rouen, 27th of March, wherein was published an abridgment of the carions of the council of Latran

- 1223 Parisiense, of Paris, 6th of July, against the Albigeness
 1224 Monspeliense, of Montpelier, 21st of August, wherein Raymond,
 card of Loulouse, prayed to be reconcled to the church
 1225 Parisiense, of Paris, 15th of May, wherein the Roman legate treated
- with king Louis on the affairs of Ingland and the Albigenses when Louis coded his rights against the English, and marched against the heretics
- 1925 Melodunense, of Melun, 8th of November, on ecclesiastical juris-
- 1925 Bituricense, of Bourges, on the feast of St. Andrew, concerning a dispute between the earl of loulouse, and Aumaric de Montfort

[▼] Vide Rot Patent 16 John dors This council has been hitherto unnoticed Ex inform I Hudson Lurner, Esq.

the claim made by the pope, of two prebends in every cathedral,

and of places for two monks in every abbey, was disallowed and of places for two monks in every abbey, was disallowed tience of priests, and simony the body of Figuiltert, archbishop of Cologne, slain by Frederick, earl of Isembourg, was presented before this assembly, who declared him to be a martyr and a saint, and excommunicated his murderer

1226 Londanense, at Westminster, 13th of January, wherein the pope's bull, reserving to himself two prebends in each cathedral, was reiccted

1226 Parisiense, of Paris, 28th of January, wherein the earl of Toulouse was excommunicated, and his lands were torfeited to the king

1226. Leodiense, of Liege, in February, wherein the bishops of Munster and Osnaburg were deposed as accomplices in the murder of St Englibert

1226 Cremonense, of Cremona, during Pentecest, on the extirpation of the heretits from Italy, the aftairs of the Holy Land, and the reunion of the towns of Lombardy leagued against the emperor 1226, or thereabouts Scoticum, of Scotland, on discipline

Trevirense, of Treves, 1st of March, on the administration of the sacraments and the duties of priests and churchmen

1227 Narbonense, of Nurbonne, during Lent, against the Icws 1227 Romanum, of Rome 18th of November, wherein the excommunication pronounced on the 29th of September, against the emperor, for not proceeding to the Holy Land, was repeated

-, about the end of Lent, wherein the preceding 1228

sentence of excommunication was confirmed.

1228 Lucitanium, of Portugal, against the infringers of ecclesiastical

1229 Meldense, or Parisiense, of Meaux, transferred to Paris, wherein Raymond, earl of loulouse, was reconciled to the church and to the king

1229 Herdense, of Lerida, 29th of March, on discipline and reformation of the clergy

1229 Westmonasteriense, of Westminster, 29th of April, wherein the lay lords refused to grant to the pope a tenth of all the revenues of England and Ireland, to be employed in the war against the emperor Frederic II

1229 Turissoneme, of laraçona in Aragon, 29th of April, wherein the marriage of James I, king of Aragon, with Eleanor of Castrle was declared to be invalid

1229 Tolosanum, of Toulouse, in November, wherein forty five canons were published for the extinction of heresy and the re-establishment of peace

1230 Tarraconense, or Tarragona, 1st of May, wherein five canons were made

1231

Rotomagense, of Rouen, on discipline Apud Castrum Gontern, of Castle Gontier in Anjou, wherein thirty-1231 five canons were made

1232 Nicenum, of Nice, on the jurisdiction of the patriarch

1232 Londinense, of London, wherein the authors of the ill treatment which Roman clerks, who had benefices in England, had received, were excommunicated

1283. Noviomense, of Noyon, in the first week of Lent Laudunense, of Laon, in the week before Passion-week Apud S Quintinum, of St Quintin in Vermandois, at the commencement of September , and another in the same town, on the third Sunday of Advent, on a difference between the king and the bishop of Beauvais

1233 Nymphaense, of Nympha in Bithynia, from 24th of April to 10th of May, on the procession of the Holy Chost

1233 Moguntinum, of Mayence, before August, against certain heretics, called Stadingues

1234. An assembly at Frankfort, 2nd of February, wherein the form of proceeding against heretics, adopted by Conrad of Marpourg, was rejected.

1234 Biterrense, of Beziers, 2nd of April, wherein twenty-six canons were made, five of which are against heretics

1934 Arelatense, of Arles, 10th of July, against heretics

- 1235 Narbonense, of Narbonne, wherein a rule was made for the inqui-
- 1235 Remense, of Rheims, or rather of St Quintin in Vermandois 23rd of July, concerning certain articles which encroached upon the liberties of the church
- 1935 Compendiense, of Compiegue, 5th of August, on the same subject.
 1935 Slyanectense, of Senils, 14th of November, wherein an interdict
 was imposed upon all the king s demeane within the province of Rheims
- 1236 Turonense, of Tours, 10th of June, in favour of the Jews 1237 Herdense, of Lerida, in June, against heretics
- 1237 Londmense, of I ondon, 19th, 21st, and 22nd of November, wherein the legate Otto proposed thirty one decrees, one of which enacted that all acts should from thenceforth be dated on the day, year, and at the place, when and where they were subscribed

- 1238 Copriminense, of Cognac 12th of April, on discipline
 1238 Londinense of London, 17th of May, wherein the legate Otto, who
 had laid an interduct on the town of Oxford, and suspended all the exercises of the University, in consequence of in insult which he had received, demanded satisfaction, which being granted, the interdict was removed
- 1238 Travirense, of Ireves, on St Matthews day, wherein forty-five canons were made
- 12.9 Tarraconense, of Tarragona, 19th of April, wherein five canons were made
- Luronense, of Lours, wherein twelve canons were published. 1239
- 1229 Apud's Quintinum, of st Quintin 2sth of November, against those who maltreated and imprisoned deals 1239 Moguntinum, of Mayence, on the complaints made by the bishop
- of Aichstat against the lay officers of that church
- 1239 Senonense, of Sens, wherein fourteen canons were made concerning
- the secular and regular clergy
 1240 Tarraconense, of Valence in the province of Tarragona, 8th of May, wherein the bishops of that province were forbidden to permit the archbishop of Tolcdo to exercise any jurisdiction within their diocescs
- 1210 Meldense, of Meaux, on the contumacy of the emperor Frederick.
- 1240 Silvancetince, of Seulis, wherein a twentieth of the ecclesiastical revenues was granted to the pope
- 1240 Wigornicuse, of Worcester, 26th of July, wherein a great number of constitutions were published
- 1240 Apud Vallem Guidonis, of Laval in the Maine, on discipline 1241 Oxtribuse, of Oxion, 29th of November wherein it was resolved to send a deputation to the emperor, praying him to leave the election of the pope to the curdinals
- 124? Tarraconense, of Farragona, 15th of May, against heretics, and on discipline
- 1243 Biterrense, of Beziers, 19th of April wherein Raymond, earl of Toulouse, protested against the excommunication of the two Dominican inquisitors
- 1244 Tarriconense, of larragona, against such as robbed, ill-treated, or defamed priests
- 1244 Londinense, of I ondon, 22nd of February, wherein a subsidy was granted to the king
- 1245 Othomense, of Odensee, in Denmark, against the usurpers of ccclestastical property, and those who contemned the ceremonies of the church
- 1245 LUI DUNENSE, of Lyons, the thu teenth (-eneral Council, from 28th of June to 17th of July, wherein the emperor Frederick was deposed, and his subjects were released from their allegiance
- 1246. Biterrense, of Beziers, 19th of April, against heretics, and on discipline

 1246 Fritzlariense, of Fritzlar, 30th of May, concerning the clergy
 1246. Herdense, of Iarid: 19th of October, wherein James, king of Arragon, who had been excommunicated for having caused the tongue of the bishop of Gironne to be cut out, was reconciled to the church

1246. Londinense, of London, 1st of December, on the demand made by the pope to a third of the revenues of the clergy of Figland

1247 Tarraconense, of I arragona, 1st of May, wherein excommunication was pronounced against the usurpers of ecclesiastical goods, and it was orduned that such Saracens as were desirous of baptism should abide for some days with the rectors of the church, to prove their conversion

1247 Stampense, of Lt impes, 23rd of August, on the ecclesiastical affairs of the province of Sens

 1247 Coloniense, of Nuy. near Cologne, 4th of October, wherein William, earl of Flanders was elected king of the Romans
 1248 Tarraconense, of Latrigona wherein provision was made for the safety of the goods of the archbishop, and other holders of benefices, after their death

Parisiense, of Piris concerning the clergy

1248 Vratislaviense, of Bresliu in Silesia wherein a fifth of the revenues of the Polish clergy was granted to the pope for three years

1248 Valentinum, of Valence in Dauphiny, 5th of December, wherein canons were mide for the preservation of the faith, peace, and ecclesiastical liberty, and the excommunication against the emperor I rederick was renewed

1248 or 1249 Scheningiense, of Schening in Sweden, against incontinent

priests

1249 Mildorn inum, of Muldorf, wherein Otto, duke of Bavaria, was compelled to de three against the emperor Frederick II, in favour of William of Holland, his rival

1249 Ultrejethium of Utrecht wherein Goswin, elected bishop of Utrecht in 1246, was compelled to abdicate

12.0 Nicanum, of Nicea

1251 Pruvinence, of Provins, 26th of July, wherein he statutes of the council of Paris in 1248 were renewed

1251 Insulanum, of L Isle in Arles, 19th of September, on discipline
1252 Senonense, of Sens, 15th of November, wherein Theobald earl of
Champagne and king of Navirre, was admonished to desist from
encroaching on the property of the church

1253 Tarraconense, of Larragona 8th of April, on the mode of absolution from excommunication

1253 Ravennensc, of Rivenna, 28th of April, against the usurpers of ecclesistical property

1233. Parisiting, of Paris, 12th of November, wherein a decree was made for the transfer of the Chipter of the church of Chaitres to Mantes 1253. Salmuriance, of Sanur 2nd of December, concerning the sacular

and regular clergy, and against clandestine marriages

1254 Ad Castrum Contern, of Castle Contier, before Laster, in favour of the constitution of Gregory IX 1255 Londinense, of London, 13th of January, against the exactions of the courts of Rome and of Longland

Albiense, of Albi in Lent, against heresy, and on discipline 1955

1255 Burdigalense, of Bordcaux, 18th of April, wherein a constitution of

1255 Burdingaiense, or normana, not a part, and thirteen articles was published
1255 Parisione, of Paris, 1 th of July, wherein a canon of Chartres and his brother were found guilty of murder
1256 n February, wherein arbitrators were applied to the property of the brute.

pointed to decide a dispute between the University and the Friars Preachers

1256 Senonense, or Parisiense, of Sens, or Paris, 31st of July, wherein the decision of the arbitrators above-named was confirmed

1256. Senonense, of Sens, 24th of October, wherein it was ordained that the Chapter of Chartres should be transferred to Etampes

1257 Londinense, of London, 22nd of August, against the exactions of the popt and of the king of Fugland

1257 Danicum, of Denmark, on the violences committed by the lords against the bishops

1258 Mertonense, of Merton, 6th of June, for the defence of the liberties of the church of I is land against the grant of a tenth made by the pope to king Henry III

1258 Roffiacense, of Ruffee in Poitou, 21st of August, on the temporal interests of the church

1258 Monspeliense, of Montpelier, 6th of September, wherein eight canons were made

1259 Moguntinum, of Mayence, on discipline 1260 Coprimitionse, of Cognac

1260 or 1261 Aralatense, of Aries, against the Joachimites, and on discipline

1201 Coloniense, of Cologne 12th of March wherein statutes were made for the regulation of the clerky and monks of Provence

1261 Parisiense, of Piris, 10th of April, to implore the aid of Heaven against the conquest mide by the larters over the Christians

1961 Lambethense, of Limbeth, 13th of May, on the sume subject 1261 Londmens and I cyrlacuse, of London, 18th of May, and of Be-verley, 2ord of May, on the state of the churches of Lugland

1261 Ravennense, of Rivenna, against the Taitais

1261 Moguntinum, of Mayence, to make preparations for resisting the Tartars, and to make regulations for the increase of divine worship and the reform thon of the clergy

1262 Apud Pontem in Hiberius, in Jinu 1779, or discipline
1262 Coprimacense, of Cognic wherein seven articles were made
1263 Parisionse, of Purs, 18th of November wherein a hundredth part of
the revenues of the there yet I rince was granted for five years, in
and of the wars i the Holy Land

1264 Nannetense, of A intes, 1st of July, wherein nine canons were published

1264 Parisiense, of Paris, 26th of August, against swearers and blas-phemers a tenth of the revenues of the French clergy was also granted to Charles of Anjou for the conquest of Sicily

1264 Bononiense, of Bologny, wherein scatteric of excommunication was pronounced against the Linglish barons then at variance with king Henry III

1265 or 1266 North improvements, of Northampton, wherein sentence of

excommunication was pronounced against all bishops and clerks who had favoured Simon Montfort against Henry III According to the chronicle of Dunstavle, this council was held on the least of St Nicholas 1265, but according to the annals of Evesham, in the guinzaine of I ister, 1266

1266. Coloniense, of Colonie, 10th of May, against the injustice and violence which had been committed with impunity for fitteen years during the vacancy of the imperial throne

1266. Bremense, of Bremen, in November, against the incontinence of

clerks, and plurality of benefices Viennense, of Viennam Austria, 10th of May, on the same subject

as the council of Cologne in 1260 Ad Pontem Audomari, of Pont Audemar 30th August, on discipline

1268 Vratislaviense, of Breshu, 2nd of Lebruary, wherein the legate preached the crusade mand of the Holy I and

1268 Londmenre, of London, 16th of April, wherein a decree was published to remedy the disorders occasioned by the civil wir, and to carry into execution the canons which had previously not been

fully observed 1268 Apud Castrum Contern, at Castle Gontier, 23rd of July, wherein seven canons were made

1269 Senonense, of Sens, 20th of October, on discipline

1270 Compendiense, of Compagne, 19th of May, against the usurpers of the goods of the church

- A D 1270 Avenionense, of Avignon, 15th of July, wherein eight regulations were made relative to the clergy
- Langestacum, of Langer in Louraine, about the 1271
- end of January, on discipline. Apud S Quintinum, of St Quintin in Picardy,
- 1273 Redonense, of Rannes, 22nd of May, 1274 LUGDUNFINSE, of Lyons the four teenth General Council, from 7th May to 17th of July, wherein twenty constitutions were published concerning the elections of bishops and the ordinations of clerks, the Greek and I atin churches were re united, and many other canons were made, and discussion was held on the affairs of the Holy Land, and the reformation of manners
- 1274 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, wherein the constitutions of the pre-ceding council were published, and twenty four other rules were made.
- 1275 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 26th of May, where John Veccus was elected patriarch of Constantinople
- 1275 Arelatense, of Arles, on discipline 1275 Lundiense, of Lunden in Denmark, wherein the interdict which had been imposed upon that kingdom for nine years was taken off
- 1276 Salmuriense, of Samur, 31st of August, wherein fourteen canons were made
- 1276 Bituricense, of Bourges, 13th of September, wherein articles were published for the maintenance of ecclesiastical jurisdiction and
- 1277 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, about April, wherein a profession of faith was made, conformable to that of the church of Rome -, 16th of July, wherein the
- 1277 . opponents of the union of the two churches were excommunicated
- 1278 Langensiense, of Langer, wherein a decree of sixteen articles was made. 1278 Compendiense, of Complegue, 9th of April, wherein a decree was made against the Chapters of cathedrals who assumed the right of imposing an interdict on towns for the preservation of their liberties
- 1279 Apud Pontem Audomari, at Pont Audomar, on the observance of Easter, the repairs of churches, &c
- 1279 Biterense, of Beziers, 4th of May, wherein it was ordained that the archbishop of Narbonne should proceed to the next parliament in I rance to complain of the encroachment of the secular over the ecclesiastical power, concerning fiels, service of war, &c, and to demand the conservation of their liberties and privileges
- 1279 Avenionense, of Avignon, 17th of May, against the usurpation of ecclesiastical property, violence committed against the clergy, and contempt of excommunications
- 1279 Redingense, of Reading, 30th of July, wherein the constitutions of the council of Latran in 1215, and of London in 1208, were renewed
- 1279 Budense, of Buda in Hungary, wherein numerous constitutions were made
- 1279 Andegavense, of Angers, 22nd of October, wherein four canons were made
- 1280 Bituricense, of Bourges, in April, wherein the clergy were forbidden to exercise many trades therein chumerated
- 1280 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 3rd of May, on points of doctrine
- 1280. Senoneuse, of Sens, 25th of September, on the violence committed by the lord of Amboisc and Chaumont against the Abbey of Pontlevoi
- 1281 Coloniense, of Cologne, on discipline
- 1231 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, for the reformation of abuses
 1231 Lambethense, of Lambeth, 10th of October, wherein the decrees of the last council of Lyons, and the constitutions of the councils of London in 1268, and of Lambeth in 1261, were renewed.

1281 Parisiense, of Paris, in December, wherein complaint was made of religious mendicants who preached and heard confessions

1282 Londinense, of London, 1st of Much, for the release of Almaric de Montfort the chaplain of pope Martin IV, arrested by the Fig. 1st whilst conducting his sister, the wife of the Prince of Wales, to he husband

- 1282. Tarraconense, of Tarragona, 22nd of March, wherein seven canons were made, one of which prohibits clerks to wear gold or silver buttons, and another, Christ ans to dwell with Jews
- 1282. Avenionense, of Avignon, wherein ten canons were published 1282. Santonense, of Saintes, wherein the bishop of that diocese complained that the bodies of excommunicated persons were interred in the (hurchyards
- 1282. Turonense, of lours, 3rd of August, wherein many abuses were condemned
- 1282. Aquileiense, of Aquila, 14th of December, on discipline
- 1283 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, in January, wherein the patriarch John Veccus was condemned by the schismatics
- 1283 -, on the morrow of Easter, wherein all the bishops who had been concerned in the union of the two churches were condemned
- 1284 Melfitanum, of Melta, 28th of March, wherein a constitution of nine articles was made
- 1285 Lancisciense, of Lencici in Polind, 6th of January, wherein Henry IV, duke of Silesia, wis excommunicated
- Constantinopolitum, of Constantinople, on points of doctrine
- 1286. Regiense, of Riez, 14th of February, wherein twenty three canons were made, one of which ordins prayers for the deliverance of Charles, earl of Provence and king of Sicily
- 1286 Londinense, of I ondon, 30th of April, on points of doctrine
- 1286 Ravennense, of Ravenna, 8th of July wherein a constitution of nine articles wis published, one of which condemns the practice introduced by the latty, of inviting jongleurs and buffoons when they were knighted or married
- 1286 Matisconense, of Mascon, in July, on discipline 1286 Bituricense, of Bourges, 19th of September, wherein articles were
- made to carry into execution the proceedings of previous councils.

 1286 Naumburgense, of Numburg, against those who imprisoned bishops and clerks
- 1287 Herbipolense, of Wurtzburg, 18th of March, wherein regulations were made to remedy the disorders in the church of Germany, and the pope obtained a levy of the tenth penny on all ecclesiastical property
- 1287 Exoniense, of Exeter, 16th of April, wherein constitutions were made r lative to the sacraments and other matters
- 1287 Mediolaneuse, of Milan, 12th of September, wherein the observation of the constitutions of the popes and the laws of the emperor
- Frederick II against heretics, were enforced 1287 Remense, of Rheims, 1st of October, by the bishops of that diocese, on the subject of their privileges
- 1287 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg on the grant of a tenth of ecclesiastical property in aid of the Holy I and
- 1288 Insulanum, of I let in Arles, wherein the statutes of many other councils in the same province were published.

 1288 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, Ilth of November, wherein tablets were presented to (ach bishop, containing an anathema again the clerks who administered the aftairs of secular pinces, as deforbidding the bishops to render homage to the lay lord of the
- 1290 Nugariolense, of Nogaro in Armagnac, 29th of August, wherein ten canons were made, chiefly respecting excommunications and excommunic ited persons
- 1991 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, on he means of aiding the Holy Land.

- 1291 Mediolanense, of Milan 27th of November, for the recovery of the Holy Land, which had been utterly lost by the taking of Acre on the 18th of May in that year
- 1291 Londingnee, of London, wherein a decree was passed against the
- 1292 Tarratonense, of Tarragona, 15th of March, on discipline 1292. Bremense, of Bremen, 17th of March, against those who imprisoned bishops
- 1292 Cicestrense, of Chichester, wherein seven statutes were made, one of which forbids the depasturing of cattle in churchyards
- 1292 Aschaffemburgense, of Aschaffemburg, 15th of September, on discipline
- 1294 Salmuriense of Saumur, 9th of March, wherein five statutes were made, one of which prohibits the imposition of pecuniary penances in confe stion
- 1294 Tarratonense, of Tarragona, wherein a constitution was made in six articles, the fourth of which forbids the repast which parishioners were on certain days accustomed to demand of their pastors
- 1297 Londinense, of I ondon, 14th of January, on the demand made by king Edward for a subsidy
- 1297 Constantinopolitinum, of Constantinople, respecting an anothema which the patriarch Athanasius had pronounced against the emperor
- 1298 Nicosiense, of Nicosia in Cyprus, 23rd of September, wherein a constitution was published on the administration of the sacraments and on discipline
- 1299 Rotomagense, of Rouen 18th of June, on discipline 1299 Biterense, of Beziers, 20th of November, on a dispute between the archbishop and the viscount of Narbonne
- 1999 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, by order of the emperor Andronicus, to annul the marriage of Alexis, his nephew, with the daughter of an Iberian noble the marriage was, however,
- declared to be yalid 1300 Cantuariense, of Canterbury, 17th of June, on the powers of the religious mendic ints in the administration of the sacraments, &c 1300 Mcitonense, of Mcrton, on tythes
- 1300 Austitanum, of Auch, on freedom of elections, &c
- 1 01 Melodunense, of Melun, 21st of January, on disripline
 1301 Remense, of Rheims, 22nd of November, chiefly concerning clerks
 who should be called to secular tribunals
- 1302 Apud Pennam I iddicin, of Pcha Liel, 13th of May, on discipline 13(2) Parisense, of Paris, 10th of April, assimbled by Philip le Bil, who hid imprisoned the bishop of Primers, on the subject of a bull sent to him by pope Boniface VIII in favour of that prelate
- 1.02 Remense, of Rheims, 10th of September, against the proceedings of the Chapters of cathedrils
- 1302 Romanum, of Rome, 30th of October, wherein pope Boniface threatened Philip le Bel, but did not carry his menaces into effect In this council was composed the famous decretal, Unam Sanctam, tending to prove that the temporal power is inferior to the spiritual, and that the pope possesses the right of appointing, correcting, and deposing sovereigns
- 130) Compendiens, of Completine, 4th of January 1303 Parisionse, of Paris, 12th of March, wherein the pope was accused of hercsy, simony, and other crimes
- 1303 -, 1 th of June, wherein the accusations against the pope were repeated, and before the month of September the king obtained upwards of seven bundred acts of appeal, concent and addission, from erclesiastical bodies, bishops, and others Boniface died of chigrin on the 11th of October, 1993, and this famous dispute between Philip le Bel and the pope was amicably terminated by his successor Benedict XI

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF COUNCILS. 259 1303 Nugaroliense, of Nogaro in Armagnac, 2nd of De cember, 1303 Camtracense, of Cambray, 27th of December,
1305 Tarraconense, of Tarragona, 22nd of 1 cbruary
1305 Londineuse, of Chondon, from 15th of September to 5th of October, assembled by Fdward I to consider the means of establishing a lasting peace between England and Scotland Aquileiense, of Aquila, 30th and 31st of January, on discipline 1307 Coloniense, of Cologne, 20th of February, against the Begrads, the infringers of the liberties of the church, and on discipline 1307 Tarraconense, of Tarragona

1307 Sisense, of Sis in Armenia, to cement the union between the churches of Armenia and Rome

1308 Auscitanum, of Auch, 26th of November, wherein six articles were published concerning the clergy

1309 Budense, of Buda in Hungary, 7th of May, in favour of (harles,

on Charobert, king of Hungary
1309 Posoniense, of Presburg,
1309 Udwardense, of Udward in the dioceseof Strigonia, on discipline
1310 Utinense, of Udine in the I riol, 9th of February, wherein the statute of the council of Aquila in 1307 was confirmed

1510 Coloniense, of Cologne, 9th of March on discipline

1310 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, in I cnt, to regulate the payment of the tenth demanded by the pope for two years, and to explain some statutes of preceding councils

1310 Trevirense, of Ireves, 28th of April, wherein 114 statutes were

published. 1310 Moguntinum, of Mayence, 11th of May, wherein an abridgement was made of the acts of preceding councils, and the affairs of the

I emplars were treated of 1310 Ravennense, of Ravenna, 17th of June, for the examination of 1310 Parisiense, of Paris, from 11th to 26th of the accusations pre-

terred as Femplars, October, agamst 1310 Salmanticense, of Salamanca, 2,st of Oc some tober, whom were

1310 Silvancetense, of Senlis, guilty

1311 Ravennensc, of Ravenna, from 17th to 21st June, on discipline

1311 Bergomense, of Bergami, 5th of July,
1311 and 1312 VILNNENSE, of Vienne in Dauphiny, the fifteenth General Council The first session was held on the 16th of October, in the second session, 3rd of April, 1017, the pope published the suppression of the Order of Templars reserving to the church the disjoid of their persons and possissions, he also declared that pope Bonifice VIII, whom Philip le Bel had prosecuted as a heretic, had always been a Catholic Some doctrinal points were discussed, the Begards and Beguins were condemned, and various constitu-tions were made for the regulation of the clergy and religious affairs In the third session, held on the 6th of May, a tenth was granted in aid of the crusade

1313 Magdeburgense, of Magdeburg, 7th of March, on discipline

1314 Parisiense, of Paris, 7th of May, wherein a decree of twelve articles was made, the fourth of which forbids ecclesiastical judges to use vague and general citations

1914 Rayunnense, of Rayunna, 10th of October, Salmariense, of Saumur, 9th of May, on discipline

1315 Nugaroliense, of Nogaro in Armagiac, 1315 Silvanectense, of Senlis, in October, wherein the bishop of Chalons, who had been imprisoned by king I ours, on suspicion of being accessory to the death of Philip le Bel, was released, and his

possessions were restored to him 1316 Adanense of Adena in Armenia, wherein the decrees of the council of Sis, for the reunion of the churches, was confirmed.

1317 Tarracon nse, of larragona, 22nd of lebuary, on discipline 1317 Ravennense, of Ravenna, 27th of October,

1318 Silvanectense, of Senlis, 27th of March, against usurpers of the goods of the church

1318 Casaraugustanum, of Saragossa, 13th of December, wherein the erection of that city into an archbishopric was published.

1320 Senonense, of Sens, 22nd of May

1320 Hallense, of Halle, on discipline

1321 Londinense, of London, in December, 1 1322 Borgolin, of Borgolio, 14th of March, wherein Matthew Visconti was excommunicated

1922 Apud Vallem Olett, of Valladolid, 2nd of August, on discipline
1922 Magdeburgense of Magdeburg, wherein a statute was made for the

defence of the clergy

1322 Colonine, of Cologne, 31st of October, wherein the synodal statutes, made for the diocese of Cologne in 1266, were renewed 1324 Parisense, of Paris, 3rd of March, wherein a statute was published, which ordains that every bishop shall exhort his people to fast on

the eve of the Holy Sacrament.

1324 Toletanum, of Toulouse, 21st of November, wherein eight canons were published, the second of which forbids clerks to shave oftener than once a month

1326. Silvanectense, of Senlis, 11th of April, wherein seven statutes were published

published

326 Avenionense, of Avignon, 18th of June, chiefly concerning the temporal goods and jurisdiction of the church

326 Complutense, of Alcala in New Castile, 25th of June

1326 Marciacense, of Marciac in the diocese of Auch, 8th of December, wherein fitty six canons were published.

1327 Roffiacense, of Ruffec in Poitou, 21st of January

Avenionense, of Avignon, against the antipope Peter de Corbière 1 327

1329 Londinense, of I ondon, in I chruary, wherein a constitution of nine articles was published

1329 Compendiense, of Compiegne, 8th of September, on discipline

1329 Councils were held at Paris, in December, to determine the limits of the royal and ecclesiastical jurisdictions

1330 Lambethense, of Lambeth, wherein was published a constitution of ten articles, the ninth of which forbids the appointment of any hormit without the permission of the bishop of the diocese

1330 Charnense, of Kherna in Armenia, wherein the church of Armenia promised obedience to the pope, as supreme head of the church.

1330 Marciacense, of Marciac, oth of December, against the murderers of the bishop of Aire

the Dishop of Aric

1335 Salmattense, of Salamanca, 24th of May,

1335 1 ratense, of the Priory of Pré, or Bonne Nouvelle,

on discipline 1335 1 ratense, of the Priory of Frag. 1335 1 ratense, of the Priory of Frag. 1336 1 ratense, of Bourges, ended 17th of October, 20th of November, of Castle Gontier, 20th of November,

1536 Apud (astrum Gontern), of Castle Gontier, 20th of November, chiefly concerning the jurisdiction of the church, and its temporal possessions

1337 Avenionense, of Avignon, ended 3rd of September, wherein was pub-lished a decree of six'y-nine articles

1337 Trevirense, of I reves, concerning the clergy

1337 I revitense, or Treves, concerning the energy 1339 I oletanum, of Toledo, 19th of May, on discipline 1340 Nicosianse of Nicosia in Cyprus, 17th of January, wherein were published a confession of faith and a constitution on discipline 1340 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, wherein a priest was degraded. 1341 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, 11th of June, on points of

doctrine

1341 Cantuariense, of Canterbury, on discipline

1342 Salmuriense, of Saumur, whercin thirty-two canons were made, the sixth of which torbids the holding of pleas in churches, or their vestibules

1342. Londmense, of London, 10th of October, on ecclesiastical juris-

- 1343. Londinense, of London, 19th of March, wherein seventeen canons were made against existing abuses
- 1344. Magdeburgense, of Magdeburg, 13th of June, for the defence of ecclesiastical privileges
- 1944 Noviomense of Noyon, 26th of July, on ecclesiastical jurisdiction 1344 or 1945 Armenum, of Armenia, on the errors of the church of
- Armenia
- 1345 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against the Palamites 1347 Parisense, of Paris, from 9th to 14th of March, on collematical jurisdiction, &c
- 1347 Toletanum, or Complutense, of Toledo, or of Alcala in New Castile, ended 24th of April, wherein fourteen statutes were made
- 1347 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, wherein the patriarch John of Apri was deposed
- 1350 Patavinum, of Padua, for the reformation of manners
- 1351 Dublinense, of Dublin, in March, on discipline
 1351 Beterrense, of Beziers, 7th of November, wherein thirty two canons
 were made
- 1355 Pragune, of Prague, wherein sixty eight canons were published 1355 Pragune, of Toledo, ist of October, wherein two articles were published, the first of which declares that the constitutions of the province of Toledo do not oblige "ad culpam," but only ad pæmam, unless they expressly declare to the contrary
- 1356. Londinense, of London, from 16th to 24th of May, wherein a tenth of the revenues of the clergy was granted to the king for one year
- 1365 Aptense, of Apt, 13th of May 1366 Andegavense, of Angers, 12th of March, on discipline, 1367 Eboracense, of York, wherein ten canons were made
- 1368 Vaurense, of Lavaur, from 27th to 31st of May, wherein was published a code of constitutions, chiefly adopted from those of the councils of Avagnon in 1326 and 13.7.
- 1370 Magdeburgense, of Magdeburg, wherein the ancient statutes of that province were renewed
- 1374. Narbonense, of Narbonne, from 15th to 24th of April, wherein were made twenty eight canons, chiefly adopted from those of Lavaur in 1568
- 1375 Unicioviense, of Winuwski, to afford aid to the pope against the sultan Amurat, who menaced Italy
- 1380 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, in July
- 1380 and 1381 Salmanticense, of Medina del Campo in the diocese of Salamanca, from 23rd of November to 19th of May, to decide between the two competitors for the popedom, Urban VI and Clement VII
- 1381 Pragense, of Prague, 29th of April, wherein seven statutes were compiled to interpret those of the archbishop Ernest published ın 1555
- 1382 Londinense, of London, in May, against the Wickliffites or 1382 Oxoniense, of Oxford, 18th of November, Lollards
- 1383 Cameracense, of Cambray, 1st of October, in favour of Clement VIL
- 1386. Saltzburgense, of Saltzbourg, in January, on discipline.
- 1387 Moguntinum, of Mayence, wherein thirty six heretics were con-demned to be burnt
- 1388 Palentium, of Palentia in Spain, 4th of October, on discipline
- 1888 Panormitanum; of Palerino, 10th of November, for the reformation of the clerg
- 1390 Coloniense, of Cologne, 16th of September, wherein the ancient statutes of the province were renewed
 1391 Londinense, of London, 28th of April, wherein the constitution or Depart Ways to the form.
- Robert Winchelsea for preventing the encroachment of stipendiary priests on the rights of the curates was renewed
- 1392. Pragense, of Prague, 17th of June, wherein secular judges were forbidden to hinder criminals condemned to death from receiving the Lucharist, if they wished it.

- Trajectinum, of Utrecht, 30th of September, wherein a pretended 1902 bishop was degrad d
- 1595 Parisiense, the first national council of France, 4th of February, on the means of ending the schism in the church
- 1396. Arbogense, of Arbogen in Sweden on discipline
- 1597 Iondamense, of London, 19th of Lebruary, against the Wickinffles 1598 Parisense, the scood national council of trance, assembled 22nd of Wiy In the second section in July, it was resolved by those present to withdraw their obedience from pope Benedict
- 1401 Londmense, of I ondon, from 20th of January to 8th of March, against the Wickhiffltes
- 1404 Parisieuse, of Paris, 21st of October, wherein eight articles were made for the conservation of the privileges of the church during the schism
- 1406 Hummaburgense, of Hamburgh, wherein the idea that "to die in the habit of St I rancis was to be assured of life eternal" was con-
- 1406 Parisiense, of all the elergy of France, convened on the feast of St.
 Martin, and ended on the 16th of January ensuing for the ter mination of the schism It was decided to convene a general council, and to withdraw from their obedience to pope Benedict
- 1408 Renance, of Rhams, 28th of April, on the me ins of ramedying the
- 1400 ne neise, of ancies, zoin of april, on the me ins of remedying the disorders caused by the schism, and on discipl at 1408 Londinesse, of I ondon, 23rd of July, wherein the elergy of England, Soft and, and Ireland engaged to withdraw their obedience from Gregory VII, and to join the cardinals who had convoked the council of Past
- 1408 Parisiense, the third general council of France, held at Paris, from 11th of August to oth of November, on the conduct of the French church during the neutrality On the 20th of October those prelates who adhered to Benedict AIII were declared to be abettors of the schism, the bearers of a bull from that pope were ignominiously punished, and prelates and other deputies were named to usust at the council of Pisa
- 1408 Perpiniacense, of Perpinan, wherein pope Benedict was, on 1st of February, 1409 persuaded to send nuncios to Gregory MIL and his cardinals then holding a council at Pisa
- 1409 Francofurtures, of Frankfort, about the Tpiphany, to invite the printes and princes of Germany to the council of Pisa
- 1409 Oxonicase, of Oxford, 14th of January, wherem rules were made for the preachers and professors of the Universities on account of the new opinions of Wickliff
- 1409 Florentinum, of I lorence, in February, wherein the decree of that republic for the withdrawal of obedience from Gregory XII was confirmed
- 1409 Pisanum, of Pisa, from 25th of March to 7th of August fourth session, held 30th of March, the rival popes, not appearing, were declared to be contumations in the cause of the faith and of the schism, and on the 5th of June they were declared to be schismatics, heretics, and perjurors, and were deposed. On the 2uth of June, Peter of Candia, cardinal of Milan, was elected pope under the name of Alexander V, who confirmed all the proceed-ings of the cardinals from the 8th of May, 1408
- 1409 Aquileense, of Austria, near Udine, in the diocese of Aquila, during the sitting of the council of Pisa, wherein the pretended pope Gregory MI pronounced sentence against Peter de Luna, and against Alexander V, Peter of Candia, whom he declared to be schismatics, and their elections null and sacrilegious.
- 1410 Salmanticense, of Salamanca, in favour of Benedict XIII
- 1412 and 1413 Romanum, of Rome, from the end of 1412, to 18th of June, 1413, against the writings of Wickliff
- 1413. Londs sense, of London, ended 26th of June, against Sir John Oldcastle, thief of the Lollards

1414 CONSTANTIENSE, of Constance, the seventeenth General Connect

The first session was held on it e loth of November, wherein it was decided that the deputies and lay doctors should have a deliberative vo ce in the second session, 2nd of Mirch, 1415, the pope so lemnly published his act of cession in the third session, on the 26th of the same month, the council was declared to be lawful the fourth session was held on the 30th of March, in the fifth, held on the 6th of April, all persons were enjoined to obey the held of the 6th of April, all persons were enjoined to one; the decrees of the council. On the 29th of Mi, pope John XVIII was deposed. Gregory XII abda the 4th of July. The errors of Wickliff were condumned in the seventh session, 2nd of May 1415 in the fifteenth session, held 6th of July, 1415, John Husswas condumned to be burnt in the forty-first session, held 11th of November, Othol 417, Colonia was elected pope, under the name of Martin V. The council ended 2 nd of April, 1418

1418 Saltzburgense; of Saltzburg, 18th of November,
1420 Calischurase, of Kalish in the diocese of Guesna, in
Poland, 25th of September,
1421 Pragence, of Prigue, 7th of June,

1424 Coloniense, of Cologue, 22nd of April,

1123 Licinense, or Papicinse, of Pavia, in May, transferred to Sienna, 22nd of June

1423 Senting, of Sichna, 22nd of August 1425 Treviense, of Treves 26th of April, against heretics

1425 Hafmense, of Copenhagen, 21st of January, on discipline and reformation of manuers

1429 Rigen e, of Righ, wherein deputies were sent to the pope to com

plan of the oppression of that church 1429 Paris case, of Paris, from 1st of Much to 2 rd of April, wherein rules were made touching the duties and manners of cecles istics, the celebration of Sunday, and the expenses of burns of marriage The second of these rules probabits the celebration of an absurd ceremony, termed the feast of Fool, established in the church of Piris about the end of the twelfth century

1429 Dertusanum, of Lortosa in Catalonia, from 19th of September to 5th of November, wherein decrees were made concerning the divine service, the ornaments of churches instruction of youth, the qualifications of the holders of benefices &c

1430 Aschaffemburgense of Aschaffemburg 12th of November, on the means of redice ing the grievances of the church of Germiny

1431 Numetense, of Nuntus, from 2ord of April to 2nd of May, on dis cipline.

1431 Bashiese, of Basic, the eighteenth General Council, transferred from Pavia to Sienna, and from Sienna to Basie opened 23rd of The first session was held on the 14th of December, 1431. and the twenty minth and last, in May, 1443 | The chief objects of this council were the re umon of the Greek and Latin churches. and the general reformation of the church

14.8 Ferrariense, of Ferrara, on the sime subject as the preceding council.

The first session was held on the 10th of January, 1438, and the last, on the 10th of January, 1409

1438 An assembly of the electors of the empire at Frankfort, during Lent, wherein Albert of Austria was elected king of the Romans,

1438 A numerous assembly at Bourges, wherein, on the 7th of July, was composed the celebrated rule called the Pragmatic Sanction, which acknowledges the authority of general councils to be superior to that of the pope

1439 FLOREVINUM, of Florence, a general council, being a continuation of that of Ierrara, from 29th of February, 1439, to 26th of April, 1442, for the re union of the Greek and Latin churches
1439 Moguntinum, of Mayence, in March, wherein the decrees of the

preceding councils, excepting those against pope Lugenius, were admitted

1440 Bituricense, of Bourges, from 26th of August to 11th of September,

A D

wherein Charles VII and the bishops declined to recognise the council of Ferrara, or to abolish the Pragmatic Sanction, Frisingense, of Frisingen in Germany, on discipline

1441 Moguntinum, of Mayence, wherein various decrees of the council of Basle were received

Rotomagense, of Rouen, 15th of December, wherein forty one statutes were made

Andegavense, of Angers, 19th of July, for the reformation of abuses 1449 Lausanense, of Lausanne, 16th of April, wherein the renunciation of the popedom by Felix V was ratified

1450 Constantinopolitanum, of Constantinople, against the re union of the churches made at the council of Florence

1451 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, 8th of February, on the reformation of the monasteries of thit province

1452 Coloniense, of Cologne, 3rd of March, on discipline

1452 Magdeburgense, of Magdeburg, on the day of Pentecost, for the reformation of canons regular

1453 Cashelense, of Cashel, celebrated at Limerick on the 6th of August. wherein 121 rules were made, one of which forbids clerks to wear moustaches

1455 Aschaffemburgense, of Aschaffemburg, 15th of June, against the Hussites

1455 Suessionense, of Soissons, 11th of July, wherein the decree of the council of Basle, touching the mode of chanting the divine service, was confirmed

1457 Avenionense, of Avignon, 7th of September, wherein the proceedings of the council of Basle were confirmed

1478 Madritense, of Madrid, to remedy the ignorance of the Spanish clergy, scarcely one of whom understood I atin

1473 Arandense, or Kandense, of Aranda, in Old Castile, on discipline 1486 Cantuariense, of London, by the archbishop of Canterbury, 3rd of

February, on the reformation of manners 1485 Senonense, of Sens, 23rd of June, wherein the constitutions of Louis de Melun, archbishop of Sens, were confirmed, and deliberation was held on the celebration of divine service, the reformation of the clergy, the duties of laymen towards the church, payment of tithes, &c

1490 Saltzburgense, of Saltzburg, 19th of October, on discipline 1510 Turonense, of Iours, in September, on the subject of the war about to be declared by Louis XII, in favour of his ally, Alfonso, duke of Ferrara, against pope Julius II
1510 Paterkavense, of Peterkau, in Polind, 11th of November, on dis-

cipline.

1511 Pisanum, of Pisa, held by certain cardinals, and called by them a general council, because pope Julius II had not held the general council, which at his election he had sworn to assemble It was opened on the 1st of September, 1511, and the last session was held on the 21st of April, 1512

1512 LATERANENSE, of Latran, convened by pope Julius II by a bull dated 18th of July, 1:11 It was opened on the 3rd of May, 1512, and the last session was held on the 16th of March, 1517

1523 Parisiense, of Paris, from 3rd of February to 9th of October, against the errors of Luther, and on discipline

1528 Bituricense, of Bourges, 21st of March, 3 on the same subjects
1528 Lugdunense, of Lyons, 21st of March, 3 on the same subjects
1536 Coloniense, of Cologne, on the duties of ecclesiastics, the administration of the sacraments, sepulture, fasts, litanies, processions,

monastic orders, &c

1545 TRIDENTINUM, of Irent, the last General Council, against the errors
of Lather, Zungle, and Calvin, and for the reformation of discipline and manners The first session was held on the 13th of December, 1545, and the last on the 3rd of December, 1563.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF COUNCILS.*

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REGNAL YEARS OF SOVEREIGNS

ONE of the most important and usual dates, as well in this as in other European countries, is that of the vear of the reign of the Sovereign in which an event occurred, or by whom any public instrument was issued. Although Justinian was the first Emperor who adopted this practice *, it was before in use by the barbarian Kings whose dominions were formed out of the ruins of the Empire, and particularly by the French Monaichs But the epoch fixed upon as the commencement of the regnal years of the French Kings, was not always strictly marked in instruments Whenever the date was introduced by the Merovingian monarchs, the expression was, "Given in year of our reign," which form was continued until the time of Louis le Debonnaire Under the Carlovingian Princes, so low as the first three reigns of the third race, notaries stated that the act was done in the year of the reign of such a King, butsafter Philip I, the custom of the Merovingian Sovereigns was partly revived The grand Feudatories of the crown also dated "in the reigns of the Kings of France" During an interregnum, it was usual to date from the death of the preceding King, and there are instances of this being done even during the reign of his successor

The dates of regnal years have been extremely various, and it is scarcely possible to reconcile many of them with any general principle, or to make them agree with each other, or with History This fact has often caused documents which were unquestionably authentic, to be rejected as forgeries It is necessary to remember

^{*} In September, A D 537 De Vaines' Dictionnaire Raisonne de Diplomatique, art "Dates," from which learned work the remarks in the text on the regnal years of the French and other I oreign Monarchs have been translated.

that the reign of one King often formed several epochs. That of Charlemagne, for example, presents no less than three his reign over France, over the Lombards, and his Empire Some Kings dated from their Coronation, which, in early periods, frequently occurred in the lifetime of their fathers, from their accession to the Crown, from their marriages, from their conquest, at different periods, of other Kingdoms, &c Many Sovereigns computed their reigns from the entire revolution of one regnal year, while others included the fractions of a year, that is to say, a Prince having ascended the throne in the middle, or towards the close of a civil year, that year was reckoned as an entire year

Bulls - The date of the regnal year of the Emperors was first introduced into Builts by pope Vigilius, in the sixth century, and the custom was continued until the middle of the eleventh century After the establishment of the Empire of the West by the French Monarchs, the dates of their coronation succeeded that of the Greek Emperors in Bulls, but in the tenth century the regnal years of the Emperors were again used After the time of the Emperor Otho this custom fell into desuetude, and no instance is known of its occurrence subsequent to the year 1038 The genumeness of any Bull in which such a date is introduced, since that period, is therefore open to much suspicion From what has been just said, it is to be inferred that the omission of the date of the Emperors in Bulls, from the middle of the sixth to the middle of the eleventh century, ought not to create a doubt of their authenticity that a Bull anterior to the sixth, and subsequent to the eighth century, which contains the date of the reign of an Emperor of Constantinople, ought, at least, to be suspected, and that if it contains the date of an Emperor of the West between 919 and 962, it is evidently false.

Ecolesiastical Instruments. — The Churches of Spain and France dated their acts from the reign of their Kings, as early as the sixth century, as appears by

the council of Tarragona, in 516, and by the fifth council of Orleans, which is the first dated from the reign of a King of France This date was afterwards very generally adopted, and in the eleventh century, the custom became nearly universal

Public Acrs and Charters — It has already been observed that Justinian first ordered the regnal years of the Emperors to be inserted in public acts, but though this fact is certain, it is not unlikely that such a date may be found previous to his reign. From the second, to part of the third century, the reigns of the Emperors were usually reckoned from the time when they assumed the title of "Augustus," and not from the period when they were recognised as Emperors by the senate. From the close of the third, and in the fourth century, the reigns were computed from the time when they were made Emperors

The following observations on the date of the regnal years of Sovereign Pances will be divided according to centuries

THE FIFTH AND SIXTH CENTURIES.

The acts of the first Kings of France, besides the date of the day, contained the date of their reign, and they omitted that of the Emperors, to show their independence of Imperial supremacy The dates of private charters of the Romans and Gauls, in the sixth century, were nearly the same, and only differed from each other by the former being dated more frequently in the years of the consulate of the Emperors, and the latter more frequently in the years of the reign of their Kings The last date often caused much confusion, as the regnal years of a Prince did not then always commence with his accession. but occasionally with the civil year, so that it was sometimes requisite to compute their reigns by the current year, and sometimes by the year which ended on the anniversary of the day on which they mounted the throne.

THE SEVENTH CENTURY

In the seventh century, the regnal years of the French Kings were so commonly used, that in many instances no other date occurs In Italy they still dated in the years of the Emperors

THE EIGHTH CENTURY.

Charlemagne, until the year 800, used both the date of the years of his reign in France, and of his reign in Italy. As these events have several distinct epochs, that practice often creates embarrassment. The death of his father, King Pepin, his coronation, and the death of his brother Carloman, after which he reigned alone, are all periods from which his reign in France is dated. During the interregna, or in the time of Princes who were not recognised as Kings, private charters of this age (in places where it was customary to use the regnal year), were dated in such or such year after the death of the last King

THE NINTH CENTURY.

In the succeeding centuries, especially from the ninth, in France and Germany, the years of the reigns of Sovereigns were frequently reckoned, when indicating a new regnal year, from the commencement of the civil year, which then began at Christmas Thus, a Prince, having ascended the throne on the 20th of December, would call the period from that day to the 25th of the same month the first year of his reign, and his second regnal year commenced from the 25th, because regard was only paid to the civil year, and not to the revolution of 365 days from the beginning of the reign Besides this mode of computing the regnal years in the ninth century, they were dated from different epochs

The dates in the acts of Louis le Debonnaire are reckoned from two epochs—his reign over Aquitaine,

and his Empire The years of his reign in Aquitaine were only reckoned from Easter day, 781, on which he was crowned King at Rome, though he had been named King of Aquitaine from his birth. The epoch of his Empire was fixed to the 28th of January, 814, though he was crowned Emperor in the month of September, 813

Four epochs are to be discovered, from which the years of the reign of Lothaire were computed. The first was from the 31st of July, 817, when he was associated in the Empire by Louis le Debonnaire, the second began in 822, when he was sent to the Kingdom of Italy, the third in 823, when he received the Imperial Crown from the hands of the Pope, and the fourth in 840, when he succeeded his father in the Empire.

The acts of Louis II, son of the Emperor Lothaure, were also dated from four epochs. The first from the year 844, when he was declared King of Italy, the second from the year 849, when he was associated in the Empire by his father, the third from the 2nd of December, 849, the day of his coronation as Emperor, and the fourth from the 28th of September, in the year 855, when he succeeded his father

In dating the acts of Charles the Bald, no less than six epochs were used. The first was from the year 837, when his father gave him the Kingdom of Neustria, the second from the year 838, when he was made King of Aquitaine, the third from 839, when the lords of that Kingdom swore fealty to him, the fourth from 840, when he succeeded Louis le Debonnaire, the fifth from the 9th of September, 870, when he was crowned at Metz as King of Lorraine, and the sixth and last from the 25th of December, 875, when he was crowned as Emperor.

Charles le Gros likewise used divers epochs The first was the death of his father, the 28th of August, 876, the second from the year 879, when he was made King of Lombardy, the third from Christmas, 580, the day on which he was crowned Emperor, the

fourth from the 20th of January, 882, the day of the death of his brother Louis, King of Austrasia, or Eastern France, the fifth from the year 884, in which Carloman, King of France, died

Louis of Bavaria, also, dated from divers epochs. The first was from the end of the year 825, the second from the year 833 or 834, the third from the year 838; and the fourth from the year 840. It is presumed that the commencement of the reign of King Eudes was dated from several epochs, the two principal of which are the years 887 and 888. this last being that of his coronation. The first epoch of the reign of Arnould as from the month of November, 887, when he was declared King of Germany, on the deposition of Charles le Gros, the second is from the year 894, when he went into Italy, and the third from the year of his elevation to the Empire, in 896

Other Kings dated more commonly from one epoch, namely, from the beginning of their reign. It is necessary to be observed, that Sovereigns were not always acknowledged immediately on their accession, in all parts of the Kingdom, for this sometimes did not take place for two, three, or four years afterwards. Thus, the beginning of the same reign varies in different provinces.

The most usual date in the private charters of the ninth century, is that of the reigns of Kings and Emperors. It has been already said, that it was usual to date from the death of a King In this century, charters were occasionally dated, during an interregnum, in the reign of Jesus Christ ("regnante Christo"), which formula was even used in countries where a King existed, but had not yet been acknowledged

THE TENTH CENTURY

In this century, many Sovereigns dated their instruments from different epochs of their reign Chailes le Simple used four.—the first was the 28th of January, 893, the year of his coronation, the second the 3rd of January, 898, the year of the death of King Eudes, when he became master of all the French monarchy. the third, the 21st of January, 912, the year of the death of Louis of Germany, when he began to reign in Lorraine, the fourth was the year 900, when he was acknowledged in Aquitaine Raoul dated from the vear of his coronation, 923 Louis d'Outremer generally dated from his coronation, in 936, but sometimes from the death of his father, Charles le Simple, in 929 Lothaire, son of Louis d'Outremer, very rarely dated his public acts from his association in the throne in the year 952, during his father's lifetime, but commonly from his coronation, in the year 954 Louis V, son of Lothaire, and the last King of the second race, was associated in the regal dignity in the year 979, by his father, with whose name his own is joined in some instruments, but he is not known to have granted any after the death of Lothaire

Under the third race, public acts varied much in their dates. Those of Hugh Capet are dated from his election, in the year 987, and in 988, when he associated his son Robert with him in the throne—the greater part of his instruments are dated from both epochs

It must not be forgotten that the revolution of the regnal year was not always computed from the time of the coronation, but from the first day of the civil year. The observation relative to the private charters of the preceding century is also applicable to this. The Kings were not always acknowledged by all the provinces under their dominions immediately after their coronation, and in the interregnum it was usual to date "from the reign of Jesus Christ," or from the death of the last King. In Italy, the date of the reigning King was always used. The emperors of Germany in this century usually dated from their elevation to the throne but as they did not bear the title of Emperor until after they were crowned as such, they sometimes dated from the period when they received the Imperial

crown Some of them used many other epochs with reference to their acquisitions, as well by succession as by right of conquest.

THE ELEVENTH CENTURY

It was especially in the eleventh century that the Ecclesiastical calculation began to be attended to, and it is evident, by the accumulation of dates introduced into charters, that a knowledge of the subject was much cultivated but the different modes of reckoning the years, and the very frequent variations in the dates of the reigns of the Kings of France, are a source of great perplexity to chronologists Their public acts often show many fixed points, derived from certain events. which deserve to be considered as epochs, but there are others, and in great numbers, which, from the faults of the copyists, or from the different periods at which the French Kings were successively acknowledged by their provinces and their subjects, from the different manner of beginning the civil year and the years of the reigns, or from our ignorance as to what may have served as epochs, confuse those who seek to reconcile all the dates which occur therein, with each other The observation applies particularly to this century, although the preceding is not free from similar inconveniences It is, however, sufficient to mention the fixed epochs of this period which have been most used in dates for to such acts as are otherwise dated, the preceding observation applies.

The first epoch of the reign of King Robert is the 30th of December, 987, the day on which he was crowned but his coronation is more frequently assigned to the 1st of January, 988, and these two epochs are improperly confounded, because the regnal year was reckoned according to the civil year. The third is from the death of Hugh Capet, who had associated Robert in the throne, on the 24th of October, 996, which epoch is the best known, and most followed. A fourth

was the second coronation of Robert at Rheims, in 990 or 991, but this was rarely used.

Henry the First was crowned at Rheims on the 14th of May, 1027, during his father's lifetime, and succeeded him on the 20th of July, 1031. These are the only two dates derived from known and settled points.

Charters of unquestionable authenticity differ from each other in the reign of Philip the First, in which there were at least four epochs. The first was the day of his coronation, the 25th of May, 1059, the second from the death of King Henry, his father, the 4th of August, 1060, the third from the time when Philip assumed the government of the Kingdom, in 1061, the fourth from the death of Count Baldwin, his guardian, in 1067

The public acts of the Emperor Henry the Second are dated from two epochs from the 6th of June, 1002, on which day he succeeded his father, Otho III, and from the 14th of February, 1014, on which he was crowned Emperor His successor, Conrad II, also reckoned both from his accession to the throne, and from his coronation as Emperor. Henry III added thereto the epochs of his association in the throne by Conrad III, and of his coronation at Soleure, as King of Burgundy, in 1038 Henry IV reckoned from the year 1054, when he was declared and crowned King of Germany, from the 5th of October, 1056, when he succeeded his father, and from the 31st of March, 1084, when he received the Imperial crown The Kings of Spain rarely use the years of their reign

Remarks on the use of the regnal year in the diplomas of the Kings of England, will be found in another part of the volume *

THE TWELFTH CENTURY.

The dates of the reigns of the Kings of France in the twelfth century were still taken from different epochs.

Vide pp. 283, et seq postea,

Louis le Gros reckoned the years of his reign from his association in the throne by his father, and from his coronation after his father's death, the first of which events is fixed to the year 1099, and the second to the 3rd of August, 1108 In the first period, instruments were often dated from the joint reign of the father and the son, and sometimes from the reign of either of them separately in the second, many acts were dated, precisely, from the month of August, 1109, and not from the beginning of the civil year, so that acts, of the year 1109, were nevertheless dated from the first year of the reign of Louis VI It is singular that Louis le Gros should sometimes, in his acts, have added the years of the reign of his Queen to those of his own and it is no less extraordinary, that he should have admitted the years of the reign of his eldest son Philip, and especially those of Louis le Jeune, after their respective coronations in 1129 and 1131, and that he should have mentioned, in his dates, the consent of his children.

Louis VII was consecrated on the 15th of October. 1131, and assumed the administration of the Kingdom during the long illness of his father, whom he succeeded on the 1st of August, 1137 or 1136 All these events have served as epochs whence part of his acts are dated Moreover, he was crowned four times the first time at his consecration, and the three others at his successive marriages, which perhaps form four additional epochs He also dated from the birth of his son, Philip-Augustus, and sometimes the date of the reign is not found in his acts. Philip-Augustus was consecrated at Rheims, on the 1st of November, 1179, and crowned, a second time, at St Denis, on the 29th of May, 1180, and succeeded his father on the 18th of September in the same year, from which three epochs his public instruments, as well as historians, date the years of his reign.

The great vassals of the crown showed scarcely any other mark of dependence on the Kings of France than dating their charters in the years of their reign. but even this was not always observed, and when they did so, they added thereto the regnal years of some other Sovereign

The Emperors of Germany in this century dated from two epochs, from their elevation to the throne of Germany, and from their coronation as Emperors, with the exception of Conrad III, who always dated from the years of his reign only, even after he received the Imperial crown In Spain, the dates of the regnal year were still rare, but in the charters of the Kings of England and Scotland they often occur This date was always used in private charters

THE THIRTEENTH CENTURY

In the thirteenth century, important documents are easily distinguished from those of less moment, by the date of the reign, which does not occur in the latter

The coronation of Philip-Augustus, during the life of Louis le Jeune, his father, on the 1st of November, 1179, and the death of the latter, formed two epochs for dating his regnal years

Louis VIII, the first Capetian King who was not crowned during the lifetime of his father, dated from the beginning of his reign only Although Saint Louis did not attain his majority until the 25th of April, 1236, he always dated his acts from the death of his father, and from the year of his coronation in 1226 Philip III dated from his coronation, in 1270. Philip IV rarely used the date of his reign, but only the date of the current year The emperor Frederick II dated from four epochs. - first, from his coronation at Palermo, as King of Sicily, in 1198: secondly, from the day of his election as successor to the Kingdom of Germany, in 1212, and not from the day of his coronation, thirdly, from the 22d of November. when he received the Imperial crown at Rome, fourthly, from his title of King of Jerusalem, which he assumed

in 1226, during the life of Jane of Brienne. Nevertheless, the date of the regnal year does not always appear in the acts of this Prince The Emperor Philip, and his successors, dated from their coronations

The years of the reign are frequently omitted in the acts of the Kings of Spain. The Kings of England dated either from their coronation, or from the year in which they were acknowledged as Kings, but this date is not always found in the acts of the Kings of Scotland.

Among the dates of private charters, that of the reign of the Sovereign Princes is usual but sometimes, as in Normany, they are only dated at the place, on the day, and in the current year. In England, the date of the reigning Prince was generally introduced

THE FOURTFENTH CENTURY.

In the fourteenth century, the dates of the years began to be derived from one epoch. Louis X, although King of Navarre as early as 1307, only dated his acts from his reign over the French, that is, from the year 1314, after the death of his father. After the death of Louis X, in 1316, the regency of the Kingdom was conferred upon his brother, Philip le Long. In the Interval from the 8th of June, 1316, to the 9th of January of the same year (i e 1317, the year having began at Easter), the day of his coronation, he issued many acts in quality of Regent. But these two Kings, and many of their successors in this century, did not date from their reign, but only used the common dates of place, day, and the current year. The only exceptions are some acts of John II and of Charles V

The Emperors often dated from the year of their reign, though from only one epoch they only added thereto the date of the place, day, and current year. The Kings of Spain and Sicily dated nearly in the same manner. The charters of the Kings of England differed little in this respect from those of other Sovereigns, and it is to be remarked, only, that Edward III. sometimes used

the date of his reigns in France as well as in England * In France, as well as in England, private charters were sometimes, in this century, dated from the reigns of the respective Monarchs

THE FIFTEENTH CENTURY.

In the fifteenth century, Charles VII, Louis II, and the two following Kings of France, dated in the years of their reigns, but always from one epoch only, whereas the Emperors of Germany still dated from many epochs. viz, from their accession to the throne of the Romans, of Hungary, of Bohemia, &c, and from their Imperial coronation But these various dates, both in this and in the following century, were specified by the common formula — "Of our reign in Hungary, the year, ' &c — "Of our reign in Bohemia, the year," &c While the Duke of Albany administered the affairs of Scotland, the public instruments were dated in the years of his government †

THE SIXTEENTH CENTURY

In the acts of the Kings of France in the sixteenth century, the dates of the place, of the day of the current year, and of the reign, uniformly occur

^{*} Vide p 318 postea. † For example — "Datum sub testimonio magni sigilli officii nostri, apud villam de Innerkethyne, decimo nono die mensis Augusti, anno Do-num 1423, et Gubernationis nostræ tertio." — kædera, vol x p 203.

REGNAL YEARS OF THE KINGS OF ENGLAND

THE importance of extreme accuracy respecting the REGNAL* YEARS OF THE KINGS OF ENGLAND, IS at once shown by the fact that, in most instances, after the reign of Henry the Second, no other date of a vear occurs, either in public or private instruments, than the year of the reign of the existing Monarch, and that an error respecting the exact day from which the regnal year is calculated, may produce a mistake of one entire year in reducing such date to the year of the Incarna-Every year of a King's reign is in two years of our Lord, except (which has never yet happened in England), in the case of an accession on the 1st of January The first year of the reign of our late Sovereign commenced on the 26th of June, 1830, and terminated on the 25th of June, 1831 If, therefore, the beginning of that reign be erroneously calculated, - for example, from the 28th instead of from the 26th of June, 1830, -every document dated on the 26th and 27th of June. 1 William IV, would be assigned to the year 1831, instead of the year 1830, and a similar mistake would occur on each of those days in every year of that reign.

^{*} The necessity of a word to express the sentence — years of a King's reign," — might almost justify the creation of one for the purpose, but though the appropriate word "regnal" does not occur in any dictionary, there are early authorities for its use, in the sense in which it is employed in the text. In the dedication of Hopton's "(oncordancy of Years," to Lord Chief Justice Coke, first published in 1615, he says, "After, as induced by complaint of some, I observed the inconveniences that happened to the vulgar wits and mean capacities, in the calculation of the expiration of time by such rules and computations as be now extant, occasioned chiefly thereunto by the participation of every one regnal year with two ecclession years, because the year of any Princ's reign (as yet) began in one year of our Lord, taking part of the same, ending in the next, and participating likewise thereof, by which means, when a question is made by the regnal year only, the common doubt is, to which year of our Lord it answers unto, or, a question being made by the year of our Lord, without mention of the regnal year, to know if it answer to the year of the King that did take beginning or ending in the ecclession year." In the preface to the "Chronica Juridicalia," published in 1680, the word regnal also occurs. After notiong the civil and astronomical years— "thirdly, there is what we call the year regnal, and that beginneth on the day, and at the immediate moment, of the decease of each last preceding King, to the rightful heir and successor of this Imperial crown."

The effect of an error of even a few days, much more of one entire year, in the date of events, must be evident, and a correct TABLE OF THE RLONAL YEARS OF THE KINGS of England is consequently a sine qua non to the historical student Without it he will often find himself embarrassed by the impossibility of reconciling the date of one instrument relating to a particular affair, with other documents on the same subject A suspicion of the genuineness of some of them will be created, and with respect to circumstances of which the precise time is not settled by other evidence, he may be led by such discrepancies into fatal errors From mistakes in Chronology, effects are confounded with their causes, and deductions are drawn, and hypotheses formed, on imaginary discoveries The pride of detecting what are supposed to be the oversights of preceding writers, often imparts an air of triumph to an Historian's statements, and his fancied superiority displays itself in an ill-concealed sneer at the ignorance or carelessness of his predecessors His readers, misled by such an appearance of critical sagacity, naturally adopt his opinions, and his errors being diffused and perpetuated by succeeding writers, become part of what is called " History"

The value of accurate Tables of the REGNAL YEARS of English Sovereigns being indisputable, some surpise must be felt, when it is stated that no Table of this nature has ever been printed which is not full of errors, not in one or two reigns only, but in the reigns of nearly all our early Monarchs. These mistakes have originated in assuming, on the dictum of legal authorities*, that at all periods of English history

^{*} In Michaelmas term, 1 Fhz, the Judges, Chief Baron, and Attorney and Solicitor General, formed several resolutions in relation to the statute Ledw VI (ap 7 for discontinuance of certain offices on the demise of the King, the first of which resolutions was, that "The King who is herr or successor may write and begin his reign the said day that his progenitor or predecessor died "—Dyer's Reports, p 165, and Anderson's First Report, p 44. Two references to this subject only have been found in the Year Books In a case argued in Michaelmas term, 4 Hen VI 1425, Fulthorp, one of the King's sergeants, observed, "Come en case mittomus, que le Roy se demurrust, en le matin ("un jour, ceo die que ceo pour serra dit ceo jour tange al nute, et touts les briefs et patents en ceo nome, et ment de-

as at present, in contemplation of the law, "the King never dies," that there is no inchoate or incomplete right in the next heir, but that he succeeds de facto, as well as de jure, the instant his predecessor expires, and that the reign of every English Monarch has always begun on, and was calculated from, the day of the death of the preceding Sovereign. It will, however, be proved that, from the reign of John to that of Edward VI, the several reigns did not commence until some act of sovereignty was performed by the new Monarch (generally the "proclamation of his peace"), or until he was publicly recognised by his subjects, and that, in the cases of the first eight Kings after the Conquest, their reigns did not begin until the solemnis-

south le nosme de novel roy "— Y B 4 Hen VI p 7 A similar opinion was expressed by the Court in Michae lmas term, 7 Hen VII p 14, in a case of dicination in mortimain, wherein it wis laid down, that the year must be reckoned from the day after the alienation "Come is le Roy murrust ext jour, et mesme le jour un nutre est exclue, in exters il serra pris le jour de cesty que est mort "— 1 B 7 Hen VII p 5 I his dutum agrees with the decision in Coke is hith Report, which will be again quoted, that there cannot be a fraction or division of a divin law, on account of the uncertainty, but, as will appar in a subsequent put of this article, such division of a day existed in the ext of the regnal years of I'dward I, and that from the regn of Fdward VI to the present time, the day on which the King dies is considered the first day of the regn of his successor, as well as the last day of the right of the decessed monarch, It is said, in Howell's State Trais, that since the accession of Ldward the First, there has been no interregum "The crown has always been claimed though not constantly enjoyed, by right of blood," and from the precedents additiced, and opinions taken, at the accession of I dward the First, there has been no interregum within the same "(Vol in p. 62b.) Mr. Hardy his well remarked, in his mitroduction to the Close Rolls, that "It does not appear to have been the ance in pricince of the Linglish constitution, at the decesse of a King, to consider his successor as king until he had been mangurated. The modern law maxim is, that the King never dies, which supposes that in Finjl and there can be no interregum, the next here succeeding as King and the region of the first of the first successor of king until he had been in the first of soveries of the king John did not assume the regal dignity and prerogative until he had been crowned, although his brother thehard had been dead upwards of seven weeks before his (John's) coron thou took place, and the righ of Henry III, like that of his fither what reckoned fro

ation of that necessary compact between a Monarch and his people - his coronation Sometimes several days, and sometimes many weeks, elapsed between the acquisition of the inchoate right by the death or deposition of the former Sovereign, and the perfection of that right in the manner described These facts are not material for Chronological purposes alone to establish a Constitutional point of the greatest importance, namely, that though the Crown may have been hereditary, yet that the right to it, on the part of the heir, was not of so absolute a nature as to depend only on the mere demise of the last possessor So far back as the inquiry can be traced by evidence, that is, from the time of King John, the reign of the Monarch did not begin until his Coronation, and though records do not exist to prove it, there are weighty reasons for believing, that the reigns of William I and II, Henry I, Stephen, Henry II, and Richard I, also began on the day of that ceremony In the following dissertation on the commencement of each King's reign, the subject is for the first time fully discussed, and it is hoped that the authorities adduced will be sufficient to prevent any doubts or mistakes for the future *

Tyrrell, one of the most learned writers on the Constitution, in his "Bibliotheca Politica †," has devoted an entire chapter to an inquiry into the manner in which the

wherein much original insorted and antiquation are displayed

† "Bibliotheca Politica, or an Inquiry into the ancient Constitution of
the English Government, by James Tyrrell, Esq." Folio 1718 Dialogue,
xii p 604. The labours of that learned person are not sufficiently known
his History of England, though inctured by political prejudices, is highly

valuable for its accuracy and research

^{*} For the evidence which has been derived from the records in the Record Office in the lower, the author is indebted to his friend Thomas Duffus Hardy, eq., the chief clerk in that establishment, but this acknowledgment very inadequately expresses his obligation to that gentleman. In almost every part of this volume he has derived valuable assistant man In almost every part of this volume he has derived valuable assistance from Mr Hardy's erudition and general information, more particularly in relation to the regnal years of the kings of England To that subject Mr Hardy's attention had for some time been directed, but, on finding that the author purposed to investigate it, he liberally placed his memoranda at his disposal, and furnished him with whatever other information he required from the records in the Tower He has likewise materially benefited by Mr Hardy's prefaces to the Close and Charter Rolls, wherein much original historical and antiquarian learning and research are displayed.

early Norman Kings succeeded to the Crown Speaking of the maxim laid down by Finch, and other lawyers, that "the King never dies," he says, "Though I grant ever since the Crown has been claimed by descent, the law has gone as you have cited it, and that Finch's law lays it down for a maxim, I shall not deny but from the beginning or original of Kingly government (whether we look before or after your Conquest), it will appear that the throne was often vacant, till such time as the Great Council of the Kingdom had agreed who should fill it And to show you I do not speak without good authority, pray tell me (if this maxim had then obtained) why, after the death of William I his eldest son, Robert Duke of Normandy, did not immediately take upon him the title of King of England, or at least have done it after the death of William Rufus? who, you know, was placed on the Throne, not by right of inheritance, but by his father's testament, confirmed and approved of (according to the ancient English Saxon custom of succession) by the common consent of the Great Council of the whole Kingdom, and yet, notwithstanding, after the death of this William, Henry his younger brother succeeded him by the free election and consent of the same Council, and yet that Duke Robert should never in all his lifetime take upon him the title of King Pray tell me, likewise, (if this maxim had been then known) why Maud, the Empress, immediately upon the death of her father King Henry I, did not take (nor yet her husband the Duke of Anjou in her right) the title of King and Queen of England, though she had had homage paid her, and fealty sworn to her, in the lifetime of her father, as the immediate successor to the Crown, and yet, notwithstanding, the utmost title she could assume was that of Domina Anglorum, Lady or Mistress (not Queen) of the English, whilst Stephen, who had no other title but the election of the Great Council of the nation, held both the crown and title of King as long as he lived? As also why Arthur Duke of Britain, who, according to the now received rules of succession, was the next heir to the

Crown upon the death of King Richard I., never took upon him the title of King, unless it were that he very well knew that his uncle, King John, had been placed in the throne by the common consent and election of the Great Council of the Kingdom? So likewise, after the death of King John, why Henry his son was not immediately proclaimed King, till such time as the Great Council of the clergy, nobility, and people had met and agreed to send back Prince Lewis, whom they had chosen for their King (though not being crowned he never took upon himself that title), and so chose Henry III (then an infant) for their King? Lastly, why all these Princes, viz, Henry II, Richard I, and Henry III, who, according to your notions, were undoubted heirs of the Crown, never took upon them the title of Kings of England, nor are so styled by any of our historians, till after their elections and coronations, if it had not then been received for law, that it was the election of the people, and coronation subsequent thereunto, that made them Kings, and till this was performed (though they might look upon themselves as ever so lawful successors) the Throne was, notwithstanding, esteemed in law vacant"

In another place Tyrrell says, "I pray answer me that question I have so long put, though without any reply, viz, why, before this election and coronation was performed, none of those Princes that came to the Crown by your supposed right of succession, are called by any higher title than Dukes of Normandy, or Earls of Poictou? So that from what has been here said, I think it plainly appears, that no less than seven of the eight Princes from your William the Conqueror (reckoning him for one) to King Henry III, have owed their title to the Crown, not to any right of succession, but either to the election of the people alone, or else to the will or designation of the last King, confirmed by the general consent of the people given thereunto, and without which it would not have been good, according to the ancient custom of the English Saxons, before your Conquest where, besides the testament of the King deceased, there was also required the consent or election of the Great Council So that you see here was no alteration made in the form of our choosing our Kings after your Conquest from what it was before, for no less than seven or eight descents "*

In answer to the argument, "That to make it yet plainer that there was no vacancy or interregnum in all these successions you have mentioned, consult what Chronologer you please, or look into the most ancient tables of the succession of our Kings of England, or into our old printed statutes or law books, and you will still find the reign of the succeeding Prince to commence from the death of his next predecessor, without any vacancy or interregnum between And these I think to be a great deal surer marks of their succeeding to their Royal dignity, by a pretence, at least, of a right of inheritance from the father or brother, rather than this fancy of yours that you lay so much stress upon, that because of their not being styled Kings by our historians till their pretended election and coronation was over, they were not so indeed †,"-Tyrrell observes, "But I come now to answer your last argument, whereby you would prove that there was no vacancy or interregnum in this age, which is, because that our chronicles and tables of succession do still begin the reign of each King from the day of the decease of his predecessor, without any vacancy or interregnum between them To which I reply, that none of our ancient chronicles or historians reckon thus, as I know of, but rather acknowledge a vacancy of the throne to have been between each succession, and as for the tables of the succession of our Kings, when you can show me one more ancient than the time from which I grant the Crown of England began to be looked upon as a successive, and not an elective Kingdom, I shall be of your opinion But admit it were so, since the succession to the Crown had been for the most part mixed,

partly elective, and partly hereditary, our Kings might, to maintain the honour of their title, still reckon their coming to the Crown immediately from the death of the last predecessor, though there have been oftentimes some days and weeks between the one and the other, as I have now proved, and shall prove further by and by, which being but small fractions of time, are not taken notice of in the whole account, which may be, notwithstanding, very agreeable to law, for both my lords Dyer and Anderson in their reports do agree 'that the King, who is heir or successor, may write and begin his reign the same day that his progenitor or predecessor dies'"

It consequently appears, that Tyrrell was not aware that the computation of the regnal years of our Monarchs from Richard the First (if not before) to Edward the Sixth, agrees completely with his theory

It is believed that the first work on the Constitution since Tyrrell wrote, in which the fact is noticed, that the accession of some of the early Kings after the Conquest, was dated from the day of their Coronation, is in a recent "Inquiry into the Rise and Growth of the Royal Prerogative in England," by Mr. Allen, where that circumstance is adduced to support the doctrine that the Crown of this country was then, as in the time of the Saxons, in form at least, elective, but it is remarkable that its learned author does not allude to the expression used by most of the contemporary chroniclers, when speaking of the succession of a new The words "in regem electus" or "elevatus" are frequently employed, the Coronation is described in terms which scarcely admit of a doubt, that that ceremony was considered to render the individual previously elected, King de facto, and that, until it was celebrated, he did not fully possess the Kingly office. With this usage the date of their regnal years perfectly agrees Mr Allen 1s, however, as will be afterwards shown,

^{*} Bibliotheca Politica, p 617, and vide p 284 antea, note

mistaken in saying that Richard I. was an exception to this custom, and "that there are public acts in his name, dated in the first year of his reign, before his Coronation had taken place." * The custom continued. without interruption, until the accession of Edward I, who was in the Holy Land when his father died, but his reign did not commence until he was recognised by his subjects, which took place four days after the decease of the preceding Monarch

While, however, English writers have, until very lately, appeared ignorant of so interesting a fact, those of France were fully aware of the circumstance It is expressly noticed in "L'Art de verifier les Dates," and it is still more remarkable, that the editors of that learned work derived the information, not from a manuscript in some obscure provincial library in France, but actually from a well-known record in the Exchequer Office at Westminster, called "The Red Book of the Exchequer" The editors of "L'Art de verifier les Dates" were not, however, the only Fiench authors who have noticed the circumstance, for De Vaines adverted to it in his "Dictionnaire Raisonne de Diplomatique," published in 1774 † Thus a point of the highest Historical importance, on which the accuracy of the date of numerous documents of all periods, from the thirteenth to the sixteenth century. depends, - which to some extent, involves a constitutional question of great moment, - and which has been known to French historians and antiquaries for more than half a century, has recently been brought forward as a new discovery ‡, and the memoranda in the Red Book of the Exchequer have lately been printed, under

Inquiry into the Rise and Growth of the Royal Prerogative in England, by John Allen, p. 47 8vo 18 °0 + 1 °1 to standard, by John Allen, p. 47 8vo 18 °0 + 1 °1 to standard, by John St. Louard, le 5 Janvier, 10 °60, ct. cells de son concoment dans I abbaye de Westminster le jour de Noel suvant, "pp. 962, 363 "Les annees des regres sont assez communement omises dans les sections de la concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concomentation of the concome diplomes des Rois d'Apagne, ceux d'Angleterre sont beaucoup plus exacts à cet egard, ils partent ou de leur couronnement, ou de la nuie où ils ont élés reconnus pour Rois, 'p 3:6

‡ Quarterly Review for June, 1826 No. lym p 297

the idea that the information which they contain was hitherto unknown! *

It is, nevertheless, due to the Society of Antiquaries of London to remark, that the importance of extreme accuracy in the dates of charters and other instruments, was pointed out many years since by one of its learned members, in an "Essay on the Anachronisms and Inaccuracies of English writers, respecting the Times of the assembling of Parliaments, and of the Dates of Treaties. &c "+ The mistakes which had been made in computing the regnal years of our monaichs occupy a principal part of that essay, but what was intended to be a correction of those errors, is, in fact, a repetition of the same false principle which produced them. for the common fallacy, that the instruments of our Monarchs were dated from their accession, that the laws and constitution of England do not admit of any interregnum, and that the King never dies, because the next heir succeeds at the very instant the former monaich expires are stated as facts which cannot be disputed No little merit ought, however, to be attributed to the author of the observations alluded to, for having called the attention of the public to the necessity of a careful revision of the Tables by which the dates of ancient documents were computed, and the following remarks arc so just, that it is an additional proof of the supineness of the antiquaries of England, and of the general undifference to Historical knowledge in this country, that they should not long since have induced the Society to which they were addressed, or some individual undistinguished by the honour of belonging to it, to supply the desideratum pointed out -" Historians and writers, who have published and quoted our national records, have misled those who have incautiously followed them into the most manifest deviations from the truths of History and Chronology They assigned the holding of

^{*} Cooper on Records, vol 11 p 324 + By Thomas Astic, Esq , in January, 1802 Vide Archæologia, vol. xiv pp 162—167

Parliaments to years in which no Parliaments were held. and grants, charters, treaties, and other instruments. have had erroneous dates assigned to them sequences of these anachronisms are too obvious to require being detailed "-" It will be of real utility to future writers, if the Tables of the commencement and continuances of the reigns of our Kings, and of the times of sitting, the adjournment, and dissolution of each Parliament, were corrected and published, from the accession of William I, to the present time, more especially as former writers appear to have been very incorrect " *

THE SAXON MONARCHS Regnal years appear to have been used by the Saxon Kings in their charters in the seventh century, and, occasionally without any other dates, as early as the years 798 and 801 +, but it was usual to add to the regnal year, the year of the Incarnation, together with other dates ±

WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR The commencement of the reign of this monarch is usually dated from the day of the battle of Hastings, Saturday the 14th of October, 1006 &, but, according to De Vaines ||, it was dated from two epochs, the one, the death of Edward the Confessor, which occurred on the 5th of January, 1066, and the other, William's coronation, which took place at Westminster on Christ-

^{*} Archeologia, vol xiv p 167
† The charter of Cænwulf, in 798, is dated "anno regni secundo" (Cotton Aug ii n 97), and another of the same monarch, in 801, is dated "anno imperi nostri "(Text Roff 125)
‡ For example the grant of Wiglif of Mercia to archbishop Uulfred, in 831, is, "Regn regnanti ac governanti in perpetium Domino Deo Zabaoth, anno vero Dominicæ Internationis deceoxixis Indictione vinio Ego Uuglaf gratia Dei Rex Merciorum, unno primo secunda segni mei The next is that of Athelstan's grant to the church of Worcester, in 930 "Anno Dominicæ Incarnationis deceoxix Regni vero mihi commissi vi Indictione vii Ebacta III. Concurrente II, septimis Juni ndibus, Luna xxi, "Anno Dominica incarnations beccexx Regni vero mini commissi. Indictione vii, Epacta iii, Concurrente ii, septimis Juni nidius, Luna xxi, in civitate omnibus notă que Londine dicitur." Cotton Ms Tiberius, A xiii see other examples postea.

§ All authorities agree in the date of this battle.

§ "Dictionnaire Raisonné de Diplomatique," tome 1 pp 362, 363.

mas day in that year * The manner in which the best contemporary authorities describe his accession seems, however, to imply that his reign began with his coronation. His chaplain says he was elected King. " electus in regem," and crowned on Christmas day † The Saxon chronicle, after noticing the battle of Hastings, proceeds "Then, on Midwinter's day, archbishop Aldred hallowed him to King at Westminster, and gave him possession with the books of Christ, and also swore him, ere that he would set the Crown on his head, that he would so well govern this nation as any King before him best did, if they would be faithful to him 'I On the other hand there is reason to believe that William's accession was considered by some chioniclers to have commenced a few days before the battle of Hastings Hoveden \$. Hemingford | and Simon of Durham T, state that he reigned 20 years 10 months, and 28 days **, which fixes his accession to about the 12th of October. 1066. Alured of Beverley says he reigned 20 years, 10 months, and 8 days, which, unless the number of days be an error for 28, fixes his accession to about the 1st of November, 1066 According to the Annals of Waverley ††, William reigned 21 years, all but 21 days, which places his accession about the 1st of October, 1066 The only other early writers who mention the length of the Conqueror's reign are William of Malmsbury and Ordericus Vitalis 11, the former of whose statements is correct, if he reckoned William's accession from the death of Edward the Confessor in January, 1066, for he says, William

^{*} The 25th of December, 1066, is said to be the day on which William was crowned, in the Saxon Chronicle, as well as by William Pictaviensis, the Conqueror's chaplain, William of Malmsbury, Hoveden, Alured of Beverley, and Henry of Huntingdon

William Pictaviensis.

Saxon Chronicle, by Ingram, p 263.
Scriptores post Bedam, p 264
Gale's Scriptores, vol 111 p 146
T Decem Scriptores,
1 he Chronicle of Melrose states that William the First reigned twenty years and eleven months

^{##} Gale s Scriptores vol in p 130

died in the 59th year of his age, the twentyeccond of his reign, and the 50th of his Earldom. A p. 1087 Vitalis says William died on the 6th Ides of September, in the 61st year of his age, 52nd of his Dukedom of Normandy, and 22nd of his reign as King of England, for he governed the Kingdom 21 years and 10 months, reckoning from the time of his coronation

All contemporary authorities agree in stating that William the First died on the 9th of September, 1087. No records are extant by which the commencement of this monarch's regnal years can be determined, but to judge from the few examples which are known, he never used his regnal year without the year of the Incarnation, and generally with other dates *

WILLIAM THE SECOND (Rufus). It is most probable that the reign of WILLIAM RUFUS began on the day of his coronation, namely, Sunday, September 26 1087†, not only because this is presumed to have then been the usage, but because, being a younger son, he did not possess any hereditary right to the Crown The length of his reign, however, as stated by Hoveden[‡], who is the only contemporary chronicler that alludes to the subject, namely, "14 years all but 28 days," agrees neither with the date of William's coronation, nor with that of his father's decease, as it fixes his accession to about the 6th of July, 1087, more than two months before either of those events This monarch appears to have

1 Scriptores post Bedam, p. 268.

See postea, for remarks on the Conqueror's charters

^{*} See postes, for remarks on the Conqueror's charters † The coronation is commonly described by contemporary writers in these words, 'm regem conservatus est." The Saxon (hromit says, William' took to the Kingdom, and was blassed to King three days before Michaelmas day. The authorities which state that William Rufiu was crowned on Sunday the 26th of September 1087, are, Hovedon, Hemingford, the monk of Durham, and the Saxon Chronicle. William of Malmsbury says he was crowned on the feast of St. Cosmas and Damianus, the 27th of September; in which he is supported by Ladmer and Ordericus Vitalis, but as the ceremony was usually performed on a Sunday, and as the 26th of September, 1087, fell on a Sunday, it is most probable that it occurred on that day. occurred on that day

used the year of the Incarnation with his regnal year, and the year of the Indiction in his charters. William Rufus was slain on the 2nd * of August, 1100

HENRY THE FIRST (BEAUCLERG) Gervase of Canterbury asserts that HINRY THE FIRST was elected King of England on the 4th, and crowned at Westminster on Sunday the 5th of August, 1100t, which statement is corroborated by other authorities, and it seems that his reign commenced on the day of his Coronation William of Malmsbury t says Henry died on the calends of December, (1st of December.) 1135, in the night, having "reigned 35 years, and from the nones of August to the calends of December, that is, four months, wanting four days," which clearly proves that his reign was recloned from his Coronation, namely, the nones of August, 1 e the 5th of that month Though Henry seems to have sometimes used the year of our Lord, without his regnal year, in dating his charters, no instance is known in which he used the latter without the former Henry the First died in the night of Sunday, the 1st of December, 1135 §

^{*} Hoveden, Annals of Waverley, Hemingford, Monk of Durham Saxon Chronicle —William of Malmsbury p. 88, and the Annals of Dunstaple, however, state that he was slain on the 1st of August † William of Malmsbury, Hoveden, Hennigford — Henry of Huntingdon says that Henry I was cheted at Winchester, and "sacratus" at I ondon According to the Saxon Chronicle, "On the morning after Lammas-day was the King William shot in hunting, by an arrow from his own men, and afterwards brought to Winchester, and buried in the cathedral This was in the threcinth ver after that he issumed the government On the I hursday he was slim and in the morning afterwards buried, and after he was buried the statement that were then nigh at hand chose his brother Henry to King. And he immediately gave the bishopping of Winchester to William Grifford, and afterwards went to London and the Sunday following, before the alter at Westminster, he probishopric of Winchester to William Gifford, and afterwards went to London and the Sunday following, before the altar at Westminster, h. promised God and all the people to annul all the unrighteous acts that took place in his brother's time. And after this the bishop of London, Maurice, consecrated him King. Pages 319, 320.

† P 100.

† William of Malmsbury, Henry of Huntingdon, Hoveden, and the Saxon Chronicle—The Chronick of the Prior of Hexham states that Henry died on Monday, the 2nd of Dicember, which may be explained by the event having occurred about midnight of the first of that month

STEPHEN As the line of succession was interrupted in favour of this Monarch, it is very unlikely that the custom of beginning each reign at the Coronation was departed from, and it is therefore to be presumed that the reign of STEPHEN commenced on the day of his election and coronation, namely, Thursday, the feast of St Stephen, 20th of December, 1135 * only charter of Stephen with the date of his regnal year which has been discovered, contains also the year of our Lord+, and, if genuine, and accurately copied, it would prove that his regnal year did not commence until 1136, but it is most probable that the date is a clerical error King Stephen died on the 25th October, 1154; None of the contemporary chroniclers allude to the length of his reign, except Henry of Huntingdon, who merely says that Stephen reigned nearly nineteen years

HENRY II. The hereditary right to the Throne, on the death of Henry I, became vested in his daughter and heiress Maud \$, wife, first of the Emperor Henry IV, and, secondly, of Geoffrey Plan-

^{*} How den, Annals of Waverley and Dunstaple — Prompton says Stephen was elected by the clergy, and crowned on that day I he Saxon Chronicle thus describes Stephen's accession, after noticing Henry the First's death — "Mchuwhik was his nephew cone to I ngland, Stephen di Blois He came to I ondon, and the people of I ondon received him, and sent after the archbishop, William Corboil, and hillowed him to King on Midwinter diy William of Malinsbury and the Chronicle of Mccrose assign Stephen's coronation to "Sunday, the 11th of the kalends of January, the 22nd day after the decease of his uncle," which is the 22nd of December, but the statement of the majority of continuorary writers, that it took place on the 26th of that month, is supported by that day being the festival of St Stephen, the nimesak and probably tuttlir saint of the King, a day which is extremely likely to have been selected for the ceremony ceremony

^{† &}quot;Anno ab Incarnatione Domini MCXXXVIII, apud Elya vecundo anno regni mii in tempore Edwardi episcopi Norwicensis et Gauslem Prioris Elæ" (Mona t. Angl. vol. 1. p. 578.) It is evident that the year 1138 could not possibly have fallen in the second year of Stephen's reign, even if it commenced on the very last day of 113.) "Fidura di episcopi Norwicensis" is shown, by the names of the witnesses and other authorities, to be a mistake for Everardi, which increases the doubt as to the accuracy of the day.

t Henry of Huntingdon, Annals of Waverley, of Margan, and of Dunstaple, Brompton, and Italph Diceto

(William of Malmsbury states, that on the 5th of the nones of March, (March 3rd,) 1141, the empress Maud was "received" as Lady (Domina) of England, that a council was holden at Winchester "ferna secunda post octavas pasche," namely, Monday, the 7th of April, and that on the

tagenet, Count of Anjou, and as she survived the usurper Stephen*, her son had no other pretensions to the Crown, during her lifetime, than the convention with Stephen, which was ratified by the peers of each party, and the general consent of his subjects manifested at his coronation Henry II's coronation, which occurred on Sunday, the 19th of December, 1154t, is therefore the epoch from which the commencement of his reign ought to be computed, being a difference from the Tables of regnal years in common use of nearly eight weeks

Henry of Huntingdon's account of Henry's accession is as follows - At the time of Stephen's demise, Henry II was, he says, in Normandy, and "therefore Theobald, the Archbishop, and very many of the proceses of England, sent messengers in haste for their lord, the Duke of the Normans, that he might forthwith come to take upon himself the government Being, however, impeded by the winds and the sea, and numerous other causes, he landed at the New Forest a few days before the Nativity of our Lord, with his wife and brethren, and many powerful personages and large forces England was therefore without a King about six weeks, nor was there, nevertheless, by the grace of God, peace wanting, either from love or fear of the King who was about to come Proceeding to London, he was received with the greatest gladness, and was blessed as King, and placed on the Throne

following day the legate proposed to elect Maud as Sovereign, which was assented to by the council, but that the Londoners appeared before it on the ensuing east, and demanded the release of Stephen, whom Maud had taken prisoner at the battle of I mechin, on the 2nd of February preceding For a short time she appears to have exercised the royal authority, for, by a charter dated it Oxiord, in 1141, in which she styled herself "Matida Imperatux, Henner regis thin et Angiorum Domina, she created Milo of Gloacester, earl of Herstord Islae Index and word of 1, p. 14

* She did not die until the 10th of Spit index, in we dit vol. p. 14

* She did not die until the 10th of Spit index, laph Diceto, Matthew Paits, Chron Norman, and William of Newburgh, but Gervase of Canterbury says it took place on the 17th of December. I he date in the text is, however, more likely to be correct, not only from the majority of chromiclers agreeing on the point, but from the 19th of December, 13ch, having fallen on a Sunday, a day then generally chosen for that ceremony, whereas the 17th was on a Friday, on which it is very unlikely that so solemn a festival as a coronation would be celebrated solemn a festival as a coronation would be celebrated

of the Realm with the greatest splendour" * The Annals of Waverley and Ralph Diceto state that Henry arrived in England on the 8th, while Matthew Paris says he arrived on the 7th ides of December, that he was unanimously elected and anointed King † on the 14th kalends of January, the Sunday before Christmas day, viz, the 19th of December, 1154, from which statements it must be inferred, that his accession did not precede his election and coronation That Henry's reign was not considered to have commenced immediately after the death of Stephen, is further proved by the length ascribed to it by Diceto, Hoveden, and the chronicler of Dunstaple These writers concur with other authorities 1 in stating that Henry II & died at Chinon, in Normandy, in the Octaves of St Peter and Paul, luna 19. feria 5, videlicet, Thursday, the 6th of July, 1189, but Hoveden adds, that he reigned thirty-four years, seven months, and four days

^{*} The original words are, "Miserunt itaque Thedbildus archiepiscopus et quamplures ex Anglia, procerbus nuntos testinantes prodomino suo Duce Normannorum ut regnum suscepturus incunctanter adveniret Impeditus tamen ventis et mirit, e usisque quampluribus, paucis diebus ante natale Domini, cum conjuge, fritribusque suis, multisque potentibus, magnisque copius, applicuit apud Noveforet. Fuit igitur Anglia sine Rege quasi sex hodomadis, nee timen Dei gritat præveniente pace caruit, vel pro Regi imore venturi vel timore. At cut dictum esti cum applicuisest Londonias petens, ut decebat tantum et tam bettum virum, cum summå lætiti et militis præ giudio 1 chris mitibus, in regi m bene Chromice et, et in throno Regni splendidissime collocitus est. Ine Saxon Chromice thus notices Henry s accession. "In this year 1154; died the King Stephen, and was buried at Fivershim. When the King died them was the Earl beyond sea. When he cime to England, then was he received with great worship, and blessed to King in London on the Sunday before Midwinter day."

before Midwinter day '† 'Et ab omnibus clictus, ctin Regem unctus est '' Annals of Waverley '† 'Et ab omnibus clictus, ctin Regem unctus est '' Annals of Waverley 'E Henedectus Abbas, Annals of Waverley, Gervase of Canterbury, and the Annals of Margan Among the imnumerable errors committed by the editors of the edition of the Federa, printed by the Record Commission, is the statement (vol 1 p 47), that Henry II died on the 6th of June, 1189

^{1189 §} The monarch's eldest son, Henry, was crowned as King of Fingland during his fither's hietime, on Sunday, the 14th of June, 1170, and is called by chroniclers, Henry the Third. Benedictus Abbas, voi 1 p 4 — A letter to this prince from his father, in 1170, begins in these words — "Henricus, Rex Angl e, et Dux Normannie, et Aquitanie, et Comes Andegasie, Hegi Angl, et Duci Norm', et Com' And', karissimo filo suo, salutem," and in 175, the King thus commenced a letter, announcing his reconclisation with his son — "Henricus Rex, pater Regis," &c, and states, "Venit ad me filius meus R H, apud Burum," &c Federa, in ed voi 1 pp 26. 32. The young King died before his father at Castle Martel, in 1183. The title of a chapter of Matthew Paris, p 85 A° 1170, is "De Coronatione Regis Henricu tertit"."

Annals of Dunstaple say thirty-four years and seven months, without noticing the few additional days, and Ralph Diceto states that Henry reigned thirty-four years, twenty-eight weeks, and five days * The period from Henry II's coronation to his decease was thirtyfour years, twenty-eight weeks, and three or five days, according whether the days of his coronation and death were or were not included It seems, therefore, that Diceto computed Henry's reign from his coronation, and the calculation of Hoveden, as well as that of the author of the Annals of Waverley, will agree very nearly with that of Diccto, if by "seven months" he meant seven lunar months of four weeks each, instead of seven calendar months From the death of Stephen to the death of Henry II was a period of thirty-four years, thirty-three weeks, and four days, being thirty-four years, eight (calendar) months, and eleven days or thirty-four years, nine (lunar) months, and three days, so that it is impossible that any of the writers who have been cited could have reckoned Henry's reign from the demise of the preceding monarch

Henry II died at Chinon, on the 6th of July, 1189

RICHARD I, eldest son of Henry II, succeeded to the inchoate right to the throne at his father's decease, on the 6th of July, 1189, but he was not crowned until Sunday, the 3rd of September in that year † It is remarkable that, in a charter granted during the interval, Richard styled himself only "Dux Normanniæ et Dominus Angliæt." and Mat-

^{*} Decem Scriptores, p 646
† Brompton, Diceto, Hoveden, and Peter Langtoft. Gervase of Canterbury, however, says the 11th of that month For the reasons given in a note in page 282, the 3rd is presumed to be the correct date, it being a Sunday, whereas the 11th was a Monday
† Archeologia, vol xxvin p 107, to which work it was communicated by William Hardy, Esq. The charter was dated at Barficur, and was apparently granted between the 20th of July, and the 1 th of August, 1189, for Henry II died on the 6th of July, and his son Richard I was invested with the Dukedom of Normandy on the 20th of the same month, and sailed from Barfieur for England on the 13th of August Mr Hardy also observes, that though Richard I was the first Linglish monarch who used the first person plural in his diplomas, it appears from this chairer that he did not adopt that form until after his coronation, as he speaks throughout

thew Paris attributes no other title to him than "Dux" until after his coronation The great importance of accurately determining the exact date of the accession, and the regnal years, commences with this Monarch, because he appears to be the first King of England, after the Conquest, who dated his public instruments with the year of his reign, without adding also the year of our Lord In no instance has greater uncertainty prevailed, or more errors been committed, than with respect to the time of Richard's accession *, and the correct date has never hitherto been ascertained No records are known to be extant by which the commencement of the reign of any King of England before the accession of John can be fixed, so that the date of the accession of Richard I cannot be settled by such conclusive evidence as exists with respect to the regnal years of subsequent Monarchs It is, however, confidently presumed, that what has been proved to be the practice in the instance of Richard's successor, ten years afterwards, also occurred in his case, and that his reign commenced with his coronation, September 3 1189

It is desirable to correct the error into which the author of the "Inquiry into the Rise and Growth of the Royal Prerogative" has fallen, in considering that Richard's reign commenced before his coronation, especially as an explanation of the cause of his mistake will prove, that the regnal years of that monarch were not computed from the death of his father, which is the epoch hitherto assigned to his accession Mr Allen

in the first person singular, — "ego" and "meus," instead of "nos" and "noster". It may further be remarked, that it is not dated with his regnal year as was uniformly the case after his coronation.

* For example Henry II is said to have died, and Richard to have

ascended the throne

June 6 1189 Rustall's Table of Years, both editions, and Chronica Juridicialia

July 7 Sandford's Genealogical History, Randle Holme's "Academie

July 6. Tables in "Index to the Records," ed. 1739, Hopton's "Concordance Condance C

states as his authority, that "there are public acts in Richard's name, dated in the first year of his reign, before his coronation had taken place". No such acts are, it is believed, in existence, and it is unquestionable, that those to which he refers were not dated until more than nine months after Richard's coronation

The editors of the "Fodera," where the instruments alluded to are printed, fell into the common error of supposing, that Richard I's reign commenced on the day of his father's decease, and committed the additional but less excusable mistake, of assigning that event to the 6th of June, instead of to the 6th of July, 1189. They, consequently, attribute four documents, dated severally on the 24th, 25th, and 27th of June, and 1st of July, in the first year of Richard's reign, to the year 1189, whereas there is not only ample internal evidence to prove that these articles belong to the following year, 1190, but the 24th of June, and the 1st of July, 1 Richard I, must have fallen in the year 1190, even supposing that Richard's accession did occur on the day of Henry II 's decease This oversight, in so accurate a writer as Mr Allen, is only another proof of the fatal errors, as well in facts as inferences, which a want of rigid attention to dates must produce, even in the ablest historical and antiquarian writers, for though he was aware that Henry II did not die in June, 1189, (as he properly says he died on the 6th of July.) he nevertheless adopted the mistake of the editors of the Fœdera, and was thereby led to suppose that an exception to the principle for which he was contending existed in the case of Richard I, whereas the exertion of the critical acumen which is conspicuous in other parts of his work, would have shown, that so far from that instance presenting an exception, it powerfully supported his argument

Among the instruments of the reign of Richard I, printed in the Fædera, many of which are assigned to the wrong year, as well of our Lord as of the reign,

^{*&}quot; Fædera, vol 1 pp 48, 49 New edition"

there are two which incontestably prove that the regnal years of that Monarch did not commence until after the 22nd of August in each year, and, as no important event occurred between that day and the 3rd of September, 1189, the day of his coronation, there can be no doubt that Richard's reign was considered to have commenced immediately after the celebration of that ceremony.

A document respecting an exchange of lands between the King and Walter, bishop of Rouen, "Datum per manum Eustachii electi Helien', tunc agentis vices Cancellarii apud Rothomagum anno ab Incarnatione Domini millesimo centesimo nonagesimo septimo, acij die Octobris, regni nostri anno ix "," shows that the 17th of October, 1197, was in the 9th Richard I, but this document is placed in the Fo dera at some distance after a charter, which concludes in these words - "Dat' per manum E Flyen episcopi cancellarii nostri apud Rupem Auree Vall', xry die Augusti anno regni nostri nono" † This charter is assigned by the editors of the Fædera to the year 1197, whereas it is manifest that it belongs to the year 1198, and for these reasons -

1st An instrument in which a person is merely described as "elect' of any bishopric, must have preceded one in which the same person is expressly called, "bishop" of that diocese.

2nd Eustace, dean of Salisbury 1, was elected bishop

the copy in the Fædera

^{*} Feedera, new edit, vol 1 pp 68, 69, wherein it is said to have been inserted from Ralph & Diceto's Ymrgines Histori rum, col 698, but in the original edition of Rymer's Fadera no authority for it is given. The article occurs in Diecto, but it varies so much from the copies in the Leedera, as to render it certain that Rymer must have derived it from some other source. The data in Diceto is, 'Per manum Eleans elect F' &c. "M C xc xy die Octobris, anno regni nostro octavo, which is clearly a misprint, because Diceto himself assigns it to the yeir 1197, and because Eustace was not elected Bishop of Fly until August in that year, the see Eustace was not elected Bishop of Fly until August in that year, the see having become vaccin in the preceding January. The month of October 1197, could not possibly have fallen in the 8 Rie I whether his reign commenced in the month of June, July, or September.

† 10d p 67 From the original imong the Cottoman charters in the British Museum marked xy 1, which has been collated with the date in the copy in the Federa.

¹ A wrt, "Datum per manum magistri Fusiachu, Sarum decani, Vices Cancellarii tunc agenti», apud msulam Andehneam, decimo quarto die Juli, regni nostri anno octavo," occurs in the Fodera, new cidi vol 1 p 67, where it is erroneously assigned to the year 1196, instead of the year 1197

of Ely early in August, 1197, and his feast on the occasion was celebrated at Vaudreuil, in Normandy, on the day of St Lawrence, the 10th of August, but he was not consecrated until the 8th of March in the following year, 1198* which facts agree perfectly with his being called "elect of Ely," in October 1197, and "bishop of Lly" in August, 1198, before which time he had also been promoted to the office of chancellor The charter of the 22nd of August, 9 Richard I, must, therefore, have been executed in A D 1189, consequently, the regnal years must have been computed from some day after the 22nd of August, and before the 17th of October, for if the reign of Richard commenced on any day previous to the 22nd of August, 1189, the 22nd of August, in the ninth year of his reign, would have fallen in 1197, and it is so stated in all the Tables of regnal years, wherein his accession is fixed to the 6th of June, or to the 6th of July, 1189, and which misled the editors of the Fœdera

The error of assigning so many instruments, in that work, to the wrong year of our Lord, has, no doubt, been a fertile source of confusion and mistakes to modern Historians, and an essential service would have been rendered to Historical literature, if the late Commission on the Public Records had caused an addendum to the edition printed by order of the former Commission, to be prepared and circulated, containing the correct dates † of all the articles in that work which are improperly placed. To Foreign antiquaries this would be a most acceptable gift, and it would serve also to warn them from too implicit a reliance on a national publication, which ought to have been distinguished no less by accuracy than by erudition

^{*} Ralph Diceto, p 701 Gervase of Canterbury, p 1597, and Le Neve s Fasti Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ

Mistakes in dives arising from an erroneous computation of the regnal years, are not, however, the only detects of that nature in the 1 cedera A charter, by which a grant was made by king Henry III to the bishop of Rochester, in the 33rd year of his reign, A D 1248, is assigned to the 33rd year of Henry I, A D 1132, an error of no less than one hundred and suteen years! Vide Fædera, new edit vol 1 p 8

Only three chroniclers, Ralph Diceto, Trivet, and the annalist of Dunstaple, allude to the length of Richard's reign, but it is scarcely possible to reconcile their statements with facts Diceto says he reigned nine years, six months, and nineteen days*, and Trivett, that he reigned nine years, nine months, and six days. while the Annals of Dunstaple say nine years and six months, without mentioning the additional days ! From the coronation of Richard, on the 31d of September, 1189, to his decease, on the 6th of April, 1199, is a period of nine years and about two hundred and fifteen days, forming nine years, seven lunar months, and nineteen days, or nine years, seven calendar months, and three days Unless the word "sex," in Diceto and in the Annals of Dunstaple, be an error for "septem," it is impossible to understand from what epoch these writers computed Richard's reign & It is, however, evident, that neither of them considered it to have commenced on the day of his father's decease, because, from the 6th of July, 1189, to the 6th of April 1199, are nine years, nine (lunar) months, and twenty-two days, or nine years and exactly nine calendar months

King Richard I died on Tuesday, the 6th of April, 1199 ||

JOHN On the death of Richard I the right to the throne devolved, according to modern usage, upon Arthur of Brittany, son and heir of Geoffrey Plantagenet, next brother of that monarch, but John pretended to have a superior right, as nearer of kin to Richard, being his next surviving brother, whereas Arthur was one degree further removed, being his

^{*} Ricardus Rex Anglorum, cum regnasset anni novem mensibus six diebus decem et novem, in Aquitannico Ducatu, Leniovico territorio, cistello Chaluz vij kal Apr, a Petro Basili sagitta percussis est, et postenodum vij idus Aprilis, die Martis, vir open inuitio deputatus, diem clausit extremum apud prædictum castellum. Decim Scriptoris p 705

[†] P 134 † Ricardus rex, cum regnâsset annis novem et mensibus sex," &c, ed Hearne, vol 1 p 47

f The passage in the Annals of Dunstaple so closely resembles the words of Dueto, that it may have been copied from that writer ill Dueto, Gervase, Hoveden, Annals of Waverley, &c.

brother's son * Various circumstances tend. however, to prove that John was indebted for the Crown to the election of his subjects rather than to hereditary right Matthew Paris, who is supposed to follow Roger of Wendover, who was nearly contemporary, speaks of that Prince in the interval between the death of Richard and his inauguration, as Duke of Normandy, as Earl of Mortaigne, or "Earl John," only After that ceremony he says, "John, Duke of Normandy t, passed over into England and landed at Shoreham on the 8th kalends of June, and on the morrow, to wit, on the eve of the Ascension of our Lord, he came to London, to be there crowned The archbishops, bishops, earls, and barons, and all others who ought to be present at his coronation, were accordingly assembled to receive him, and the archbishop of Canterbury, standing in the midst of them, delivered a speech containing the following remarkable passages in reference to John's title -"Audite universi Noverit discretio vestra quod nullus prævia ratione alir succedere habet regnum, nisi ab universitate regni unanimitei, invocata spiritus gratia electus, et secundum morum suorum eminentiam præelectus," and he proceeded to cite the precedents of Saul and David, who were chosen Kings, the one for his valour, and the other for his sanctity and humility, and not because they were children or relations of Kings "Verum si quis ex stirpe Regis defuncti alus præpolleret, pronius et

† Hoveden also says, "Wilhelmus Rex Scotorum misit nuncios ad

^{*} Tyrrell says, "It was then very much disputed, (as it both been also since that time,) if an elder brother died and left a son a minor, whether his younger brother or his son should succeed, for, though the people of Anjou and those of Guienne owned duke Arthur for their prince, yet the states of Normandy were of another mind, and by virtue of King Richard's testament, he was, immediately after his death, invested with that dukedom Nor was he then at all opposed in it by the King of France, the supreme lord of the fee, and as for Figland, besides his brother's testament, whereby he left him herr of all his territories, it was also then generally held in England, as most consonant to the ancient English Saxon law of succession, that the uncle should succeed to the Crown before the nephew "

— Bibliotheca Politica, p 612 See also Blackstone's Commentaries, vol. 1 pp 200, 201

promptius in electionem eius est consentiendum ideirco diximus pro inclyto Comite Johanne qui præsens est, frater illustrissimi Regis nostri Richardi jam defuncti, qui hærede caruit ab eo egrediente, qui providus et strenuus et manifeste nobilis, quem nos. envocatû spiritus sancti gratiû, ratione tam meritorum quam sanguinis Regu unanimiter elegimus universi Erat autem archiepiscopus vir profundi pectoris, et in regno singularis columna stabilitatis et sapientiæ incomparabilis Nec ausi erant alii super his adhuc ambigere, scientes quod sine causa hoc non sic diffi-Verum Comes Johannes et omnes hoc acceptabant, ipsumque Comitem in Regem eligentes et assumentes, exclamant dicentes, Vivat Rex. rogatus autem postea archiepiscopus Hubertus, quare hæc dixisset, respondit se præsaga mente conjecturare, et quibusdam oraculis edoctum et certificatum fuisse, quod ipse Johannes Regnum et Coronam Angliæ foret aliquando corrupturus et in magnam confusionem Et ne haberet liberas habenas hoc præcipitaturus faciendi, ipsum electione non successione hæreditaria eligi debere affirmabat Archiepiscopus autem imponens capiti ejus Coronam, unxit eum in regem apud Westmonasterium, scilicet in ecclesia principis Apostolorum Dominice ascensionis die, sexto kalendas

In one of his charters, John himself appears to admit that his title to the Throne was founded, partly at least, on the consent and approbation of his subjects, for he therein says he came to the Crown "jure hereditario, et mediante tam Cleri quam Populi unanimi consensu et favore "* That John's reign commenced

[†] Mathew Paris ed 1589, pp 189 190 * Quoted by Tyrrell from the original in the archives of the Archbishop * Quoted by 1 yrrell from the original in the archives of the Archbishop of Canterbury at Lambeth — Bibbiotheca Politaca, p 613, where the question is fully discussed. Alluding to the admission of the Archbishop of Canterbury that he made the statement quoted above because "he guessed, and was ascertained by certain prophecies, that John would bring the Kingdom and Crown into great confusion, and, therefore, lest he might have too much liberty in doing it, he affirmed he ought to come in by election, and not by hereditary succession," "Lyrrell says, "it looks very suspicious, since the Archbishop must thereby have made himself a knave and hypoente, and seems also to contradict what Matthew Paris had before said

at his coronation, and, consequently, that he was not King de facto before that ceremony, is proved by the indisputable fact that his regnal years were computed from the day on which it took place, namely, Ascension day, 1 e, the 27th of May, 1199

As Ascension day is a moveable feast, the years of the reign of John were calculated from Ascension day to Ascension day, so that each regnal year was of a different length, and began on a different day For example the first year of his reign began on the 27th of May, 1199, and ended on Ascension eve, the 17th of May, in 1200, the second year began on the 18th of May, 1200, and ended on the 2nd of May, Ascension eve, 1201, and so with the other years * This mode of computing the regnal years occasions great confusion, for in the 3rd, 5th, 8th, 11th, 14th, and 16th of John, several days of the month of May in two succeeding years of Christ, occurred in the same year of the King's reign t, hence no document dated on those days can be attributed with certainty to the right year of our Lord As the mode of computing the years of the reign of John has only lately been generally known, all documents dated between the 6th of April, the day of Richard I's death (on which day it has hitherto been supposed that John's reign began), and Ascension day, in each year, from 1199 to 1216, have been assigned to a wrong year of our Lord

That the reign of King John commenced on Ascension day May 27 1199, and that his regnal years were computed from Ascension day to Ascension day, is proved by the Close, Fine, and Patent Rolls in the

viz, 'that all those that heard his speech dared not so much as doubt of these things, knowing that the Archbishop had not thus judged of this matter without cause.' And therefore I grint that this part of the relation, contain is the Archbishop's vindicating of himself for thus giving had judgment, might be a story commonly taken up, and being told to this author, was by him inserted in his history, it a time when I grant the errown of England began to be thought successive, by reason that Henry III had succeeded as the eldest son of his father, though he was not, for all that, admitted without election." Ibid p. 613.

*See the note to the Table of the Regnal Years of John, postea † Rot Patent anno 6 Hen III

A Roll is appropriated to every regnal year, and the commencement and termination of those years are clearly shown by the day and month on which the first and last instruments entered under such regnal vears are dated For instance, if the first document on the Close or other Roll of the first year of King John be dated on the 28th of May, and the last on the 17th of May, and if the first document on the Rolls of the second year of his reign be dated on the 18th of May, and the last on the 2nd of May, it is evident that the first regnal year comprised the period from the 28th of May in one year to the 17th of May in the next, and that the second regnal year comprised the period from the 18th of May in one year to the 2nd of May in the following year As this is almost the best evidence of the date of regnal years which can be adduced, 12 has been applied to the reigns of most of the Sovereigns of this country, from John to Henry V

It is a remarkable fact, and one which has hitherto escaped notice, that all the Anglo-Norman Kings, from William the Conqueror to Richard I inclusive, styled themselves Kings, Dukes, or Counts of their people, and not of their dominions. Thus, "King of the English, Duke of the Normans, Count of the Agustamans and Anjourans" Henry II and Richard I, however, called themselves "King of England, Duke of Normandy and Aquitaine, and Count of Anjou," on their great seals, though they retained the style of their predecessors in charters King John, and all subsequent monarchs. styled themselves Sovereigns of their dominions, except Henry V, who, on one of his coins, called himself "King of the French," and Henry VI's style on his great seal is "King of the French and of England " King John died on the 19th of October, 1216.

HENRY III. The reign of this Monarch commenced on the day of his coronation, namely, the feast of St Simon and St Jude, Friday, the 28th of October,

^{*} Vide Remarks on the Styles of the Kings of England, postes.

1216, nine days after he succeeded to the inchoate right to the throne. This fact is proved by the Chancery Rolls in the Tower, the earliest date on any year of which is the 28th of October, and the latest the 27th of that month*, the first and last day of each year of his reign. In the Red Book of the Exchequer is this notice of the regnal years of Henry III.—"Anno Domini McCXVI Memorandum, quod data Regis Henrici, fili Regis Johannis, mutuavit in festo Apostolorum Simonis et Judæ; videlicet, xxviij die mensis Octobris" The account of Henry's accession in the Rhyming Chronicle of Robert of Gloucester, seems also to admit of the inference that his Coronation had rendered him King.—

"Henry was King imad, after his fader Jon,
A Scin Simondes day and Sein Jude at Gloucestre anon."

Henry III died on the feast of St Edmund the Confessor, Wednesday, the 16th of November, 1272.†

EDWARD I It is proved by the clearest evidence that though his father, Henry III, died on the 16th of November, 1272, EDWARD I. did not commence his reign until four days afterwards, namely, on the feast of St Edmund, King and Martyr, being Sunday, the 20th of November, on which day he was proclaimed at the New Temple Edward was abroad at the time of his father's death, and did not return until the 2nd of August, 1274, when he landed at Dover, and he was crowned at Westminster on Sunday, after the feast of the Assumption, the 19th of August in the same year ‡ Matthew of West-

^{*} Rot Patent, anno 6 Hen III

[†] Some doubt of the accuracy of the notes in the Red Book of the Exchequer, at least as regards the date of the succession of our early monarchs, is created by the account of the death of Henry III, as he is there said to have died on the feast of St Simon and St Jude, the 28th of October, in the fifty-sixth year of his reign, whereas he died on the feast of St Edmund the Confessor, November 16

† The following notice of Edward's arrival in England and coronation

[†] The following notice of Edwards arrival in England and coronation occurs on the Close Rolls of the second year of his reign — i Memorandum quod Edwardus Rex Anglus applicuit apud Dover' die Jovis proxima post festum Sancti Petri ad vincula (s. e. 2nd of August) M. CC.LEXMO IIIJO, et

minster says, "As soon as King Henry was buried, which was on the feast of St Edmund, King and Martyr, the 20th of November, the barons, &c went to the high altar of Westminster Abbey, and sworn fealty to Prince Edward his son *, after which they assembled at the New Temple, ordered a new seal to be made, and appointed Walter de Merton chancellor "

Besides the Rolls in the Tower †, and various Wardrobe accounts, which fully prove that the regnal years of Edward I began and ended on the 20th of November, the fact is shown by the record of the surrender of the Kingdom of Scotland by John Baliol, in November, 1292 The first convention on the subject is dated May 1 20 Edw I, 1292 # Other conventions were held at different times in that year, and the seventeenth and last convention is dated Monday the seventeenth of November, 20 Edward I &, which was likewise in 1292 At that convention it was determined that Baliol should do homage to Edward on the Thursday following the feast of St Edmund, King and Martyr ||, namely, the twentieth of November The next instrument I is tested at Berwick on Tweed, "decimo nono die Novembris, anno regni nostri vicesimo," which is followed by one relating to the breaking of the great seal of Scotland,

die Dominica proxima post festum Assumptionis beatæ Mariæ proximo sequente (i e. 19th of August) solempniter coronat fuit in ecclesia beati Petri Westm', anno Domini supradicto, et anno regni ejusdem Regis Edwardi secundo "— Rot. Claus. 2. Edw. I. m. 5. Mitthew of Westminster p. 407.) erroneously says that Edward arrived in Lingland on the 20th of July, but the correct date is given by Wikes, p. 101, and in the Annals of Wingeley. I. 900.

July, but the correct date is given by Wikes, p 101, and in the Annals of Waverley, p 229.

* Walsingham says the nobles "recognoverunt" Edward as King, and the words which follow, "paternique successorem honoris ordinaverunt," seem to imply more than a mere admission of his hereditary right.

† On the back of a rei ord of the reign of Edward III, which is entered on No 62 of the Miscellaneous Kolls in the Tower, entitled "Transcriptum instrumentorum tangentium Comitem Marchie," the following words occur in a contemporary hand — "Anno Domini mcclxxijo" mense Novembri, obiit dominus Henricus illustrissimus Rex Anglorum, anno vero regri sui lvijo incepti in festo Apostolorum Symonis et Juda proximo præcedente" "Anno Domini mcclxxijo, mense Novembri, in festo Beati Ldmundi, incepti regnare Edwardus illustrissimus Rex Anglorum post sepulturam Henrici patris sui "

† Federa, new edit vol. i. part ii p 762.

† Ibid p 780

dated on Wednesday, the vigil or eve of the feast of St Edmund, King and Martyr, namely, the nineteenth of November This is followed by the record that Baliol took the oath of fealty to Edward, which commences in these words - "Die Jovis sequenti, scilicet vicesimo die Novembris, in festo Beati Eadmundi Regis et Martiris, anno prædicti Domini E Regis Angliæ vicesimo finiente, anud Norham, in castro ejusdem villæ, venit prædictus Johannes de Balliolo, Rex Scotiæ" (then follow the names of the witnesses, and the form of the oath) . "Postmodum, eodem die, confectæ fuerunt quædam litteræ, super fidelitate prædicta, prædicto domino Regi Angliæ, per dictum regem Scotiæ præstità, sub hac forma Omnibus Christi fidelibus, &c Johannes, Dei Gratia Rex Scottorum, Salutem Noverit universitas vestra me fecisse et jurasse domino meo ligio, Domino Edwardo, Dei Gratia Regi Angliæ, illustri et superiori domino regni Scotiæ, apud Norham, die Jovis, in festo Sancti Eadmundi Regis et Martiris, anno Incarnationis Dominicæ Millesimo ducentensimo nonagesimo secundo, et regni ipsius domini nostri Edwardi vicesimo finiente, et vicesimo primo incipiente." &c *

Notwithstanding the dictum of Lord Chief Justice Coke, that, in computations of time, "the law doth renect all fractions and divisions of a day, for the uncertainty which is always the mother of confusion and contention t," it is evident, from this record, that there was a fraction of a day in computing the regnal years of the Kings of England, for what occurred in the early part of the day, on the 20th of November, 1292,

^{*} A contemporary translation into French of this record also occurs, and *A contemporary translation into French of this record also occurs, and the latter part of the extract in the text is in these words — "A Norham, le Joedy, en la feste Seint Emon le Reye, Martyr, le an del Incarnation nostre seigneur Myl ducent e nonante secund, e du regne le dit mon seigneur le Rey Edward vyntime finant, a le vyntime un commenceant "—Fadera, n ed vol 1 partii p 781 — toke s Reports, part v p 2 It was, therefore, held, in the 28th Elizabeth, that a lease of lands for three years, which commenced at the time of delivery, and which was delivered at four of the clock in the afternoon, of the 20th of June, should end on the 18th of June, in the third way. The

of the 20th of June, should end on the 19th of June in the third year The day of the da'e or delivery or a lease is included in the time for which it is granted

respecting Baliol's surrender of the sovereignty of Scotland, was said to be the end of the twentieth year of Edward I's reign, whereas, in the proceedings at a later part of the day, the 20th of November is said to be the end of the twentieth, and the beginning of the twenty-first year of his reign It would be impossible, and it is scarcely necessary, for practical purposes, to decide at what hour of the day the separation occurred, whether at noon, or at the precise hour in which the act of accession occurred, but it is evident that, instead of the regnal year closing on the day before the anniversary of the accession, that anniversary happened in two regnal years, thus producing the "uncertainty" apprehended by Lord Coke, but the fact is not, in itself, very material, because it only relates to one day, and the year of our Lord must always be the same The account of the regnal years of Edward I in the Red Book of the Exchequer agrees with the fact - "Item data Regis Edwardi filii dicti Regis Henrici mutavit singulis annis die Sancti Edmundi R videlicet xx die mensis Novembris"

King Edward I died at Burgh on the Sands, near Carlisle, on the 7th of July, 1307 * It is necessary to observe, that Edward the First is sometimes called Edward the Fourth, the three Saxon monarchs who

* All authorities agree is to the date of Edward I's death. The following interesting letter from one of the retainers of Hugh baron Neville, respecting the removal of the Kin, s corpse from Burgh in the Sands to Westminster, and stating that Anthony Bik, bishop of Durham, patriarch of Jerusalem, the earl of I mech, and other peers, having performed homige to Edward II at Callisk, had accompanied him into Scotland, is preserved among the records in the duchy of I ancaster, and his never before been printed. It was written on Sunday, the 23rd of July, 1307—"A son tres ther it honor ble seigneur Mons: Hugh de Neville, le soen vallet Fuwern quant que il sect et poet de bien et de honour. Sachez, Sire, que nire seigneur lerceve-que est seyn et eyte et en bon estat, mercy a Dicu. Le corps n'ile seigneur sire Edward, jadys for Dengleterre, est en venant, et myst vyst Sanday picheyn devant la goule Daust a Richemunde, ou la depres sacome len dit. Nire seigneur lercevesque coo Dymaynge seuant de Scroby son pitra devers le corps le Roi. Le patriark, le conte de Nirole et autres plusours countes et grantz seigneurs de la terre, a Kardoil oun, fait homage a nire seigneur ler not Edward, et sount alez ovel y en Escocc countre les enemys. Autre novele, Sire, ne sai peo nule encore que vous face a maunde. Sire, peo auy en bone saunte, la Dieu mercy, et la v're qui le voliez savoir desirant touz jours savoir ceo meismes de vous come de mon cher seigneur, que un prest et appareillez a vos honours et pleysirs. A Dieu, Sire, que vous gard en joye et en honour Exorpt a Scroby, le Dymange avantidt."

bore the name of Edward being reckoned. The copy of the chronicle of Lanercost, written in the 14th century, is headed, in some pages, "Edwardus I post conquest'," in others, "Edward Rex I," and in another page, "Edwardus Rex 1111tus."* A copy of Trivet's chronicle in the British Museum † is entitled. "Gesta temporum Edwardı quartı Regis Angliæ, filii Henrici tertii qui fuit quintus eorum regnum, qui a Comitibus Andegavensibus duxerunt originem secundem lineam masculinam," and the Chronicle of Lanercost thus notices the birth of Edward the Second - "A D. 1283 Eodem anno natus est Edwardus quintus, filius Edwardı quartı, apud Karnawan "‡

Edward I died on the 7th of July, EDWARD II 1307, on which day, according to some authorities, Edward II began his reign &, but his accession is fixed by evidence to the next day, Saturday, the 8th of July He succeeded to the Crown, says Walsingham, "non tam jure hæreditario, quam unanimi assensu procerum et magnatum," and a contemporary Annalist, after mentioning the decease of Edward I. "Successit ei filius suus Edwardus primegenitus, paterna successione, et etiam unanimi assensu procerum, regnaturus" || These passages imply that the consent of the peers formed an important part of his title to the throne, and the following entry on the Patent Roll of the last year of Edward I tends to show that the recognition of Edward II as King, by the peers, did not take place until the eighth of July: - "Memorandum, quod die Veneris, videlicet, sep-

Cotton MS Claudius, D vii folios 192, 192 b, and folio 197
 Arundel MS in Brit Mus No 220
 t (otton MS Claudius, D vii 6 "Item data Regis Edward; fili Regis Edward; mulatur singulis annis in festo iranslationis Sancti Thomæ Martiris, videlicet, vii die Julii."—Red

in festo translations Sancti Thomæ Martiris, videlicet, vii die Julii."—Red Book of the Exchequer

|| Annal Trokelowe | It appears from the oath taken in April, 18 Edw I 1290 by Gilbert die Clare, carl of Gioucester, before his marriage with Joan the King's daughter, that Lalward had settled the throne, in default of heirs of the bodies of his sons, on Eleanor, his eldest daughter, and the heirs of her body, failing which, on his daughter Joan, and the heirs of her body; failing which, on her next sisters, and the heirs of their several bodies respectively — Fædera, ii 497

timo die Julii, anno Domini mocovii, jubente ipso. cuius famulantur imperio mors et vita, inclitæ recordationis dominus Edwardus, Rex Angliæ, apud Burgum super Sabulones extra Karlıolum obut," &c die Sabbati proximo sequente, apud Karliolum, ubi Comites et Barones regni secum existentes homagia et fidelitates suas eidem tanguam Regi fecerant." &c * A private instrument on the Close Rolls of the first year of this reign is dated "Apud Haselingefeld, die Lunæ in festo translationis beati Thomæ Martiris (July 7) anno regni Regis Edwardi, filius Regis Edwardi, secundo finiente." † On the Fine Rolls of the 16th Edward II an entry commences with these words, "Memorandum, quod Dominus noster Rex Edwardus, filius Regis Edwardi, octavo die Julii anno regni sui sexto decimo incipiente, apud Eboracensem, ordinavit "I The Wardrobe accounts of this monarch corroborate the above dates morandum is there preserved of wages being due to one John de Wygeton, "ab octavo die Julii anno tertio incipiente usque," &c &, and another person was allowed wages from the 22nd of September in a certain year of the King's reign, "usque vii diem Julia anno eodem finiente "|

These documents clearly show that the regnal years of Edward II began on the eighth and ended on the seventh of July, and that the usage, in the time of his father, of beginning and ending the regnal year on the same day of the month, did not then prevail. Edward II was sometimes called Edward V ¶ reign terminated with his resignation, or, more correctly, deposition. That event appears to have occurred on the 20th of January, 1327**, which is the last date of any record of his reign in the Tower.

^{*} Rot Patent. 35 Edw I m 1 See the letter, p 294 note; antea.
† Rot Claus 1 Edw II m 10 d.
† Rot Fin 16 Edw II m 3
† Cotton MS Nero, C viii fol 32, 93
¶ Ibid fol 207
¶ See the last page, and the Harleian MS 645 f 92 "Nomina Regum Anglies, ab Edibrihtho, re Eegberto Regum Occidentalium Saxonium, usque ad Edwardum quintum, qui vulgo dictus est secundus"
** See the next page.

EDWARD III The date of the regnal years of this Monarch is proved by the title of the accounts of the expenses of his household, in the British Museum, to have been reckoned from the 25th of January in one year to the 24th of January in the following. "Expensæ Hospiti Regis Edwardi Tertii post Conquestum," &c "Per Primum Contrarotulum ab ultimo die Julii anno vij usque xxiiij diem Januarii anno ix finiente Et per Secundum Contrarotulum a xxv die Januarii, anno x incipiente, usque xxiiij diem Januarii anno eodem finiente Et per Tertium Contrarotulum a xxv die Januarii anno undecimo incipiente usque xxx diem Augusti," &c *

An interesting account is given, by a contemporary t, of the deposition of Edward II, and of Edward III's accession Writs were issued on the 3rd of December, 20 Edward II 1326, in the King's name, stating that, the King being out of the realm, the Queen, and his eldest son Edward, "guardian of the realm," had summoned a parliament to meet in the quinzaine of St Andrew, about the 14th of December in that year, and proroguing that assembly until the morrow of the Epiphany next following, 1 e January 7 1327 The parliament accordingly met on that day, and, all the peers and commons being present, they were asked whom they preferred to reign as their King, the father, or the son? They replied unanimously, that the son should be made King Prince Edward was, consequently, immediately proclaimed King in Westminster Hall, by the name of "Edward the Third but he refused to accept the dignity, and swore he would never do so during his father's lifetime, without his consent Commissioners were thereupon appointed to go to Edward II., and to state that

^{*} Cotton MS Nero, C viii fol 207 The Red Book of the Exchequer states that Edward III's rignal years began on the twenty-fourth of January "Anno Domin McCaxvii Item data regis Edwardi Tercii a conquestu mutatur singulis annis xxiii die Januarii, et obiit xxi die Jinuarii, anno regni sui il, etatis sue lixvio"

† The precise reference to this authority has unfortunately been mislaid.

the people of England were no longer bound by their oath of allegiance to him, and to receive his resignation of the crown On their arrival at Kenilworth, they communicated the resolution of parliament to the King, who then formally renounced the Royal dignity, by delivering to them the Crown, sceptre, and other ensigns of Sovereignty * The exact date of this proceeding is not stated, but it is presumed to have taken place on the 20th or 21st of January, 1327, as no instrument was issued in Edward II's name after the 20th of that Allowing three days for the return of the commissioners, it may be inferred that they arrived at Westminster about the 23rd or 24th, and on Saturday. the 24th of January, Edward the Third's peace was proclaimed, which proclamation stated that Edward II. was, by the common assent of the peers and commons. ousted from the Throne, that he had agreed that his eldest son and heir, Edward, should succeed and be crowned King, that, as all the great personages had done homage to him, " Nous criems et publioms la Pees nostre dit Seigneur Sire Edward le Fiutz." and it was forbidden, under the penalty of forfeiture of life and limb, "que nul n'enfreigne la Pees nostre dit Seigneur le Roi" † Edward III received the great seal from the chancellor, and re-delivered it to him on the 28th of January Writs were addressed to all sheriffs, tested on the 20th, acquainting them with his accession, and commanding them to proclaim and preserve his peace in their respective jurisdictions ‡, and he was crowned on Sunday the 1st of February §

It is remarkable that, although Edward III received the homage of the peers, and his peace was proclaimed

ment, p 141

^{*} Robert of Avesbury thus speaks of Edward III's accession - "Du to igitur domino Edwardo Tertio anno æt itis suæ xinjo incipiente, patre suo agrur comino Lewardo 1 errio anno set uis cure xinjo incipiente, patre suo adhuc vivo, de expressa pisus patris voluntate, onniumque comitum et baronum aliorumque nobilium regni Anglias, apud Westmonasterium, in festo Conversionis Sancti Pauli, A D 1326, (i e 1326-7), in Regem Anglorum solempniter coronato "Ed Hiearne, p 6 + Foedera, vol iv p 243 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 244 \$ 10 dp 243, 2

on the twenty-fourth of January, his reign did not commence until the next day. The interval of thirteen or fourteen days, which elapsed between the deposition of Edward II by parliament on the 7th of January, and his acquiescence therein, by resigning the Crown, on the 20th or 21st of that month, cannot easily be accounted for, three days being enough for the commissioners to perform their journey from London to Kenilworth. The three or four days between Edward II 's resignation, and the accession of Edward III must be considered an interregnum.

Although Edward III assumed the style of King of France as early as the 7th of October, 1337*, it was not until the 25th of January, 1340, the anniversarv of his accession, that, in dating important public documents, he added the year of his nominal reign over that country to the year of his reign in England The first document that has been discovered in which these dates occur, was executed the day after he commenced the practice, namely, on the 26th of January, 1340, which concludes in these words - "Dat apud Gandavum, vicesimo sexto die Januarii, anno regni nostri Franciæ primo, Angliæ vero quarto decimo," i e the 26th of January, 1340 + His assumption of that style, and the creation of a new great and privy seal, were notified to the sheriffs throughout England on the 21st of the following February, his motive for which, the King said, he should explain to the parliament about to meet on Wednesday after mid-

^{*}The style, "Fdwardus Dei gratia Rex Angliae et Franciae, Dominus Hiberma. et Dux Aquitania," or, "I dwardus Rex Franciae et Angliae Dominus Hiberme, et Dux Aquitania, occurs in several letters addressed to the duke of Brab int, appointing him the Kings s heutenant and vicargeneral in France, to the marquis of Juliers, the count of Holland, and to the earl of Northampton, all dated on the 7th of October, 11 Edw III 1337, which are printed in the Fædera from the Almain Rolls in the Tower. It is remarkable that the title of King of France is not to be found in any other instrument in the Fædera until after the 25th of January, 1340. Edward III did not, it is supposed, assume the Arms of France until that year. In "L'Art de verifier les Datts," vol i p. 811, Edward is said to have first dated his instruments with the year of his right over France in 13.9. This must, however, be understood to be 13.34-60.

⁺ Fœdera, vol is p 155

Lent Sunday, the 29th of March, next ensuing * On the 7th of October, 1353, parliament was informed that the King had sent ambassadors to the French monarch, offering, on certain conditions, -the principal of which were, the restitution of Guienne, Normandy, and Poitou to England,—to resign the Crown of France +. but these terms were not accepted and, as the efforts made towards an accommodation in the following year, through the mediation of the pope, were unsuccessful, Edward continued to use the title of King of France. until he formally renounced all pretension to the Crown of that Kingdom by the treaty of Bretigny, on the 8th of May, 1360 ‡

In the parliament which assembled at Westminster on the 3rd of June, the octaves of the Trinity, in 1309. the chancellor stated that the French monarch had not fulfilled his part of the treaty of Bretigny, and submitted to the lords and commons whether, under the circumstances, the King might not with reason and justice resume the title of King of France They agreed that he might, with right and good faith, do so, and the archbishop of Canterbury and the other prelates were directed to consider the subject, and report their opinion to the King On Wednesday, the 6th of June following. the prelates reported that Edward might rightfully resume and use the style of King of France In this opinion the peers and commons in full parliament concurred, and he accordingly resumed that title. On the 11th of June the great seal before used was given up, and another, containing the new style, was again brought into use, and divers charters were sealed therewith § The year 1369 was accordingly called the thirtieth of his reign over France, the commencement

^{*} Rot. Parl vol 11 p 450, and Fædera, vol v p 169
† Fædera, vol v p 2.92
‡ Fædera, vol vr. pp 178—196 245 It does not, however, appear that
Edward reiniquished his right to use the Arms of France
§ Rot. Parl vol 11 pp 299,300 Another record of this proceeding, more
particularly respecting the new seals, occurs on the Close Rolls, and is
printed in page 460 of the second volume of the Rolls of Parliament, as
well as a the bedera will yn a 691 well as in the Foedera, vol vi p. 621

being (as before he resigned the title of King of France) dated from the 25th of January *

King Edward III died at Shene, about seven o'clock in the evening, on Sunday next before the feast of the Nativity of St John the Baptist, the 21st of June, 1377 **+**

RICHARD II The reign of this monarch began on the feast of St Alban, Monday, the 22nd of June. 1377, the day after the death of his grandfather, Edward III, on which day the great seal was delivered to the King, and by him entrusted to sir Nicholas Bonde, until the chancellor's return from abroad, which occurred on the 26th of the same month ! The notice of the regnal years of Richard

^{*} The first document in the Fædera wherein this style occurs after the resumption of it is dated "Apud Westmonast xi die Junii, anno regni nostri Augliæ quadrigesimo tertio, regni vero nostri Franciæ tricesimo"

Vol vi p 623

† Rot Claus 1 Ric II m 46 Vide the note following

† The following account of Edward III 's decease, and of Richard's accession, occurs on the Close Rolls — "Memorandum quod defuncto no. bili et potente principi domino I dwardo, ultimo Rege Angliæ et I ranciæ, avo domini Ricardi nunc Regis Angliæ et I rucæ, — qui quidem dominus Edwardus, vicesimo primo die Juni, videlicet, die dominica proximo ante testum nativitatis sancti Johannis briptistæ anno Domini millesimo (cclxxviio et regni ipsius Ldwardi quinquagesimo primo, circà Inmening (CCAXVI) set from non-time advanta quinqui genino prino, circa horam non-time in maniero suo de Shene spiritum reddidt in minos Catatoris, — Williclinus de Burstall custos rotulorum candelli rime Regus, Reardus de Ravenere Archidaconus Lancolmensis et Thomas de Newenham clerica dictæ cancellariæ, tune custodes magni signil duct domnir Fdwardt Regis, in abscentia ventrabilis patris Ade Episcopi Menevensi Cancellaru ipsius domini Edwardt Regis, tune in partibus transmarinis in negotiis regin existintis, vicesimo secundo die lumi tune proximo sequente, videli et., in fecto sancti Albani martyris, hini tine proxino sequence, vinence, in testo and zioni maryino, hora vesperarum, spud dictum manerium de Shene, in camera ipsius domini Regis Ricardi dictum sigillum in qui dim bursa sibi cori sigillis suis signata liberaverunt dicto domino Ricardo Regi, in manibus suis propriis, in presentia vener ibilium patrum Simonis archiepiscopi Cantuariensis et Henrici Episcopi Wygorniensis, Johannis Regis Castellæ et I egionis Ducis Lancastrae et ahorum magnatum ibidem existentium, et prædictus Johannes Rex Castelle dictum sigillum cepit de manibus dicti domin nostri Regis Ricardi, et illud iberavit Nicholao Bonde mihi de camera ipsius domini regis Ricardi custodiendum. Et postmodum regresso præfato Episcommit regression and articles of the state of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the copy of the cop hannis Regis Castellæ et aliorum de familia dicti domini Regis nunc magnum sigilium suum pro regimine Anglia, in quadam bursa inclusum, liberavit prafato Episcopo Menevensi cancellario suo, &c Qui quidem cancellarius, eodem die, in capella sua, apud hospitium suum in vico de Flete Stret, Londini, dictam bursam aperiut, et dictum sigilium extraxit, et diversas literas patentes de diversis officiariis regni ibidem fecit consigmari "-Rot Claus 1 Ric 2 m 46.

II. in the Red Book of the Exchequer agrees with the above statement - "Anno Domini Mccclxxvii Item data Regis Ricardi Secundi a conquestu mutatur singulis annis in festo Sancti Albani accidente xxij die Junii, et cessavit penultimo die Septembris anno regni sui xxiiicio" The earliest instrument issued by Richard II is dated on the 22nd of June, by letters under his signet, and the Rolls in the Tower tend to prove that his regnal year commenced on that day A document dated on the twenty-first of June was the first entered on the Close Roll of the third year of Richard's reign, but it was afterwards cancelled, because it was enrolled on the Rolls of the second year, which entry appears to have been subsequently made, and the inference from this circumstance must be, that the 21st of June was the last, instead of the first, day of the regnal year first documents entered (with the exception of the one above alluded to) on the Rolls of Richard's reign in the Tower are dated on the 22nd of June. and the last on the 20th of that month of the termination of Richard's reign is accurately fixed to Monday, the day of the feast of St Michael, the 29th of September, 1399, by the record of his resignation of the crown on that day on the Rolls of Parliament *

HENRY IV. The accession of Henry IV to the Crown has always hitherto been assigned to the 29th of September, 1399, the day on which Richard II resigned it; but it is proved by the Rolls of Parliament containing the record of Richard's resignation, and of Henry's accession, that he became King of England on Tuesday, the feast of St Jerome the Doctor; ie, the thirtieth of September, 1399 †

^{*} Rot Parl vol 111 pp 416, 417 † Rot Parl vol 111 pp 415, 416, 417, et seg See also a document relating to Henry's coronation, printed in the Fordera, vol viii p 90 The Ward robe accounts of Henry IV in the Harleian MS 319, are reckoned 'ab ultimo die Sept' anno vii finiente usque viij diem Decembris, anno viii '

Henry the Fourth was crowned on Monday, the feast of the translation of St Edward the Confessor*, the 13th of October, 1399, and died on Monday, the 20th of March, 1413 The memorandum in the Red Book of the Exchequer agrees with these dates - "Anno Domini Mcccillixxxix Item data Regis Henrici Quarti a conquestu mutatur singulis annis a festo Sancti Jeronimi accidente xxxº die Septembris, videlicet, in crastino Sancti Michaelis, et obiit xxo die Martii, anno regni sui xiiii "

HENRY V The reign of HENRY V began on the day on which his peace was proclaimed t, namely, on Tuesday, the feast of St Benedict, the 21st of March, 1413, the day after the death of his father I This seems to be proved by the fact, that a document dated on the 20th of March is entered on the Norman rolls of the fifth year, whilst one dated on the next day, the 21st of March, is entered on the Norman Rolls of the sixth year of his reign The other rolls in the Tower throw little light on the point, as no entry on the rolls of the respective years is dated after the 19th of March, but the earliest date with which any roll commences is the 21st of March By the treaty of Troyes in May, 1420, Henry V relinquished the title of King of France during the lifetime of his father-in-law Charles VI, and styled himself "Henricus dei Gratia Rex Angliæ, Hæres et Regens Franciæ, et dominus Hiberniæ"

Henry V died at Bois Vincennes, in France, between two and three o'clock in the morning of Monday next after the feast of the decollation of St John the Baptist, the 31st of August, 1422 & With these dates the Red Book of the Exchequer agrees - "Anno Domini

^{*} Walsingham, p 426

^{*} Walsingham, p 426;
† This proclamation is printed in the Fædera, vol ix p 1 It contains a notification of the death of Henry IV and it proceeds, "six quod dicti regni successio nobis notorie devolvitur et dignoscritur pertinere";
† Hardyng, however, says, Henry V's reign began on St Cuthbert's day, the twentieth of March Ed 1812, p 371;
† Roc. Claus. 1 Hen. VI m 21 d Vide Fædera, vol x p 253.

MOCCOXIII Item data Regis Henrici Quinti a conquestu mutatur singulis annis in festo Sancti Benedicti accidente xxj die Marcii, et obiit ultimo die Augusti anno regni sui x^{mo}."

HENRY VI The date of the accession of this Monarch is clearly fixed to the 1st of September, 1422, being the day after his father died, which agrees with the statement in the Year Book of the 4th Hen. VI, 1425, before cited*, that the first day of the reign of each King was then considered to be the day following that on which the preceding monarch died At the commencement of the Minutes of the Privy Council of Henry VI is the following memorandum - " Decessit Cristianissimus pugil Ecclesiæ, prudentiæ jubar, et exemplar justitiæ, ac invictissimus Rex, flos et decus omnis militiæ, Henricus Vius post conquestum, Rex Angliæ, hæres et Regens regni Franciæ, et Dominus Hiberniæ, apud Castrum de Boys de Vincens, juxta Parisias, ultimo die Augusti, anno Domini millesimo coccexii, et regni sui anno xmo, cui successit illustris filius ejus Henricus Sexfus, videlicet, primo die Septembris anno ætatis et regni sui primo" † Henry VI did not receive the great seal from the chancellor until the 28th of September 1, and his peace was not proclaimed until the 1st of October in the same year 0

On the 4th of March, 1461, Henry was deposed by Edward IV, and the last instrument issued by him is dated on the 3rd of that month, but in October, 1470, he recovered possession of the Throne, and resumed the Regal title. The last instrument issued in the name of Edward IV, in 1470, is dated on the 9th of October, and the first which occurs in the name of Henry VI, after his restoration, is dated on the same day, the teste to which, and to all other documents while Henry pos-

^{*} Vide pages 284, 285 antea, notes † Proceedings of the I rivy Council, vol in p 3 ‡ Fadera, vel x p 253 § Ibid p 254

sessed the throne, is in these words . - "Teste meipso, apud Westmonasterium, nono die Octobris, anno ab inchoatione regni nostri quadragesimo nono, et readeptionis nostræ regiæ potestatis anno primo "* The last instrument issued by Henry VI in the Fædera is dated on the 27th of March, 1471 † The battle of Barnet, which was fought on Easter-day, the 14th of April, in that year, again drove Henry VI from the throne; but Edward was at London, and homage was rendered to him at Paul's Cross, on Easter eve. the 13th of April in that year ‡ The Red Book of the Exchequer contains this notice of the regnal years of Henry VI - "Anno Domini Mccccxxii data Regis Henrici VIti a conquestu mutatur singulis annis in festo Sancti Egidii, accidente primo die Septembris"

EDWARD IV That the date usually assigned to the accession of EDWARD IV, namely, the 4th of March, 1461, is correct, is proved by the rolls of parliament. In the first parliament held in his reign, which assembled at Westminster on the 4th of November in that year, a declaration was made of the King's title to the Throne After stating his right to the Crown by descent, the Act proceeds, -- "After the decease of the right noble and famous prince Richard, duke of York, his father, in the name of Jesus, to his pleasure and loving, the fourth day of the month of March last passed, took upon him to use his right and title to the realm of England and lordship, and entered into the exercise of the Royal estate, dignity, pre-eminence, and power of the same Crown, and to the reign and governance of the said realm of England and lordship, and the same fourth day of March amoved Henry, late called King Henry the Sixth, son to Henry, son to the said Henry, late earl of Derby, son to John of Gaunt, from the occupation, usurp-

^{*} Fœdera, vol x1 p 661 2 Rot Claus 11 Edward IV

⁺ Ibid. p. 706.

ation, intrusion, reign and governance of the same realm," and the act goes on to confirm Edward's title on and from the 4th of March preceding. On the 10th of March the King delivered the great seal to the chancellor, and he was crowned at Westminster on the 28th or 29th of June following. The resumption of the Royal style by Henry VI, from the 9th of October, 1470, to the beginning of April, 1471, has been already noticed; but after Edward recovered the Royal authority, the years of his reign continued to be reckoned from the 4th of March, 1461, as if no interruption had occurred.

Edward IV died at Westminster on the 9th of April, 1483. The Red Book of the Exchequer agrees with the dates of Edward IV's accession and demise "Annio Domini Mccoclexi Item data Regis Edward Quarti mutatur singulis annis quarto die Marcii, et obiit nono die Aprilis, anno regni sui vicesimo tercio"

EDWARD V. The date of the accession of this Monarch has not been, and probably cannot be, fixed by evidence, but all authorities concur in assigning it to the day of his father's decease, the 9th of April, 1483 In the Red Book of the Exchequer is the following notice of the commencement and termination of Edward V's reign — "Anno Domini McCCCLXXXIII. Item data Regis Edwardi Quinti inchoavit eodem & nono die Aprilis, et cessavit xxiide die Junii tunc sequente, videlicet anno regni sui primo" The first document of the reign of Edward V printed in the Fœdera is dated on the 23rd of April, and the last on the 17th of June, in the first year of his reign || no document dated later

^{*} Rot Parl vol v pp 463, 464 † Tœdera, vol x1 p 473 † See p 304.

Neferring to the date of the demise of Edward IV the service of Line of June, that Edward was then still considered King See that and another very interesting letter dated on the 9th of June, both giving the news of the me tropolis at the eventful period in question, printed in the Excerpta Historica, 8vo. 1831, p. 17

than that day appears to be enrolled. As the obscurity in which the fate of this unfortunate Prince is enveloped has never been penetrated, it is difficult to state the day on which his reign ended. Fabyan, however, says he bore the name of King by the space of two months and eleven days, which, calculated from the 9th of April, the day on which he says Edward V's reign began, fixes its termination to the 20th of June His uncle, Richard III., did not usurp the Royal dignity until the 26th of June, nine days after the date of the last instrument in Edward's name upon record, and four days after the day which the Red Book of the Exchequer states was the last of his reign.

RICHARD III. As scarcely any two authorities agree respecting the date of the accession of this Monarch*. it is fortunate that he himself should have removed all doubt on the subject, by an official com-On the memoranda rolls of the Exmunication chequer in Ireland, the following letter from Richard III occurs, which fixes the date of the commencement of his reign to the twenty-sixth of June, 1483 - "RICHARD, by the grace of God King of England and of France, and lord of Ircland To all oure subgrettes and hegemen within oure lande of Irland, hering or seing thise oure lettres, greting For as moche as we be infourmed that there is grete doubte and ambiguyte amoing you for the certaine day of the commensing of oure Reigne, we signifie unto you for trouthe, that by the grace and sufferaunce of oure blessed Criatour, we entred into

^{*} Hall, Sir Thomas More, Grafton, and the Continuator of Hardyng's Chronicle state, that Richard III ascended the throne on the 19th, Rapin, on the 22nd, Hume, about the 25th, and Sharon Turner and Lingard, on the 26th of June. Fabyan says Richard was proclaimed King upon Fria 27, being the 21st day of June, or, according to the editions of 1542 and 1552, Friday, the 22nd of June The 21st of June, 1483, however, fell on a Saturday, and the 22nd on a Sanday The Iable of Regnal Years in the Chronica Juridicialia places his accession on the 22nd of June These discrepancies are not surprising, as Richard himself says doubts had existed on the point.

oure just title, taking upon us our dignitie royalle and supreme governance of this oure royme of England the XXYJth DAY OF JUYN THE YLBE OF OURE LORD MCCCCLXXIII, and after that we woll that ye do make all writinges and recordes amonge yow Geven under oure signet at our castell of Notingham, the xijth day of Octobre, the second yere of oure reigne * [1484]"

Richard's accession is also proved to have taken place on the 26th of June, by the bill delivered to the lords by some northern gentry and others, in Westminster Hall, on that day, in his presence, the purport of which is thus given in the Chronicle of Croyland — 'Protector eodem die, quo regimen sub titulo Regii nominis sibi vendicavit, viz 26° die Junii, anno Dom 1483, se apud magnam Aulam Westmonasterii in cathedram marmoream immisit, et tuin mox omnibus proceribus. tam laicis quam ecclesiasticis, et ceteris assidentibus, astantibus, &c, ostendebatur rotulus quidam, in quo, per modum supplicationis in nomine procerum et populi borealis, exhibita sunt, primum, quod filii regis Edwardı erant bastardı, supponendo, illum præcontraxisse matrimonium cum quadam Domina Elionara Boteler, antequam Reginam Elizabetham duxisset in uxorem deinde, quod sanguis alterius fratris (Georgii, scil Clarensiæ Ducis) fuisset attinctus Ita quod nullus certus incorruptus sanguis linealis ex parte Richardi Ducis Eboraci poterat inveniri, nisi in persona Richardi Protectoris, Ducis Glocestriæ, et jam eidem duci supplicabant, ut jus suum in regno Angliæ sibi assumeiet et coronam acciperet." In the instructions issued to certain commissioners sent to Calais, in answer to a letter from lord Dynham respecting the oath of allegiance

^{*} I'x Offic Rememor Regis Scac Hibern Frotulis vocatis "Memoranda Rolls" Printed in the Report of the Commissioners on the Rec old freland, where a fac-simile of this letter is given. It is remarkable that the printed copy should differ from the fac-simile in the identical point which caused the letter to be published, for in the former the "xxyth of June" occurs, whereas in the fac-simile it is the "xxyth of June". The latter is doubtless correct, for an eight energy the copies precisely what is before him, is less likely to err than a transcriber or editor.

taken by the garrison of that place to Edward V., Richard's accession is described in the following words — "His sure and true title is evidently shewed in a bill of petition which the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons of the land, solemnly porrected unto the King's highness at London, the 26th day of June, whereupon the King's said highness, notably assisted by well near all the lords spiritual and temporal of this realm, went the same day unto the palace at Westminster, and there in such royal honourable apparelled within the great hall there took possession and declared his mind, that the same day he would begin to reign upon his people, and from thence rode solemnly to the cathedral church of London, and was received there with procession, with great congratulation and acclamation of all the people in every place, and by the way that the king was in that day"* The notice of Richard's regnal years in the Red Book of the Exchequer agrees with this date -"Item data Regis Ricardi Tercii mutatur singulis annis xxvito die Junii. Et interfectus fuit in bello ab Henrico Septimo vicesimo secundo die Augusti, anno regni sui tercio"

On the day after Richard's accession, Friday, the 27th of June, the great seal was delivered to him, when he again intrusted it to the bishop of Lincoln, the chancellor The reign of Richard III terminated with his death, at the battle of Bosworth, on Monday, the 22nd of August, 1485

HENRY VII If there be any point of History, which would appear to be too firmly established to admit of the possibility of doubt or suspicion, it is the date of Henry the Seventh's accession to the throne The battle of Bosworth, wherein Richard III. was slain, was certainly fought on Monday, the twenty-second of August, 1485, and all historians concur in stating that the Crown was placed on Henry's head

^{*} Buck's Life of Richard III, p 522, said to have been copied from the "Original Journal Book"

immediately after the victory, when he was hailed as King by the acclamations of his army. Henry has left evidence that he considered himself indebted for the throne to his sword, and he seems to have fixed that battle as the epoch of his accession In his Will the following passage occurs - "Also we will that our executors cause to be made an image of a King, representing our own person, the same to be of timber, covered and wrought with plate of fine gold, in manner of an armed man, and upon the same armour a coat-armour of our arms of England and France, enamelled, with a sword and spurs accordingly, and the said image to kneel upon a table of silver and gilt, and holding betwixt his hands the Crown which it pleased God to give us, with the victory of our enemy at our first field, the which image and crown we bequeath to Almighty God, our blessed Lady *," &c. It is not certain whether Henry meant, by the word "Crown," a mere representation of that emblem of Sovereignty, and wished to declare his opinion that he derived the Throne from the right of conquest only, or whether he intended that the identical Crown which was placed on his head on Bosworth field should be thus preserved In either sense, however, the passage seems to imply that Henry considered that the battle of Bosworth gave him the Regal dignity, and, on meeting his first parliament, he expressly alluded to that event as forming part of his title to the Throne "Subsequenterque, idem Dominus Rex, prefatis communibus, ore suo proprio eloquens, ostendendo suum adventum ad jus et Coronam Angliæ fore tam per justum titulum hæreditanciæ, quam per verum Dei judicium in tribuendo sibi victoriam de inimico suo in campo"† It is consequently extraordinary that any reason should exist for believing that his accession was dated not from the twenty-second of August, the day of the battle and of Richard's death, but from the

Fordera, vol xii p. 189

twenty-first of that month, the day before either of those events. In the Red Book of the Exchequer it is expressly said that the twenty-first of August was the commencement of Henry VII's regnal years -"Anno Domini Mccoolxxxv. Item data Regis Henrici Septimi mutatur singulis annis vicesimo pi imo die Augusti." As these memoranda are not brought lower than the death of Henry VIII, in 1549, it may be presumed, that the writer of them lived at that period, and must have known in what manner the regnal years of the preceding Sovereign were reckoned: and though errors have been found in these memoranda in relation to the deaths and succession of two of our early Monarchs, the statements respecting every one of the seven Kings who immediately preceded Henry VII. namely, Richard III, Edward V, Edward IV, Henry VI, Henry V, Henry IV, and Richard II, have been proved by evidence to be strictly correct. The probability is, therefore, extremely great that an error was not committed in the instance of Henry VII, with part of whose reign it is not unlikely that the compiler of those notices was contemporary, and to the records of which he, if an officer of the exchequer, must frequently have had occasion to refer.

Several entries on the Rolls of Parliament support the opinion that Henry VII.'s regnal years were computed from the twenty-first of August The first parliament in that reign met at Westminster on Monday the 7th of November, 1 Hen. VII, 1485*, within three months after Henry's accession, and on the Wednesday following, namely, on the 9th of November, an act passed for vesting the duchies of Lancaster and Cornwall in the king and his heirs After reciting the act of the 14 Ed. IV, it enacts that the said statute of the 14 Ed. IV "be from the xxi day of August last past repealed,"

^{*} Rot. Parl vol vi p 267

† A writer in the Gentleman's Magazine for August, 1833 (p 125), considers that these clauses may be reconciled with the 22nd of August being the day of Henry's accession, by supposing (on the authority of Coke, 1st Inst 46b, respecting Leases) that "from" meant the day following the 21st of August, 1 e, the 22nd, and there is much probability in the connecture.

that "from the said axi day of August" * the King should hold and enjoy all the honours, castles, &c. mentioned in the said act, and in other parts of this statute "the 21st of August last past" is stated to be the day from which certain provisions were to take effect. In the act of resumption, passed on the same occasion, the commons praved the King to resume " from the 21st day of August last past" all castles, lordships, lands, &c which Henry VI, the King's uncle, had of estate of inheritance on the 2nd of October, in the 24th year of his reign, 1445, and the 21st of the preceding August is throughout this statute, also, the day on which its provisions were to come into operation † That the 21st of August was considered the date of Henry's accession, seems to be still more clearly shown by the act for attainting the adherents of Richard III., which was likewise passed in November, 1485 The preamble recites, that the King is "not oblivious nor putting out of his goodly mind the unnatural, mischievous, and great perjuries, treasons, homicides, and murders in shedding of infants' blood, with many other wrongs, odious offences, and abominations against God and man, and in especial our sovereign lord, committed by Richard, late Duke of Gloucester, calling and naming himself, by usurpation, King Richard III, the which with John, late Duke of Norfolk, Thomas, Earl of Surrey, Francis, Viscount Lovell," and several others, "the xxist day of August, the first year of the reign of our sovereign lord, assembled to them at Leicester, in the county of Leicester, a great host, traitorously intending, imagining, and conspiring the destruction of the King's royal person, our sovereign liege lord. And they with the same host, with banners spread, mightily armed and

^{*} Rot Parl vol vi p 272
† Ibid p 336 Though the 21st of August was, in most instances, the day on which certain provisions in the statutes of Henry VII were to come into operation, it is right to observe that, on one occasion at least, the 22nd of August occurs in a somewhat similar manner (vide Rot Parl vol vi p 275), and that, in Henry's proclamation, dated at Leicester on the 23rd of August in the first year of his reign, he ordered such goods of an individual to be seized, as he possessed "on the 22nd day of August, the first year of our reign "—Drake's History of York

defenced with all manner arms, as guns, bows, arrows, spears, gleves, axes, and all other manner articles apt or needful to give and cause mighty battle against our said sovereign lord, kept together from the said * xxiid day of the said month then next following, and then conducted to a field within the said shire of Leicester, there by great and continued deliberation traitorously levied war against our said sovereign lord and his true subjects there being in his service and assistance under a banner of our said sovereign lord, to the subversion of this realm and common weal of the same '† It appears, therefore, that in this statute, the twenty-first of August preceding November, 1485, was considered to have been in the first year of the reign of Henry VII, and Henry is spoken of throughout in a manner to show that he was considered to have been possessed of the Regal title and dignity, before the battle of Bosworth

The evidence on which it is presumed that Henry VII.'s reign was computed from the twenty-first, instead of from the twenty-second of August, having been stated, it is necessary to mention the authorities which assign Henry's accession to the twenty-second of that month Enough has been said respecting the battle of Bosworth and the death of Richard III being the causes of Henry's obtaining the Crown, and the strong probability that his reign was computed from the day on which those events took place Every chronicler and historian, without a single exception, dates Henry's reign from the 22nd of August, 1485, but that this arcumstance is not conclusive is manifest from every historian having concurred in assigning the commence. ment of other reigns to a wrong date. As the instruments on the Close and Patent Rolls of this reign are not entered in chronological order with regard to days or months, no information respecting the regnal

^{*} It has been remarked that "the use of the term 'sand zzı; 'seems to raise a presumption that the first mentioned date should also be xxijd, else to what can 'the said' be referred?"—Gentleman's Magazine, August 1885, p 125.

† Rot. Parl. vol. vi p 276.

year can be gained from them, but the following entry on the Pipe Roll of the 3rd Ric III certainly shows that Henry VII's reign was computed from the 22nd of August, 1485, and is almost conclusive on the point. "xxy diem Augusti... quo die idem Rex obiit et Rex Henricus vij incepit regnare" The Table of the regnal years of this monarch, in a subsequent page, is, therefore, computed according to the usually received date of Henry's accession, namely, the 22nd of August, 1485

King Henry VII. died on the 21st of April, 1509, and the inscription on his tomb also fixes the beginning of his reign to the 22nd of August, 1485

"He jacet Henricus ejus nominis Septimus, Angila quondam rex, Edmundi Richmondiæ comitis filus, qui die XXII Au, usti rex creutus, statim post apud Westmonasterium die XXX Octobris coron itur anno Domini 1845 Moritur deinde XXI die Aprilis anno ætatis Liii Regnavit annos XXIII menses VIII minus uno die "

On another part of his monument these lines occur

"Lustra decem atque annos tres plus compleverat, annis
Nam tribus octems regia sceptra tulit,
Quindecies Domini centenus fluxerit annus
Currebat nonus cum venit atra dics,
Septima ter mensis lux tum fulgebat Aprilis,
(um clausit summum tanta corona diem,
Nulla dedere prius tantum tibi secuia regem
Angha, yux similem posteriora dabunt ""*

HENRY VIII. — In consequence of the erroneous idea that the Kings of England always ascended the Throne the moment the preceding Sovereign died, some authorities have stated that Henry VIII began his reign on the 21st of April, 1509, the day of his father's decease, but it is clearly proved that his regnal years were reckoned from the following day, namely, the twenty-second of that month. In the record of the surrender of the great seal in April, 1544, it is stated, that on Monday, the 21st of April, in the thirty-fifth year of the reign of Henry VIII, about three o'clock in the afternoon, Thomas lord Audley of Walden, the chancellor, delivered up the great seal: that the King retained the seal in his own hands

^{*} Sandford's Genealogical History of the Kings of England

until the next day, namely, Tuesday, the 22nd of April, in the thirty-sixth year of the reign of the said King, on which day, about three o'clock in the afternoon, he gave the great seal into the custody of Thomas lord Wriothesley, during the illness of lord Audley.*

Henry VIII died in the morning of Friday, the 28th of January, 1547 † The notices of the regnal years in the Red Book of the Exchequer end with the following reference to those of Henry VIII — "Anno Domini Movini ‡ Item data Regis Henrici Octavi mutatur singulis annis vicesimo secundo die Aprilis, et obiit xxviijo die Januarii, anno regni sui xxxviiio"

EDWARD VI — There do not appear to be any grounds for doubting that this Monarch ascended the Throne on the day of his father's death, Friday, the 28th of January, 1547, and the custom thence-forward became uniform for each Sovereign to date his accession to the Crown from the day of the demise of his predecessor. Edward VI. died on the 6th of July, 1553 §

LADY JANE GREY — Though an usurper, the date of the assumption of the Regal title by this personage ments attention, because a few documents, both public and private, are dated "in the first year of the reign of Jane, Queen of England" Having reluctantly consented to assume the Royal dignity, immediately on the death of Edward VI, she was proclaimed Queen on the 10th of July, four days after that monarch's decease The proclamation recited her title to the throne, and stated, "that the Imperial Crown and other the premises to the same belonging, or in any wise appertaining, now be and remain to

Fordera, vol xv pp 108, 107 † Ibid p. 123.

Suc, but clearly a typographical or clerical error for MDIX.

Stat. 1 Mary, c. 4.

us in actual and royal possession "* It appears. however, that Jane's succession took place before the date of her proclamation, and her reign was most probably considered to have commenced on the 6th of July On the 9th of that month, the Privy Council. in reply to a letter from Mary, claiming the throne, and expressing her surprise that the death of Edward VI. had not been notified to her, informed her that " our sovereign lady Queen Jane is, after the death of our sovereign lord Edward VI., invested and possessed with the just and right title in the Imperial Crown of this realm, not only by good order of old ancient good laws of this realm, but also by our late Sovereign lord's letters patent, signed with his own hand. and sealed with the great seal of England, in presence of the most part of the nobles, counsellors, judges, with divers other grave and sage personages assenting and subscribing to the same " +

The earliest public documents of the reign of Jane which have been discovered, are dated on the 9th, and the latest on the 18th of July, 1553 No other private instrument dated in her reign is known to exist, than a deed relating to a messuage in the parish of St Dunstan's, in Kent, the date of which is in these words "Dat decimo quinto die Juliu anno regni Dominæ Janæ, Dei Gratia Angliæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Regniæ, Fidei Defensoris, atque in terra Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ et Hiberniæ Supremi Capitis, primo" Jane seems to have relinquished the title and state of Queen on the 19th of July §, having enjoyed the honours of Sovereignty only thirteen days. In the first par-

^{*} This proclamation is printed by Grafton, and has been reprinted by most of the biographers of Lady Jane Grey Her pretensions to the Throne, and the history of the succession to the Crown under the Acta and Will of Henry VIII., and the Letters Patent of Edward VI, are fully stated in the notes to the "Literary Remains of Lady Jane Grey," 8vo, 1825, by the author of this volume

[†] Literary Remains of Lady Jane Grey, p xlix
† Rictrospective Review New Series, i 505, communicated to that
work by the Rev Joseph Hunter, F.S.A

[§] Literary Remains of Lady Jane Grey, pp. lxx. lxxui It is not generally known that the title of Amg was attributed abroad to her husband, lord Guildford Dudley Literary Remains of Lady Jane Grey, pp. lxii—lxv

hament of Queen Mary, an act was passed "touching writings made from the sixth day of July last past, and before the first day of August then next ensuing " The preamble recited, that Edward VI died on the 6th of the preceding July, "by and immediately after whose death the Imperial Crown of this realm, &c did not only descend, remain, and come unto our most dread Sovereign lady the Queen's majesty, but also the same was then immediately and lawfully invested, deemed, and judged in her highness's most royal person by the due course of inheritance, and by the laws and statutes of this realm," that, nevertheless, her "most lawful possession was for a time disturbed and disquieted by the traitorous rebellion and usurpation of the lady Jane Dudley, wife of Guildford Dudley, esquire, otherwise called the lady Jane Grey, and other her accomplices, during the time of which said rebellion and usurpation divers statutes, recognizances, indentures, obligations, acquittances, grants, patents, evidences, and other writings, were made between and to sundry of the subjects of this realm," whereupon questions and suits might hereafter arise. for the avoidance of which doubts and litigation, it was therefore enacted, that all such instruments and other writings whatsoever made by or to any person or persons, bodies corporate or politic, being the Queen's subjects, since the 6th of July last past, and before the 1st of August then next following, under the name of the reign of any other person than the name of the Queen, shall be as good and effectual in the law as if her name "and style appropriate and united unto her majesty's imperial crown had been fully expressed therein." But it was provided, that this act should not render valid any letters patent, gifts, or leases, or other writings made by lady Jane Dudley since the said 6th of July, of any lands or offices belonging to the Crown, or any other writings whatsoever made by her since that day, which were declared to be utterly void.*

^{*} Statute 1 Mary, cap. 4

MARY The accession of Queen Mary was reckoned from the 6th of July, 1553, the day on which Edward VI died, but, on her marriage with Philip, King of Spain, on the 25th of July, 1554, a change took place, as well in computing her regnal years, as in her titles It was provided by the treaty for that alliance, and confirmed by act of parliament, that, on the celebration of their nuptials, Philip should, during their marriage, "have and enjoy, jointly together with the Queen his wife, the style, honour, and Kingly name of the realm and dominions unto the said Queen appertaining, and shall aid her highness, being his wife, in the happy administration of her realms and dominions" * The marriage was celebrated on the 25th of July, 1554, which became the first day " of the first and second year of the reign of Philip and Mary, and on the 27th of that month proclamation was ordered to be made of the style of the King and Queen in Latin and English, the latter being, "Philip and Mary, by the grace of God King and Queen of England, France, Naples, Jerusalem, and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, Princes of Spain and Sicily, Aichdukes of Austria, Dukes of Milan, Burgundy, and Biabant, Counts of Haisburg, Flanders, and Tyrol," which style was commanded to be used in all writings † From that time the regnal years were reckoned from the 25th of July, and they were called "the first and second," the "second and third," the "third and fourth," the "fourth and fifth," and the "fifth and sixth" years of Philip and Mary # But the days between the 6th

^{• 1} Mar stat 2 c ii Fædera, vol xv p 394 • Fædera, vol xv p 404 1 For example, an indenture between the King and Queen, and the mer-chants of the staple of Calais, is "dated the 12th day of 1 ebruary, in the

enants of the stape of Caiais, is "cated the ize day of repriary, if the first and second years of the most properous reign of our sud Swreign Lord and Lady "—Federa vol xv p 4'3 "In Parliamento inchoito et tento apud Westmonset' xij die Novembra annis rejnorum exclichtissimorum et seremisimorum Philippi et Marie, Der Gratia Anglie, I rancies, &c, Regie et Reguine, &c, primo et secundo"—"In Parliam not on choato et tento apud Westmon isterium xxino die Januarii annis repriorum invicationale at scalidariamentim Directione. tissimorum et excellentissimorum Pinicipium Philippi et Mirie, Dei Gratia Ai glies, Hispanarum, Francie, &c., Regis et Regina, &c., quarto et quinto "-- Statutes oi the Realim.

and 24th of July, both inclusive, after the Queen's marriage, were reckoned thus the days from the 6th to the 24th of July, 1555, were called in the 1st and 3rd Philip and Mary, those from the 6th to the 24th of July, 1556, in the 2nd and 4th of Philip and Mary, those from the 6th to the 24th of July, 1557, in the 3rd and 5th Philip and Mary, and those from the 6th to the 24th of July, 1558, in the 4th and 6th Philip and Mary, that is, in the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th years of their joint reigns, and in the 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th of the reign of Mary *

Queen Mary died on the 17th of November, 5 and 6 Philip and Mary, 1558

ELIZABETH, ascended the Throne on the day of the death of her half-sister, Queen Mary, November the 17th, 1558, from which date her regnal years were accordingly reckoned. This fact is proved by the 17th of November being called the "Queen's" day, and celebrated as the anniversary of her accession†, as well as by other evidence. All Tables

* A commission to survey lands in the manor of Gymingham in Norfolk, in the year 1555, is dated on the "fifth of July, in the first and second year of our reigin" Mary second year was not completed until the following day, the 6th of July, when she entered her third year, and, consequently, all the intermediate days until the 25th of July, when Philips first year would be completed, are reckoned in the first and third of Philip and Mary The only instrument on record in the Duchy of Lancaster, which was passed during this period of nineteen days, in the year 1555, bears date the eighteenth day of July, in the first and third years of our reigns. The next instrument in order of date, in the year 1555, was issued on "the third of August, in the second and third vears of our reign," and all instruments are dated from this time to the followin, 6th of July, 1556, in the second and third of Philip and Mary. The only patent which occurs dated between the 6th of July and 25th of July, 1550, was of a grant of lands in I eicestershire, and a blank is left for the day of the month, thus "Datum apud Westin", die Julii annis regnorum nostrorum secundo et quarto"

ot quarto"
Several instruments occur in the year 1577, between the 6th and 25th of July, and they are reckoned in the third and fifth of Philip and Mary Among many others, are the appointment of Thomas Fletcher to be built of Agardsley, in Staffordshire, which is dated on the "fifth of July, in the third and four th of Philip and Mary," whereas the lease of the herbage of Haweray Park to Elyzeus Markham, esq (three days after), is dated on the eighth of July, in the third and fifth of Philip and Mary A lease of lands in Lancashire to Christopher Anderton, is dated on the tenth of July, in the third and fifth of Philip and the grant of the office of constable of Lancaster Castle to Francis Tunstall, esq is dated on the twentith of July, in the third and fifth of Philip and Mary † Vide "Queen's Day," page 168 antea

of regnal years compiled at the period, agree in calling that day the first of her reign. The resolutions of the judges, chief baron, and attorney and solution general, on the statute 1 Edw VI cap 7, in Michaelmas term 1 Eliz, 1559, respecting the continuance of suits notwithstanding the demise of the Crown, show what was then considered the law on the point. The first of these resolutions is to this effect.—"The King who is heir or successor may write and begin his reign the same day that his progenitor or predecessor died"* It is obvious however, from what has been before stated on the subject, that this resolution was not in conformity with ancient practice

Queen Elizabeth died on the 24th of March, 1603

In conformity with the opinion expressed JAMES I by the judges in the 1st Eliz, James I commenced his reign on the day of Queen Elizabeth's demise, the 24th of March, 1603 This is proved by the statute recognising his right to the throne, and is corroborated by other evidence after reciting his pedigree, and declaring that "We, 'your majesty's loyal and faithful subjects, of all estates and degrees, with all possible and publick joy and acclamation, by open proclamations, within few hours after the decease of our late Sovereign Queen acknowledging thereby with one full voice of tongue and heart that your Majesty was our only lawful and rightful liege lord and Sovercign, by our unspeakable and general rejoicing and applause at your Majesty's most happy inauguration and coronation," &c, the Act proceeds to recognise and acknowledge "that, immediately upon the dissolution and decease of Elizabeth, late Queen of England, the Imperial Crown of the realm of England, and of all the Kingdoms, dominions, and rights belonging to the same, did by inherent birthright and lawful and un-

^{*} Dyer's Reports, 159 See page 284. antea.

doubted succession, descend and come to your most excellent Majesty, as being lineally, justly, and lawfully next and sole heir of the blood Royal of this realm "*

It is a remarkable fact in the history of the descent of the Crown, and one not commonly known, that, for nearly twelve months after James I's accession, the statutes then in force vested the legal light to the Throne in Lord Seymour, eldest son of the Earl of Hertford, by Lady Katherine Grey (sister of Lady Jane Grev), as heir of Mary duchess of Suffolk, the youngest sister of Henry VIII † James's hereditary pretensions were not acknowledged and ratified by parliament until March, 1604

James I. died on Sunday, the 27th of March, 1625 ‡

CHARLES I ascended the Throne on the day of his father's death, 27th of March, 1625, and was beheaded on the 30th of January, 1648-9.

THE COMMONWEALTH During the Commonwealth, from the 30th of January, 1649, to the 29th of May, 1660, no other date was used in public instruments than the year of our Lord, the month, and the day of the month, but a practice was introduced about the year 1650, of using both the Old and the New Style, in the following manner — "Hague, June \(\frac{6}{10}, \frac{10}{51}, \text{"--(\frac{18}{28})May," — "\frac{22}{1} \text{July} \) \(\frac{1653}{1} \) \(\frac{1653}{1} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18}{28} \) \(\frac{18

cil, bearing date
$$\frac{21}{51}$$
 June, and the $\frac{25 \text{ July}}{4 \text{ August}}$," c

The difference between the Styles was often adverted to in public documents thus, in the recapitulation

^{*} Stat 1 Jac I cap 1 † Note to the Literary Remains of Lady Jane Grey, pp cxxvl.—cxlvlii. f Fædera, vol. xviii p 2.

from the English ambassadors to the States General, in June, 1651, of the proceedings of the treaty, the variation is noticed in this manner "First, that from the second of May, New Style, and two and twentieth of April, Old Style, we undertook," &c * "Nor had we any treaty with them until the tenth of May, Old Style, and twentieth of May, New Style," &c , the inconvenience of which must have been so great, that it is surprising the Gregorian calendar was not much sooner adopted in this country

It may be useful to observe, that OLIVER CROMWELI assumed the title of "The Lord Protector of the Commonwealth of England, Scotland, and Ireland," on the 16th of December, 1653, with the style of "His Highness" He died at Whitehall, on Friday, the 3rd 17sth of September, 1658, and his son, Richard Cromwell, was proclaimed Protector the next day, the 4th of September, and resigned the office in May, 1659

CHARLES II Although CHARLES II did not become King, de facto, until the 29th of May, 1660, his regnal years were computed from the death of his father, 30th of January, 1648-9, so that the year of his restoration is called the twelfth of his reign. This was done under an opinion of the judges, who resolved, that from the instant of his father's death, though excluded from the Kingly office, he was King both de jure and de facto, and, therefore, that all who had taken part against him, and kept him out of possession, were guilty of treason,—a decision founded on the absurd pretence, that no one had, in the interval between the death of Charles I and the restoration of his son, assumed the title of King. He died on the 6th of February, 1685.

^{*} Fædera, vol xx p 614.
† Allen's Inquiry into the Royal Prerogative, on the authority of Foster s
Crown Law, 402, and Bacon's Abridgment, art. Prerogative, A.

JAMES II. The accession of this Monarch took place on the day of his brother Charles II is death, on the 6th of February, 1685, and his reign terminated with his abdication on the 11th of December, 1688, at one o'clock in the morning of which day he quitted the Kingdom The latest instrument entered on the Patent Rolls of his reign is dated on the 7th of that month.

WILLIAM III AND MARY II In the statute of the 1 Will and Mary, for preventing all questions and disputes concerning the assembling and sitting of that parliament, it is stated, that the 13th of February, 1688-9, was "the day on which their Majesties accepted the Crown and Royal dignity of King and Queen of England,"* so that there was in fact an interregnum of nearly two months between the abdication of James II and the accession of William and By the act of settlement, the Crown was vested in William Prince of Orange, and his wife the Princess Mary, daughter of James II, during their lives and the life of the survivor of them, but the royal authority was to be executed by his Majesty in the names of both, during their joint lives their decease, the Crown was limited to the heirs of the body of the Queen, in default of which, to the princess Anne of Denmark, and the heirs of her body, in default of which, to the heirs of his manesty's body †

Queen Mary died, without surviving issue, about one o'clock in the morning of the 28th of December, 1694‡, when the Royal style was altered, and William III commenced his seventh regnal year, his sixth year being considered to have terminated on the 27th of that month §

King William died on the 8th of March, 1702.

[•] i W & M c l § Stat 1 W & M sess 2 c 2 Burnet's History of his own Time § Vide Loids' Journals, vol. xv pp 451, 452.

ANNE Pursuant to the Act of Settlement, Anne, wife of I'rince George of Denmark, and daughter of King James II, ascended the throne on the day of William III.'s demise, the 8th of March, 1702. She died on the 1st of August, 1714.

The dates of the accession and deaths of the Sovereigns of the House of Hanover, which will be found in the Tables of their regnal years, do not require any remark, the principle having become settled that the heir to the Throne succeeds instantly on the death of his predecessor

TABLE OF REGNAL YEARS.

Of the two dates standing opposite to each year of a reign, the first is the commencement and the sec ond the end of the regnal year. In using this Table, it is necessary to observe that it is calculated according to the Common and His torical year, viz., from the 1st of January, but as the Civil, Ecclesistical, and Legal year, for a long period, began on the 25th of March, all dates between the 1st of January and the 25th of March belong, according to the Civil computation, to one year carter than the Historical year. For example, from the 1st of January to the 25th of March, in the first year of the reign of William the Conqueror, was in the Civil year 106n, instead of 1067. For the same reason, Liward III is reign is sometimes and to have begun on the 25th of January 1320, instead of the 25th January, 1927. Henry V's on the 21st March, 1112, instead of the 25th January, 1927, Henry V's on the 21st March, 1406, instead of the 4th March, 1461, and the same remark, mutation mutanties, applies to the commencement of the reigns of Edward VI, James I Charles II, James II, Wilham and Mary, and Queen Anne, accordingly whether the Historical or Civil year the alluded to Vide remarks on the subject in pp 37, 38, and particularly pp 41, 42, antes

WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR.

1 {25 Dec 1066 24 Dec 1067	7 {25 Dec 1072, 24 Dec 1073	12 {25 Dec 1077, 24 Dec 1078	17 { 25 Dec 1082 24 Dec 1083
2 {25 Dec 1067, 24 Dec 1068	- (24 Dec 10/4	13 \\ 25 Dec 1078, \\ 24 Dec 1079	
3 25 Dec 1069 24 Dec 1069 4 25 Dec 1069, 24 Dec 1070	9 (24 Dec 1075	14 \{ \frac{25}{24} \text{ Dcc } \frac{1079}{1080},	19 \{ \frac{25}{24} \text{ Dec } \frac{1084}{1085}
£ (25 Dec 1070,	10 6 24 Dec 1076	15 {25 Dec 1080, 24 Dec 1081	
6 25 Dec 1071, 24 Dec 1072,	11 25 Dec 1076, 24 Dec 1077	16 \(\frac{25}{24} \) Dec 1081, \(\text{Dec 1082} \)	21 {25 Dec 108t 9 Sept. 108t

WILLIAM THE SECOND

1 {26 Sept 1087, 25 Sept 1088	5 { 26 Sept 1091, 25 Sept 1092	8 { 26 Sept 1094, 25 Sept 1095	11 {26 Sept 1097 25 Sept. 1098
2 \ \ 26 \ \text{Sept 1088,} \ 25 \ \text{Sept 1089} \ \ 3 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		9 {26 Sept 1095, 25 Sept 1096	
25 Sept 1090 4 { 26 Sept 1090, 25 Sept 1091.	7 26 Sept 1099 25 Sept 1094	10 { 26 Sept 1096, 25 Sept. 1097	13 26 Sept 109 2 Aug. 1100

HENRY THE FIRST

1 {5 Aug 1100, 4 Aug 1 01	10 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	$^{1109}_{1110}$, $19\{^{5}_{4}, 1110\}$	Aug 1118, Aug 1119	28 { 5 }	Aug 1127, Aug 1128
2 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	11 4 Aug	1111, 20 3	Aug 1120 Aug 1190	$29\{4\}$	Aug 1129
3 \ \ \frac{5}{4} \text{ Aug 1102,} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	12 4 Aug	1112 21 {4	Aug 1121	$30\frac{1}{6}$	Aug 11.0
4 5 Aug 1103, 4 Aug 1101	13 4 Aug	1113 22 4	Aug 1122	31 { 4 }	Ang Hol
5 {5 Aug 1104 4 Aug 1105	14 4 Aug	1114 23 4	Aug 1123	32 [4]	Aug 1152.
6 \ \ \frac{5}{4} \ \text{Aug} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	15 { 4 Aug	1115, 24 4	Aug 1124 Aug 1124.	33 [4]	Aug 11:5.
7 {5 Aug 1106, 4 Aug 1107	10 { 1 Aug	1116, 25 4	Aug 1125 Aug 1125,	34 64	Aug 1154 Aug 114.
8 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	17 {4 Aug	1117 20 4	Aug 1126,	0655	Aug 11.5' Aug 1135,
9 \[\begin{pmatrix} 5 & Aug & 1108 \\ 4 & Aug & 1109 \end{pmatrix} \]	IS (Aug	1115 2764	Aug 1127	3011	Dec 11ວວັ

STEPHEN *

1 26 Dec 1135, 25 Dec 1136	6 26 Dec 1140 2. Dec 1141	11 26 Dec 1140,	16 \ 26 Dec 1150 \ 25 Dec 1151
2 26 Dec 1136 25 Dec 1137	7 26 Dec 1141 25 Dec 1142	12 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	17 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
3 26 Dec 1137 25 Dec 1138	8 \ 26 Dec 1112 \ 25 Dcc 1145	13 \ 25 Dec 1147, Dec 1148	18 126 Dec 1152,
4 26 Dec 1138, 25 Dec 11 9	9 25 Dec 114,	14 25 Dec 1149	10 (26 Dec 1153,
5 26 Dec 1139, 25 Dec 1140	10 \ 26 Dec 1144 25 Dec 1145	15 \ 26 Dec 1149, 25 Dec 1150	-5 (25 Oct 1154

HENRY THE SECOND

1 19 Dec 1154, 18 Dec 1155	10 19 Dec 1163	19 19 Dec 1172 28	19 Dec 1181, 18 Dec 1182
2 19 Dec 1155, 18 Dec 1156	11 { 19 Dec 1161, 18 Dec 1165	$20\left\{ {rac{{19}}{{18}}\mathop{ m Dec}}\limits_{ m Dec}rac{{1173}}{{1174}} ight 29$	19 Dec 1182, 18 Dec 1183
3 { 19 Dec 1156, 18 Dec 1157){19 Dec 1183, 18 Dec 1184.
	13 19 Dec 1166, 18 Dec 1167		1 { 19 Dec 1194, 18 Dec 1185
5 \{ \frac{19}{18} \text{ Dec } \frac{1158}{159} \\ \frac{1159}{159}		2 { 19 Dec 1185, 18 Dec 1186.	
7 18 Dec 1160 7 19 Dec 1160 7 18 Dec 1161	15 19 Dec 1169 18 Dec 1169 16 19 Dec 1169,	24 { 18 Dec 1178 35 25 { 18 Dec 1178 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 3	3 19 Dec 1186, 18 Dec 1187
8 19 Dec 1161	10 18 Dec 1170	26 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	15 Dec 1197,
9 19 Dec 1162 9 18 Dec 1163	18 19 Dec 1171, 18 19 Dec 1172	27 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	5 19 Dec 1188, 6 July 1189

RICHARD THE FIRST

1 {3 Sept 1189, 2 Sept 1190	4 {3 Sept 1192, 2 Sept 1193	7 {3 Sept 1195, 2 Sept 1196	9 3 Sept 1197, Sept 1198
2 {3 Sept 1190, 2 Sept 1191	5 3 Sept 1193 Sept 1194	8 3 Sept 1196,	10 8 Sept 1198,
3 \(\) Sept 1191, \(\) Sept 1192	6{3 Sept 1194, sept 1195,	C z acht 119/	- 0 (0 April 1199

JOHN

1 \$27 May 1199, 17 May 1200 2 \$18 May 1201 8 \$3 May 1201 8 \$22 May 1202 4 \$23 May 1202 4 \$23 May 1202, 4 \$14 May 1203	7 19 May 1205 10 May 1206 8 11 May 1206, 30 May 1207 9 31 May 1207, 14 May 1208	13 { 12 May 1211, 2 May 1212 May 1212 May 1212	16 \ 27 May 1214, 27 May 1215 17 \ 28 May 1215, 18 May 1216.
	9 14 May 1208 10 15 May 1208, 6 May 1209		18 { 19 Mry 1216, 19 Oct 1216.

Note — In the 3rd, 5th, 8th 11th, 14th, and 16th years of John, several days of the month of May, in two succeeding years of our Lord, occurred in the same year of that King's reign , thus —

Anno 3	Ascension	Day 1201 (3 May), to	Ascension	day 1202 (22 May)
5		1203 (15 May),		1204 (2 June)
8		1906 (11 May),		1207 (30 Mav)
11	-	1209 (7 May),		1210 (26 May)
14		1212 (3 May),	-	1213 (22 May)
16		1214 (8 May),	_	1215 (27 May)

Consequently every day from the 4th to the 22nd of May, 1201, and from the 4th to the 22nd of May, 1202, both inclusive, of curred in the first year of King John, and no document dated from the 4th to the 22nd of May, 1 John, can be assigned with certainty to the right year of our Lord, and in a similar manner with respect to certain days in the other years above inentioned.

HENRY THE THIRD

1 28 Oct 1216, 27 Oct 121	10 \{ 28 Oct 1225, Oct 1226	19 \{ 28 Oct 1234, oct 1235	28 28 Oct 1243, 27 Oct. 1244
2 {28. Oct 1217, 27 Oct 1218	11 {28 Oct 1226, 27 Oct 1227	20 {28 Oct 1235, 27 Oct. 1236	29 {28 Oct 1244, 27 Oct 1245
3 28 Oct 1218, 27 Oct 1219	12 { 28 Oot 1227, 27 Oct 1228	21 \{ \frac{28}{27} \text{ Oct 1236, } \\ 27 \text{ Oct 1237} \}	30 \\ 28 Oct 1245, \\ 27 Oct. 1246.
		22 \ 28 Oct 1237, Oct 1238	
5 \{ 28 \ \text{Oct. 1220,} \\ 27 \ \text{Oct. 1221} \)	14 \{ 28 Oct 1229, 27 Oct 1230	23 {28 Oct. 1238, 27 Oct. 1239	32 {28 Oct. 1247, 27 Oct. 1248
6\{28 Oct 1221, Oct 1222	15 28 Oct 1230, 27 Oct. 1231	24 \ 28 Oct 1239, 27 Oct. 1240	33 {28 Oct 1248, 27 Oct 1249
7 {28 Oct. 1222, 27 Oct 1223	16{28 Oct 1231, Oct 12.2	25 {28 Oct 1240, 27 Oct 1241	34 \ 28 Oct. 1249, 27 Oct 1250
8 {28. Oct 1223, 27 Oct. 1224	17 {28, Oct 1232, Oct 1233	26 28 Oct 1241, Oct. 1242	35 \\\ 28 Oct 1250, \\ 27 Oct 1251
9 28 Oct 1224, 27 Oct 1225	18 28 Oct 1233, 27 Oct 1234	27 {28 Oct 1242, 27 Oct. 1243	36 28. Oct 1251, 27 Oct 1252.

37 {29 Oct 1252 43 {28 Oct 2258, 27 Oct 12:9 }	48 28 Oct. 1263, 53 28 Oct. 1268, Oct. 1269
38 \ \begin{pmatrix} 28 & Oct & 1253, \ 27 & Oct & 12.4 \end{pmatrix} \ 44 \ \begin{pmatrix} 28 & Oct & 1259, \ 27 & Oct & 1260 \end{pmatrix}	49 \{ \frac{28}{27} \text{ Oct } \frac{1264}{1260} \} \frac{54}{54} \{ \frac{28}{27} \text{ Oct } \frac{1269}{1270} \}
39 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	50 \{ 28 \ \text{Oct} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
40 27 Oct 1256 46 28 Oct 1261,	51 {28 Oct 1266, 27 Oct 1271, 27 Oct 1272,
41 27 Oct 1257 (28 Oct. 1262,	52 {28 Oct 1267, 27 Oct 1268 57 {28 Oct 1272, 16 Nov 1272,
42 \{ \frac{23}{27} \text{ Oct. } \frac{1257}{1258} \} \frac{47}{27} \text{ Oct. } \frac{1263}{27} \]	21 000 1200
EDWARD T	THE FIRST
1 \bigg\{ \frac{20}{20}} \text{ Nov } \frac{1272}{1273}, \bigg\{ 10 \bigg\{ \frac{20}{20}} \text{ Nov } \frac{1281}{1282}. \bigg\}	19{20 Nov 1290, 28{20 Nov 1299, 20 Nov 1299, 20 Nov 1200
2 \{ \frac{20 \text{ Nov } 1273,}{20 \text{ Nov } 1274 \} \] 11 \{ \frac{20 \text{ Nov } 1282,}{20 \text{ Nov } 1283 \}	20 \ 20 Nov 1291, 29 \ 20 Nov 1300, 29 \ 20 Nov 1.01
3 \{ 20 \ \text{Nov } \ \frac{1274}{20} \ \text{Nov } \ \ \ \frac{1275}{20} \ \text{Nov } \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	21 \{ \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1292}{1293} \} \] 30 \{ \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1501}{1501}, \]
4 \{ 20 \ \text{Nov } 1275, \ 20 \ \text{Nov } 1276 \ \ 13 \{ 20 \ \text{Nov } 1285 \ \ 20 \ \text{Nov } 1285 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	22 20 Nov 1294 21 20 Nov 1302,
$5\begin{cases} \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1276}{1277} \\ 14\begin{cases} \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1285}{1286} \\ \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1286}{1286} \end{cases}$	23 20 Nov 1295 00 (20 Nov 1.03,
6 \ \begin{pmatrix} 20 & Nov & 1277, \ 20 & Nov & 1278 \end{pmatrix} \] 15 \ \begin{pmatrix} 20 & Nov & 1286, \ 20 & Nov & 1287 \end{pmatrix} \]	24 20 Nov 1296 - COO Nov 1304
7 {20 Nov 1278, 16 {20 Nov 1287, 20 Nov 1288	25 {20 Nov 1296, 25 {20 Nov 1297} 33 {20 Nov 1305, 20 Nov 1297}
8 \{ \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1279}{1280}, \text{17 } \{ \frac{20}{20} \text{ Nov } \frac{1288}{1289}, \text{Nov } \frac{1289}{1289}.	26 \(\frac{20}{20} \) Nov 1297, \(26 \frac{20}{20} \) Nov 1298 \(\frac{20}{20} \) Nov 1506, \(\frac{20}{20} \) Nov 1506,
9 20 Nov 1280, 18 20 Nov 1289, 20 Nov 1290	27 \{20 \text{Nov 1298}, \ 20 \text{Nov 1299}\} 35 \{20 \text{Nov 1306}, \ 7 \text{July 1307}\}
now.no m	TE CECOND
EDWARD TI	
1 { 8 July 1307, 6 { 8 July 1312, 7 July 1312, 7 July 1313	11 { 8 July 1317, 16 { 8 July 1323, 7 July 1323, 16 }
2 8 July 1308, 7 8 July 1313, 7 7 July 1314	12 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
3 8 July 1:09, 8 8 July 1:314, 7 July 1:315	13 8 July 1319, 18 8 July 1324, 7 July 1325
4 \ 8 July 1310, 9 \ 8 July 1315, 7 July 1315	14 8 July 1320, 19 8 July 1325, 7 July 1326
5 { 8 July 1311, 10 { 8 July 1316, 7 July 1317	
JULY 1812 10 [7 July 1817	10 (7 July 1322 20 (20 Jan 1327

EDWARD THE THIRD

1 25 Jan 1327,	5 { 25 Jan 1331, 24 Jan 1332	$8 \begin{cases} 25 \text{ Jan. 1984} \\ 24 \text{ Jan. 1985} \end{cases}$	11 {25 Jan 1387, 24 Jan 1338.
2 {25 Jan 1328, 24 Jan 1329	6{25 Jan 1332, 24 Jan 1333	9 (25 Jan 1335, 9 (24 Jan 1336	12 {25 Jan 1338, 24 Jan 1339
		10 {25 Jan 1336, 24 Jan 1337	

ENGLAND	FRANCE	ENGLAND	FRANCE	ENGLAND	FRANCE
$14_{24\ Jan}^{25\ Jan}$	1340, } 1	28 25 Jan 24 Jan	1354, } 15	40 \ 25 Jan 24 Jan	1366. 1 . 67
15 $\begin{cases} 25 & \text{Jan} \\ 24 & \text{Jan} \end{cases}$	1341,} 2	29 25 Jan 24 Jan	1355, { 16	41 25 Jan 24 Jan	1367 , 1568
16^{25}_{24} Jan		30 25 Jan 24 Jan		42 \ 25 Jan 24 Jan	
$17 \left\{ \substack{25 \text{ Jan} \\ 24 \text{ Jan}} \right.$		31 25 Jan		43 \ 25 Jan 11 June 24 Jan	
18 \ 25 Jan	1344, 5				
19 25 Jan 24 Jan		32 \ 25 Jan 24 Jan		44 25 Jan 24 Jan	1,70 31
20 \{ \frac{25}{24} \text{ Jan } \]		33 {2, Jan 24 Jan		45 \ 25 Jan 24 Jan	1.71, 1.72 32
$21_{24}^{25} \frac{\text{Jan}}{\text{Jan}}$	1347,} 8	34 \begin{cases} 25 & Jan \ 8 & May \ 24 & Jan \end{cases}	1360, {21 1361	46 25 Jan 24 Jan	
22 {25 Jan 24 Jan		35 {25 Jan 24 Jan		47 {25 Jan 21 Jan	1374 1374 }34
23 2 Jan		36 25 Jan		48 25 Jan 24 Jan	1874, 35
$24\begin{cases} 25 & \text{Jan} \\ 24 & \text{Jan} \end{cases}$		37 {25 Jan 24 Jan		49 25 Jan 24 Jan	1375, 36
25 \ 27 Jan 24 Jan		38 25 Jan 24 Jan		50 { 25 Jan 24 Jan	
26_{24}^{25} Jan	${1352, \atop 135}$ 13				
27 25 Jan 24 Jan		39 {2, Jan 24 Jan	1366	$51_{21}^{25} J_{\text{un}}^{\text{Jan}}$	1377 38

RICHARD THE SECOND

1 \{ \frac{92}{21} \] June 1377, \ \frac{21}{21} \] June 1578	7 { 22 June 1583, 21 June 1384	13 \{ \frac{22}{21} \text{ June 1389, } \]	19 \{ 22 June 1395, 21 June 1596
2 \ 22 June 1378, 21 June 1379	8 \{ 22 June 1384, 21 June 1383	14 \ \frac{22}{21} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	20 \{ \frac{92}{21} \text{ June 1596,} \\ 21 \text{ June 1597}
3 {22 June 1379, 21 June 1380	9 22 June 1 385, 21 June 1 386	15 \ 22 June 1591, 21 June 1592	21 (22 June 1397,
4 { 22 June 1380, 21 June 1381	10 21 June 1387	16 21 June 1393	00 5 22 June 1398,
5 21 June 1382	11 \{ 21 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	17 [21 June 1394]	23 {22 June 1394, 29 Sept 1.99
• 6{22 June 1382, 21 June 1383	12 21 June 1389	18 22 June 1395	(23 Sept 1005

HENRY THE FOURTH

1 {30 Sept. 1399, 29 Sept 1400	5 30 Sept 1403, 29 Sept 1404	9 30 Sept 1407,	12 \ \frac{70}{29} \ \text{Sept 1410,} \\ 29 \ \text{Sept 1411}
2 30 Sept 1400, 29 Sept 1401	6 30 Sept 1404, 29 Sept 1405	10 { 30 Sept 1408, 29 Sept. 1409	13 \{ \(\frac{30}{29} \) Sept. 1411, \(\frac{1412}{1412} \)
3 30 Sept 1401, 29 Sept 1402	7 29 Sept 1406	1 530 Sept. 1409,	
4 30 Sept. 1402, 29 Sept 1403	8 30 Sept. 1406, 29 Sept 1407	(ab sept 1110	(

HENRY THE FIFTH

1 {21 Mar 1413,	4 21 Mar 1416,	7 {21 Mar 1419,	9 {21 Mar 1421,
20 Mar 1414	20 Mar 1417	20 Mar 1420	20 Mar 1422
2 {21 Mar 1414,} 20 Mar 1415 3 {21 M tr 1415,} 3 {20 Mar 1416	5 21 Mar 1417, 20 Mar 1418	8 21 Mar 1420, 20 Mar 1421	10 {21 Mar 1422,

HENRY THE SIXTH.

mantel lim binein									
1 \[\begin{pmatrix} 1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	21 { 31 Sept 1442, 443 Aug 1443	31 { 1 Sept 1152, 31 Aug 14.3							
2 { 1 Sept 1423, 12 { 1 Sept 1453, 31 Aug 1454	22 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	32 { 1 Sept 1103, 31 Aug 1154							
3 { 3 Sept 1424, 13 { 31 Aug 1424, 13 { 31 Aug 14.5	23 31 Sept 1414 31 Aug 1445	33 { 1 Sept 1454,							
4 { 31 Sept. 1425, 14 { 31 Sept. 1435, 31 Aug. 1436	24 { 31 Aug 1446	34 { 1 Sept 14.5, 31 Aug 14.6							
5 { 1 Sept 1426, 15 { 1 Sept 1436, 1427 } 15 { 1 Sept 1436, 1427	25 { 1 Sept 1446 31 Aug 1447	35{ 1 Sept 1456,							
6 { 1 Sept 1427 16 { 1 Sept 14-7 1 Aug 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 14-8 1 Sept 1	26 { 1 Sept 1417, 31 Aug 1415	oc (1 Sept 1457.							
7 { 1 Sept 1428, 17 { 1 Sept 1438, 17 { 1 Sept 1438, 17 { 1 Sept 1439 } 17 { 1 Sept 1439 } 17 { 1 Sept 1439 } 17 { 1 Sept 1439 }	27 { 1 Sept 1418, 31 Aug 14 9	37 { 1 Sept 14.8, 37 { 31 Aug 14.59							
8 { 1 Sept 1429, 18 { 1 Sept 1439, 31 Aug 1440		£ 1 5cpt 1460							
9 { 1 Sept 1430, 19 { 1 Sept 1440, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1441, 19 { 1 Sept 1	29 (31 Aug 1401)								
10 { 1 Sept 1431, 20 { 1 Sept 1441, 20 { 31 Aug 1442, 20 }	30 [31 Aug 1452]	091 4 Mar 1401							

"ANNO AB INCHOATIONE LI" READEPTIONIS NOSTRA.
REGIA 10TESTA1IS"*

49 { October 1470, About April 1471 }1 EDWARD THE FOURTH

	222 (12222)							
1 84 Mar 1461, 3 Mar 1462	7 {4 Mar 1467, 5 Mar 1468	13 {4 Mar 1473,	19 { 4 Mar 1479, Mar 1480.					
2 {4 Mar 1462, 3 Mar 1463	8 { 4 Mar 1468, 3 Mar 1469	14 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	20 \[\begin{pmatrix} 4 & Mar & 1480 \\ 3 & Mar & 1481 \end{pmatrix} \]					
3 4 Mar 1462, 3 Mar 1464	9{4 M ar 1469, 3 Mar 1470	15 { 4 Mar 1475, 3 Mar 1476	21 {4 Mar 1481, 3 Mar 1482.					
4 \ 3 Mar 1464, 3 Mar 1465	10 \ 3. Mar 1470,	16 3 Mar 1476,	22 { 1 Mar 1482, 3 Mar 1460					
5 4 Mar 1465, Mar 1466	11 \{ \frac{4}{5} \text{ Mar 1471,} \\ \frac{1472}{5} \text{ Mar 1472}	17 3 Mar 1478	23 4 Mar 1483, 9 Apr 1480.					
6 \[\frac{4}{3} \] Mar 1465,	12 3 Mar 1472,	18 3 Mar 1478,	(sp. ,					

EDWARD THE FIFTH.

1 89 April 1483. 25 June 1483.

RICHARD THE THIRD

1 {26 June 1483, | 2 {26 June 1484, | 3 {26 June 1485 } 2 {27 June 1485 } 3 {28 June 1485 } 2 {28 June 1485 } 3 {28 June 1485 } 3 {29 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June 1485 } 3 {20 June

HENRY THE SEVENTH

1 {22* Aug 1495, 21 Aug 1486	7 {22 21	Aug 1491, Aug 1492	13_{21}^{22}	Aug 1497, Aug 1498	19_{21}^{22}	Aug 1503, Aug 1504
2 { 22 Aug 1486, 21 Aug 1487	8 { 22 21	Aug 1492 Aug 1495	$14 \left\{ {rac{{22}}{{21}}} \right\}$	Aug 1498, Aug 1499	20_{21}^{22}	Aug 1504, Aug 1505
3 {22 Aug 1457, 21 Aug 1488	9{22	Aug 1493, Aug 1494	$15{22 \atop 21}$	Aug 1499, Aug 1500	$21\left\{ {rac{22}{21}} ight.$	Aug 1505, Aug 1506
4 22 Aug 1498, 21 Aug 1489	10{\(\frac{12}{21} \)	Aug 1494, Aug 1495	$16\{^{22}_{21}$	Aug 1500, Aug 1501	22_{21}^{22}	Aug 1506, Aug 1507
5 \{22 Aug 1489 \\21 Aug 1490	$11\left\{ {rac{22}{21}} ight.$	Aug 1495, Aug 1496.	$17\{^{22}_{21}$	Aug 1501, Aug 1502	$23\{^{22}_{21}$	Aug 1507, Aug 1508
6{22 Aug 1490, 21 Aug 1491	$12\left\{ {rac{{22}}{{21}}} ight.$	Aug 1496, Aug 1497	$18\{^{22}_{21}$	Aug 1502, Aug 1503	$24\{^{22}_{21}$	Aug 1508, Apr 1509

HENRY THE EIGHTH

1 { 22 Apr 21 Apr	1509, 1510	11_{21}^{22}	Apr Apr	1519, 1520	$21\{^{22}_{21}$	Apr Apr	15 2 9, 1530	30 { 22 21	Apr Apr	15%, 15:9
2 { 22 Apr 21 Apr	1.10 1.11	$12\{\frac{22}{21}$	Apr Apr	1520, 1521	22 $\begin{cases} 22\\ 21 \end{cases}$	Apr Apr	1530, 1531	$31\{^{22}_{21}$		
3 22 Apr	1511,	$13\{\frac{22}{21}$	Apr Apr	1521,	23 \ 22			$32\left\{ {rac{{22}}{{21}}} ight.$	Apr Apr	1540, 1541
4 {22 Apr	1515	14 22	Apr	1522,	24 522			$33\left\{ {rac{{22}}{{21}}} \right.$		
5 \ 22 Apr 21 Apr	1514 1514	15 21	Apr	1524	0 - 522			34_{21}^{22}		
6 22 Apr 21 Apr 5 22 Apr	1515	10 { 21	Apr Apr	1525 1525,	- (592					
7 \{ \frac{22}{21} \text{ Apr} \\ 8 \{ \frac{22}{21} \text{ Apr} \\ Apr} \\ 8 \{ \frac{22}{21} \text{ Apr} \\ Apr} \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1516	18 (22)	Apr Apr	1526 1526,	$27\{_{21}^{22}$	Apr Apr	1535, 1536	36 { 22 21		
9 22 Apr 9 21 Apr	1517 1517,	19 \ 22	Apr Apr	1527 1527,	28 $\begin{cases} \frac{22}{21} \end{cases}$	Apr Apr	1536, 1557	$37\left\{ {rac{{22}}{{21}}} ight.$		
10 {22 Apr 21 Apr	1518, 1519	20_{21}^{22}	Apr Apr	1528, 1529						

EDWARD THE SIXTH

1	28 Jan 27 Jun	1547,	$3\left\{ {rac{28}{27}} ight.$	Jan Jan	1549, 1550	$5\left\{ {rac{28}{27}} ight.$	Jan Jan	1551, 1552	$7\{^{28}_{6}$	Jan 1 July 1	553, 553
2	28 Jan 27 Jan	1548 1549	$4\left\{ {rac{28}{27}} ight.$	Jan Jan	1550, 1551	6_{27}^{28}	Jan Jan	1552, 1553	` '	•	

MARY +

1 8 July 1553, 2 6 July 1554, 5 July 1554

^{*} Vide pages 328—333 antea, for reasons for supposing that the regnal years of Henry VII might have begun on the twenty first of August

[†] JANE 1 6 July 1563, 17 July 1553.

PHILIP AND MARY

AFTER HER MARRIAGE WITH KING PHILIP, 25 JULY, 1554

The days in each year between the 6th and 24th July, (both included), after the Queen's marriage, were, however, thus reckoned —

ELIZABETH

1 { 17	Nov Nov	1558, 1559	13	${}^{17}_{16}$	Nov Nov	1570, 1571	24	${}^{17}_{16}$	Nov Nov	1581, 1582	35^{17}_{16}	Nov Nov	159 2, 1593
2 { 17	Nov	15.9, 1.60	14	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1571, 1572	25	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1582, 1583	36{17 ₁₆		
3_{16}^{17}	Nov	1561	15	{17 16	Nov Nov	1572, 1573	26	{17 16	Nov Nov	158ა, აა84	$37\{^{17}_{16}$		
4 { 16	Nov	1.62	16	17 16	Nov Nov	1573, 1574	27	${17\atop 16}$	Nov Nov	158 1, 1585	38_{16}^{17}		
$5 \begin{cases} 17 \\ 16 \end{cases}$			17	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1574 1575	28	${}^{17}_{16}$	Nov Nov	1585 1586	39_{16}^{17}		
$6\{_{16}^{17}$	**	4000	110	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1575, 1576	29	{17 16	Nov Nov	1586 1587	40 \$17		
$7{17 \atop 16} 8{17 \atop 16}$	Nov	156).	19	{ 17 { 16	Nov Nov	1576, 1577	30	${17 \atop 16}$	Nov Nov	1587, 1588	41 \$17		
9_{16}^{17}	Nov Nov	1566,	20	{17 16	Nov Nov	1577, 1578	31	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1588, 1589	42 { 17 16		
10_{16}^{17}	Nov	1567	21	{17 16	Nov Nov	1578, 1579	32	${}^{17}_{16}$	Nov Nov	1589, 1590	43 { 17 16		
11_{16}^{17}			22	{17 16	Nov Nov	1579, 1580	33	{17 16	Nov Nov	1590, 1591			
12_{16}^{17}	Nov Nov	1569, 1570	23	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1580, 1581	34	{ 17 16	Nov Nov	1591, 1592	45 { 17 24		

JAMES THE FIRST

1 34 Mar 1603,	7 524 Mar 1609, 23 Mar 1610	13 {24 Mar 1615, 23 Mar 1616	19 524 Mar 1601,
2 24 War 1604 23 Mar 1605	8 21 Mar 1610, 8 23 Mar 1611	14 \$24 M 1r 1616.	20 524 Mar 1622,
3 24 Mar 1605,	9 24 Mar 1611,	15 24 Mar 1617,	01 (24 Mar 1623.
4 \$24 Mar 1606,	10 324 Mar 1012	16324 Mur 1010,	C24 Mar 1624
5 24 Mar 1607, 5 23 Mar 1608	11 524 Mar 1613, 23 Mar 1614	17 {24 Mar 1619, 23 Mar 1620, 24 Mar 1620, 254 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 264 Mar 1620, 2	22 23 Mar 1625 22 24 Mar 16'5.
6 24 Mar 1608, 93 Mar 1609	12 524 Mar 1614, 23 Mar 1615	18 24 Mar 1620, 28 Mar 1621	23 27 Mar 1625.

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1 27 Mar 1625, 26 Mar 1626	7 {27 Mar 1631, 26 M tr 1632	13 27 Mar 1637,	19 27 Mar 1643, 26 Mar 1644
2 27 Mar 1626, 26 Mar 1627	8 27 Mar 1632, 26 Mar 1633	14 27 M 1r 1658, 26 Mar 1639	20 \ 26. Mar 1644.
3 27 Mar 1627, 26 Mar 1628	9{27 Mar 1633, 26 Mar 1654	15 \{ \frac{27}{26} \text{ Mar } \frac{16.9}{1640},	21 {27 Mar 1645, 26 Mar 1646
4 27 Mar 1628, 26 Mar 1629	10 {27 Mar 1634, 26 Mar 1655	16 \{ \frac{27}{26} \text{ Mar 1640,} \\ 26 \text{ M tr 1641}	22 {27 Mar 1646, 26 Mar 1647
5 27 Mar 1629, 26 Mar 1650	11 {27 Mar 16.5 26 M tr 16.6	17 27 Mar 1641, 26 Mai 1642	23 \ 27 Mar 1647, 26 Mar 1648.
6 27 Mar 1630,	12 \$27 Mar 16 6,	18 27 Mar 1642	24 27 Mar 1648, 30 Jan 1649

CHARLES THE SECOND

JAMES THE SECOND

1 6 Feb 1685 2 6 1 eb 1686, 3 6 Feb 1686 5 Feb 1686 2 5 1 cb 1687 3 5 1 cb	b 1688 4 11 Lec 1666
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WILLIAM AND MARY

I 13 Feb 1689, 12 Feb 1690	5 { 13 leb 1693, 12 Feb 1694	8 28 Dec 16	95, 12 \ 28 Dec 1699, 96 12 \ 27 Dec 1700
2 { 13 Feb 1690, 12 Feb 1691	6 { 13 Feb 1694, Pec 1694	9 28 Dec 16	96, 97 13 28 Dec 17(0, 27 Dec 1701
3 12. Feb 1692	WILLIAM III	10 \{ 28 Dec 16	97, 98, 98, 14 \{ 28 Dec 1701, 98, 98, 99, 99 \}
4 13 Feb 1692, 12 Feb 1693	7 \ 28 Dec 1694, 27 Dec 1695	11 \ \begin{array}{c} \text{98 Dec 16} \\ 27 Dec 16 \end{array}	98, 1 × (8 Mar 1702

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1 { J Aug 1714, July 1715	5 { 31 Aug 1718, July 1719	8 { 1 Aug 1/21, July 1722,	11 { 31 Aug 1724, July 1725
2 { 1 Aug 1715, 31 July 1716	6 { 31 Aug 1719, July 1720	9{31 July 1723,	12 { 1 Aug 1725, July 1726
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4 { 31 Aug 1717, July 1718		•	

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1 { 11 June 1727, 10 June 1728		19 11 June 1745, June 1746,	27 { 11 June 1758, 10 June 1754				
2 \ \ \frac{11}{10} \ \ \text{June 17.8,} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		20 { 11 June 1746 10 June 1747	28 { 11 June 1754, 10 June 1755				
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5 { 11 June 1751, 10 June 1752, 6 { 11 June 1752, 10 June 1733		23 { 11 June 1749, June 1740	31 { 11 June 1757, 10 June 1758				
7 { 10 June 1733 } 7 { 11 June 1734 }		24 { 11 June 1750, 10 June 1751	32 $\begin{cases} 11 & \text{June } 1758, \\ 10 & \text{June } 1759 \end{cases}$				
8 11 June 1734, 10 June 1735		25 { 11 June 1751 10 June 1752	33 { 11 June 1759, 10 June 1760				
9 11 June 1735, June 1736		26_{10}^{11} June 1752, June 1753	34 { 11 June 1760, 25 Oct 1760,				

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2 { 25 24			9 { 25 24	Oct Oct	1768, 1769	16_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1775, 1776	23 { 25 24	Oct Oct	1782, 1783
3_{24}^{25}			10_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1769, 1770	17_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1776, 1777	24 { 25 24	Oct Oct	1783, 1784
4_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1763, 1764	11_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1770, 1771	18_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1777, 1778	$25{}^{25}_{24}$	Oct Oct	1784 , 1785
5 $\begin{cases} 25 \\ 24 \end{cases}$	Oct Oct	1764, 1765	$12\{_{24}^{25}$	Oct Oct	1771, 1772	19 { 25	Oct Oct	1778, 1779	26^{25}_{24}	Oct Oct	1785, 1786
6^{25}_{24}	Oct Oct	1765, 1766	13_{24}^{25}	Out Out	1772, 1773	20 { 25 24	Oct	1779, 1780	$27\left\{ \substack{25 \\ 24} \right\}$	Oct Oct	1786, 1787
7_{24}^{25}	Oct	1766, 1767	14_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1773, 1774	$21\left\{ _{24}^{25}\right.$	Oct	1780, 1781	28_{24}^{25}	Oct Oct	1787, 1788

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1 29 Jan 1820, 4 29 Jan 1823, 7 29 Jan 1823, 1 28 Jan 1821 4 28 Jan 1824 7 28 Jan 1827 10 29 Jan 1830) ,				
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2 \begin{cases} 29 & Jan & 1821, \\ 28 & Jan & 1822, \\ 28 & Jan & 1825, \\ 28 & Jan & 1825, \\ 3 & 29 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1825, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & Jan & 1826, \\ 28 & J	ď				
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CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF THE SAXON KINGS*

FROM EGBERT TO THE DEATH OF HAROLD, 1066

- 827 EGBERT, or Ecgeryht, ascended the Throne as King of Wessex, on the death of Beorhtric, in 802 He de feated and slew the King of Mercia in 825, and conquered that Kingdom and all south of the Humber in 827, when he became the first sole Monarch of England Egbert died 836 *
- 836 ETHELWULF, son of King Egbert, succeeded his father in February, 837 Died 857, "having reigned 184 years "+
- 857 E THELBALD II, eldest son of King Ethelwulf, succeeded his father in the Kingdom of Wessex in 857 Died 860
- 860 ETHELBERT, or ETHFIBRYHT II, second son of Ethelwulf, succeeded his father in the Kingdoms of Kent, Essex, Surrey, and Sussex, and in 860 he succeeded his brother in the Kingdom of Wessex Died 866, " having reigned 5 years "+
- 866 ETHELRED, or ETHERED, third son of King Ethelwulf, succeeded his brother Ethelbert in 866 Died after Easter, 871, " having reigned 5 years "+
- 871 ALFRED THE GREAΓ, fourth son of King Ethelwulf, succeeded his brother in 871 Died 28th of October. 901, having reigned 281 years +
- 901 EDWARD I THE ELDER, eldest surviving son of King Alfred, succeeded his father in October, 901
- 925 A THELSTAN, or Ethestan, natural son of King Edward the Elder, elected by the Witan on the death of his father in 925 Died 27th of October, 941 t "having reigned 14 years and 10 weeks "+
- * From the Saxon Chronicle, L'Art de vérifier les Dates, &c Tables of the Saxon Monarchs, and of the Kinga during the Heptarchy, with maps &c will be found in a useful work printed in 1833, entitled "Britannia Saxonica, by George William Collen"

 + Saxon Chronicle The length attributed to several reigns in that work

does not agree with the date assigned to the accession of the Kings ; The Chronicle of Melrose states, that ATHLETAN died on "VI kal Nov Feria iv Indict Xiv," which proves that his decesse must have occurred on Wednesday, 27th of October, 941 The Saxon Chronicle gives the same date

- 941 EDMUND I THE ELDER, fifth son of King Edward the Elder, succeeded King Athelstan in 941 Died 26th of May, 946*, "having reigned 6½ years";
- 946. EDRED, brother of King Edmund I, whom he succeeded in 946 Died 23rd of November, 955, "having reigned 9½ years" †
- 955 EDWY, or EDWYN, eldest son of King Edmund I succeeded his uncle, and was Crowned at Kingston-upon Thames in 955 Died 1st of October, 957
- 957 EDGAR, THE PEACEABLE, succeeded his brother King Edwy in 957 "Consecrated as King with great pomp at Bath," 11th of May, 973 Died July 18th t. 975
- 975 EDWARD II, THE MARTYR, eldest son of King Edgar, succeeded his father in 975 Died 18th of March, 978
- 978 ETHELRED II, THE
 UNREADY, half brother of
 King Edward the Martyr S,
 whom he succeeded in 978,
 and was consecrated at
 Kingston on Sunday, 14th
 April, in that year Abdicated the Throne in 1012,
 but was restored in Lont
 1014 Died 23rd of April,
 1016
- Died 18th of March, 978
 1013 SWAIN or Sween,
 King of Denmark, brother
 of King Etheldred II,
 usurped the Crown, and was
 proclaimed King in the
 autumn of 1014 Died 3rd
 of February, 1014.
- 1016 EDMUND IRONSIDES, natural son of King
 Ethelred, elected by the
 Witan in London, and the
 citizens, on the death of
 Ethelred, Crowned April
 1016, but was defeated
 by Canute, with whom he
 divided the realm, Edmund
 taking Wessex, and Canute
 Mercia Died 30th of November, 1016
- 1014 CANUTE, or CNUT son of King Swain, was elected King of England by the fleet, in February, 1014 He defeated Edmund Ironsides in 1016, and divided the realm with him, Canute taking Mercia, and Edmund Wessex That Prince died 30th of November, 1016, and in 1017 Canute became sole Monarch of England,

* Saxon Chronicle The Chronicle of Milrose gives the Indiction and day of the week of Edmund the Elder's death, which fixes at to the 20th of May, 946

+ Saxon Chronicle

i The date of Edgar's death is taken from the received reading of the Saxon Chronele, but Mr Stevenson states, that a MS of that work in Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, has, correctly, "ealtro San," the 8th, which is proved to be accurate by Simon of Durham giving the Feria and Indiction Moreover, Lidgar died on a Fraday, on which day, in \$15, the 8th of July dad, and the 18th did not, fall \$\int \text{Simon of Durham}, c 160

or, as one copy of the Saxon Chronicle expresses " took to himself the whole Kingdom of England," while another copy says, "this year [1017] Cnut was chosen King " Died 1036

- 1036 HAROLD I, son of King Canute, succeeded his father. by election of the Witan, in 1036, and died 17th of March, 1039, having reigned " 4 years and 16 weeks " •
- 1039. HARDICANUTE, or HARDICNUT, King of Denmark, half brother of King Harold I, succeeded to the Throne about Midsummer, 1039 Died 8th of June. 1041 "He was King over all England two years all but ten days"
- EDWARD THE CONFESSOR, son of King Etheldred II, and half brother of King Hardicanute, elected to the Throne before the funeral of Hardicanute, in June. 1041, and was Crowned at Winchester on Easter-day, 3rd of April, 1043 † Died 5th of January, 1066
- 1066 HAROLD II, son of Godwin, Earl of Kent, succceded under a grant of the Kingdom by Edward the Con-He was Crowned on the 6th of January, 1066, but was slain at the battle of Hastings, 14th of October in the same year

^{*} Saxon Unronicie + The Sax on Chronicle, under the year 1042, states that "On Easterday this year I dward was consecrated King, with great worship, at Winchester Easter than fell on the 3rd of the nones of April," i e the 3rd of April, but Easter day, in 1043, happened on the 11th of that month, and in 1042, on the 3rd of April, but Laster day, in 1043, happened on the 11th of that month, and in 1042, on the 3rd of April.

REMARKS ON THE STYLE AND CHARTERS OF THE KINGS OF ENGLAND *

THE ANGLO-SAXON PERIOD.

NEARLY all the nations which established themselves upon the ruins of the Roman Empire gave to their Charters the form of Epistles, in imitation of the Romans Ancient Epistles usually commenced with the name and condition of the writer, followed by an address and salutation to the persons to whom it specially related, as, "Paul, an Apostle of Jesus Christ by the will of God, to the Saints which are at Ephesus, and to the faithful in Christ Jesus, Grace be to you," &c, which form seems to have been retained in Royal Diplomas, although many very early Charters are found without either the address or salutation, and some with the salutation, but without the address †

The most ancient Anglo-Saxon Charters extant are of the seventh century, and it is believed that the earliest Charter known, is of the time of Ethelbert King of Kent, a copy of which is printed in the Textus Roffensis ‡ That Monarch was the first who conveyed lands by written instruments, before which time lands and possessions were simply conveyed by various symbols of the donation for instance, a piece of turf, a bow, or a lance, and Beda relates, that Ethelbert was also the first who promulgated written laws From the seventh century to the Norman Conquest, almost all the Anglo-Saxon Royal Diplomas present different formulas, each King, and even the same Monarch, having constantly varied them. They always, however, when the Charter

1 lextus Roffensis, 119 a

^{*} These valuable remarks on the Style and Charters of the Kings of England, are extracted from the learned. Introduction to the Charter Rolls, 12 by Mr Hardy

[†] Instruments are frequently called Charters which are nothing but eputles or precepts, and some are styled eputles which are really Charters At present, however, the name of epistle has given place to that of Charter, although the form of the epistle may be still preserved.

was in Latin, began with a proem or exordium generally an invocation.*

The Anglo-Saxon Kings generally placed the monogram of Jesus Christ, or the sign of the cross, immediately before the invocation Their Charters were seldom addressed to any body of men or particular persons, as was the Anglo-Norman custom, but the grantor generally stated the object or reason of his donation The Datal clause in Anglo-Saxon Charters generally, but not always, precedes the names of the witnesses, as in the Charter of Uhtred, one of the Subreguli of the Hwich, granted in the year 767 "Conscripta est hæc donatio anno ab Incarnatione Domini nostii Jesu Christi D colxvii. indictione vi Jun v + Ego Offa Dei dono Rex Merciorum huic donationi consensi et subscripsi," &c It is sometimes found at the commencement of the Charter, as "Regnante in perpetuum ac gubernante Domino nostro Salvatore secula universa, anno recapitulationis Dionisi, i e ab lincarnatione Christi sexcentessimo octuagesimo, indictione sexta † revoluta, &c Quapropter ego Oshere Rex ‡," &c, but occasionally, though rarely, at the end, as in the Charter of Æthelred King of the East Saxons, "Actum est autem anno ab incarnatione Domini nostri Jhesu Christi n.ccclxviii If that Charter be authentic, it is evident that the custom of dating

^{*} The more ancient the Charter, the more simple is the exordium, but in later times it became the fashion to indite the exordium in very glowing and high flowin language, and the more recent Charters of the Anglo Saxon era, commencing with the name of the Sovereign, may be regarded as spurious. The instances adduced by Mabillon, and followed by the Bi nedictines, of Charters of that period, commencing in the first person thus—"Ethelbisidus Divina disponsatione Rex Meteorium"—"Offailex Meteorium,"—"Bortellius Rex Meteorium,"—"Bortellius Rex Meteorium,"—"Bortellius Rex Meteorium, becamented as indubitable torgenies—†Cott MSS. Liber A fol 20 b. Hickes remarks, p. 79, upon the date of this Charter, that the sixth Indiction does not coincide with the year of our Lord [80]. It should have been the corticle of the way the day re-

[†] Cott MSS. liber A fol 20 b Hickes remarks, p 79, upon the date of this Charter, that the sixth Indiction does not coincide with the year of our Lord 650, it should have been the eighth Although this discrepancy throws a doubt upon its authenticity, yet it bears so near a resemblance to truth, and is inserted in a Chartulary of such high character, that it ought not to be hastily condemned, as the want of correspondence between the dominical year and the indiction hight have arisen from the carclessness of the motary or writer of the charter

[†] Oshere became sub-King of the Hwich in the vear 680 Hwiccas or M igesetania was co-extensive with the bishoprick of Workester

Charters from the Incarnation of Christ obtained in England towards the close of the seventh century that century, however, the year of the indiction alone, was almost always employed to indicate the date of Charters of every description The Charter of Ethelbert King of Kent, granted in full council in the year 619 *, was made in the month of April, on the fourth of the calends of May, in the seventh indiction "mense Aprilis, sub die iiii kl Maias, Indictione septima"

It seems still doubtful at what period the Christian era and the year of the Indiction were first conjointly employed as dates But it is fully admitted, that at the commencement of the eighth century the year of the Indiction was commonly and customarily joined to the year of our Lord's Incarnation, as in the Charter of Sigered King of Kent, which was made "Indictione xv anno Domini Incarnationis D colxii"† and the Charter of Eardulf King of Kent was made "anno ab Incarnatione Christi p cclxii Indictione xv "I In process of time the Epact was added to the Dominical year and Indiction, to which was also sometimes joined the Concurrent, as in Athelstan's grant to the church of Worcester, "anno Dominicæ Incarnationis D ccccxxx (? 934) Regni vero mihi commis-i vi. Indictione vii Epacta iii Concurrente ii septimis Junii idibus. Luna xxi in civitate omnibus nota quæ Londina dicitur " &

The Anglo-Saxon Kings sometimes mentioned their Regnal years || conjointly with other dates, as in the last-quoted Charter of Athelstan In another Charter of Athelstan thus "Anno Dominicae Incarnationis D CCCCXXXV Regni vero mihi gratis commissi xi. Indictione viii Epacta xiiii. Concurrente iii calendis Januarii, Luna vertentis mensis decima," and in a Charter of Cœnwulf King of the Mercians to his mi-

^{*} An apograph of this Charter appears in the Text Roff p 119
† Te-t Roff tol 129
‡ Unit MSS Tiberius A XIII
|| Sometimes they also recorded their own age, as in a charter of Egfrid to the church of Durham, in the year 685, thus — "Hee donatio scripta est templose Agathonis Papæ, anno ætatis Regis Egfrid XI regni vero ejus XY" bee Rot Cart. 15—17 Ric II No 29 per inspex.

nister Swithune, "Regnante et adjuvante nos Deo et Domino nostro Jhesu Christo ego Cænulfus gratia Dei Rex Merciorum, anno vo Imperii nostri" Again, in a Charter of Edward the Confessor is the following . "Acta apud Westmonasterium v kal Januarii, die Sanctorum Innocentium, anno Dominicæ Incarnationis M LXVI Indictione tertia, anno Regni serenissimi Edwardi Regis vicesimo quinto" The Anglo-Saxons frequently mention the place where the Charter was ratified, as in the Charter of Beortwulf King of Mercia, thus "Hee autem Chartakaraxata est, anno Dominice Incarnationis D cocxLi Indictione iii in die Natalis Domini.in celebri vico Tomweorthin "* In that of Burghred King of Mercia as follows "Gesta est hujus Chartæ libertas anno Dominicæ Incarnationis D cccly Indictione 111 in vico Tomweorthin nuncupato' † The date of an Anglo-Saxon Charter is sometimes corroborated by some historical fact therein recorded as in the following example "Acta hec prefata donatio anno ab Incarnatione Domini D coccxxxvIII ir quo anno bellum factum est in loco qui Bruningafeld dicitur, ubi Anglis victoria data est de celo "I

Notwithstanding the preceding notices, it must be remembered, that out of those Anglo-Saxon Charters, either in autograph or apograph, which have descended to the present time, not more than about one fourth of them contain any notification whatever of the time when and place where they were ratified valuable information often supplied by Charters, especially those of the Anglo-Saxon era, and which can be obtained from no other source, may excuse the introduction here of a few general remarks respecting them, previously to noticing the Datal clauses in Royal Charters of subsequent periods Very few Charters from Anglo-Saxon Sovereigns were written in any other than the Latin language There are, however, extant in Chartularies

^{*} Cott MSS Nero E 1 fol 130
† In a charter of King Offa to St Albans, "Scripta est hæc Chartula anno Dominicæ Incarnationis Docacui Indictione tertia, anno vero Offan, Regis Merciorum xxxiii in loco celebri qui dicitur Ce'chyth (Chelsea), "&c Mat Par addit p 154 Paris edit
‡ In Mus Br't Casley's Catalogue, pl 5

and Monastic Registers some apograph Charters which were originally written in Saxon, but which were translated into Latin by the compilers of those Chartularies, such, for instance, as those occurring in the Middleton Register*, preserved in the Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer's Office, those in the Bury St Edmund's Register, and those in a work entitled "Apostolatus Benedictinorum in Anglia," printed at Douay in 1626, where there are Latin versions of Charters originally written in Saxon, purporting to have been granted before the Norman Conquest, but which are proved by the Norman-Latin words and idioms to be either free translations from authentic Charters, made for the use of some Anglo-Norman abbot who was unacquainted with the Saxon language, or they are palpable forgeries, committed by the monks from interested motives

The greater number of Charters of the Anglo-Saxon era, whether autographs or apographs, now extant, are those granted to the dignitaries of the Church, and to other Religious foundations, and as many of those Charters can be proved to be spurious, much caution is required before their validity be admitted Dr Hickes has pointed out various ways of detecting forged Charters, and has given unequivocal proofs that some of the most celebrated Charters must be condemned. although considered authentic by Selden, Marsham, Dugdale, and others It is a well-known fact, that an exemption from Episcopal jurisdiction was greatly coveted by the principal Monasteries, and that the monks during the Anglo-Norman period frequently committed extensive forgeries to obtain that object. Wharton † gives an account of the confession of a monk of St Medard, who, in his last moments, acknowledged having forged several Papal Bulls, exempting various Monasteries from Episcopal jurisdiction, amongst which was the abbey of St.

^{*} In the Middleton Register both the Saxon Charter of Athelstan and the Latin translation occur This Charter must be one of the forged charters, for Athelstan began his reign in 924, and the date of the Charter in the Register is in 843 See 1 Mon Angl 195, and Tanner, p 104, in the note

[†] Angha Sacra, pref v.

Augustine, at Canterbury Certificates of the confession of the said monk were sent to the Archbishop of Canterbury under the seals of the Archbishop of Rouen and the Bishop of Evreux, two of which are still extant amongst the archives of the cathedral of Canterbury (one is contemporary, and the other made a few years afterwards), and a third is amongst the manuscripts in the British Museum

THE ANGLO-NORMAN AND SUBSEQUENT PERIODS

The Anglo-Norman Kings, unlike their Saxon predecessors, usually commenced their diplomas with their names and titles*, but when their Charters were in favour of Religious or Monastic bodies, or related to Ecclesiastical affairs, they often began with an invocation It has been observed by one of the ablest Saxon scholars of the dayt, that "if the accuracy of the regnal dates in Saxon charters could always be depended upon, they would be invaluable for our early Chronology. But unfortunately this is not the case, and error has, in many instances, arisen from the carelessness of copyists when recording charters, though much inaccuracy appears to have prevailed in the original documents them-In many instances "the first year of the reign" means, for example, A D 900, "the second year," A D. 901, though perhaps only three months of 900 really belonged to the first regnal year, and it was completed with nine months of 901. That the Saxon Kings had any regular system seems highly improbable on many accounts It was a common practice for a man to style himself "Rex" though not supreme King, that is, King in the modern sense Probably all of the Blood Royal. who had appanages of land, may have laid claim to the title. at least before Egbert's victories threw the preponderance into the lands of Wessex, of which there is a striking example in Ethelbert II. of Kent Lappenberg's

^{*} The titles assumed by our Kings of the Norman ract often present the only means of ascertaining the age or date of a charter † J P Kemble, Eaq

idea that the Saxon Kings dated from their Coronation and unction, appears untenable on grounds drawn from the old Teutonic law, and a remarkable fact in contradiction of that theory is furnished by Edgar, who was not crowned until a great many years after his accession, and who dated from his accession, and afterwards used the double date of his accession and coronation *

WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR - The initial clauses of the diplomas of this Monarch are various When the instrument related solely to England, he usually commenced with "Willielmus Rex," "Willielmus Rex Anglorum," or "Willielmus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum," but when it concerned his Continental Dominions, he generally added his other titles to that of " Rex Anglorum," thus, " Willielmus Rex Anglorum, Comes Normannorum atque Cinomanensium," or "Willielmus Rex Anglorum, Princeps Normannorum et Cenomannorum " The legends on his Great Sea, are " Hoc Normannorum Willelmo nosce Patronum," " Hoc Anglor Regem Signo fatearis eundem " If the instrument related to the Church, whether of his English or Foreign Dominions, he frequently began with an invocation + or a proem ;, sometimes merely with the pronoun "ego" prefixed to his name, as "Ego Willelmus Rex Anglorum, Princeps Normannorum et Cenomannorum," "Dux Normannorum et Rex Anglorum §," at other times, with the date of the Incarnation, &c, thus, "Anno ab Incarnatione Domini millesimo octogesimo tertio, mense Julio, die festivitatis Sancti Arnulfi episcopi et martiris ad quietem, Ego Willelmus Anglorum Rex Normannorum et

^{*} For example, "A D 964 Ind vin Regni 6" "A D 974 Regni 14 Regna Consecrationis, 10"

† "In nomine Sanctæ et Individuæ Trinitais. Ego Willielmus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum" Carta Fundationis Abb S Martini de Bello. Cart Antiq 83 A xii

! "Regnante in perpetuum Domino nostro Jesu Christo, illoque regente ac dominante ominibus elementis, qui etiam incomparabili pietate et magna majestate omina susterirat, cunctaque prout vult, sive visibiles sive invisibiles, pulchro moderamine disponit atque dispensat Quapropter ego Willichmus D.o. disponente Rex Anglorum cæterarunque gentuum circumquaque persisteutium Rector ac Dux Normannorum," &c. 4 Whien the instrument relatud to his Foreign subjects or dominions, William I generally addressed or named them before his English subjects, a fact which led the authors of the Nouveau Traité (vol v. p. 947) to remark that "Guillaume le Conquérant se montre plus jaloux du titre de Duc de Normandic que de celui de Ron d'Angleterre, qui ne paront iot qu'au revers de son secau Cette idee a accorde parlatement blem avec ces mots d'une charte de l abbase de Toarn de l'an 1088 — Ego Willied. mus Dei gratia Dux Normannorum et Rex Anglorum superscrutas eleemosmas confirmo"

Cenomanrorum Princeps," and sometimes he prefixed to the commencement of his charters the monogram of Jesus Christ, or the Labarum The address of the Conqueror's diplomas was worded according to their nature Sometimes the compellation was to his French and English subjects, " tidelibus suis Francigenis et Anglis," and sometimes only to a particular person or body of men *, as, " Waltero vicecomia, "" Omnibus baronibus suis Francigenis et Anglis de comitatu Glocestrie, " " Lanfranco archiepiscopo et Odoni episcopo Baiocensi et comiti de Kent, et omnibus ministris et fidelibus suis Francis et Anglis de Kent," &c the Conqueror's diplomas were addressed to particular persons, he usually employed the salutation, as "Willelmus Rex Anglorum, Hugoni de Poitu, et omnibus fidelibus suis Francigenis et Anglicis, Salutem" It may be observed, that all the Kings of England after the Conquest, employed a salutation, and seldom, if ever, used any. other than that of "salutem" + The Anglo-Saxon Kings, when they employed the salutation, wrote "Salutem perpetuam, " " Salutem in Domino sempiternam "

William the Conqueror seldom dated his Charters unless they were made in favour of Religious establishments he then employed dates similar to those used by the Saxons, such as the incarnation, indiction, epact, concurrent, lunar cycle t, and his regnal year He likewise occasionally commemorated historical occurrences in his datal clauses &, and referred to reigns of Foreign potentates. || Sometimes he also mentioned

^{*} An original Charter of the Conqueror, preserved in the archives of the abbey of 5t Deins, is addressed "Christi fidelibus ubique fentum" + In the few Charters of the Conqueror, composed in the Anglo Saxon language, ex'ant, the salutation is generally thus, — "William Kyng gret Ayliner bischop and Rauf erl and Norman, and alle mine theynes in Suffolk, fiendlike," &c., or, "William Kyng gret William biscop and Gostregth portirefan, and aelle tha burhwarubinnan Londone, Frencisce e Inchesse themselve."

Englisce, freondice, '&c

1 Hec Carta facta est et confirmata apud villam Dontonam, anno ab Incarnatione Domini M LAXXII ir dictione v epatta xviii concurrente v circ lun xvi anno xvi regni Willielmi." Pat 31 Edw I m 17

^{6 &}quot;Scripta est hæ Cartula anno ab Incarnatione Domini M LXVIII scilicet secundo anno regni mei , peracta vero est hac donatio die Natalis Domini, et postmoduri in die Pentecostis confirmata, quando Mathilda conjux mei ni basilica Santti Petri Westmonasterii in Reginam divino nutu est con-

in basilica Santi Petri Westmonasterii in Reginam divino nutu est consicrita? Pat p 3 1 Hen VI m. 4 [1.4] "Actum castro Juliobona, anno ab Incarnatione Domini Milicim indictione xii residente in sede Romana Papa Gregorio anno ii qui eragioriosi Anglorum Willielmi annus adepti regni viii olirberti Abbatis in abbate [Fontanellensi] xii" 4 Nouv Traité, 793 [1.4] "Anno en ma bi Incarnatione Domini Mixxx tertia indictione, antepenultimo anno cycli solaris Williclimo Rege in Anglia fel citer regnante xiiii anno ejus imperia, in Francia vero regnante Prhippo, Romanis partibus imperiali jure Henrico, apostolices sedis cathedram possidente Papa Gregoito, * &c. Archives du Calvados, Abbaye de St Triaté, No. 2 vol. 1, p 173. vof 11. p 173.

his Conquest of England without giving any date, as "Teste, &c post Conquestum Angliæ," and in a Charter to the abbey of Westminster, he alluded to the compilation of Domesday Book, thus — "Teste W Episcopo Dunelm' et J Tailebois, post descriptionem totius Angliæ" Although it has been stated that in some of the Conqueror's Charters allusion is made to dates of the Christian era, those Charters are to be considered as exceptions, and not as furnishing a rule, while, on the other hand, the omission of that era in Saxon Charters is to be taken as the exception, and the occurrence as the rule

WILLIAM RUFUS — There are very few diplomas of this Monarch extant. His Great Seal is inscribed "Whitchmus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum," "Willelmus Dei gratia Dux Normanoium," and he styled himself in his Charters "Willielmus Rcx Anglorum," "Willelmus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum 'When the instrument related to Ecclesiastical or Religious affairs, he used the invocation *, and they were addressed in a similar manner to those of his father

HENRY I - His initial clause was usually "Henricus Rex Anglorum," but there are Charters extant relating to his Continental Dominions, wherein he styled himself "Henricus Rex Anglorum et Dux Normannorum," and "Henricus Rex Anglorum et Princeps Normannorum " It is, however, suggested, that any Charter of this Monarch containing the titles of "Dux Normannorum," or "Princeps Normannorum" must be subsequent to the year 1106, for at Michaelmas, in that year, he subdued his brother Robert Duke of Normandy at Lenchebray, and took possession of the Duchy of Normandy It ought, nevertheless, to be stated, that in the legend on his Great Seal, Henry denominated himself " Dux Normannorum" as well as "Rex Anglorum," from which it might be inferred that he assumed the title of " Duke of " Normandy" during the possession of that Duchy by his brother Robert The Scal bearing the title of "Dux Normannorum" might, however, have been, and most probably was, engraved after the year 1106 When Henry the First's diplomas related to the Church, he sometimes commenced with an invocation, a procm +, or with the pronoun "ego" Only two instances are known in which this monarch

^{*} In a Charter of William Rufus preserved in the archives of Durham this initial clause occurs — 'In nomine Patris et Pilii et Spiritus Sancti Notum sit omnibus tam posteris quam præsentibus quod ego Wilhelmus Dei gratis Rex Anglorum, filius magni Willielmi qui Regi Edwardo hæreditario jure successit, &c † See Fooders, voi i pp 10, 11

used the formula of "Dei gratia" His charters were more general in their address than those of his father or of his brother, for he frequently enumerated every grade or order of his subjects, as, "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, comit.bus, baronibus, justitiariis, vicecomitibus, ministris, et omnibus fidelibus suis totius Angliæ et Normannæ," but he did not always extend his addresses so fully, the compellation being according to the importance or nature of the Charter His private precepts or mandatis were directed only to those whom they concerned

STEPHEN — This Monarch commenced his diplomas with "Stephanus Rex Anglorum," or "Stephanus Der gratia Rex Anglorum," and the authors of the Nouveau Iraite de Diplomatique produce an instance of his having denominated himself "Duke of Normandy" It may, however, be conjectured, that the Charter containing that title was granted before 1144, for in that year, Geoffrey Count of Anjou (husband of the empress Maude) subdued Normandy. and he bore the title of " Duke of Normandy" until 1150, when he conferred that title upon his son Henry, afterwards King Henry II In the legend on his Great Seal, Stephen certainly styled himself "Dux Normannorum," which title he assumed upon becoming King of England and he perhaps retained t during the whole of his icign, notwithstanding that Geoffrey Count of Anjou also styled Stephen used the same adhimself Duke of Normandy dresses in his diplomas as those of King Henry I legends on both of the King's seals were, on the obverse, " Stephanus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum," and on the reverse, " Stephanus Dei gratia Dux Normannorum"

HENRY II — Previously to this Monarch's accession to the English throne, he bore the titles of "Duke of Normandy, and Count of Anjou" He adopted the first in the year 1150, with the concurrence of his mother the empress Maude, and the second upon the death of his father in 1151 Upon his marriage with Eleanor daughter and heress of William Duke of Aquitaine (the divorced Queen of Louis VII of France), in 1152, he became "Duke of Aquitaine," and he consequently denominated himself, in the initial clauses of his diplomas, "Henricus Rex Anglorum et Dux Normannorum et Aquitainorum et Comes Andegavorum," or "Henricus Rex Angliae et Dux Normannize et Aquitaine

^{*} See a fac simile of his Charter to the Chiethenegeld engraved in the new edition of the Feedera, the original Charter is preserved in the Chapter House, Westminster I in the Charter to the monks of Lewes he began thus,—" Henricus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum".

et Comes Andegaviæ," and towards the latter end of his reign he added the formula of "Dei gratia," thus, "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ et Dux Normanniæ et Aquitaniæ et Comes Andegaviæ " * It is generally believed, that, upon the conquest of Ireland, this monarch added to his other titles that of Dominus Hibernie, but no Charter or other diploma of Henry II, containing the title of "Dominus Hiberniee" has been discovered, nor docs it appear probable that he ever used it, for even in the Charters which he granted while he was in Ireland in 1172, and which related solely to that country, he did not so denominate himself Moreover, owing to the unsettled state of Ireland, Henry II determined to give the dominion over that country to one of his sons, and having obtained the Pope's approbation, he declared to the council at Oxford, in the year 1177, that he had granted Ireland to his youngest son John, then a child, who became "Princeps" or "Dominus Hiberniæ "† If, therefore. Henry II ever called himself "Lord of It cland," it must have been previously to that year, but, as has already been stated, there is no charter of his extant containing such a title, nor was it borne by his son and successor, Richard I Renry the Second had three Great Seals two were inscribed on the obverse, "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum," and on the reverse, "Henricus Dei gratia Dux Normannorum, Aguitannorum, et Comes Andegavorum" and the obverse of the third was inscribed, "Henricus Rex Anglorum, Dux Normannorum, Comes Andegavorum" the reverse of this Seal is illegible. The addresses in Henry II's diplomas were various, for examples - " Archicoiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, ministris, et omnibus fidelibus suis Francis et Anglis totius Angliæ et Normanniæ," "Archie-

* Lord Coke could not have been aware of the instance referred to, or he would not have asserted without qualification, that in the syle of Henry II that king omitted the words "Dei gratia" Vide I Inst 7 a, † The authors of the Nouveau I ratte de Diplomatupe (tom v p 815)

⁺ The authors of the Nouveau Traite de Diplomatique (tom v p 815) state, "Lorsque Henri se fut rendu matire de Irlanda il ajouta az titre de Ron d'Angleterre celui ne Dominus Hiberniae", and they quote Madox's Formulare Anglicanum, p 5, in proof of their assertion Upon reference, however, to Madox, it is evident that the instrument in which "Dominus Hiberniae" occurs is not of the reign of Henry II, but that of Henry III, as is shown by the following facts. In the Charter alluded to the King notices an aid which had been granted to him, "ad martandam sororem suam Romano Imperatori" Now, Henry III had, a sister, named lasbella, married to Frederick the Roma. Emperor, in 1235 (see Matthew Paris, ad annum 1235), and the instrument in question is enrolled on the Close Roll of the 20th of Henry III 1 His Seal as Lord of Ireland was thus inscribed, "Sigillum Johannis filli Regis Anghæ Domini Hiberniae."

piscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, comitibus, baronibus, justitiariis, vicecomitibus, forestariis, ministris, et omnibus fidelibus totius Angliæ," " Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, comitibus, baronibus, justitiariis, vicccomitibus, et omnibus ministris et fidelibus suis," " Archiepiscopis cpiscopis, abbatibus, comitibus, baronibus, justitiariis, vicecomitibus, ministris, et omnibus hominibus suis totius Angliæ Francis et Anglis" The mandates and precepts of this Prince, like those of his Norman predecessors, were addressed only to those whom they concerned, as, "Vicccomiti et ministris suis de Lincolnsire," "R Episcopo Lincoln et baronibus, justitiariis, vicecomiti, ministris, et omnibus fidelibus suis de Lincolnsire," &c

William Rufus*, Henry I +, Stephen +, and Henry II &, never dated their Charters unless they related to Religious foundations, and then seldom employed any other date than that of the Incarnation, and here it may be observed, that those precents and mandates of English monarchs from the Conquest to the reign of Richard I, which would now come under the denomination of Letters Patent or Letters Close,

* "Signum Willielmi Regis et Willielmi Lpiscopi, et Roberti Comitis

Northumbrensis & anno ab Incarnatione M c"

† "Apud Winton" anno ab Incarnatione Dom 11 M CXXXII in Christo
consummata feliciter" Arch du Calvados, vol 1 p 521 (Abbay de
St Jean dt Falaise, No 2) The data of this Charter 14 Actum est apud Barbefluvium anno ab Incarnatione Domini M (XX indictione XIII epacta xviii xi kal Decembris

In the archives of the Duchy of I ancaster there is a Churter of Henry I to Milo de Gloucester beaung this date "Apud Winton un eodem anno, inter Pascha et Pentecost, quo Rex duxi in uxorum filam Ducis de Luvain" The event here alluded to is stated by Hoveden, Ducto, and

others, to have taken place on the 2nd of February, 1121

Henry I, in a Charter to the Priory of Norwich, uses the following date "Facta est igitur hæc donatio anno ab Incarnatione Domini M CI indict ix epacta xviii concurrente i Luna vi tertio nonas Septembris, reginnite Domino nostro Jesu Christo, cui est consubstantialis et coæterna equilitas, honor, et gloria cum Patre in unitata Spiritus Sancti per omina sacula saculorum Amen" I Mon Angl 411

1 "Apud Westmonasterium anno ab Incarnatione Domini nostri Jhesu

Christi M CIIII " 1 Feed 18

The following was used by King Stephen "Anno ab Incarnatione Domini m exxxviii apud Ely, secundo anno regni mei in tempore ka wardi Episcopi Norwicensis et efauslem Prioris Ile' (I Mon Angl p. 358) And in a Charter to the Prior of Ste Barbe en Augt, grunted in 1107 he also uses the date of the Incarnation and that of his regual year

Archives du Calvados, vol 1 p 93 No 5 § The authors of the Nouveau Traté, speaking of the Charter of Henry II (tom v p 840), state, "Quelquis une sont datees des anne es de son regue — Data per manum R Cicester Lipis opi, Cancellari nostit, apud Western secundo die Juni, anno regui nostri undecimo." This, however, is a mistake into which these writers have inadvertently fallen. the Bishop of Chichester was Chancellor in the eleventh year of the reign of Henry II, and was never (hancelor in the reign of Henry II Various other circumstances, which need not be stated here, also prove the Charters from which they quoted to be of the year 1227, instead of 1165

according to their nature (but decidedly not under that of Charters), never had any dates, and many of them do not even contain the name of the place where they were ratified. It is remarkable that no other species of diploma than Charters contained dates, and that they were dated, only when they concerned Religious establishments. It must not, however, be inferred that all Charters to Religious Houses were dated, for this was by no means the case. All that is intended to be conveyed is, that dates occur in no Charters during those reigns which were not made in favour of some Religious establishment.

RICHARD I — This Monarch usually began his diplomas thus, "Ricardus Dei gritia Rex Angliæ, Dux Normanniæ Aquitannia, Comes Andegaviæ" The authors of the "Nouveau Frante de Diplomitique" assert*, that Richard commenced his public acts thus, "Ricardus Dei gratia Rex Anglia, Dux Normanna et Aquitannia, Comes Pictavia et Andegaviæ," ind they proceed to say, "Richard substitue quelquefois aux titres de Duc de Normandie et d Aquitaine ceux de ' Dux Normannorum et Æduanorum '" No diploma of this monarch has however been discovered in England, wherein Richard is designated either as " Comes Pictiviæ," or as " Dax Normannorum et Æduanorum " King Richard I never styled hirrself " Dominus Hibernia " Among a very valuable collection of original Charters belonging to the Duchy of Lincaster there is one from King Richard to Gerard de Camville, and Nichola his wife, granted to them between the death of Henry II (6th July, 1189) and King Richard's coronation (3rd Sept. 1189), wherein Richard styled himself " Dux Normannia et Dominus Anglia," which is an additional proof that, following the custom of the early English Sovercigns, he did not assume the title of King until his Coron ition had taken place, but, although he required only an inchoate right to the Throne on the demise of his father, yet he exercised Royal rights and prerog itives It is also worthy of remark, that in this Charter the first person singular is adopted, as "ego," "mcus," &c , but after his Coronation, Richard employed the plural "nos," "noster, ' &c , he being the first English Monarch whose diplom is were in the plural number t, and his example has been followed by all the Kings of

^{*} Fom v p 815

⁺ The Charters and Letters Patent granted by the Sovereigns of England during the Saxon and Norman dynastics, down to the reign of Richard I, differed in this respect from the same species of metru ments of the Kings of France during it is before it the first person, thus — "Henrice, &c. Ego mando, precipio,

England from that period to the present time The le rend round two of the Great Seals of this Monarch are, on the obverse of anh, "Ricardus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum," and on the reverse, "Ricardus Dux Normannoi um et Aquitannorum. et Comes Andegavorum " Another of the Great Seals of this King is engraved in the History of the Abbey of St Ouen de Rouen, the legend of which is, on the obverse, "Ri cardus Rex Anglorum, Dux Normannorum, et Comes Andegayorum," and on the reverse, "Ricardus Dei gratia Rex Anglorum, Dux Normannorum, ct Comes Andegavorum" The compellation clauses of Richard's diplomas were, " Archicoiscopis, episcopis, comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, baillivis, et omnibus fidelibus suis, Francis et Anglis, salutem," " Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, comitibus, baronibus, vicecomitibus, ministris, et omnibus fidelibus suis Angliæ et Normanniæ salutcm "

JOHN, commenced his diplomas with "Johannes Dei gratia Rex Anglæ, Dominus Hiberniæ, Dux Normannæ, Aquitannia, et Comes Andegaviæ" He added the style of "Lord of Ireland" to his other titles, and it continued to be used by all his successors until Henry VIII, with the sanction of the legislature of both countries, changed it to this of "King of Ireland" The legend on the Great Scal of King John is, "Johannes Dei gritis Rex Angliæ, Dominus Hibernia." "Johannes Dux Normannia et Aquitanniæ, Comes Andegiste" The introduction of the words "Dominus Hiberniae," probably arose from his having used that title before he ascended the Thione His compellations were worded thus "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbaubus, comitibus, baronibus, justicianis, vicecomitibus, præpositis, et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis, salutem." &c

volo," &c., whereas it is said of the Kings of France, "Ce n'est pas qu'on ne s'expr mât souvent par le sugulier lorsqu'on parioit en primère per sone, ou meme lorsqu'on addressoit la paiole à quelqu'un, mus il ctoit be un ouip plus ordinaired employer le p'uriel quand on mettoit les diplomes dans la bouche des princes, des prélats, ou des grands seigneurs jusqu'au xime siècle, nos Rois parlierent presque toujours en pluriel." Nouveau Traite, tom y n. 5%

Trate, tom iv p 528

The style of Royal diplomas from the Conquest down to the end of the reign of Henry II (with the exception of initial and final clauses), was very similar. It wis very concise, no more words being used than were necessary to convey the meaning. The first person singular was always used, as, "Fgo concede, condrino, præcipio, mando," &c., any Royal diplomas composed in the first person plural as "Nos concessinus, confirmavimus, precipimus, mandavimus," &c., may be considered as spurious, and in no instance have those charters where the plural is used, been able to stand a critical investigation.

- HENRY III In the early part of his reign Henry III used the same titles as his father, "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ, Dominus Hiberniæ, Dux Normanniæ, et Aquitanniæ, Comes Andegaviæ," which also occur on his first Great Seal, but upon his ceding the Provinces of Normandy, Anjou, Tourainc, Maine, and Poitou, to Louis IX of France, in the year 1259, he dropped the titles of "Duke of Normandy and Count of Anjou," and after October, in the forty third year of his reign, 1259, he described himself, on his second Great Seal, as well as in his Charters, as "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ, Dominus Hiberniæ, ct Dux Aquitannia," and a similar variation exists in the legends on the two Seals of his Queen His Charters were addressed, "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis, vicccomitibus, præpositis, ministris, et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis, salutem,' &c
- EDWARD I The Charters of this King began with "Edwardus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ, Dominus Hiberniæ, et Dux Aquitanniæ," which style agrees with that on his Great Seal, with this exception, that the word "ct" before "Dux Aquitanniæ" is omitted in the legend His compellations were similar to those of his father
- EDWARD II This King used the same style as his father, until the ninetcenth year of his reign, when, in consequence of his creating his closest son Edward (afterwards Edward III) Duke of Aquitaine, &c +, he relinquished that title, and from that time styled himself "Edwardus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ et Dominus Hiberniæ";
- **Berrington in his Observations upon the Statutes, p. 120 (8vo edit), remarks, "th it the style of Edward I is, 'Edward the son of Henry, 'which I should conceive he had assumed to distinguish him from the two Edwards, Kings of England before the Conquest Thus, likewise, 'Edward filli Cawards, the Edwards and Edward filli Edward but afterwards changed it to Edwardus poet Conquestum Ter tius.' I he commentator upon the statutes has entirely misunderstood the facts of the cise, 'Edward I'll ever use the title of "Edwards hims Ldward the son of Henry,' nor did Edward I'll ever use the title of "Edwards hims Ldward the son of Henry,' or or 'Heavilus post Conquestum Tertius." I he fact is this persons when describing any thing done in the reigns of those Sovieties when the such in act was done in the reign of Ldward the son of Henry, for instance, in the Inquisitiones post mortem, during the reigns of three Edwards, it is generally stated that the inquisition was made in the year of the reign of Edward III after the Conquest, and private deeds and agreements are generally dated in the year of Edward sill after the Conquest, but the Monarchs themselves never adopted those, styles
- † Rot Claus 19 Ldw II m 28 dors Rot Pat 19 Ldw II p 1 m 10 and 25
- † Rot. Rom. 19 Edw II, Rot Vasc 19 Edw II, Rot Claus 19 Edw II, passim

In several Privy Seal bills, however, which were passed in the twenticth year of his reign, the title of "Dux Aquitanniae" was still retained. His compellations and the legend round his Great Seal were the same as those used by his father

EDWARD III - For the first thirteen years of his reign, this Monarch styled himself "Edwardus Dei gratia Rex Anglie, Dominus Hibernie, et Dux Aquitannie," but, upon his pretended right to the Crown of France, in the year 1337, he assumed the title of King of France, and denominated himself " Edwardus Dei gratia Rex Franciæ et Angliæ, et Dominus Hiberniæ, et Dux Aquitanniæ," though he sometimes placed England before France, thus, - "Edwardus Du gratia Rex Angliæ et Franciæ, Dominus Hiberniæ, et Dux Aquitanniæ "* He appears to have seldom used the style of "Dux Aquitannie" after hif assumption of that of "Rex Franciae," which latter title he retained until the 8th of May, 1360, when, by the treaty of Bretigny, he renounced all pretensions to the Crown of France, though he did not relinquish the Arms of that Kingdom In the month of June, 1369, the chancellor stated to the parliament then assembled at Westminster, that Charles, the French Monarch, not having fulfilled his part of the treaty of Bretigny, it was for their consideration whether King Edward might not with justice resume the style of "King of France," when, to use the words of the record, "per omnes prælatos et magnates ac communitates comitatuum dicti regni Angliæ in dicto parliamento existentes, de assensu totius parliamenti ejusdem, concordatum est quod dictus Rex Angliæ nomen Regis Angliæ et Franciæ, sicut ante pacem pradictam habuit, resumeret, ct sc Regem Angliæ et Franciæ in litteris et sigillis suis vocaret, et tali nomine sive stilo de cætero uteretur " The King then ordered all the Seals at that time in use bearing the legend of "Edwardus Rex Angliæ, Dominus Hiberniæ et Aquitanniæ," to be delivered into the treasury, there to be kept, and that the Seals used previously to the treaty of bretigny, bearing the inscriptions of "Rex Anglies et Fianciæ," &c, or "Rex Franciæ et Angliæ," &c, should again be used The year 1369 was accordingly called the forty-third year of King Edward's reign over England, and the thirtieth year of his reign over France King Edward III, at different periods of his reign, used no less than seven Great Seals At the commencement of his reign he used the same Seal as his three immediate predeces-

On the second the word "et" was inseited between "Hibernia 'and "Dux," and on the third the "et" was omitted His fourth was engraved in France, and bore this legend, " Edwardus Dei gratia Rex Franciæ et Angliæ, Dominus Hiberniæ, et Dux Aquitanniæ," but shortly after his assumption of the title of "King of France" he abandoned that of "Duke of Aquitain," and had two new Seals made, one bearing this legend, "Edwardus Deigratia Rex Franciæ et Anglia et Dominus Hibernie," and the other of "Edwardus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ et Frinciæ, et Dominus IIIbernia." In 1360, having renounced his title to the French throne, he had a seventh Seal engraved with the inscription of " Edwardus Dei grati i Rex Angliæ, Dominus Hiberniæ et Aguitannie "The compellations of Edward III, until the twenty-sixth year of his reign, were in the same style as those of his father Afterwards (being the first Finglish Sovereign who conferred the title of Duke on a subject) he introduced into his addresses the word "Ducibus," as "Archiepiscopis, abbatibus, prioribus, duc bus, comitibus, baronibus, justiciarus, vicecomitibus, prapositis, ministris, et oinnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis," or "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, ducibus, comitibus, baronibus, justitiariis, vicecomitibus, prepositis, ministris, et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis, salutem '

RICHARD II used the same style on his Great Scal, and the same address in his Charters, as his grandfather and immediate predecessor, Edward III, thus, "Ricirdus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ" et Franciæ et Dominus Hiberniæ, archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus, ducibus t, comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, præpositis, ministris, et omnibus ballivis et † fidelibus suis, salutem "Having bestowed the title of Marquis, in the year 1397, in a few of his compellations, he addressed the Marquises after Dukes, thus, "Ducibus, marchionibus, comitibus"

HENRY IV commenced his diplomas with "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ et Franciæ et Dominus Hiberniæ" He does not appear to have had any settled form for his compellations, as they deviated into all the following varieties — "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus, comitibus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, præpositis, ministris et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis," "Archiepiscopis, cpiscopis, abbatibus, prioribus, ducibus, comitibus, baronibus, militibus, justitiariis, vicecomitibus, præpositis, ballivis,

^{*} Sometimes, as on his Great Seal, "Francia" preceded "Anglia "

[†] He did not invariably address the Dukes in his compellations,

[!] Sometimes " et alus fidelibus suis."

ministris, et aliis fidelibus suis," "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus, ducibus, comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis vicecomitibus, præpositis, ministris, et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis," "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus, comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, præpositis, ministris, et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis," "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus, ducibus, comitibus, baronibus, justitiariis, vicecomitibus, prapiositis, majoribus, b illivis, ministris, et aliis fidelibus suis." No address to Marquises has been found in any of this King's compellations.

HFNRY V - Until the 9th of April, 1420, this Monarch styled himself, in his Charters and on his Great Scal, "Henricus Dei gritia Rex Angliæ et Franciæ et Dominus Hibernix," or, sometimes in the former, "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Franciæ et Angliæ et Dominus Hibciniæ," and on the Norman Roll of the fifth year of his reign he is sometimes styled " Duke of Normandy," in conjunction with his other titles, as, "Henry par la grace de Dicu Roy de Fraunce et d'Engleterre, Scigneur d'Ircland, et Duc de Normandie" On the 9th of April, 1420 he relinquished the title of "King of France" during the lifetime of his father-in-law Charles, just before the treaty of Iroyes, which was signed on the 21st of May, 1420+, and during the remainder of his life he styled himself "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ, Hares et Regens Franciæ, et Dominus Hiberniæ " Notwithstanding an article in the agreement of the 9th of April, that, during the life of Charles, Henry V should not assume the title of "King of France,"

^{*} The following circumstance was probably the cause of the address to Marquiscs being out ed. In title of Marquis was unknown in this country, as distinguist of from other titles of honour, until the creation of Robert de Vere, Farl of Oxford, by Richard II., to the dignity of Marquis of Dublin, for life. The next instance is that of John de Beaufort, Farl of Somerest who was created Marquis of Dorset by the same Montrel, in September, 1977, which dignity he respined, and he was, on the same day, by another pitent, created Marquis of Somerest, though he continued to be styled Marquis of Dorset until Henry IV, when that title was "I shied. The Commons, however, petitioned the King to restore him to that dignity, but he himself onposed their request, and humbly prayed the King. "Que come le nom de Marquis fust estrange nom en cest royau me qui il ne liu veririt aussumement donner cil nome de Marquis, car juniais par conge du Roi il ne verroit porter, ne accepter sur luy nul tiet nom e i aucune maniere."

[†] On the 22nd of May, Henry V wrote a letter to his C'arcellor from Troyes, prescribing the forms in Latin, English and French, of the style which, from that time, he intended to assume, viz —'Henricus Dei gratia Rex Anglise, Hares et Regins regin Francia, et Dominus Hiberma, "Henry by the grace of God Kyng of England Heire and Regint of the rewme of France, and Lird of Irlande," and "Henry par la grace de Dieu Roy d'Engleterre Heretier et Regent du royaume de France, et beigneur d'Irlande 'Rot Claus 8 Hen V m 17 dors

he issued a precept, within ten days of that date, from Rouen relative to the Norman coinage, upon one side of which was to be inscribed "Henricus Francorum Rcr" As Henry had not then signed the articles of peace at Troyes, it did not, perhaps, occur to him that he was breaking his agreement with France His compellations were worded thus "Archiepiscopis, episcopis, abbatibus, prioribus, ducibus, comitibus, baronibus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, præpositis, ministris, et omnibus ballivis et fidelibus suis, salutem"

- HENRY VI The style used by this King in his Charters was "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Angliæ et Franciæ et Dominus Hiberniæ," but on his flist Great Scal, which was engraved in France, the legend was "Henricus Dei gratia Francorum et Angliæ Rex" It is worthy of remark that the reverse of this Scal resembled that of the French Monarchs, it had no legend, and was considerably smaller than the obverse On the second Seal the inscription was, "Henricus Dei gratia Rex Franciæ et Angliæ et Dominus Hiberniæ," its reverse was similar to the first Seal During the reign of Edward IV that Monarch, when speaking of Henry VI, designated him as "Henricus nuper de facto et non de juie Rex Angliæ" The compellations of Henry VI were in the same style as those of his father, Henry V
- EDWARD IV, EDWARD V, RICHARD III, AND HENRY VII —All these Monarchs styled themselves on their Great Seals, and in many of their Charters, "Dei gratia Rex Angliæ et Franciæ et Dominus Hiberniæ," but occasionally in other charters, "Dei gratia Rex Franciæ et Angliæ et Dominus Hiberniæ" Their compellations were also all expressed in one uniform manner
- HENRY VIII —The style first adopted by Henry VIII was that of "Henricus Dei grafii Rex Anglie et Franciæ et Dominus Hiberinæ" Though the title of "His most Christian Myesty" was conferred upon him by Pope Julius II, in the year 1513, he does not appear to have ever used it in his style, but he was often so addressed by Foreign potentates and by his own subjects. In the thirteenth year of his reign, however, Henry added to his other titles that of "Fidei Defensor," an appellation given to him by Pope Leo X *, in

^{• &}quot; Lee Episcopus, servus servorum Dei, charissimo in Christo filio Henrico Anglae Rigi, Fidei Defensori, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem," &c

[&]quot;Nos, qui Petri, quem Christus in colum ascensurus vicarium suum in terris reliquit, et cui cui am gregii sui commisit, veri successores sumus, et in hac sanctă sede, à qui omnes dignitates ac tituli emanant, sedemus Habită super in scum esdem fratribus nostris matură deliberatione, de eorum unanimi oonsilio et assissu Majistati tugi titulum hunc (videlicet)

consequence of the publication of a work against Martin Luther which he dedicated to that Pontiff Henry did not always * use the title "Fider Defensor," and about the seven teenth year of his reign he added the word "Octavus" after his name, thus, "Henricus Octavus Dei gratia Rex." &c Afterwards he made another addition to his style, by using the words "Supremum Caput Ecclesiæ Anglicana," and the more effectually to establish that title, an Act was passed in the twenty-sixth year of his reign +, declaring that the King should be reputed "Supreme Head of the Church of England, "'and, finally, in the thirty-third year of his reign, a Statute was passed in Ireland t, declaring that the King of England, his heirs and successors, should thenceforward be Kings of Ireland, which was confirmed by an English act of parliament & in the thirty-fifth year of his reign His style, therefore, from that time became, as on his Great Scal, "Henricus Octivus, Dei gritia Angliæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rex, Fidei Defensor, et in teria Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ et Hibernicæ Supremum Caput" In the few Charters, strictly so termed, granted by this King, the compellations were worded in the same manner as those of his immediate predecessors, sometimes, however, introducing the word "marchionibus" after "ducibus" !!

EDWARD VI - His style was "Edwardus Sextus, Dei gratia Anglia, Francia, et Hiberina Rex, Fidei Defensor, et in terra Ecclesiæ Anglicana et Hibernicæ Supremum Caput "

MARY - The style assumed by this Queen at the commencement of her reign was that of "Maria Dei gratia Angliae, Franciae, et Hibernia Regina, ejus nominis Prima,

FIDEI DEPENSOREM, donare decrevimus prout te tali titulo per præsentes insignimus, mandantes omnibus Christa fidelibus ut Majest item tuam hoc insigning, in minimus common constitution from the first intended to significant the intended from titulo information (and intended from Rome in the year 15.1) Federa, tom xim p 7.6

* See I redera, vol xiv p 38 In the article entitled "I ractatus Tornacensis Collationes" he merely called himself "Rex Angliæ et Francia et

Dominus Hiberniæ"

[†] Statutes of the Realm, 26 Hen. VIII c 1 I rom the Close Roll, 26 Hen VIII m 14 it appears that on the 15th Jun 26 Hen VIII 1535,

²⁶ Hen VIII n 14 it appears that on the 15th Jun 26 Hen VIII 1525, at a Council the Kings style and title were ordered to be "Henneus Octavus, Dei gratia Anglæ et I ruena Rex I idei Defensor, et Dominus Rheenne, et in terra Supremum Caput Angheanæ Ecclesæ"

‡ Irish Statutes, 33 Hen VIII c 1
§ Statutes of the Realm, 35 Hen VIII c 3
[From the eighth year of the reign of this King (except in cases of creations of nobility) the formulas of Charters, as applicable to a certain class of Royal diplomas were no longer used, but thenetorward the Kings of England adopted those of Letters Patent in all their grants.

Fidei Defensor, et in terra Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ et Hibernice Supremum Caput," and "Maria Dei gratia Angliae, Francia, et Hiberniae Regina, Fidei Defensor, et in terra Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ et Hibernicæ Supremum Caput ' After her marriage with King Philip, on the 25th of January, 1554, the Royal style was ordered, by proclamation dated on the 27th of July in the same year, to be expressed in Latin, as follows -"Philippus et Maria, Dei gratia Rex et Regina Angliæ, Franciæ, Neapolis, Jerusalem, et Hibernie, Fidei Defensores. Principes Hispaniarum et Siciliæ, Archiduces Austriæ, et Duces Mediolani, Burgundiæ, it Brabantiæ, Comites Haspurgi, Flandriæ, et firolis," and in English thus - " Philip and Mary, by the grace of God King and Queen of England, France, Naples, Jerusalem, and Ireland, Defenders of the Futh, Princes of Spain and Sicily, Archdukes of Austria, Dukes of Milan, Burgundy, and Brabant, Counts of Haspburgh, Flanders, and Tyrol * The Emperor Charles V having, in 1555, resigned his dominions to his son King Philip, the style of Philip and Mary was altered to - "Philippus et Maria, Dei gratia Angliæ, Hispaniarum, Frinciæ, Jerusilem, Utriusque Siciliæ, et Hiberniæ Rex et Regina, Fidei Defensores, Archiduces Austriæ, Duces Burgundiæ, Mediolam, et Brabantiæ, Comites Haspurgi, Flandriæ, et Firolis" Although Henry VIII and Edward VI had both used the title of " King of Ireland," yet Pope Paul IV, assuming that it had not been legally bestowed upon them, conferred the same title, de novo, upon Philip and Mary †

ELIZABETH - Her style was, "Elizabetha, Dei gratia Angliæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Regina, Fidei Defensor," &c, and in one instrument she is called, " Elizabetha Dei gratia Anglia. Francia, et Hibernia Regina, Fidei Defen-It is rather singular that Queen Elizabeth should have retained the title of "Queen of France," notwithstanding it was agreed, in a treaty between Frince and England, in 1560, that the King and Queen of France

Rot Pat 2 Mar p 2 m 5 † Heylin's Hist Reform 69 70 See also Burnet's Reform p. 11 fol Lond 1683 page 310 where it is stated that Mary sent a mi suon to Rome lequesting that England might be at in received into the bosom of the Church Upon which "the Pope held some consult tuon whether he should receive them, since in her credentials the Queen styled herself Queen of Ireland, that title being assumed by King Henry in time of schism So on the 7th of June he did in private creek Ireland into a Kingdom, and conferred that title on the King and Queen, and told them that otherwise he would not suffer them to use it in their public audience This being a justed, he received the ambassadors graciously, and pardoned the whole nation."

- should not, for the future, assume the Title and Arms of the King or Queen of England or Ireland, and that all Acts passed with those titles, or sealed with the Seals of the said Arms, should be repealed, or held to be of no value
- JAMES I His style was, "Jacobus, Dei gratia Angliæ, Scotiæ Franciæ, et Hiberniæ, Rex, Fidei Defensor," &c *
- CHARLES I In the early part of his reign his style was, "Carolus, Dei gratia Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ, Rex, Fidei Defensor," &c, afterwards thus, "Carolus, Dei gratia Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rex, Fidei Defensor"
- THE COMMONWEALTH The style of the Government during the Commonwealth was, "The Keepers of the Liberties of England by the Authority of Parliament"
- CHARLES II His style was, "Carolus Secundus, Dei gratia Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rex, Fidei Defensor," &c
- JAMES II His style was, "Jacobus Secundus, Dei gratia Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rex, Fidei Defensor," &c
- WILLIAM AND MARY Their style was, "Gulielmus et Maria, Dei gratia Anglie, Scotiæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ, Rex et Regina, Fidei Defensores," &c, until the Queen's death, on the 27th of December, 1694, when her name and title were of course omitted
- ANNE Her style was, "Anna, Dei gratia Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Regina, Fidei Defensor
- GEORGE I His style was, "Georgius, Dei gratia Magnæ Britanniæ, Francæ, et Hiberniæ Rex, Fider Defensor," &c This style was used by all his successors until the 1st of January, 1801, when the title of "King of France," which had been borne without interruption by the Monarchs of this country, for 432 years, was abandoned, and the Royal Style was declared by proclamation to be as follows "Georgius Tertius, Dei gratia Britanniarium Rex, Fider Defensor," and, in the vernacular tongue, to "George the Third, by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland King, Defender of the Faith"

^{*} Round his coins is this legend "Jacobus, Dei gratia Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rex "

DATES OF THE ACCESSIONS AND DEATHS OF THE

KINGS OF SCOTLAND,

FROM MAICOIN III, CANMORE, 1057, TO THE ACCESSION OF JAMES VI 10 THE THRONE OF ENGLAND, MARCH, 1603

IT appears that Scottish historians, like those of England, have reckoned the accession of each monarch from the day of the decease of the preceding, and to an inquiry of the most eminent of the living antiquaries of Scotland *, whether this practice had been found to be correct, he replied that he had not detected any errors, excepting in the case of king David As, however, the practice has been found erroneous in the instance of early English monarchs. great suspicion is excited of the accuracy of this mode of computing the regnal years of the kings of Scotland: but the Editor of this work has not the means of consulting those Scottish records which would probably throw light on the subject The dates in this list are principally taken from the Table prefixed to Wood's edition of Douglas's Peerage of Scotland

MALCOLM III (CANMORE) Reign began in 1057, ended 13th of November, 1093

DONALD VI usurped the throne from about November, 1093, to about May, 1094, when he was deposed by the natural son of Malcolm III, named Duncan II, after whose death, in 1095, he recovered possession of the throne, and held it about three years, but was deposed in 1098

DUNCAN II usurped the Crown from about May, 1094, until about the end of the year 1095, when he lost his life

EDGAR Reign began 1098, ended 8th of January, 1107 ALEXANDER I Reign began 8th of January, 1107, ended 27th of April, 1124

^{*} Thomas Thomson Faq V P S A Edin Deputy Clerk Register of Scotland See note to the next page

- DAVID I Reign began 27th of April, 1124, ended 24th of May, 1153
- MALCOLM IV Reign began 24th of May, 1153, ended 9th of December, 1165
- WII LIAM I (THE LION) Reign began 9th of December, 1165 Inded 4th of December, 1214
- Reign began 4th of December, 1214, ALEXANDER II ended 8th of July, 1249
- ALEXANDER III Reign began 8th of July, 1249, ended 16th of March, 1286
- MARGARET Reign began 16th of March, 1286, ended September, 1290
- JOHN (BALIOL) Reign began 17th of November, 1292, ended between the 2nd and 10th of July *, 1296
 - Interregnum from 10th of July, 1296, to 1306 lace was appointed Guardian or Regent of Scotland, about 1297, which office he resigned soon after the battle of Falkirk, July 22 1298
- ROBERT I (BRUCE) Reign began 25th of March, 1306. ended 7th of June, 1929
- DAVID II Reign began 7th of June, 1329 †
 - LDWARD BALIOL Succeeded in dispossessing David II, and was crowned 24th September, 1332, but fled from Scotland in December following

David II died 22nd February, 1971

- * Vide a note to Tytler's History of Scotland, vol 1 pp. 423, 437 † Vide the Piet a Cto Anderson's Diplomata Scottae," for Cvidence of the error which formerly prevailed respecting the regnal years of David II, in reckoning the first for the second, the second for the third, &c., and for proof that the years of his reign ought to be reckoned from the 7th of June in one year to the same day in the next Mr Homson the deputy clerk register of Scotland, in a letter to the Fiduor of this volume, observes on this subject -
- " In so far as relates to the chronology of Scottish Records, I have not much to suggest that can be of use to you In the ordinary dites of our kings reigns, I have not detucted any errors, that is, any divrepancy be tween the dates of their accession and that of their reigns, as given in tween the dates of their accession and that of their reigns, as given in charters and other public documents, excepting in the case of King David II Whether that discrepancy prevails from the commencement of his reign, I have not found the means of ascertaining, but in every instance posterior to his return from captivity in 1357, where the year of the Christian criuse well as that of his reign, is given, the latter is one year short of the truth dating from the day of his lather as demise, and of his own accession, on the 7th of June, 1,29 I have often attempted to discover whether this discrepancy extended to one entire year, or only to a part of one, but hitherto I cang on of arther than to state, that, in every instance where both dates have been given, or where the date of the Christian era was otherwise clearly ascertained, that discrepancy has here found to exit." clearly ascertained, that discrepancy has been found to exist."

- ROBERT II (STUART) Rugn began 22d of February, 1371, ended 19th of April, 1390
- ROBERT III Reign began 19th of April, 1990 ended 4th of April, 1406
- JAMES I Reign began 4th of April, 1406, anded 20th or 21st of Fabruary, 1437 †
- JAMES II Reign began 21st of February, 1437, ended 3rd of August, 1460
- JAMES III Reign began 3rd of August, 1460, ended 11th of June, 1488
- JAMES IV Reign began 11th of June, 1488, and of 9th of September, 1513
- JAMES V Raign began 9th of September, 1513, ended 14th of December, 1542
- MARY Reign began 14th of December, 1542, anded 24th of July, 1567
- JAMES VI Reign began 24th of July, 1567, ended 27th of March, 1625 Ascended the throne of England, 24th of March, 1603
- * The death of this monarch is very loosely stated in Tytler's History of Scaland In vol in p 65, he is said to have did "in the course of the year 1289;" and, in p 68, his functal is stated to have taken place on the 13th of August, 1390, the day before the coronation of his successor, John, cirl of Carrick, who assumed the title of Robert III. The date in the text stands on the authority of Pinkerton, who lie Fordun and Winton.
- † James I was murdered in the night between the 20th and 21st of February, 1437

TERMS

THE I IN TERMS were so called, because at four periods of the year the Judges sit "ad finem et terminum contentionam," or "ad terminum litis," that is, for terminating the contentions between party and party It has been shown by Sir Henry Spelman, that the Terms were gradually formed from the canonical constitutions of the church, and consisted of these leisure seasons of the year which were not occupied by the great festivals or fasts, or in which the principal business of agriculture and other rural affairs did not occur Throughout Christendom, in very early times, the whole year was devoted to hearing and deciding causes, but the church at length interfered, and prevented certain holy seasons from being profuned by secular business, or the minds of men from being disturbed and exactibated by litigation Advent and Christmas being exempted, give rise to the winter vacation, the periods of Lent and Easter, to the spring vacation, Pentecost produced the third, and the long vacation. which occurred between Midsummer and Michaelmas. was allowed for lay-time and harvest Sunday and other high festivals of the church, such as the days of the Purification, Ascension, &c, were also prohibited, and became 'dies non juridici" These regulations were established by a canon of the church, in A D 517, and were confirmed and fortified by an Imperial constitution of the younger Theodosius, comprised in the Theodosian code. In England these restrictions upon the periods in which legal business was to be transacted were adopted by the laws of Edward the Confessor, but dispensations were occasionally granted by the church for holding assizes and trying causes during the inhibited seasons * The portions of the year not included in the ecclesiastical prohibitions

^{*} By the statute of Westminster, 3 Edw I c 51, which recites that 'it is a great chirity to do right unto all men at all times when necessity requires it, 'it was entited with the assent of the prelites, that assizes of "novel dissersin, mort deatheaster of darrain presentment" as well as inques a, should be taken in Advent, Septuagesima, and Lent, "and this at the request of the Europe to the bishops"

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formed four divisions, and, from the festivals of St Hilary, (the 13th of February,) Easter day, Trinity Sunday, and the feast of St Michael, or Michaelmas day, they were called Hilary, Easter, Trinity, and Michaelmas Terms As Easter and Trinity Sunday were Moveable feasts, the commencement and termination of Easter and Trinity Terms varied in each year By stat 32 Hen VIII c 21, which passed in April, 1540, the commencement of Trinity Term was altered, because, as the preamble states, it had been "usually holden in a season of the year when danger of infection of the plague and other sicknesses had happened to the king's subjects, and which was also a great impediment to the business of harvest" It was therefore enacted, that Trinity Term should, from the 29th of the ensuing September, commence on Monday next after Trinity Sunday, for keeping of the essoigns, profers, returns, &c, instead, as previously, on the octaves of the Holy Trinity, and that the full term of Trinity Term should commence on Friday next after Corpus Christi day, instead of on the Wednesday next after that festival By stat 16 Car. I c 6, passed in November, 1640, Michaelmas Term was also altered, "because it commenced so soon after Michaelmas day, as to produce inconvenience in holding the quarter sessions, court leets, and court barons, and to the business of husbandry" It was therefore enacted, that from and after the 20th of September next ensuing, the full Michaelmas Term should begin upon the fourth day of the three weeks of St Michael, instead as theretofore on the fourth day of the octaves of St Michael, excepting that day fell on a Sunday, and then on the Monday In the parliament which met in November, 1751. Michaelmas Term was further abridged by stat 21 Geo II c 48, because "very little business could be done on account of the several holidays observed in courts of record between the first day of that term and the 6th of November following," and it was therefore enacted, that Michaelmas Term, after the 29th of September, 1752, should commence on the morrow of All

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S.ul.s, i e on the 3rd of November, unless that day fell on a Sunday, in which case it was to begin on the next day, for the keeping of essoigns, profers, &c, and the full Term of St Michael was ordered to begin on the fourth day of the said morrow of All Souls, excepting the said fourth day fell on a Sunday, and then on the next day *

As a general rule, it appears that HILARY TERM began on the 23rd or 24th of January, and ended on the 12th or 13th of February, that EASTER TERM began seventeen days +, i e the Wednesday fortnight, after Easter day, and ended four days after Ascension day, being the Monday three weeks following, that until the 29th of September, 32 Hen VIII, 1540, TRINITY TERM began on the Wednesday after Corpus Christi . day, that it then began on the Friday next after the said festival, e on the Friday after Trinity Sunday, and ended on the ensuing Wednesday fortnight, that until the 29th of September, 1641, MICHAEL-MAS TERM began on the fourth day of the octaves of St Michael, i e on the 9th or 10th of October, and ended on the 28th or 20th of November, that on and after the 29th of September, 1641, Michaelmas I'erm began on the fourth day of the three weeks of St Michael, i. e the 23rd or 24th of October, and ended on the 28th or 20th of November, but in 1752. the commencement of Michaelmas Term was fixed to the fourth day after the morrow of All Souls, i e the 6th of November, unless that day fell on a Sunday, and then on the next day, and ended on the 28th or 29th of the same month

As the Terms which depended on the Moveable feasts varied in each year, some calculations were necessary to ascertain the precise day on which the Terms began, and he following Tables were published in the year 1635 1. for that purpose. These tables seem to be adapted only to

^{*} Coke's 1st Institute, ed Thomas, vol iii pp 354, 355, note D Black stone & Commentaries, vol iii pp 275, 276 Hopton's Concordancy, pp 248, 244 Stat 524 Huny VIII c 21, 16 Car I c 6, and 24 Geo II c 84 + "Easter Term, which now beginneth two days after Quindena Paschæ — Spelman ; Hopton's Concordancy

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the Old Style, and their accuracy must not be implicitly relied on, especially for years subsequent to 1640, though in most instances before 1752 they will be found correct. Columns have been added to show the commencement of Trinity and Michaelmas Terms at all periods

The first Table, by the aid of the Golden Number and Dominical Letter, presents two numbers representing weeks and days, which are to be applied to the second Table in the manner pointed out

TABLE I

Golden Number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Number	A	В	c	D	Ŀ	ŀ	G
1	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
2	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
3	9	9	9	9	9	8	8
4	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
6 7 8 9	9 7 10 8 7	9 7 10 8 7	8 7 10 8 6	8 7 6 8 6	8 7 9 8 6	8 6 9 8 6	8 6 9 7 6
11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
12	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
13	6	7	6	6	6	6	5
14	9	9	9	9	8	8	6
15	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
16	6	6	6	5	5	5	5
17	9	8	8	8	8	8	8
18	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
19	1 0	10	9	9	9	9	9

Explanation of Table I — Ascertain from Tables A and C*, the Golden Number and Dominical Letter for the year in which the date of the commencement and termination of the Terms are required. Enter this Table with the former on the left hand, and the latter at the top the figures which occur in the column in the body of the Table under the Dominical Letter and parallel to the Golden Number represent weeks, and the figure immediately over the said Dominical Letter represents days. These serve as a key to the second Table.

^{*} Page 46-48, antea

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TABLE II

		77.		r ne		7	'rınıt y	Terr	n		M	I ichael	mas I e	rm	
Int		ie	ary rm	10		Beto 154		Aft 15		Bef		Af 16		Af 17:	
w	D	began	ended	began	ended	began	ended	began	ended	began	ended	began	ended	began	ended
5 75 6	3 4 5 6 0	Jan 23 23 23 20 20	12 12 12 12 17	Apr 8 9 10 11 12	May 4 5 6 7 8	May 24 25 26 27 28	June 8 9 10 11 12	May 22 23 24 25 26	June 10 11 12 13 14	Oct 9 9 9 9	Nov 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	Oct 23 23 23 23 23 23	Nov 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	Nov 6 6 6 6 6	Nov States
5 5 5	2 3	24 20 20	12 12 12	13 14 15	9 10 11	29 30 31	13 14 15	27 29 29	15 16 17	10 9 9	28 29 28	24 23 2ა	29 29 28	7 6 6	28 29 28
6	1 5	ر2 پ	12 12	16. 17	12 15	Jure 1 2	16 17	30 •1	18 19	9 9	28 28	23 მა	28 28	6	28 23
6 7 7 7	6 0 1 0	25 24 25 25 23	12 15 12 12 12 12	18 19 20 21 22	14 15 16 17 18	3 4 5 6 7	18 19 20 21 22	June 1 2 3 4 5	20 21 22 23 24	9 10 9	28 28 28 29 29 28	23 23 24 25 25 23	28 28 28 29 29	6 7 6 6	28 28 25 25 26 28
7788	4 5 6 0	27 23 21	12 12 12 13 13	23 24 25 26 27	19 20 21 22 23	8 9 10 11 12	23 24 25 26 27	6 7 8 9 10	25 26 27 28 29	9 9 9 10	25 28 28 28 28 28	23 23 23 23 23 24	28 25 25 25 28	6 6 6 7	25 28 28 28 28 25
8	2	23	12	28	24	13	28 29 30	11	3() July	9	29	23	29	6	29
8	3	23 23	12 12	29 30	25 26	14 15	July 1	12 10	1 2	9	28 28	23 23	28 28	6	28 28
8	5	23 25	12 12	May 1 2	27 28	16 17	2 3	14 15	3 4	9	28 28	23 27	28 28	6	25 28
9 9	0 1 ~	23 24 25	13 12 12	3 4 5	29 30 31	18 19 20	4 5 6	16 17 18	5 6 7	9 10 9	28 28 29	23 24 23	28 28 29	6 7 6	25 29
9	3	23 23	12 12	6	June 1 2	21 22	7 8	19 20	8	9	28 28	23 23	28 28	6	28 28
9 10 10 10	5 6 0 1 2	23 23 23 24 23	12 12 12 13 13	8 9 10 11 12	3 4 5 6 7	23 24 25 26 2 7	9 10 11 12 13	21 22 2, 24 25	10 11 12 13 14	9 9 9 10 9	28 28 28 28 28 29	27 23 23 24 23	28 28 28 28 28 29	6 6 7 6	28 28 58 58 28 29

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EXPLANATION of TABLE II — Enter this table with the two figures representing weeks and days which were discovered by Table I in the first column on the left hand, called "Intervallum Minus," and the dates in a line parallel with the same figures show the beginning and ending of all Terms in the year in question

For Example Let it be required to know the commencement and ending of any or all the Terms in the year 1398, the Dominical Letter for which is F, and the Golden Number 12 By applying these to Table 1 the "Intervallum Minus" is shown to be 7 weeks and 5 days With these figures enter Table II in the column on the left hand, and it will appear that in the year 1398, Hilary Term began on the 23rd of January, and ended on the 12th of February, that Easter Term began on the 24th of April, and ended on the 20th of May, that Trinity Term began on the 9th and ended on the 24th of June, and that Michaelmas Term began on the 9th of October, and ended on the 28th of November In Bissextile years, for which there are two Dominical Letters, the second letter is to be adopted in using these Tables

The commencement and ending of Terms are, however, now fixed to certain days by statute 1 William IV cap. 70, passed 22nd of July, 1830, which provides that in the year of our Lord 1831, and afterwards,

HILARY TERM shall begin on the 11th and end on the 31st of January

EASTER TERM shall begin on the 15th of April, and end on the 8th of May

TRINITY TERM shall begin on the 22nd of May, and end on the 12th of June

MICHAELMAS TERM shall begin on the 2nd and end on the 25th of November

By stat 1 Will IV cap. 3, passed on the 23rd of December, 1830, it was further provided, "that in case the day of the month on which any term, according to the act of 1 Will IV. cap 70, is to end, shall fall to be on a Sunday, then the Monday next after such day

shall be deemed and taken to be the last day of the Term, and that in case any of the days between the Thursday before and the Wednesday next after Easter shall fall within Easter Term, then such days shall be deemed and taken to be part of such Term, although there shall be no sittings in banco on any of such intervening days"

THE THREE CELEBRATED PLAGUES OR PESFILENCES OF 1349, 1361, 1362, AND 1369

The destructive epidemics with which this country, as well as many other parts of Europe, were visited during the reign of Edward III were so memorable, that they became epochs, from which charters and other instruments were sometimes dated Sir Richard St George, who was Clarenceux King of Arms in the time of Charles I, was consequently induced to ascertain the exact duration of these calamities, and from one of his manuscripts in the British Museum the following useful memoranda have been taken —

- "A note for the computation and account of Charters, Evidence, and other Records not very usual, and, therefore, of few to be understood, dating them from the first, second, and third Pestilence I have, therefore, for the more plainer understanding hereof, set down the date to every Pestilence, as I have found it out of ancient records
- I PESTILENCE, Anno Domini 1349, a fisto Stee Petronilæusque ad festum St. Michaelis, e e from 31st of May to 29th of September, 1349
- II PESTILENTIA SECUNDA, OF SECOND PESTILENCE, Anno Domini 1361, a festo Assumptionis Beatæ Mariæ usque ad festum Inventionis Stæ Crucis, 1 e from 15th of August, 1361, to 3rd of May, 1362
- III PESTILENTIA TERTIA, or THIRD PESTILENCE, Anno Domini 1869, a festo St. Swithini usque ad festum St. Michaelis*, 2 e from 2nd of July to 29th of September, 1369."

Events of much less importance than a Pestilence or the succession of a Sovereign have been made epochs, especially in private deeds. In an agreement in the reign of Henry the Second, the banishment of Archbishop Becket's relations and dependents by the King, in the early part of the year 1165, is thus mentioned — "Ab illo Pascha, quando rex Henricus jussit parentes Archiepiscopi transfretari, usque in duos annos et dimidium," * and in a contract for building a house for the Prior of Southwark, it is said, "et illa domus debet perfici ante secundum Pascha post electionem Magistri Philippi in Episcopum Dunelmensem" *

† Cotton MS Nero, C III
* Ibid The Bishop of Durham alluded to must have been Philip of
Poictiers, who was excited to the see of Durham in November, 1195, and
died in 1206 — Ex inform T Hudson, Esq

TABLE

OF

THE CONTEMPORARY SOVEREIGNS

ог

ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, FRANCE, GFRMANY, RUSSIA, AND SPAIN AND OF THE POPES

A D	BAGITYD	FRANCE	GERMANY	PAPAL SIAIES	RUSSIA	SPAIN	SCOTI AND
800	Egbert	(harle magne	(harle m igne	Leo III			Achaius
814 816	1	Louis I	Louis I	Stephen V			İ
817	!			Laschal I			
819 820				Fugene II			CongaleIII
821			1	Valentine			Dougal
827	1		1	(11CLOTY IV			Alpin
631 831	1		1			Ï	Kenneth II
836	Ethelwolf	Charles le	Londo II	Sergius II			
843		(hauve	IAM S II				
847				Leo IV	Rurick		Donald V
804	1			Benedict III			Donald V
857	Lthelbald		[
858	I theibert		ļ	Vicolas I		(rarcia I	onstantme
866	Ltheired I		l			ľ	1 '
86×	Alfred the	1	ł	Adrian II			ł
	[Great	\			1	l	l .
873	1 -	i		John V'II	l	1	Ethus
874 876		ł	Carloman	j	l		Gregory
_		l	Louis III			1	
_	1	ļ	(har es le	ì	l	1	l
877	l	I ouis II	0.00	1	•	l	
879	i	Louis III	l		Oleg	1	ŧ
880	1	0	1			Fortunio	ļ
883 884	1	Charles le	1	Martin I Adijan III		1	1
	1	Gros	1			}	ı
885 88	1	1	Arnold	Stephen VI	l		1
88	1	Hugh	Amoid	1	l	1	i
891	1	1	į.	Formosus	i	1	
892 897	İ	1	İ	Stephen VII	I	1	Donald V 1
898	İ	(harles le	1	- Topical (22	i	1	j
89 9	1	Simple	Louis IV	1	l	1	ł
	_ [Flder		12000		1	l	1
900	Edward the	1	1	Rom Formosus John IX	į	1	t
901	1	İ	1		ı	1	Constantine
902	1	l	1	Benedict IV Leo V	1	Sancho I	[111]
906	1	1	1	Christopher	1		1
907	1	1	1	Sergius III	I	1	1
910	I	l	i	Anastasius.	ŧ	l	ì

•

A D	ENGLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	PAPAL STATES	RU881A	SPAIN	BU TI AND
911 912			Conrad I	Lando John X			
913 919 922 923		Robert Ralph	Henry I		Igor I		
925 926 928	Athulstan	•		Leo VI		Garcia II	
929 931 936		Louis IV	Otho the Great	Stephen VIII John XI Leo VII			
939 940 941	1 dmund			Stephen JX			Valcoim I
943	Edred			Martin II	\substantant with the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of		
907	Edred	Lothaire					
956 958	Edgar			John XII			Indulphus
965 966	Eugar			Benedict V John XIII			5.5
968 970 972						Sancho II	Duffus (ullenus
973 974			Otho II	Domnus II Benedict VI Benedict VII	Jaropolk I		Kenneth [111
975	Edward the			Tenduct VII			
978 980	Ethelred II				Waldimir I (the Great		
984 984 985			Otho III	John XIV John XV John XVI			
986 987		I ouis V Hugh Capet		John XVI			
994 996 997		Robert		Gregory V		Garcia III	Constantine [IV
999 1000				Silvester II		Sancho III [the Great	
1002 1003			Henry II	John XVII and XVIII		Tule Oreat	
1004 1009 1012				Sergius IV Benedict VIII	[1		Malcolm II
1015 1016	Edmund Ironside				Swiatopolk		
1017 1018 1024	Canute		Conrad II	John XIX	Jaroslaw I		
1031 1033		Henry I		Benedict IX		FerdinandI	
1034 1035						Garcia IV	Duncan
1036 1039	Harold Hardica nute		Henry III			Ramirez I in Arragon	
1040 1041	Fdward the Confessor					•	Macbeth
1044 1047 1048 1049	,			Gregory VI Gement II Dama lus II Leo IX			

-	A D	RNGI AND	FRANCE	GERMANY	PAPAI STATES	RUSSIA	8PAIN	SCOTI AND
	₹(5) I 10 > 1					lsaslaw l	Sancho IV	
	10 iu 10 i			ilenry IV	Victor II			
	10 / 10 5 10(0		f hilip I	}	Stephen X Nicolas II			Valcolm [III
	1001 1003		i mup i	ŀ	Alexander II	ł	Sancho I	1
		Harold II					bancho I	1
		William I					Castile	
i	10~2						Alphonso I	
	1073				Gregory VII	Swatosl w	Castili	
	1076					[1]	Sancho V	
1	1075 1085				Victor III	Wsewolod	11.0 4 27	
	1087	Wilham I I			Urb m 11	[II watopolsk		Donald VI
	1004					•	Peter I [Nav & Ar	Duncan II Edgar
		Henry I			Paschal II			
	1101		}	Ilenry V			Alphonso I Nav & Ar	
	1107		I ouis VI	nemy v				AlexanderI
į	1101					Wıldımir	Urraca Ca	
	1115				Iclas II (dixtus II	IIJ		
	112			Lothure II	Honorius II	Mistislaw		David I
•	1126 1150				Innocent II		Alphon II	
	1130				innocent II	JaropolkII	(rarcia V N	
ł	1151				}		Ramirez I I	
	1137	Stephen	Louis VII			1	Petronilla	
				Conrad III	1		and Ray mondo Ar	
	1138 1117 1144		ł	Conrad III	Celestine II	Wsewolod [II		
	1115				Lugenc III	Tenelow IT		1
	1119 1150				1	Isaslaw II Jurje I D	Sancho VI	
	11 2			Frederic I		Ì	the wise, N	
١	11.5	ilenry II		İ	Anastasius IV			MalcolmIV
1	11.7				Adrian IV	Andrej	Sancho II	
	1156				Alexander III		Alphon III	
1	1162			İ	Alexander III		Cast AlphonsoII [Arragon	
!	1165 117		_			Michel I	[Zirragon	William I
	1177		Philip II			Wsewolod [III	1	
	1191			1	I ucius III Urban III	-	ĺ	
	1187 1188	Richard I			Gregory VIII Clement III	1		
•	**09	reconstr !	•	•	•	•	•	, ,

A D.	BNGLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	PAPAL STATES	RUBSIA	SPAIN	SCOTLAND.
1190 1191 1194 1196		-	Henry VI	Celestine III		\ \ Navarre \ SanchoVII \ Peter II	
1198	John		Philip Otho IV	Innocent III		[Arragon.	
1212 1213 1214	Henry III		Frederic II		Jurje II	Tas I Ar Hen I Cast	Alex. II
1217 1223 1226	,	LouisVIII St Louis [1X		Honorius III	Constantine	Ferd III [Cast	
1227 1234 1238				Gregory IX Celestine IV	JaroslawII	Theobald I	
1241 1243 1245 1249				Innocent IV	[Newskoi s Alexander		Alex III
1250 1252 1253 1254			Conrad IV William of	Alexander IV		Alph IV C Theobald [II Nav	
1257 1262			Holland Richard E of Cornwall	Urban IX	Jarosl III		
1261 1261 1270	Łdward I	Philip III		Gregory X Clement IV	Wasilej I	Hen I <i>Nav</i>	
1273	Laiwaru 1		Rodolph of Hapsburg		D.	[Navarre Joanna I	
1276				Innocent V Adrian V	Dimitre	[Arason Peter III	
1277 1281 1281 1284 1285		Philip IV		John XX Nicolas III Martin IV Honorius IV	Andrej	[Castile Sanc IV Alphonso	
1286 1288 1231				Nicolas IV		[III Ar Jas II Ar	Margaret. John Ba [l10]
1292 1291 1297			Adolphus of Nassau	Celestine V Boniface VIII	Danilo	[Castile Ferd IV	
1296 1298 1303			Albert of Austria			- 614 47	Interreg [num
1306 1306 1307	Edward II			Benedict X Clement V	Michailow		Robert I
1308 1312 1314		Louis X K of Navarre	Henry VII Louis IV			AlphonsoV [Cast	
1316 1316 1317 1322		John I Philip V Charles IV		John XXI	Jurje III		
1328	Edw III	Philip VI		Alexander II	Iwan I of	Alphonso IV Ar Joanna II [Nav	
1329 1534 1336				Benedict XI			David II Edwd Ba iol_usurped in 1354, but
1340					Semen	Ar	was deposed in the same year]

A D	BINGLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	PAPAL STATES	RUSSIA	SPAIN	SCOT LAND.
1342				Clement VI			
1346 1349		l	Charles IV			(ha II	ĺ
1350		John II		1	1	Peter I	1
13,3		l		Innocent VI	Iwan II Dimitrej II	,	İ
13/9 13/3 1364		Charles V	ĺ	Urban V	Dimitre	ĺ	İ
1309		Charles V]			[Cast Hen II	1
1371				Gregory XI		Hen II	Robert II
1377 1378	Richard II		Wenceslau	Urban VI	i		İ
13,9 1350 1786		Charles VI		l		John I Cast [Nar	
1786 1387						Charles III John I Ar	l
1389 1390			1	Boniface IX	Wassilej II	[Cast	Robert II
150	Henry IV	1				Martin Ar	
1400	renty 1 v	1	Robert				1
1404 1406		ł	1	Innocent VII Gregory XII	1	John II	James I
1409			l	Mexander V		[Cust	
1410		l	Sigismond	John XXII			
1412	Henry V	l	3			Ferd I Ar	
1416	anding T	1	1			AlphonsoV	
1417	Home W	Chas VII	1	Martin V		[Arr	
1425	Henry VI	Chas VII	1		WassilejIII	Blanche N	
1431 1137		ł	Albert II	Lugene IV		[öz John 1 [Ar	James II
1440 1417		1	Fred III	Nicol is V			
1155		1	1	Calixins III		Hen IV	
1458 1460			ĺ	Pius II		Louis	James III
1461 1462	Edw IV	Louis XI			Iwan Wasi		A SILLER TITE
1464				Paul II	iej I		
1471 1474				Sixtus IV			
1474						Ferd II & Isabella of	
1479					1	(astile Ferd II ,the	
						Catholic A Eleanor, N	
						Francis Phæbus, N	
1183	Fdward V Rich III	Chas. VIII				(atherine,	
1484				Innocent VIII		Nav	
1488	Henry VII						James IV
1132			Maximilian	Alexander VI			A T GONGE
1498		Louis XII	1				
1503				Prus III Julius II			
1505	Hen VIII				Wasilej IV		
1515	/ 111	Francis I		Leo X		1	James V
1516		erancis 1	On 15			Charles I	
1519			Charles V			Emperor Charles V	
1522 1523				Adrian VI Clement VII			
1533					Iwan Wasi		

A D	ENGLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	PAPAL STATES	RUSSIA	SPAIN	SCOTLAND
1534				Paul III			Mary
1.47	Edw VI	Henry II		Julius III			,,,,,,
	Mary						
1555				Marcellinus II Paul IV		Philip II	
1559	Llizabeth	Francis II Chas IX	Ferd I	Pius IV			
1560		Chas IX	Maximilian				
1566			11	Pius V			
1567 1572				Gregory XIII			James VI
1574		Henry III	Rodolph II				
1 :81				Sixtus V	Feedore I		
15k9 1590		Henry IV		Urban VII	1		
				Gregory XIV Innocent IX			
1 191				Cicment VIII			
1 98	G BRITAIN				Boris God	Philip III	
1603	James I			I eo XI			Ascended
1606				Paul V	Wasile)		the throne of Ligiand March,
1/10		Louis XIII			Schuiskoi		1603
1612 1613			Matthias.		Michael Fe		
1619			Ferd II		drownsch	ļ	
1621 1623				Gregory YV Urban VIII	ļ	Philip IV	Į.
1625 1637	Charles I		Ferd III				
1613		Louis XIV		Innocent X	1	1	
1645 16 5		l		Alexander VII	Alexej Mic	j	1
1658	Chamber 17		Leopold I	Alexander VII	ĺ	ì	
1665	Charles II				1	Charles II	
1667 1670				Clement IX Clement X			
1676 1682				Innocent XI	Feodore II Iwan Alex		1
	James II				Peter the [Great	1	
1689	Mary & William III			Alex VIII			1
1691 1694	WilliamIII	1		Innocent XII	1	1	
1700 1702	Anne			Clement XI		Philip V	1
705 1711		1	Joseph I Charles VI.		l	1	l
1714	George I	Louis XV		1			
1721 1724				Innocent XIII Benedict XIII	1	1	
1795	George II	1	1	armenut Alli	Catharine I	1	I
1730	George 11	1	1	Clement XII	Peter II		i
1740 1741 1742			Chas VII	Benedict XIV	Iwan III Liizabeth		
1742			Francis I		}	1	1
		1	& Maria Teresa	l]	_	
1751 1758				Clement XIII		Ferdinand [VI	1
1759			l		1	Charles III	1

A D G BRITAIN	FRANCE GERMAN	NY PAPAL STATES	RUSSIA	SPAIN	SCOTLAND.
A n 0 BRITAIN George III 100 117 177 177 177 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	Louis VVI Republic Republic Napoleon Emperor Augman Francis i Lonia VVIII Chartes X	Clement XIV Plus VI II Leo XII Piu VIII Cregory VVI I lius IX	Peter III Catharine [II Puul I Alexandes	Charles IV	File Great Eriens

Upon the establishment of the Confederat on of the Rhine in 1806. Francis ceased to be
 Emperor of Germany, and became hereditary Emperor of Austria, under the title of Francis I

THE LESSER EUROPEAN STATES, FROM 1699 TO 1852

A D	DENMARK	MAYLES	POLAND	PORTUGA L	PRUSSIA	BARDINIA	SWEDEN
1699	Christian V Frederic IV	•	Augustus II	Peter II	Fred Will		CharlesXII
1701 1704	Frederic 17	•	Stanislaus (Leczinsky)) 	Frederic I		
1706 1709 1713 1719 1720		Charles II	Augustus II	John V	Fred W I	Victor A ma	[anora Ulrica Ele Erederic
1730 1733 1735 1740	Christian \ I	Charles III	Augustus III	•	Frederic II	[deus II Charles [Eman III	rredenc
1750	Frederic V			Joseph Emanuel	the Great		
1758 17,9 1764		FerdinandIV	Stanislaus (Poniatowsky)				Adolphus [Frederic
1766 1771 1772 1773 1777 1786	ChristianVII		1st Paraltion	Maria	Fred W II	Victor Vm	ustavus [III
1792 1793 1795 1796			2d Partition 5d Part tion		1100 17 11	Charles	(ustavu [IV Adol
1797 1799 1802				John VI	Fred W III	Victor	
1808 1809 1815 1818	Frederic VI	Jos Napoleon Jouch Murat	Alexander			[i man	Chas XIII
1821 1825 1826 1828		Ferdinand I Francis	Nicolas	Pedro IV Muris da		Chas Felix	John XIV
1829 1830 1831		Ferdinand II		Gloria.		Charles Albert	
183) 1840	Christian VIII				Fred W		
1844 1848 1849 1852	Frederic VII					Victor Emanuel	Oscar I

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